

Budget Review Subcommittee on Education August 20, 2019

Britt Brockman, Chair UK Board of Trustees



University of Kentucky

"As fiduciaries for their institutions, board members are ultimately responsible for their institutions' costs, quality, and outcomes." – Association of Governing Boards

- The governance of the University of Kentucky is vested by law in the Board of Trustees (KRS 164.131)
- The Board consists of 20 members
- Standing Committees:
 - Executive Committee
 - Academic and Student Affairs Committee
 - Audit and Compliance Committee
 - Finance Committee
 - Human Resources and University Relations Committee
 - Investment Committee
 - Nominating Committee
 - University Athletics Committee
 - University Health Care Committee



University of Kentucky Board of Trustees Governance and Financial Oversight Responsibilities

- appoints the President
- evaluates the President's performance
- appoints faculty and staff to senior positions upon recommendation of the President
- periodically evaluates the University's progress in implementing its mission and strategic plan
- considers academic program proposals
- grants degrees
- approves material transactions

- ensures the University's financial stability and long-term economic health
- appoints external auditors
- accepts annual financial audit reports
- receives reports from the Chief Audit Executive including reviews of internal controls
- reviews quarterly financial, capital construction, and patent reports
- oversees the University's budget
- oversees the endowment investment programs

University of Kentucky



A public, land grant university dedicated to improving people's lives through excellence in education, research and creative work, service and health care.

- In 1865, the Kentucky General Assembly merged Transylvania University into a newly formed Kentucky University and created the Agricultural and Mechanical College, Kentucky's land-grant institution
- Federal Morrill Land-Grant Act of 1862 states were allotted unsettled lands to sell and use the proceeds to fund advanced instructional programs
- Kentucky received 330,000 acres which were sold for 50 cents per acre and invested for the benefit of Kentucky's Agricultural and Mechanical College
- In 1878, the Kentucky General Assembly separated the A&M College making it an independent public institution that evolved into the University of Kentucky