FIRE / EMS / RESCUE GOVERNANCE REFORM

Respectfully Presented July 19, 2019

FIRE / EMS / RESCUE

GOVERNANCE REFORM

Boone Emergency Services of Tomorrow (BEST) Study



BOONE EMERGENCY SERVICES OF TOMORROW

COMPREHENSIVE STUDY AND RECOMMENDATION

- Initiated October 2017
- Released October 2018

- Comprehensive Study
 - 296 pages with 483 footnotes/references
- Literature Review, Self Analysis, & Comparative Peer Analysis
- Direct survey input from Firefighters & Chief Officers within the county
- Operational Task Force Research/Reports included subject matter specialists
- 3 Separate Analysis
 - Retaining Independence
 - Enhancing Cooperative Agreements
 - Full Consolidation

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Why Governance Reform Legislation?

Fire Agencies

- Tax reforms reduce revenues essential to providing fire/EMS/rescue services
- Economic growth & development create service demands before revenues realized
- Unequal cost share for services
- Decreasing volunteers & labor shortages create operational costs far beyond prior legislative funding models

Legislators

- Seek direct public accountability of service Boards
- Seek taxpayer protections
- Desire November ballot elections for governance
- Represent taxpayer interests for essential services with timely delivery
- County Clerks need service boundaries consistent with ballot precinct boundaries for general elections to be possible

Public

- To have a strong and direct voice in level of service expectations for their local community
- Voters decide amount the taxpayers in that locale are willing to pay for emergency services

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Current Challenges to Fire/EMS/Rescue

DECREASING/DISAPPEARING/LIMITED

- Volunteers
- Labor pools
- Revenue authority & sources
- Grants/Alternative funding

INCREASING

- Residential/Commercial growth and sprawl
- Run volume
- Service demands/expectations
- Personnel costs
- CERS contribution rates
- Operational costs



Anticipated Benefits of Consolidation



- Combine administrative functions and eliminate redundant administrative efforts
- Create a diverse specialized-skill career path for personnel currently unsustainable
- Recruitment and retention improvements by growing workforce strengths
- Strengthen mid-level officers/management
- Expand/Strengthen specialized divisions/services
- Reduce/Eliminate redundant capital
- Increased purchasing power, better pricing

Creation of New Entity

- 1. Voluntary opt-in for various existing emergency service entities
 - Existing Chapter 75 Fire Districts or other organizations can opt to remain independent entities as they currently exist
 - Municipalities/Counties can opt to continue to provide their own services
- Clear accountability of governing board majority elected on general November ballot
 - Election boundaries would conform with recognized electoral districts
 - Limit such consolidated emergency service district to no more than one per county
- 3. Diversified revenue and taxing authority
 - Same revenue authority as other governmental bodies providing these services
 - Local control over best taxing model for local conditions
 - Ensure all users of system share tax burden

New Entity Legislation Needs to Address:

- Existing retirement structure protected; inclusion provides no greater, and no less, retirement system benefit status for employees
- 2. Legislation protects existing health plan coverages already in place, to allow continuation of existing health insurance coverage; no state health insurance mandate
- 3. Taxation beyond any established caps would be required to present to voters for a direct ballot decision

Accountability: 3 Steps

- 1. Existing elected Boards must pass a majority decision to opt-in to a consolidated emergency service district
- 2. Voters directly elect majority of the Board governing a consolidated emergency service district
- 3. Voters directly vote to approve/deny any taxation beyond existing limits

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Local Voters Local Decisions

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