

Medicaid Managed Care Organizations Report: Overview

Prepared for the Medicaid Oversight and Advisory Committee

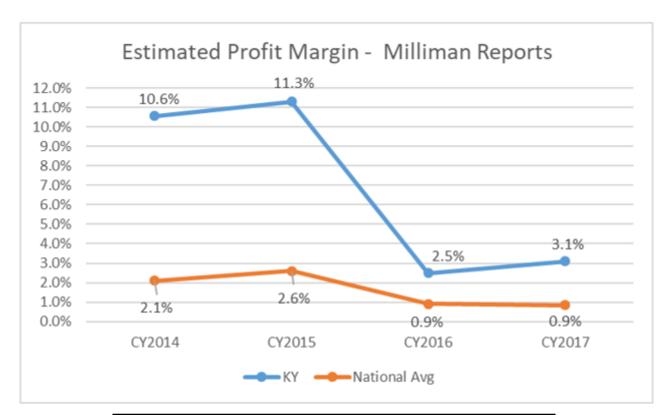
Carol Steckel, Commissioner Steve Bechtel, DMS Chief Financial Officer

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MCO PROFIT MARGINS





Est. Profit Margin	KY	National Avg
CY2014	10.6%	2.1%
CY2015	11.3%	2.6%
CY2016	2.5%	0.9%
CY2017	3.1%	0.9%



1) According to the Milliman Report, Kentucky had the highest Estimated Profit Margins in the Nation in CY2015

• Kentucky was reported as having an estimated profit margin of 11.3%, compared to the national average of 2.6%

2) What actions did the Department and Cabinet take to address the profit margins?

- · An independent contractor (McKinsey) conducted a thorough analysis of the rates and rate-setting methodologies
- DMS required the MCOs to strengthen the accuracy and completeness of encounters, which are now solely used to develop the rates.
- · DMS implemented a minimum MLR requirement
- This resulted in the Milliman report showing the estimated profit margins for Kentucky's MCOs has decreased significantly

3) The CY2017 Milliman report shows an estimated profit margin for MCOs in Kentucky at 3.1% compared to the 0.9% National Average.

- Although we have seen significant drops reported as the estimated proft margins in Kentucky, the national average has also decreased.
- This national average decrease can be explained based on the number of plans across the nation that reported a loss, driving the overall average down.
- 71 out of the 186 plans (38.2%) used in the CY2017 Milliman report showed as experiencing a loss in profit margin, which is higher than the
 - 27.2% experience in the CY2015 report

CY	Plans with a loss	Total Number of plans	National Avg
CY2015	52	191	27.2%
CY2016	64	189	33.9%
CY2017	71	186	38.2%

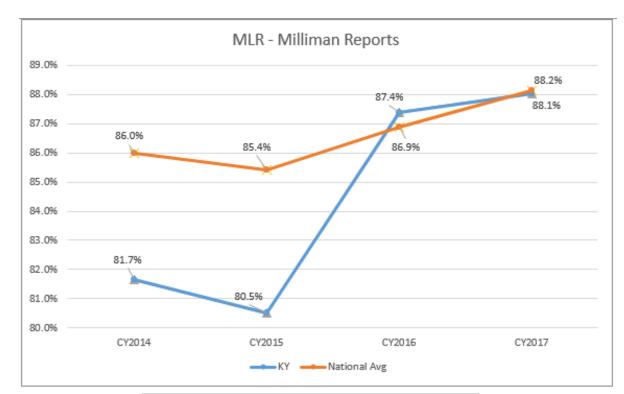
- The CY2017 Milliman Report shows a national average MCO profit margin at 0.9%. However, when the impact of federal and state taxes and fees are removed, the national average profit margin increases to 3.2%.
- The adjustment removing taxes and fees from the equation changes the estimated profit margin for Kentucky from 3.1% to 3.8%. This is very comparable to the adjusted national average of 3.2%

4) The MCO rates assume a 1% margin but MCOs can obtain higher profitability through administrative cost efficiencies



MEDICAL LOSS RATIO (MLR)





MLR	KY	National Avg
CY2014	81.7%	86.0%
CY2015	80.5%	85.4%
CY2016	87.4%	86.9%
CY2017	88.1%	88.2%



1) In the SFY2016 MCO Contracts, DMS implemented a minimum MLR requirement of 85%.

Below 85%, premium refund of 80% of the difference between actual MLR and 85%

2) In the SFY2017 MCO Contracts (section 11.4), DMS implemented a minimum MLR requirement of 90%.

- Between 86% to 90%, premium refund of 75% of the difference between actual and 90%
- Below 86%, premium refund of 100% of difference between actual and 86%
- The 90% Minimum requirement is the most aggressive in the nation. Other states require 85%-88%

3) Things to note when considering the MLR calculations in the Milliman report (as noted in Appendix 2):

- · Actuaries and financial analysts use the MLR as a measure of premium adequacy.
- The MLR alone is <u>NOT</u> sufficient to compare MCO financial results among various states and programs.
- There may be reporting differences among MCOs as to what is classified as medical expense versus administrative expense.
- The Milliman report is based upon a calendar year, while DMS monitors based on a contract year which is currently on a SFY basis

4) Based on data obtained by DMS Actuaries, the MCOs had a composite MLR of 93.4% in SFY2017

- The formula in Appendix B is consistent with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) methodology, which is different from the Milliman MLR formula.
- The formula allows for some exclusions of specific items such as:
 - 1) Federal and State taxes and licensing and regulatory fees. (Health Insurer's Fee is an example)
 - 2) Pass-through Payments made under 42 CFR 438.6(d)
- The formula in Appendix B results in the following MLR calculations for SFY2017:

МСО	SFY17 MLR		
Aetna	92.7%		
Anthem	92.7%		
Humana	95.7%		
Passport	95.1%		
Wellcare	91.9%		



KY Medicaid Medical Loss Ratio Reconciliation Worksheet

MCO: Composite

Region: Statewide

Incurred July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017; Paid through June 30, 2018

	Aetna	Anthem	Humana	Passport	WellCare	Composite
Membership						
Member Months	3,151,014	1,416,724	1,679,305	3,660,217	5,371,490	15,278,750
i = incurred claims	\$1,045,754,746	\$533,363,447	\$786,532,415	\$1,677,082,292	\$2,255,687,450	\$6,298,420,350
q = expenditures on quality improving activities	\$18,588,737	\$12,054,301	\$9,493,851	\$8,999,039	\$32,368,211	\$81,504,139
s = issuer's transitional reinsurance receipts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
p = earned premiums	\$1,220,880,734	\$609,973,170	\$832,009,539	\$1,773,440,370	\$2,535,045,129	\$6,971,348,943
t = Federal and State taxes	\$72,502,672	\$21,493,148	\$403,649	\$0	\$46,213,375	\$140,612,844
f = licensing and regulatory fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
n = issuer's risk corridors and risk adjustment related payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
r = issuer's risk corridors, and risk adjustment related receipts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
c = credibility adjustment, if any.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Numerator = (i + q - s + n - r)	\$1,064,343,483	\$545,417,749	\$796,026,265	\$1,686,081,331	\$2,288,055,660	\$6,379,924,488
Denominator = (p + s - n + r) - t - f - (s - n + r)	\$1,148,378,062	\$588,480,022	\$831,605,890	\$1,773,440,370	\$2,488,831,754	\$6,830,736,099
Preliminary Adjusted MLR = (Numerator/Denominator) + c	92.7%	92.7%	95.7%	95.1%	91.9%	93.4%
Preliminary Rebate Amount (75% of amount between 86%-90%)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Preliminary Rebate Amount (100% of amount less than 86%)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total Preliminary Rebate Amount	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00



QUESTIONS?

