1	A	AN ACT relating to interests in property.
2	Be it ei	nacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	=	Section 1. KRS 426.720 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1) A	a final judgment for the recovery of money or costs in the courts of record in this
5	C	Commonwealth, whether state or federal, shall act as a lien upon all real estate in
6	W	which the judgment debtor has any ownership interest, in any county in which the
7	fe	ollowing first shall be done:
8	(;	a) The judgment creditor, or <u>the judgment creditor's [his]</u> counsel, shall file with
9		the county clerk of any county a notice of judgment lien containing:
10		<u>1.</u> The court of record entering the <u>final</u> judgment:[,]
11		2. The civil action number of the suit in which the <i>final</i> judgment was
12		entered <u>:[,]</u>
13		3. The date the final judgment was entered by the court of record; and
14		4. The amount of the final judgment, including principal, interest rate,
15		court costs, and any attorney fees;
16	(1	(b) [The county clerk shall enter the notice in the lis pendens records in that
17		office, and shall so note the entry upon the original of the notice;
18	(The judgment creditor, or the judgment creditor's [his] counsel, shall send to
19		the last known address of the judgment debtor or the judgment debtor's
20		attorney of record, by regular first class mail, postage prepaid, or shall deliver
21		to the <u>judgment</u> debtor personally, a copy of the notice of judgment lien,
22		which notice shall include:
23		<u>1.</u> The text of KRS 427.060; and [also]
24		<u>2.</u> The following notice, or language substantially similar:
25		"Notice to Judgment Debtor. You may be entitled to an exemption under KRS
26		427.060, reprinted below. If you believe you are entitled to assert an
27		exemption, seek legal advice."; and

1		$\underline{(c)}[(d)]$ The judgment creditor, or <u>the judgment creditor's</u> his counsel, shall
2		certify on the notice of judgment lien that a copy thereof has been mailed to
3		the judgment debtor in compliance with paragraph $(\underline{b})[(e)]$ of this subsection.
4	(2)	Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a judgment lien created
5		under this section:
6		(a) Before the effective date of this Act, shall expire upon the earlier of:
7		1. The expiration of the limitations period for the underlying final
8		judgment under KRS 413.090; or
9		2. Ten (10) years after the effective date of this Act; and
10		(b) On or after the effective date of this Act, shall expire ten (10) years after the
11		date the final judgment was entered by the court of record.
12	<u>(3)</u>	The expiration of a judgment lien under subsection (2) of this section shall be
13		postponed only if:
14		(a) 1. At any time prior to the date of expiration:
15		a. A proceeding is filed in a court of record in this Commonwealth,
16		whether state or federal, to enforce the judgment lien; and
17		b. The judgment creditor, or the judgment creditor's counsel, files a
18		notice of the judgment lien enforcement proceeding in the
19		county where the notice of judgment lien is lodged for record.
20		The notice required under this subparagraph shall contain the
21		following information:
22		i. The court of record in which the proceeding was filed;
23		ii. The type of proceeding filed;
24		iii. The case number of the proceeding;
25		iv. The date the proceeding was filed; and
26		v. A certification by the person filing the notice that he or she
27		will comply with subparagraph 3. of this paragraph.

1	<u>Z.</u>	A juagment tien whose expiration has been postponea under this
2		paragraph shall expire on the following date:
3		a. The date a final judgment is entered in the proceeding to enforce
4		the judgment lien; or
5		b. The date the proceeding to enforce the judgment lien is
6		<u>dismissed.</u>
7	<u>3.</u>	Within ten (10) days of the date of expiration under subparagraph 2.
8		of this paragraph, the judgment creditor, or the judgment creditor's
9		counsel, shall file a notice in the county where the notice of judgment
10		lien is lodged for record. The notice shall contain:
11		a. The information about the judgment lien enforcement
12		proceeding contained in the notice filed under subparagraph 1.
13		of this paragraph; and
14		b. The judgment lien expiration date, as determined under
15		subparagraph 2. of this paragraph; or
16	(b) 1.	Not less than one hundred twenty (120) days prior to the date of
17		expiration:
18		a. A notice of judgment lien renewal is filed by the judgment
19		creditor or the judgment creditor's counsel in the county where
20		the notice of judgment lien is lodged for record. The notice of
21		renewal of the judgment lien shall contain:
22		i. All of the information required under subsection (1)(a) of
23		this section; and
24		ii. The amount of the judgment lien that remains unsatisfied;
25		<u>and</u>
26		b. The judgment creditor or the judgment creditor's counsel sends a
27		cany of the natice of the judgment lien renewal filed under this

1		paragraph to the last known address of the judgment debtor or
2		the judgment debtor's attorney of record, by regular first class
3		mail, postage prepaid, or by personal delivery to the judgment
4		<u>debtor.</u>
5		2. A judgment lien may be extended one (1) time in the manner provided
6		under this paragraph for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the
7		date of the expiration established under subsection (2) of this section.
8	<u>(4)</u>	A county clerk shall enter the notices filed under this section in the lis pendens
9		records of the clerk's office and shall so note the entry upon the original of the
10		notices.
11	<u>(5)</u>	In any action involving real property which is subject to a judgment lien, service
12		may be had upon the judgment creditor by serving the judgment creditor or the
13		judgment creditor's <i>counsel</i> [attorney] as shown in the notice of judgment lien.
14		→ Section 2. KRS 65.032 is amended to read as follows:
15	(1)	As used in this section:
16		(a) "Recorded instrument" means any document relating to real property,
17		personal property, and any property for which a Kentucky certificate of title
18		has been issued, including but not limited to deeds and mortgages; and
19		(b) "Portal" means a <u>website</u> [Web site] or online database that:
20		1. Is readily accessible by the public to provide remote online access to
21		recorded instruments;
22		2. Has a network security device that monitors incoming and outgoing
23		network traffic and determines whether to allow or block specific traffic
24		based on a defined set of security rules; and
25		3. Has a system which provides for backup copies of recorded instruments
26		to be securely stored.
27	(2)	By January 1, 2024[June 30, 2023], all county clerks shall provide and maintain

1		the p	ortal	that a	llows a person to electronically file any recorded instrument.
2	(3)	(a)	Ву.	June 3	30, 2024, each county clerk shall provide and maintain a portal that
3			cont	tains tl	he following recorded instruments:
4			1.	Filed	d on or after June 30, 1994:
5				a.	Deeds;
6				b.	Mortgages;
7				c.	Fixture filings under the Uniform Commercial Code:
8				d.	Plats of subdivided property;
9				e.	All covenants, conditions, and restrictions that relate to real
10					property;
11				f.	Easements;
12				g.	Leases or memorandum of leases;
13				h.	Powers of attorney;
14				i.	Land contracts;
15				j.	Wills; and
16				k.	Affidavits that affect or clarify the title to property;
17			2.	File	d on or after June 30, 2004, child support liens;
18			3.	File	d on or after June 30, 2009:
19				a.	Judgment liens;
20				b.	Recoupment and unemployment liens; and
21				c.	Lis pendens notices;
22			4.	Filed	d on or after June 30, 2014:
23				a.	Federal and state tax liens; and
24				b.	Civil penalty liens; and
25			5.	Filed	d on or after June 30, 2019:
26				a.	Homeowner's association or condominium liens; and
27				b.	Bail bonds.

1		(D)	By June 30, 2026, each county clerk shall provide and maintain a portal that
2			contains the following recorded instruments filed on or after June 30, 1966,
3			but before June 30, 1994:
4			1. Deeds;
5			2. Mortgages;
6			3. Fixture filings under the Uniform Commercial Code:
7			4. Plats of subdivided property;
8			5. All covenants, conditions, and restrictions that relate to real property;
9			6. Easements;
10			7. Leases or memorandum of leases;
11			8. Powers of attorney;
12			9. Land contracts;
13			10. Wills; and
14			11. Affidavits that affect or clarify the title to property.
15	(4)	(a)	Any fee charged by the county clerk for access to electronic copies of
16			recorded instruments shall not exceed the actual cost of providing and
17			maintaining the portal.
18		(b)	If a county clerk contracts with an outside vendor to provide and maintain a
19			portal required under this section, actual costs may include:
20			1. Development and maintenance of a portal that provides access to
21			recorded instruments;
22			2. Personnel costs for companies that employ staff to support county
23			clerks;
24			3. Maintenance of cybersecurity credentials; and
25			4. Insurance premiums.
26	(5)	A c	ounty clerk may redact Social Security numbers from electronic copies of

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recorded instruments and other personal information from recorded instruments

1		upon request from a law enforcement agency or judicial officer.
2		→ Section 3. KRS 389A.010 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1)	Notwithstanding any other statutory limitation of the jurisdiction of the District
4		Court:
5		(a) Any trustee, guardian, conservator, or personal representative (hereinafter
6		"fiduciary"), not otherwise possessing a power of sale, may move the District
7		Court of the county in which the fiduciary has qualified for an order granting
8		the fiduciary the power to sell or mortgage any real estate or any interest in
9		the real estate[therein] possessed by his or her ward, decedent, or trust; and
10		(b) The District Court may enter an order granting the fiduciary the power to sell
11		or mortgage any real estate or any interest in the real estate[therein]
12		possessed by the ward, decedent, or trust.
13	(2)	The motion shall include an adequate description of the property, a summary of the
14		grounds for the motion, and a request that the bond of the fiduciary be increased in
15		an adequate amount in accordance with KRS 395.130.
16	(3)	(a) Unless waived in writing, written notice of the hearing with a copy of the
17		motion shall be served in a manner authorized by the Rules of Civil Procedure
18		for the initiation of a civil action upon all persons who have a vested or
19		contingent interest in the property interest sought to be sold.
20		(b) Where the property interest sought to be sold belongs to a person under legal
21		disability, service of notice and defense shall be governed by Civil Rules
22		4.04(3) and 17.03.
23		$\underline{(c)}$ [(a)] In the case where the subject of the action is the property interest of a
24		person under legal disability, unless waived in writing, written notice shall be
25		given by certified mail, return receipt requested, [shall be given] to all known
26		adult next of kin and shall include [of]:
27		1. The nature and pendency of the action; and

1			2. Ine time, date, and location of the nearing.
2			The notice required under this paragraph shall be given no later[Not less]
3			than thirty (30) days prior to the date [days' notice of the time, date, and
4			location] of the hearing on the motion.
5		<u>(d)</u>	At or before the hearing, the fiduciary or his or her attorney shall file an
6			affidavit on personal knowledge showing compliance with paragraphs (a) to
7			(c) of this subsection with the following attachments:
8			<u>1.</u> [this paragraph and attaching] A copy of the notice given; and
9			<u>2.</u> The original of all receipts returned.
10		<u>(e)</u> [(b)] All[such] persons <u>under this subsection</u> shall have standing to present
11			evidence and to be heard at the hearing.
12	(4)	Any	[An aggrieved] party aggrieved by any order affecting the right of the
13		<u>fidu</u>	ciary to sell or mortgage any property or property interest under this section
14		may	no later than thirty (30) days from the date of the order, institute an adversary
15		proc	eeding in Circuit Court pursuant to KRS 24A.120(2)[in respect to any order
16		affe	eting the right of the fiduciary to sell or mortgage]. Pending the entry of a final
17		orde	r and expiration of the time for an appeal therefrom, neither the fiduciary nor
18		the o	owner of any vested interest shall make any conveyance or mortgage of the real
19		estat	te and any attempt to do so shall be voidable by the court until:
20		<u>(a)</u>	The time for an appeal of any final order entered following the hearing
21			under subsection (3) of this section has expired pursuant to the Rules of
22			Civil Procedure; or
23		<u>(b)</u>	Any adversary proceeding instituted under this subsection has been finally
24			adjudicated and the time for an appeal from the final adjudication order
25			has expired pursuant to the Rules of Civil Procedure[null and void].
26		<u>The</u>	provisions of this subsection shall be retroactive and shall apply to
2.7		cons	veyances made prior to the effective date of this Act

(5)	No proceedings under this	section shall	be conducted	by or before	a commissioner
	of the District Court.				

→ Section 4. KRS 376.010 is amended to read as follows:

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- 4 (1) Any person who performs labor or furnishes materials [,] for the erection, (a) altering, or repairing of a house or other structure or for any fixture or 5 6 machinery therein, for the excavation of cellars, cisterns, vaults, wells, or for 7 the improvement in any manner of real property including the furnishing of 8 agricultural lime, fertilizer, concrete pipe or drainage tile, crushed rock, gravel 9 for roads or driveways, and materials used in the construction or maintenance 10 of fences, by contract with, or by the written consent of, the owner, lessee, 11 contractor, subcontractor, architect, or authorized agent, shall have a lien 12 thereon, and upon the land upon which the improvements were made, or on any interest the owner or lessee has therein, to secure the amount thereof with 13 14 interest as provided in KRS 360.040, and costs.
 - (b) When improvements to property are made pursuant to an agreement or contract with a lessee, the lessee shall not be deemed the authorized agent of the owner unless the owner has designated the lessee, in writing, as the owner's agent for purposes of entering into the agreement or contract.
 - (c) The lien on the land or improvements shall be superior to any mortgage or encumbrance created subsequent to the beginning of the labor or the furnishing of the materials, and the lien, if asserted as hereinafter provided, shall relate back and take effect from the time of the commencement of the labor or the furnishing of the materials.
 - (d) The lien shall not be for a greater amount in the aggregate than the contract price of the original contractor, and should the aggregate amount of the liens exceed the price agreed upon between the original contractor and the owner there shall be a pro rata distribution of the original contract price among the

1			lienholders.
2	(2)	<u>(a)</u>	The lien shall not take precedence over a mortgage or other contract lien or
3			bona fide conveyance for value without notice, duly recorded or lodged for
4			record according to law, unless the person claiming the prior lien shall, before
5			the recording of the mortgage or other contract lien or conveyance, file in the
6			office of the county clerk of the county where wherein he or she has
7			furnished or expects to furnish labor or materials, a statement showing that he
8			or she has furnished or expects to furnish labor or materials, and the amount
9			of the labor or materials in full[thereof].
10		<u>(b)</u>	The lien shall not, as against the holder of a mortgage or other contract lien or
11			conveyance, exceed the amount of the lien claimed or expected to be claimed
12			as set forth in the statement.
13		<u>(c)</u>	The statement shall, in other respects, be in the form prescribed by KRS
14			376.080.
15	(3)	<u>(a)</u>	Any lien under this section shall only extend to the right, title, and interest
16			of the person who contracts for the improvements as the right, title, and
17			interest exist at the commencement of the improvements or as thereafter
18			acquired in the real property. When improvements to property are made by
19			a lessee in accordance with an agreement between the lessee and his or her
20			lessor, the lien shall also extend to the interest of the lessor.
21		<u>(b)</u>	When a lease agreement expressly provides that the interest of the lessor
22			shall not be subject to liens for improvements made by the lessee, the lessee
23			shall notify the contractor making any improvements of the provisions in
24			the lease, and the knowing or willing failure of the lessee to provide this
25			notice to the contractor shall render the contract between the lessee and the
26			contractor voidable at the option of the contractor.
27	<i>(4)</i>	(a)	A[No] person who has not contracted directly with the owner, the owner's or

1		agent, or the lessee, if applicable, shall not acquire a lien under this
2		section unless he <u>or she</u> notifies, in writing, the owner of the property to be
3		held liable, the owner's [or his] authorized agent, or the lessee, if applicable,
4		within seventy-five (75) days on claims amounting to less than one thousand
5		dollars (\$1,000) and one hundred twenty (120) days on claims in excess of
6		one thousand dollars (\$1,000) after the last item of material or labor is
7		furnished, of his or her intention to hold the property liable and the amount
8		for which he <u>or she</u> will claim a lien; <u>and</u> [.]
9	<u>(b)</u>	It shall be sufficient to prove that the notice was mailed to the last known
10		address of the owner of the property upon which the lien is claimed, or to the
11		owner's[his] duly authorized agent within the county in which the property to
12		be held liable is located.
13	(5) (a)	(4)] \underline{A} [No] person who has not contracted directly with the owner or \underline{the}
14		owner's[his] authorized agent shall not acquire a lien under this section on an
15		owner-occupied single or double family dwelling, the appurtenances or
16		additions thereto, or upon other improvements for agricultural or personal use
17		to the real property or real property contiguous thereto and held by the same
18		owner, upon which the owner-occupant's dwelling is located, unless he or she
19		notifies in writing the owner of the property to be held liable or the
20		owner's[his] authorized agent not more than seventy-five (75) days after the
21		last item of material or labor is furnished, of the delivery of the material or
22		performance of labor and of his or her intention to hold the property liable
23		and the amount for which he <u>or she</u> will claim a lien.
24	<u>(b)</u>	It shall be sufficient to prove that the notice was mailed to the last known
25		address of the owner of the property upon which the lien is claimed, or to the

(c) The [This] notice under this subsection is in lieu of the notice provided for in

owner's [his] duly authorized agent.

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1		subsection (4) of this section $[(3)]$.
2	<u>(d)</u>	Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, the lien provided
3		for under this section shall not be applicable to the extent that an owner-
4		occupant of a single or double family dwelling, or owner of other property as
5		described in this subsection has, prior to receipt of the notice provided for in
6		this subsection, paid the contractor, subcontractor, architect, or authorized
7		agent for work performed or materials furnished prior to such payment.
8	<u>(e)</u>	The contractor or subcontractor cannot be the authorized agent under this
9		subsection.
10	<u>(f)</u>	This subsection shall apply to the construction of single or double family
11		homes constructed pursuant to a construction contract with a property owner
12		and intended for use as the property owner's dwelling.
13	<u>(6)</u> [(5)]	For purposes of this section, "labor" includes but is not limited to all supplies
14	and	work done by teams, trucks, machinery, and mechanical equipment, whether
15	the o	owner furnishes a driver or operator or not.
16	<u>(7)</u> [(6)]	As used in this section:
17	(a)	"Supplies" includes small tools and equipment reasonably necessary in
18		performing the work required to be done, including picks, shovels, sledge
19		hammers, axes, pulleys, wire cables, ropes, and other similar items costing not
20		more than fifty dollars (\$50) per item, and tires and tubes furnished for use on
21		vehicles engaged in the performance of the work: and[.]
22	(b)	"Supplies" also includes the cost of labor, materials, and repair parts supplied
23		or furnished for keeping all machinery and equipment used in the
23 24		or furnished for keeping all machinery and equipment used in the performance of the work in good operating condition; and shall include the

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The lien for rental equipment or machinery shall not be more than the

1	aggregate sum of six (6) months' rental, and the aggregate amount of
2	such rental shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) of the agreed value of
3	the machinery or equipment; and
4	2. The liens for supplies as defined in this subsection are subordinate to the
5	liens for labor, material, and supplies as defined in this section.
6	→ Section 5. KRS 371.325 is amended to read as follows:
7	No waiver of defense clause in any retail installment contract shall operate to cut off any
8	defense that an owner-occupant of a single or double family dwelling or the
9	appurtenances or additions thereto may have acquired by virtue of a third party
10	materialmen's lien under KRS 376.010 [(4)] .
11	→ Section 6. The provisions of subsection (3) of Section 4 of this Act shall not
12	apply to any lease or agreement entered into prior to the effective date of this Act.