Statewide Single Audit of Kentucky

Fiscal Year 2021 Volume 1

House Standing Committee on Small Business and Information Technology March 2, 2022



Office of the Auditor of Public Accounts

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

- Per KRS 43.060, the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) does an annual audit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- One area of improvement from FY 2020 to FY 2021 was that the audit opinion was unmodified for FY 2021.
 - For FY 2020, APA issued a Qualified Audit Opinion on the UI Fund because of the internal control environment and unknown amount owed to those who filed for UI benefits.

Statewide Single Audit of Kentucky (SSWAK) for FY 2021, Vol. I

- APA conducts the SSWAK to meet the Federal Single Audit Act requirement that applies to all state & local governments expending federal awards of \$750,000 or more.
- Volume I of the SSWAK reports the financial statement internal control findings from the ACFR audit.
 - 19 findings for FY 2021, and more than half involved the Office of Unemployment Insurance (OUI) and the Unemployment Insurance (UI) fund
- ▶ FY 2021 covers July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.
- SSWAK, Volume I was released on February 9, 2022.
 - Full report available online at <u>auditor.ky.gov</u>

Statewide Single Audit of Kentucky (SSWAK) for FY 2021, Vol. II

- Volume II of the SSWAK reports on compliance with federal requirements for federal awards.
- This federal compliance audit work is still underway by APA staff.
 - Volume II will be released later in 2022.

FY 2020 Issues Not Present in FY 2021 Audit Findings

- "Auto-Pay" allowed UI benefits to be automatically paid without requiring claimants to report the weekly wage information needed to determine whether they were actually eligible for benefits.
 - Good intentions, bad results.
 - Auto-Pay was in effect two weeks for traditional UI and eight weeks for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance.
 - Auditors identified all of the <u>\$655 million</u> that was paid during Auto-Pay as questioned costs.
- At least 10 OUI employees had accessed their own claims in the system and had the ability to make changes/remove stops on their own claims.

Fraudulent Activity Within the OUI System

- Finding 2021-005: OUI Did Not Prevent Fraudulent Activity Within The Kentucky Electronic Workplace For Employment Services System (KEWES).
- UI Fraud increased significantly following the passage of the Federal CARES Act of 2020, which created several temporary unemployment compensation programs.

Temporary Federal Unemployment Programs Created by CARES ACT

Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA).

- PUA funded unemployment benefits for claimants who historically have not been eligible for traditional UI, such as self-employed individuals or "gig" workers.
- Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC).
 - PEUC provided 13 weeks of additional unemployment benefits to eligible individuals whose traditional unemployment benefits have been exhausted.
- Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC).
 - FPUC provided an additional \$600 of benefits per week to all eligible claimants receiving at least \$1 of traditional unemployment compensation, PUA, or PEUC.

Fraudulent Activity Within the OUI System - Finding 2021-005

- Auditors reviewed claims in the following categories:
 - Labor Cabinet or "Commonwealth of Kentucky" listed as employer;
 - Out-of-state claimants;
 - Third quarter of FY 2021 (January thru March 2021) due to large number of claims processed in this quarter.
- On the claims auditors reviewed, more than \$118,9000 was paid to fraudulent claimants as identified by OUI.

Fraudulent Activity Within the OUI System -Labor Cabinet or "Commonwealth of Kentucky" as Employer

- 54 claimants in FY 2021 had reported the Labor Cabinet or "Commonwealth of Kentucky" as their employer, receiving a total of \$333,165 in UI payments.
- All 13 of the sampled claims were fraudulent because the claims were <u>not</u> filed by employees of the Commonwealth, totaling \$20,197.

Fraudulent Activity Within the OUI System - Out-of-State Claimants

- 28,377 out-of-state claimants were paid a total of more than \$195 million during the fiscal year.
- Out of a sample of 34 claims, 15 were fraudulent with payments totaling \$69,703.
- One fraudulent claimant was paid \$31,911 before a fraud stop was applied by OUI.

Fraudulent Activity Within the OUI System - 3rd Quarter Claims

- From January to March 2021 (FY 3rd quarter), 2,455 claims were filed which received only 2 weeks of payments in that quarter, totaling more than \$2.9 million.
- Auditors reviewed 26 claims, and 25 of the sampled claims were fraudulent with payments totaling \$29,050.

Fraudulent Activity Within the OUI System - Fraud Detection

- Although OUI took action to stop payment on these fraudulent claims, it did so only after each claim improperly received at least 2 weeks of payment.
 - OUI was using various tools and software to detect fraud, but these products were not fully implemented during FY 2021.
 - Required cross-match audits (intended to verify wage info from other agencies like Social Security) were suspended for a four-month period due to COVID, and OUI fell behind on completing these.
 - The FY20 3rd quarter (Jan. to Mar. 2020) crossmatch was started in August 2021.

IT Security & Data Processing Issues

- The Kentucky Electronic Workplace for Employment Services (KEWES) System was not properly secured.
- Multiple users had access to one Admin account, which means there was no way to track who actually used the account at a given time.
- KEWES was not configured during FY 2021 to require periodic password changes.
- OUI had the mainframe set to terminate a user session after 10 hours, but OUI is working with COT to change to 30 mins.
- Repeat Findings: OUI does not have adequate technical documentation for KEWES processes. (2021-018)
- OUI does not follow COT enterprise policy requiring system security plans. (2021-004)

The Backlog of Claims

- Repeat Finding (2021-006): OUI did not have an accurate accounts payable estimate for the backlog of claims existing in FY 2021.
- OUI didn't follow prior-year audit recommendations to update its operating manual or procedures to improve the accounts payable and accounts receivable reporting process.
- OUI submitted a closing package to FAC that did not include an amount for the potential payments due to claimants.
 - The backlog of over 120,000 claimants as of June 30, 2021.

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