Status of Hunting Land Access in Kentucky

Report Required by KRS 150.0241(6): No Net Loss of Hunting Land



Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources

September 30, 2022

The Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources' mission is to conserve, protect and enhance Kentucky's fish and wildlife resources and provide outstanding opportunities for hunting, fishing, trapping, boating, shooting sports, wildlife viewing, and related activities.

Background

In the 2010 Regular Legislative Session, the Kentucky General Assembly passed Senate Bill 64, which among other things, established a state policy of requiring "No Net Loss" for hunting land access in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources (KDFWR) was an early supporter of the No Net Loss policy in the 2010 General Assembly and included it with its official agency-legislation proposals. Kentucky's passage of Senate Bill 64 in 2010 made us the ninth state to establish such a policy. Currently, thirteen No Net Loss states include Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Tennessee, and West Virginia (https://www.nraila.org/gun-laws/).

The concept of No Net Loss has consistently been a focal point of hunters and sportsman across the country and has also been considered a key legislative agenda item for the National Rifle Association (NRA). In short, the No Net Loss policy <u>requires</u> that states maintain at least the same level of available public hunting land that currently <u>exists.</u> The end result is to assure hunters that the opportunities they now have will not be eliminated.

In Senate Bill 64, the Kentucky Legislature saw fit to include various reporting requirements to maintain a constant focus on hunting land access in the Commonwealth. For example, any state agency that owns or manages lands shall submit a written report by October 1 of each year to the Kentucky Fish and Wildlife Commission, the Legislative Research Commission, and the Interim Joint Committee on Natural Resources and Environment describing the following:

- 1. A list of properties that were open for hunting during the previous fiscal year;
- 2. A list of properties that were not open for hunting during the previous fiscal year; and
- 3. The acreage for each property and the county where each property is located.

Additionally, KDFWR specifically is required by October 1 of each year to submit to the Legislative Research Commission and the Interim Joint Committee on Natural Resources and Environment a written report describing:

- 1. The <u>acreage managed by the commission that was closed</u> to hunting during the previous fiscal year and the reasons for the closures; and
- 2. The <u>acreage managed by the commission that was opened</u> to hunting to compensate for closures of existing land pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.

Operationally, Section 4 of Senate Bill 64 that became law on July 10, 2010 requires that any land-management decisions "shall not result in any net loss of habitat land acreage available for hunting opportunities on commission-managed lands that exists on the effective date of this Act." This was eventually codified as KRS 150.0241. The department is glad to have this opportunity to offer this report of the available hunting lands in Kentucky as of September 30, 2021. Some baseline acreages may be adjusted from last year's report as a result of minor cartographic, boundary clean-up. In these instances, the actual acreage available for hunting opportunities was unchanged.

Table 1. Total of Wildlife Management Areas owned or co-owned by the KDFWR

| Name of Area | County | 2021 Acres | 2022 Acres |
|--|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| Ballard WMA | Ballard | 8,014 | 8,014 |
| Beechy Creek WMA | Calloway | 119 | 119 |
| Big Rivers WMA and State Forest ¹ | Crittenden, Union | 7,574 | 7,574 |
| Boatwright WMA ² | Ballard | 6,790 | 6,782 |
| Buck Creek WMA | Pulaski | 850 | 850 |
| Burchell-Beech Creek WMA | Clay | 1,241 | 1,241 |
| Cedar Creek Lake WMA | Lincoln | 796 | 796 |
| Clay WMA | Bath, Fleming, Nicholas | 8,979 | 8,979 |
| Clear Creek WMA | Hopkins | 858 | 858 |
| Coil Estate WMA | Ballard, Carlisle | 795 | 795 |
| Cranks Creek WMA | Harlan | 2,155 | 2,155 |
| Curtis Gates Lloyd WMA | Grant | 1,105 | 1,105 |
| Dennis-Gray WMA | Adair | 102 | 102 |
| Dix River WMA | Lincoln | 401 | 401 |
| Doug Travis WMA | Carlisle, Hickman | 4,132 | 4,132 |
| Dr. James R. Rich WMA | Owen | 2,264 | 2,264 |
| Dr. Norman and Martha Adair WMA | Boone | 635 | 635 |
| Ed Mabry - Laurel Gorge WMA | Elliott | 1,439 | 1,486 |
| Fleming WMA | Fleming | 1,907 | 1,907 |
| Griffith Woods WMA | Harrison | 746 | 746 |

| Harris-Dickerson WMA | Hopkins, Muhlenberg | 0 | 1,837 |
|---|---------------------------|--------|--------|
| Hensley-Pine Mountain WMA | Harlan, Letcher | 4,848 | 4,848 |
| Higginson-Henry WMA | Union | 5,446 | 5,446 |
| John A. Kleber WMA | Franklin, Owen | 4,245 | 4,245 |
| John C. Williams WMA ² | Nelson | 730 | 730 |
| Jones-Keeney WMA | Caldwell | 2,055 | 2,055 |
| Kaler Bottoms WMA | Graves | 1,904 | 1,904 |
| Kentucky Ridge Forest WMA ¹ | Bell | 3,505 | 3,505 |
| Kentucky River WMA | Henry, Owen | 3,643 | 3,643 |
| Knobs State Forest and WMA ¹ | Bullitt | 1,537 | 1,537 |
| L. B. Davison WMA | Ohio | 137 | 137 |
| Lee K. Nelson WMA | Webster | 60 | 60 |
| Marion County WMA and State Forest ^{1,2} | Marion | 1,341 | 1,341 |
| Marrowbone State Forest and WMA ¹ | Cumberland, Metcalfe | 1,955 | 1,955 |
| Meadow Creek WMA | Wayne | 232 | 232 |
| Miller Welch-Central Kentucky WMA | Madison | 1,847 | 1,847 |
| Mud Camp Creek WMA | Cumberland | 572 | 572 |
| Mullins WMA | Kenton | 259 | 259 |
| Obion Creek WMA | Carlisle, Fulton, Hickman | 4,258 | 4,258 |
| Old Trace Creek WMA | Lewis | 323 | 769 |
| | Hopkins, Muhlenberg, | | |
| Peabody WMA ² | Ohio | 39,246 | 39,246 |
| Ping-Sinking Valley WMA | Pulaski | 806 | 806 |
| R. F. Tarter WMA | Adair, Russell | 1,171 | 1,171 |
| Rockcastle River WMA | Pulaski | 2,924 | 2,924 |
| Rolling Fork WMA | Nelson, Larue | 2,896 | 2,896 |
| Ross Creek WMA | Lee, Estill | 941 | 935 |
| Shillalah Creek WMA | Bell, Harlan | 2,535 | 2,535 |
| Simon Kenton WMA | Mason | 982 | 982 |
| Sloughs WMA ² | Henderson, Union | 6,283 | 6,283 |
| South Shore WMA | Greenup | 98 | 98 |
| Stephens Creek WMA | Gallatin | 398 | 398 |
| Stone Mountain WMA and State Natural | | | |
| Area ¹ | Harlan | 1,017 | 1,017 |
| Sunnybrook WMA | Rowan | 0 | 142 |
| T. N. Sullivan WMA | Franklin | 145 | 145 |
| Tradewater WMA | Christian, Hopkins | 727 | 727 |
| Twin Eagle WMA | Owen | 170 | 170 |
| Veterans Memorial WMA | Scott | 2,497 | 2,497 |
| West Kentucky WMA ² | McCracken | 3,190 | 3,190 |
| Winford WMA | Carlisle | 236 | 236 |
| Yatesville Lake WMA ² | Lawrence | 52 | 52 |
| Yellowbank WMA ^{1,2} | Breckinridge | 6,761 | 6,761 |

| Total | 162,870 | 165,328 |
|-------|---------|---------|
| | | |

Table 2. Wildlife Management Areas with a long-term state or federal lease.

| | | 2021 | 2022 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Area Name | County | Acres | Acres |
| Barren River Lake WMA | Allen, Barren | 8,735 | 8,735 |
| Beaver Creek WMA | McCreary, Pulaski | 17,753 | 17,753 |
| Boatwright WMA | Ballard | 2,064 | 2,064 |
| Buckhorn Lake WMA | Leslie, Perry | 3,571 | 3,571 |
| Cane Creek WMA | Laurel | 6,677 | 6,677 |
| Carr Creek Lake WMA | Knott | 2,880 | 2,880 |
| Dale Hollow Lake WMA | Clinton, Cumberland | 5,632 | 5,632 |
| Dewey Lake WMA | Floyd, Pike | 9,172 | 9,172 |
| Fishtrap Lake WMA | Pike | 13,138 | 13,138 |
| Grayson Lake WMA | Carter, Elliott | 8,025 | 8,025 |
| Green River Lake WMA | Adair, Taylor | 21,019 | 21,019 |
| John C. Williams WMA | Nelson | 343 | 343 |
| Kentucky Lake WMA | Calloway, Marshall | 4,044 | 4,044 |
| Lake Barkley WMA | Lyon, Trigg | 907 | 907 |
| | Clinton, McCreary, Pulaski, Russell, | | |
| Lake Cumberland WMA | Wayne | 38,789 | 38,789 |
| Livingston County WMA and State | | | |
| Natural Area | Livingston | 2,430 | 2,430 |
| Martins Fork Lake WMA | Harlan | 764 | 764 |
| Martins Fork WMA and State Natural | | | |
| Area | Harlan | 1,599 | 1,599 |
| Mill Creek WMA | Jackson | 13,009 | 13,009 |
| Nolin River Lake WMA | Edmonson, Grayson, Hart | 6,456 | 6,456 |
| Ohio River Islands WMA | Livingston | 1,264 | 1,264 |
| Paintsville Lake WMA | Johnson, Morgan | 11,220 | 11,220 |
| Paul Van Booven WMA | Breathitt | 2,287 | 2,287 |
| Pioneer Weapons WMA | Bath, Menifee | 7,731 | 7,731 |
| Redbird WMA | Clay, Leslie | 24,014 | 24,014 |
| Robinson Forest WMA | Breathitt, Knott, Perry | 2,003 | 2,003 |
| Rough River Lake WMA | Breckinridge, Grayson, Hardin | 4,180 | 4,180 |
| Sloughs WMA | Henderson, Union | 4,890 | 4,890 |
| Taylorsville Lake WMA | Anderson, Nelson, Spencer | 9,417 | 9,417 |
| West Kentucky WMA | McCracken | 3,235 | 3,235 |
| | | | |

These areas are co-owned with another state or county agency.
 These areas have additional tracts of land that are leased, and those specific acres are listed below in Tables 2 or 3.

³ New areas or tracts added since last report.

| Yatesville Lake WMA | Lawrence | 13,139 | 13,139 |
|---------------------|----------|---------|---------|
| | Total | 250.387 | 250 387 |

Total 250,387

¹ Adjusted as a result of minor cartographic, boundary clean-up and/or new boundary information from landowner.

Table 3. Total of Wildlife Management Areas with a short-term private lease.

| Area Name | County | 2021 Acres | 2022 Acres |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Ashland WMA | Lee | 2,506 | 2,506 |
| Boone Forestlands | | | |
| WMA | Bell, Harlan, Leslie | 31,668 | 31,668 |
| | Bell, Harlan, Knox, Leslie, | | |
| C. F. Ataya WMA | Whitley | 54,556 | 54,556 |
| Elk Forest WMA | Bell, Clay, Harlan, Knox, Leslie | 16,802 | 16,802 |
| Fortner-Davis WMA | Bell | 1,358 | 1,358 |
| Peabody WMA | Hopkins, Muhlenberg, Ohio | 2,077 | 2,077 |
| | Total | 108,967 | 108,967 |

¹ Adjusted as a result of minor cartographic, boundary clean-up and/or new boundary information

Table 4. Non-Wildlife Management Areas Available for Public Hunting.

| Owner | 2021 Acres | 2022 Acres |
|---|------------|------------|
| Department of Defense | 159,248 | 159,248 |
| Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources | 2,221 | 2,221 |
| Division of Forestry | 32,781 | 32,781 |
| Kentucky Department of Parks | 18,659 | 18,659 |
| Kentucky National Guard | 523 | 523 |
| Lawrence County Fiscal Court | 563 | 563 |
| National Park Service | 30,301 | 30,301 |
| Private | 138,814 | 134,869 |
| U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service | 11,774 | 11,774 |
| U.S. Forest Service | 747,901 | 747,901 |
| Total | 1,142,786 | 1,138,840 |

¹ Otter Creek Outdoor Recreation Area.

² New tracts added.

² Agreement not renewed

² Does not reflect areas added/removed after July 1, 2021.

No Net Loss Baseline for Hunting Access

As depicted above, KDFWR was fortunate to have a gain in areas owned by the agency that are open to public hunting and access. Compared to the 2010 baseline of 1,006,642 acres of hunting lands, KDFWR has added 656,880 acres for a total of 1, 663,522 acres of hunting access lands in 2022. In closing, it is important to note that if hunters are not aware of the access opportunities outlined in this report, then the department, our customers (both current and future) and the Commonwealth as a whole will not see the maximum benefit. This is why KDFWR strives to publish guides and other announcements to reflect the hunting opportunities available. The department this and more information available website also makes on our http://fw.ky.gov/More/Pages/Wildlife-Management-Areas-and-Public-Hunting-

<u>Areas.aspx</u>. By accessing the department's website, hunters are able to view actual maps of the area, obtain driving directions, download GPS coordinates, and find contact information for area managers.

The Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources recognizes that approximately 94 percent of Kentucky's land and water area is in private ownership. Additionally, state surveys consistently report that "lack of access" is the number one constraint to hunters going afield. Because of these two factors, the department has continued to focus our efforts on providing public access for all sportsmen, but especially hunters in Kentucky. Our department and commission system have long held the belief that every hunter, angler and sportsmen should have a place to go participate in their outdoor activity within thirty minutes of their home. With this continued focus, and with the No Net Loss of Hunting Land requirement in Kentucky, KDFWR hopes to greatly add to the successes in providing public access we've already enjoyed.