# Kentucky's Mapping Resources



## The Role of GIS in State Agency Operations

## **Property Valuation Administrator's Office Task Force Hearing**

October 20th, 2020

### **Agency Overview**

- COT-GIS operates under KRS 42.650 based upon the Legislative Findings noted in KRS 42.630.
- Maintain the central statewide GIS clearinghouse (<u>KyGeoNet</u>)
- Coordinate multiagency GIS projects (<u>KyFromAbove</u>)
- Create and update GIS Standards
- Provide centralized GIS Services
- Offer technical assistance and guidance to the Ky GIS Community
- Promote collaboration and data sharing

## Did you know?

- Kentucky is commonly known as the best mapped state in the nation
- Maintain a nationally recognized, publicly available, Enterprise GIS that is accessible as interactive maps, downloadable data and baseline information
- Kentucky entered 2020 with over 40 years of experience in GIS, beginning with Governor Julian Carroll's "Lands Unsuitable for Mining Project"
- The <u>KyGeoNet</u> and its supporting server infrastructure receives a monthly average of 15 million server requests from upwards of 30,000 unique visitors accessing interactive maps, retrieving data or doing data research
- Kentucky, via its highly successful <u>KyFromAbove</u> Program, is one of a small number of states that has achieved statewide LiDAR (elevation data) coverage
- Kentucky's statewide Water & Wastewater Infrastructure, Mining, Transportation, Recreation, and Geologic GIS implementations and data stores are unmatched in the nation
- Consultants, investors, economic development specialists, environmental protection entities, local governments, and a host of other people utilize Kentucky's services as they look to invest, locate, or visit the Commonwealth
- The Kentucky GIS Community has a rich history of collaboration and data sharing

### What is GIS Data?

- GIS or **Geospatial data** is data about objects, events, or phenomena that have a **location** on the surface of the earth.
- The **location** may be **static** (e.g., the location of a road, an earthquake event, children living in poverty), or **dynamic** (e.g., a moving vehicle or pedestrian, the spread of an infectious disease).
- Geospatial data **combines location information** (usually coordinates on the earth), **attribute information** (the characteristics of the object, event, or phenomena concerned), and often also **temporal information** (the time or life span at which the location and attributes exist.
- The Commonwealth has successfully consolidated its geospatial data in an enterprise **Geographic Information System**, or GIS, located in the computing center.

## **Point Data**

#### □ ×

Name	Robert D. Campbell Jr. High
KDEID	121023
Classification	Middle or Upper Elementary School
LOW_GRADE	7th
HIGH_GRADE	8th
District ID	121
District Name	Clark County
School ID	23
Street Address	620 Boone Ave.
City	Winchester
State	KY
Zip Code	40391
Zoom to	***

## Linear Data

Anild

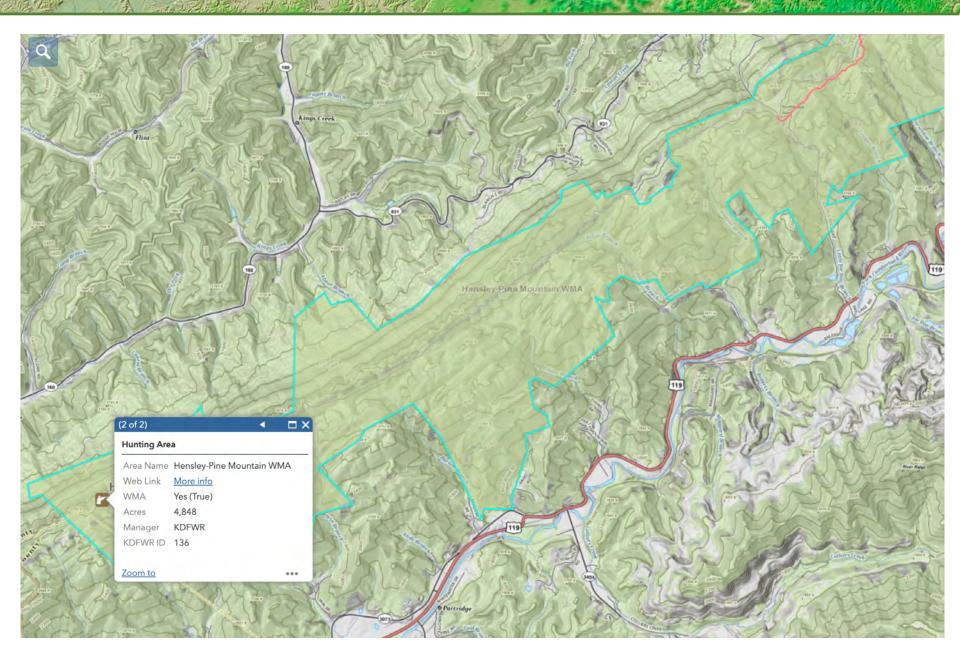
Water	Line:	<b>KY01</b>	10097

Public Water System ID	KY0110097	
System Name	DANVILLE CITY WATER WORKS	
Purpose	TRANSMISSION	
Size	24.00	
Transmission Use	RAW	
Year Constructed	1960	
Material	DUCTILE IRON	

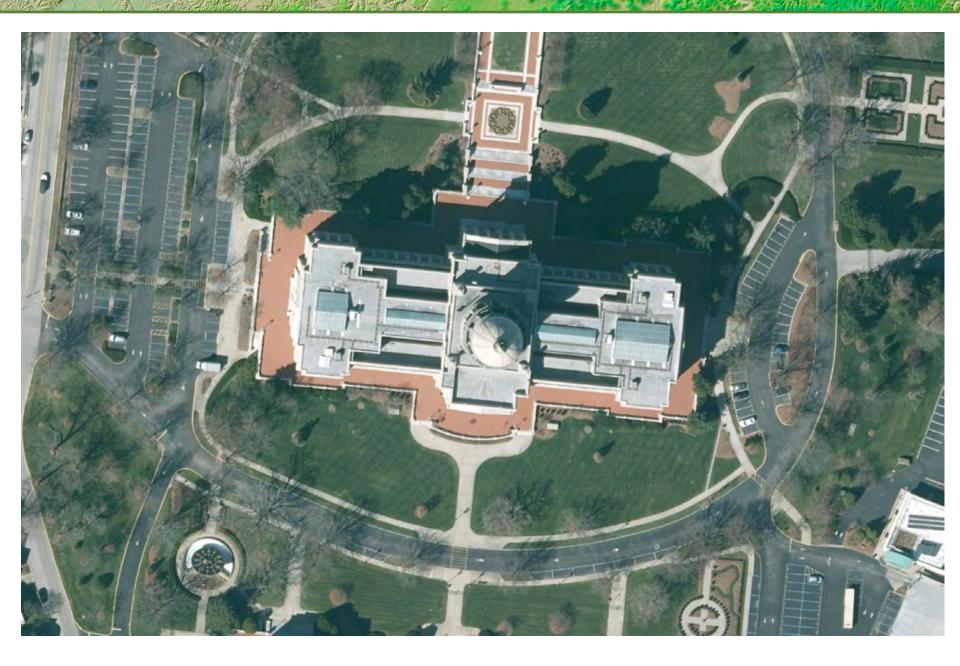
Zoom to

DANVILLE WTP

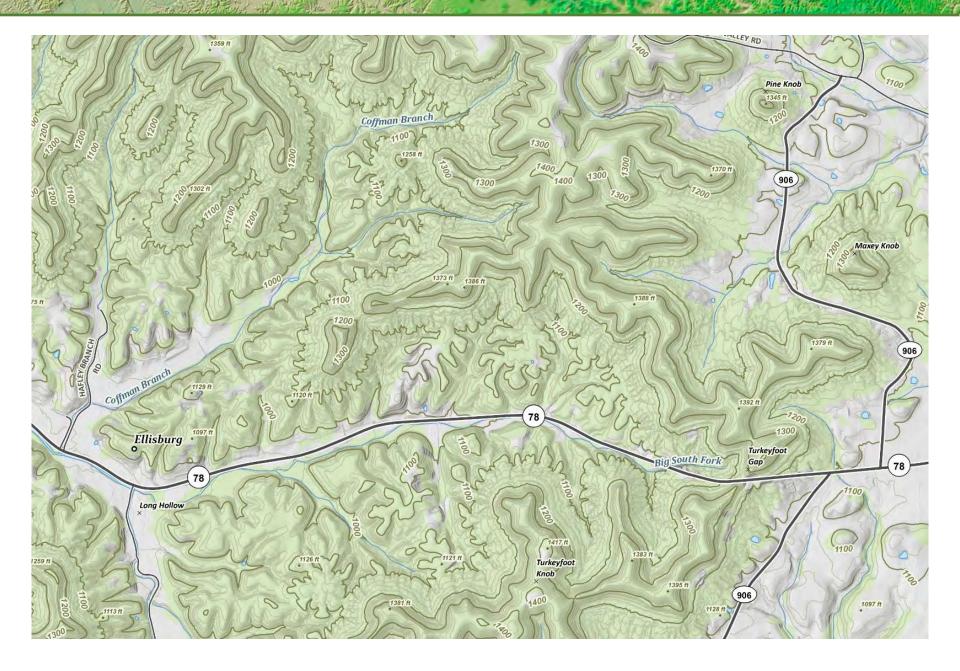
## Area or Polygon Data



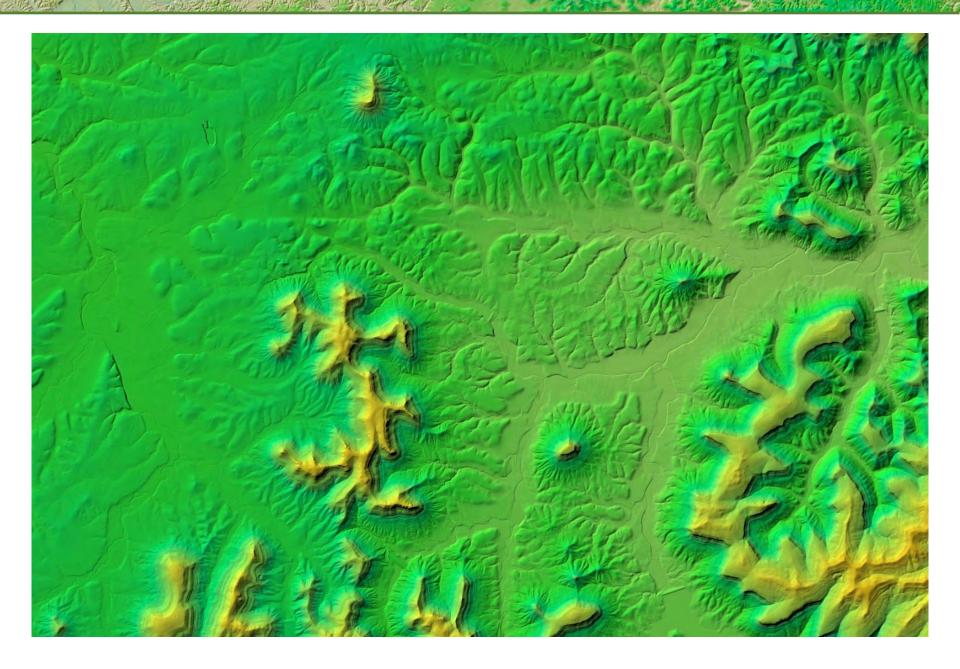
## Raster Data - Aerial Photography



## **Raster Data - Topographic Maps**



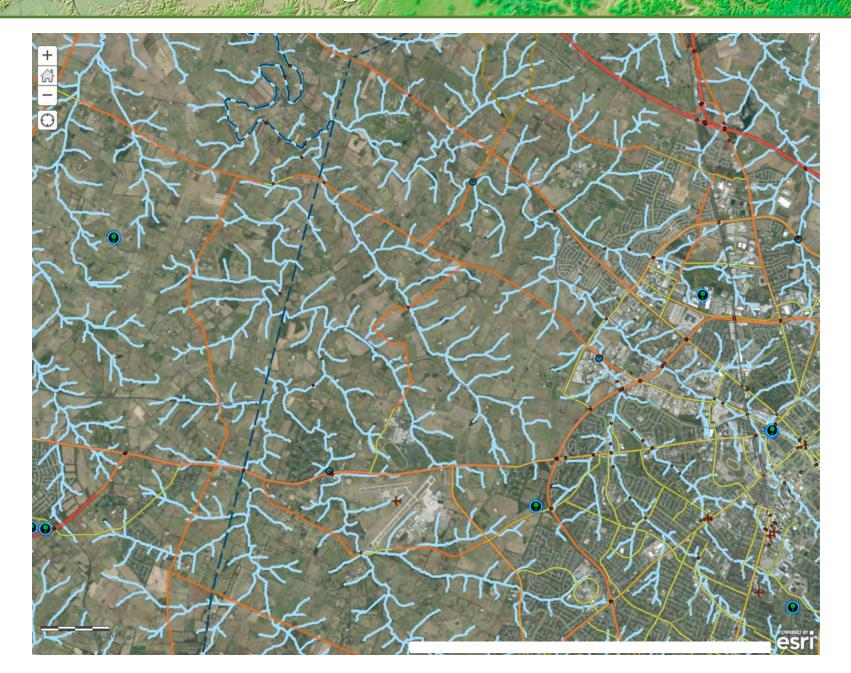
## Raster Data - Digital Elevation Model



## Agency Uses

Highway Planning & Design Water & Wastewater Infrastructure Mapping School Safety Critical Infrastructure Mapping **Emergency Response** Economic Development **Environmental Response & Analysis** NextGen 9-1-1 Disease Outbreaks **Property Mapping** Facility Inventories **Recreation & Tourism Mapping** 

## Putting it all in Context



## **Available GIS Data Layers**

#### **NSDI Framework Themes**



The Commonwealth has **over 400 layers** of GIS data in its repository.

Most repository layers are **publicly available** 

All data layers are **documented and categorized** in accordance with FGDC standards

Kentucky was recognized as having contributed the most "framework" layers to the USGS

Still needed: 911 Address Points & Parcel Data

Kentucky's **lowest scores** on the NSGIC Geospatial Maturity Assessment (2019) were for lack of address points and parcel data – (Ky did get an "A-" overall score!)

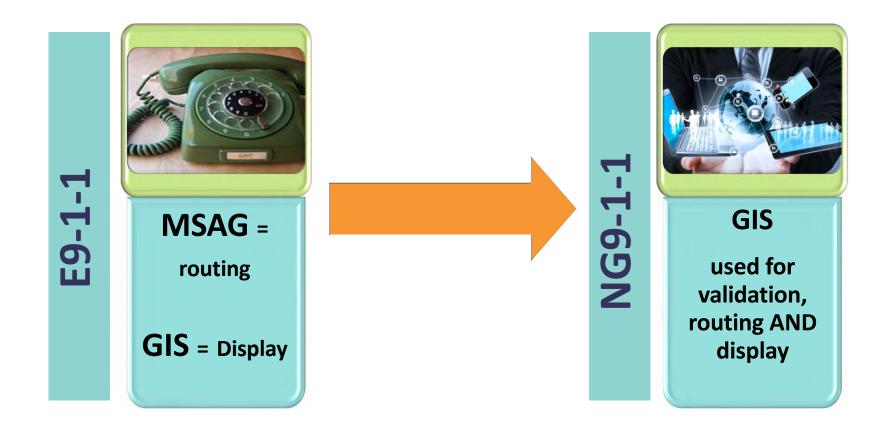
Geodetic Control

## Why Kentucky GIS is a Leader

Recognize "Data" as an asset Promote collaboration Reduce duplicative spending Require reasonable documentation (metadata) Identify and promote authoritative data sources Rely heavily on existing business processes Provide direct and easy access Establish open communications We openly share data

Importance of 911 Address Points

# Today vs Tomorrow

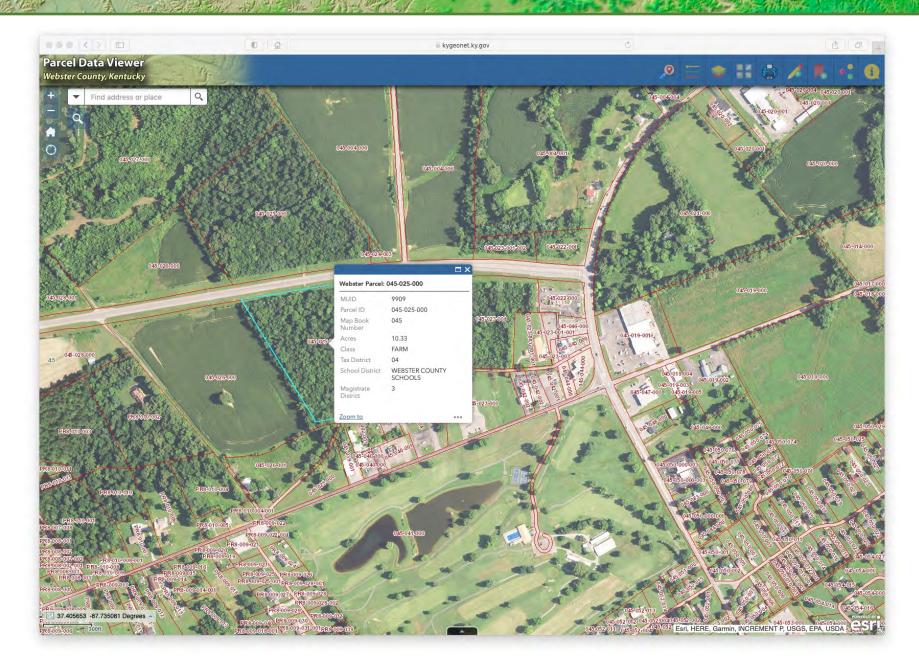


## Importance of 911 Address Points

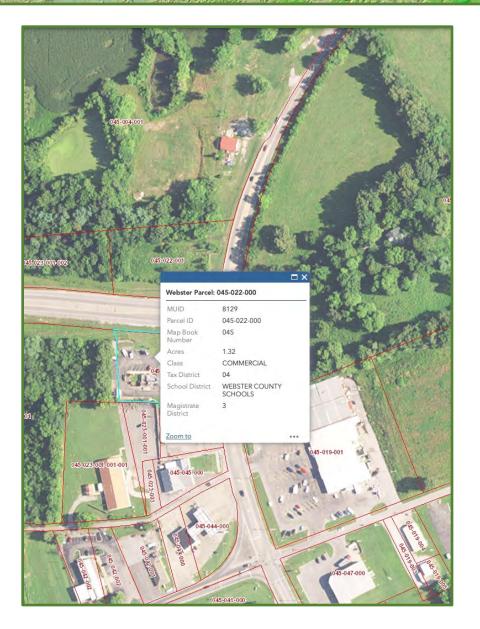


- Enhance the response times of first responders and improve situational awareness *Save Lives*
- Provide exact situs address needed for PVA parcel mapping and assessment operations
- Promote the visualization of address data contained in thousands of local and state agency databases
- Improve decision making during infrastructure planning stages

## What is PVA Parcel Data?



## What is PVA Parcel Data?



- A graphic representation of a property boundary used in the assessment process
- It is not a legal property boundary
- It is represented as a **polygon feature** in a GIS
- Includes a corresponding database of relevant information
- Exists as 120 separately maintained **countybased datasets**

## How is Parcel Data Created?



- Methods of parcel data creation and updates vary
- Most PVAs utilize **aerial photography** when creating parcel lines
- Some PVAs use coordinate geometry (COGO) software to input calls from deeds
- Some PVAs **scale and sketch the lines** on overlays that are later sent to DOR for input
- The **best practice** is to utilize both COGO tools & high accuracy orthoimagery (aerial photography)
- Utilization of best practices will **improve data over time**

## **Parcel Data Integration & Sharing**

"Managing this data resource as a single statewide data layer will introduce a variety of efficiencies, ensure adherence to standards, promote data sharing within state government and save valuable resources at both the local and state levels of government within the Commonwealth."

#### Efficiencies

All agencies would have read-only access to the data for internal usage

#### **Standards**

A common data storage and input standard would improve data quality and integrity

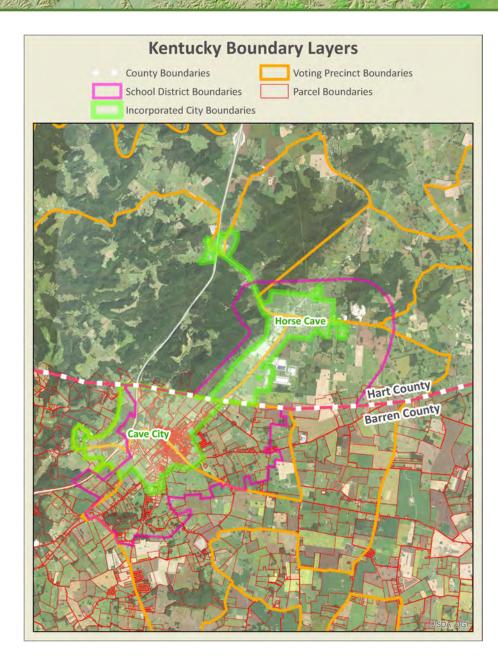
#### **Data Sharing**

Clearly demonstrates that data sharing and collaboration across agency lines enhances governmental operations

#### **Save Resources**

Personnel, travel, processing, and data cost savings will be realized

## **Importance of PVA Parcel Data**





Parcels are the lowest common denominator of all boundary layers

- Voting Precincts
- School Districts
- Magisterial Districts
- US Census Boundaries
- Incorporated City Boundaries
- **County Boundaries**
- Legislative Boundaries
- State Boundary as per KRS 1

## Importance of PVA Parcel Data

Three primary needs identified by agencies are:



## Land Management

(acquisition or sale)

## **Decision Support**

(what is the best location for infrastructure, an industrial facility or an activity)

### **Situational Awareness**

(emergency response, intelligence, first responder, post event mitigation efforts)

## Which agencies needs parcel data?

Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Division of Real Properties Kentucky Department for Fish & Wildlife Resources Kentucky Cabinet for Economic Development Energy & Environment Cabinet Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Kentucky State Parks Kentucky Emergency Management Kentucky National Guard Kentucky Department of Education Kentucky State Police Kentucky Office of Homeland Security Kentucky Department of Agriculture Kentucky 911 Services Board

## Agency Uses

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## **Public Benefits**

#### How do our citizens benefit?

#### **Reduced Operational Costs**

Gaining free and open access to parcel data will directly and very significantly reduce costs within affected agencies and will indirectly benefit taxpayers.

#### **Improved Decision Support**

Currently, many agencies make decisions without access to parcel data, especially, when time is of the essence. Improved decision-making within our state and local governmental entities benefits everyone in the Commonwealth.

#### **Enhanced Situational Awareness**

It is very, very rare that first responders, emergency management, or the environmental response team has access to parcel data. As a result, responses take much longer than they should, and in many instances, the time savings may equate to property or even lives being saved. The Commonwealth should bring all of its resources to bear when protecting the health and well-being of its citizens.

## **PVA Benefits**

### How do the PVA's benefit?

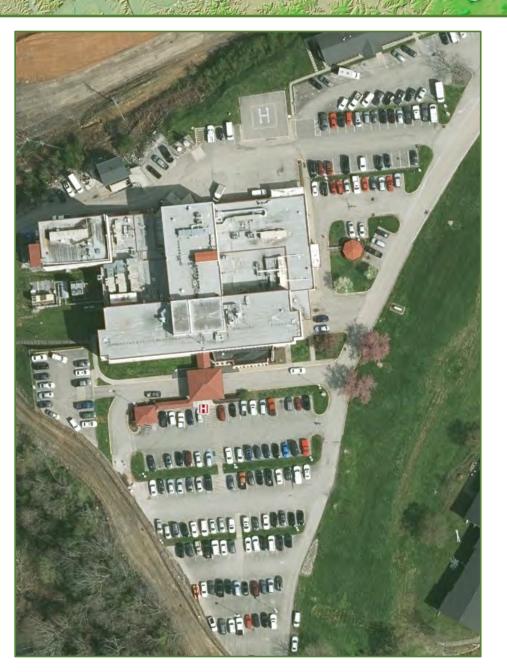
Identification of orphaned, publicly-held, parcels that can placed back on the tax rolls

Improved parcel data geometry for publicly-held properties

Notifications from the Department of Housing & Building Codes would alert PVAs of properties being developed which in turn may result in higher assessed values

Agencies are more likely to share their programmatic GIS data layers with PVAs that share their data with government entities

## Why is Aerial Photography so Important?



**The Essential Base Layer** *Provides Context* 

Intuitive "Places" are recognizable

**Crucial for Data Updates** Utilized by the entire GIS Community

## Aerial Photography: Leaf-On

### Leaf-On

Acquired when leaves are on the trees (May-November) Less desirable



## **Aerial Photography: Leaf-Off**

### Leaf-Off

Acquired when no leaves are on the trees (February-April) Most desirable



## **Aerial Photography: Resolution**

#### Resolution

A function of the distance between the sensor and the ground, as well as, the quality of the sensor



## **Aerial Photography: Accuracy**

#### Accuracy

A function of the quality of the elevation model, ground control, GPS, and appropriate processing techniques - **orthorectification** 



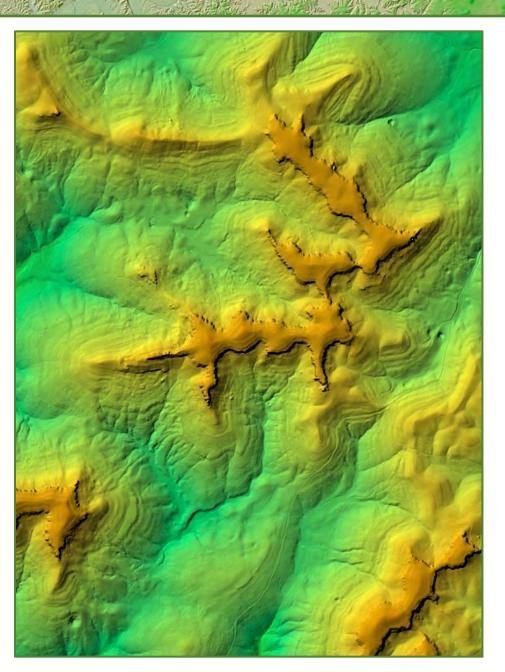
## **Aerial Photography: Oblique**

### Oblique

Provides a "side view" from four different angles – useful for assessment purposes



## **KyFromAbove**



#### **KyFromAbove**

Successful, collaborative effort to acquire statewide aerial photography and elevation data (LiDAR)

#### Kentucky is a Leader

One of very few states to have achieved statewide LiDAR coverage

#### **Pooling Resources**

Over 20 local, state, and federal partners have contributed over \$13-million since 2012

#### **Engineering Quality**

Specifications ensure collected data meets the needs of ALL partners – USGS/FEMA/NRCS

**Tiered-Pricing** The more you buy, the cheaper it is persquare-mile - Economies of Scale

Accessible Freely available and easy to access

## **PVA's & Aerial Photography**



PVA Aerial Photography

Needed for effective operations

#### **Need Ortho and Oblique**

Ortho imagery is used for mapping, Oblique imagery is used for assessment

#### **Licensed not Purchased**

Some PVA's license rather than purchase their imagery

#### **Resolution & Accuracy Confusion**

Lots of confusion regarding resolution, accuracy, and measurements - not engineering quality

#### **Sharing Status**

Occasionally shared at the local level, rarely shared with state government

#### The Have Nots

Many counties don't have access to leaf-off aerial photography – just can't afford it

### **Opportunity for Savings?**



#### **Duplicative Acquisitions**

Some Ky Counties have been flown twice in the same year

#### **One Purchase - Used by Many** Buy it once. Let everyone use it.

#### Ortho Imagery for Everyone

ALL GIS users need ortho imagery. Period.

#### **Oblique Imagery**

Oblique imagery will be available to PVAs and other GIS users

#### **Openly Shared** All data will be openly shared at all levels of government

#### **Planned Refresh Intervals** Full, statewide refresh every three years



# **Questions?**

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