KENTUCKY JAIL AND CORRECTIONS TASK FORCE
JAIL RATING SYSTEMS

AMANDA ESSEX, CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROGRAM
JULY 31, 2020
- Non-profit, bipartisan organization.
- Members are all 7,383 legislators and 25,000+ legislative staff in 50 states, D.C. and U.S. territories.
- Offices in Denver and D.C.
- Among our goals - to provide legislatures with information and research about policy issues, both state and federal.
- NCSL tracks state policy developments in all public policy areas.
JAILS AND PRISONS

**Jails**
- Smaller facilities
- Pretrial or misdemeanor offenses
- Sentences under one year
- Limited programming

**Prisons**
- Larger facilities
- Felony offenses
- Sentences over one year
- More robust programming
State inmates in local jails

No state inmates in local jails

Unified system or other situation

State Inmates in Local Jails, 2015

NCSL analysis of DOJ, BJS Prisoners in 2015
2010 report from National Association of Counties

- Kentucky - $31.34/day (per diem + routine medical)
- Illinois – state prisoners not held in local jails
- Indiana – reimburse $35/day after fifth day
- Missouri – $22/day, statute allows up to $37.50 or actual costs
- Ohio – state prisoners not held in local jails
- Tennessee – $35/days for most counties
- Virginia – $28/day

Utah HB 479 (2016) – increased reimbursement rate for jails that provide treatment services
Jail classification in Ohio Administrative Code 5120:1-7-02

- **Full-Service Jails** (FSJ) - allow for the incarceration of prisoners beyond twelve days and provide a full array of services.

- **Minimum Security Jails** - expected to function like FSJ except prisoners must be adults, sentenced to either traffic offenses, misdemeanors, or a felony 4 or 5, and must be minimum risk offenders – as defined by the Ohio Revised Code.

- **Twelve Day Jails** - maximum prisoner incarceration time span of twelve consecutive days. These jails are primarily intended for city, village and township jurisdictions, allowing them to have a facility for both booking and processing new arrests and allowing local courts the option of having local ordinance offenders serve their jail sentences in the local jail.

- **Twelve Hour Jails** - maximum prisoner incarceration time span of twelve consecutive hours. These jails are primarily intended for city, village, and township jurisdictions to have a jail facility for booking and processing new arrests.

- **Temporary Holding Facility** - maximum detention time for securely holding prisoners for up to six hours. The incarceration facilities do not fall under Ohio’s Minimum Jail Standards yet are established by the Bureau of Adult Detention.
Class I facility - a secure adult detention facility used to confine inmates for a time not to exceed 72 hours excluding holidays or weekends. A Class I facility is known as a holding facility.

Class II facility - a secure adult detention facility used to confine inmates before an appearance in court and sentenced inmates for a time not to exceed 90 days. A Class II facility is known as a lockup facility.

Class III facility - a secure detention facility used to confine sentenced inmates for a time not to exceed any limits set by Minnesota Statutes, adult pretrial and presentenced detainees indefinitely, and juveniles up to the limits prescribed by Minnesota Statutes and commissioner approval. A Class III facility is known as a jail facility.

Class IV facility - a minimum security adult detention facility used to confine sentenced inmates for a time not to exceed any limits set by Minnesota Statutes or adult pretrial or presentenced detainees indefinitely. A Class IV facility is known as a jail annex.

Class V facility - a secure adult detention facility used to detain adult pretrial and presentenced detainees indefinitely. A Class V facility is known as an adult detention center.

Minn. R. 2911.0200
OTHER STATES

Illinois

- County Jails
  - Individuals serving term of imprisonment or confined pending trial or sentencing. 730 ILCS 130/2

- Municipal Jails
  - Security facility operated by the municipal police department for the temporary detention of persons who are being held for investigation pending disposition of their cases by the judiciary or who are waiting transfer to another institution. Ill. Admin. Code tit. 20, pt. 720.5
  - Maximum detention of 48 hours except for weekends and holidays Ill. Admin. Code tit. 20, pt. 720.30

Arkansas

- City Jails
- County Jails
- Municipal Jails
- Public Instrumentality Jails

Texas

- State Jails
- County Jails
Ohio Correctional Institution Inspection Committee

Annual evaluations of state prison facilities, reported to legislature
The ratings are based on a four point scale and are based on the balance of the indicator ratings for that area.

- A rating of “Exceptional” for an indicator means that there is no room for improvement and, generally, that the facility performs above other prisons.
- A rating of “Good” for an indicator means that the prison more than meets the standard, but is not significantly better than other prisons or there is still room for improvement.
- A rating of “Acceptable” for an indicator means that the prison just meets the standard or meets the standard with minor exceptions.
- A rating of “In Need of Improvement” for an indicator means that the prison does not meet standards, is significantly different from other prisons in a negative manner, or that CIIC staff had serious concerns.

Allen Correctional Institution (AOCI)

Date Inspected: 07/17/2018 – 07/19/2018, 07/25/2018
House District: 4 Senate District: 12

- Safety & Security: GOOD
- Health & Wellbeing: GOOD
- Fair Treatment: GOOD
- Rehabilitation & Reentry: GOOD
- Fiscal Accountability: GOOD

Belmont Correctional Institution (BECI)

Date Inspected: 06/6/2017 – 06/7/2017, 06/12/2017
House District: 95 Senate District: 30

- Safety & Security: ACCEPTABLE
- Health & Wellbeing: GOOD
- Fair Treatment: GOOD
- Rehabilitation & Reentry: GOOD
- Fiscal Accountability: GOOD
OVERSIGHT BODIES

KS – Joint Legislative Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice Oversight

TN – Tennessee Corrections Institute

TX – Commission on Jail Standards

CT – Criminal Justice Policy Advisory Commission

MO – Joint Committee on Corrections
UNIFIED CORRECTIONS SYSTEMS

- State corrections department responsible for prisons and jails
- Seven states
  - Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, Vermont, West Virginia
Questions?

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