### **CHAPTER 14**

(SB 24)

AN ACT relating to reorganization.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

Section 1. KRS 12.020 is amended to read as follows:

Departments, program cabinets and their departments, and the respective major administrative bodies that they include are enumerated in this section. It is not intended that this enumeration of administrative bodies be all-inclusive. Every authority, board, bureau, interstate compact, commission, committee, conference, council, office, or any other form of organization shall be included in or attached to the department or program cabinet in which they are included or to which they are attached by statute or statutorily-authorized executive order; except in the case of the Personnel Board and where the attached department or administrative body is headed by a constitutionally elected officer, the attachment shall be solely for the purpose of dissemination of information and coordination of activities and shall not include any authority over the functions, personnel, funds, equipment, facilities, or records of the department or administrative body. I. Cabinet for General Government - Departments headed by elected officers:

- 1. The Governor.
- 2. Lieutenant Governor.
- 3. Department of State.
  - (a) Secretary of State.
  - (b) Board of Elections.
  - (c) Registry of Election Finance.
- 4. Department of Law.
  - (a) Attorney General.
- 5. Department of the Treasury.
  - (a) Treasurer.
- 6. Department of Agriculture.
  - (a) Commissioner of Agriculture.
  - (b) Kentucky Council on Agriculture.
- 7. Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 8. Auditor of Public Accounts.
- 9. Railroad Commission.
- II. Program cabinets headed by appointed officers:
  - 1. Justice Cabinet:
    - (a) Department of State Police.
    - (b) Department of Criminal Justice Training.
    - (c) Department of Corrections.

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- (d) Department of Juvenile Justice.
- (e) Office of the Secretary.
- (f) Offices of the Deputy Secretaries.
- (g) Office of General Counsel.
- (h) Division of Kentucky State Medical Examiners Office.
- (i) Parole Board.
- (j) Kentucky State Corrections Commission.
- (k) Commission on Correction and Community Service.
- 2. Education, Arts, and Humanities Cabinet:
  - (a) Department of Education.
    - (1) Kentucky Board of Education.
    - (2) Education Professional Standards Board.
  - (b) Department for Libraries and Archives.
  - (c) Kentucky Arts Council.
  - (d) Kentucky Educational Television.
  - (e) Kentucky Historical Society.
  - (f) Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees.
  - (g) Kentucky Center for the Arts.
  - (h) Kentucky Craft Marketing Program.
  - (i) Kentucky Commission on the Deaf and Hard of Hearing.
  - (j) Governor's Scholars Program.
  - (k) Governor's School for the Arts.
  - (1) Operations and Development Office.
  - (m) Kentucky Heritage Council.
  - (n) Kentucky African-American Heritage Commission.
  - (o) Board of Directors for the Center for School Safety.
- 3. Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet:
  - (a) Environmental Quality Commission.
  - (b) Kentucky Nature Preserves Commission.
  - (c) Department for Environmental Protection.
  - (d) Department for Natural Resources.
  - (e) Department for Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement.
  - (f) Office of Legal Services.
  - (g) Office of Information Services.

- 4. Transportation Cabinet:
  - (a) Department of Highways.
  - (b) Department of Vehicle Regulation.
  - (c) Department of Administrative Services.
  - (d) Department of Fiscal Management.
  - (e) Department of Rural and Municipal Aid.
  - (f) Office of General Counsel.
  - (g) Office of Public Affairs.
  - (h) Office of Personnel Management.
  - (i) Office of Minority Affairs.
  - (j) Office of Environmental Affairs.
  - (k) Office of Policy and Budget.
- 5. Cabinet for Economic Development:
  - (a) Department of Administration and Support.
  - (b) Department of Job Development.
  - (c) Department of Financial Incentives.
  - (d) Department of Community Development.
  - (e) Tobacco Research Board.
  - (f) Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority.
- 6. Public Protection and Regulation Cabinet:
  - (a) Public Service Commission.
  - (b) Department of Insurance.
  - (c) Department of Housing, Buildings and Construction.
  - (d) Department of Financial Institutions.
  - (e) Department of Mines and Minerals.
  - (f) Department of Public Advocacy.
  - (g) Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
  - (h) Kentucky Racing Commission.
  - (i) Board of Claims.
  - (j) Crime Victims Compensation Board.
  - (k) Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals.
  - (l) Backside Improvement Commission.
  - (m) Office of Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental Assurance Fund.
- 7. Cabinet for Families and Children:

- (a) Department for *Community Based Services*[Social Insurance].
- (b) Department for *Disability Determination*[Social] Services.
- (c) Public Assistance Appeals Board.
- (d) Office of the Secretary.
- (e) Office of the General Counsel.
- (f) Office of Program Support.
- (g) Office of Family Resource and Youth Services Centers.
- (h) Office of Technology Services.
- (i) Office of the Ombudsman.
- (j) Office of *Performance Enhancement*[Aging Services].
- 8. Cabinet for Health Services.
  - (a) Department for Public Health.
  - (b) Department for Medicaid Services.
  - (c) Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services.
  - (d) Kentucky Commission on Children with Special Health Care Needs.
  - (e) Office of Certificate of Need.
  - (f) Office of the Secretary.
  - (g) Office of the General Counsel.
  - (h) Office of Program Support.
  - (i) Office of the Inspector General.
- 9. Finance and Administration Cabinet:
  - (a) Office of Legal and Legislative Services.
  - (b) Office of Management and Budget.
  - (c) Office of Financial Management and Economic Analysis.
  - (d) Office of the Controller.
  - (e) Department for Administration.
  - (f) Department of Facilities Management.
  - (g) Department of Information Systems.
  - (h) State Property and Buildings Commission.
  - (i) Kentucky Pollution Abatement Authority.
  - (j) Kentucky Savings Bond Authority.
  - (k) Deferred Compensation Systems.
  - (l) Office of Equal Employment Opportunity Contract Compliance.
  - (m) Office of Capital Plaza Operations.
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- (n) County Officials Compensation Board.
- (o) Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems.
- (p) Commonwealth Credit Union.
- (q) State Investment Commission.
- (r) Kentucky Housing Corporation.
- (s) Governmental Services Center.
- (t) Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority.
- (u) Kentucky Turnpike Authority.
- (v) Historic Properties Advisory Commission.
- (w) Kentucky Kare Health Insurance Authority.

#### 10. Labor Cabinet:

- (a) Department of Workplace Standards.
- (b) Department of Workers' Claims.
- (c) Kentucky Labor-Management Advisory Council.
- (d) Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board.
- (e) Prevailing Wage Review Board.
- (f) Workers' Compensation Board.
- (g) Kentucky Employees Insurance Association.
- (h) Apprenticeship and Training Council.
- (i) State Labor Relations Board.
- (j) Kentucky Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission.
- (k) Office of Administrative Services.
- (l) Office of Labor-Management Relations and Mediation.
- (m) Office of General Counsel.
- (n) Workers' Compensation Funding Commission.
- (o) Employers Mutual Insurance Authority.

### 11. Revenue Cabinet:

- (a) Department of Property Valuation.
- (b) Department of Tax Administration.
- (c) Office of Financial and Administrative Services.
- (d) Department of Law.
- (e) Department of Information Technology.
- (f) Office of Taxpayer Ombudsman.

### 12. Tourism Development Cabinet:

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- (a) Department of Travel.
- (b) Department of Parks.
- (c) Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources.
- (d) Kentucky Horse Park Commission.
- (e) State Fair Board.
- (f) Office of Administrative Services.
- (g) Office of General Counsel.

## 13. Cabinet for Workforce Development:

- (a) Department for Adult Education and Literacy.
- (b) Department for Technical Education.
- (c) Department of Vocational Rehabilitation.
- (d) Department for the Blind.
- (e) Department for Employment Services.
- (f) State Board for Adult and Technical Education.
- (g) Governor's Council on Vocational Education.
- (h) The State Board for Proprietary Education.
- (i) The Foundation for Adult Education.
- (j) The Kentucky Job Training Coordinating Council.
- (k) Office of General Counsel.
- (1) Office of Communication Services.
- (m) Office of Development and Industry Relations.
- (n) Office of Workforce Analysis and Research.
- (o) Office for Administrative Services.
- (p) Office for Policy and Budget.
- (q) Office of Personnel Services.
- (r) Unemployment Insurance Commission.

#### 14. Personnel Cabinet:

- (a) Office of Administrative and Legal Services.
- (b) Department for Personnel Administration.
- (c) Department for Employee Relations.
- (d) Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority.
- (e) Kentucky Kare.
- (f) Division of Performance Management.
- (g) Division of Employee Records.

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- (h) Division of Staffing Services.
- (i) Division of Classification and Compensation.
- (j) Division of Employee Benefits.
- (k) Division of Communications and Recognition.

# III. Other departments headed by appointed officers:

- 1. Department of Military Affairs.
- 2. Council on Postsecondary Education.
  - (a) Kentucky Commission on Community Volunteerism and Service.
- 3. Department for Local Government.
- 4. Kentucky Commission on Human Rights.
- 5. Kentucky Commission on Women.
- 6. Department of Veterans' Affairs.
- 7. Kentucky Commission on Military Affairs.
- 8. Office of the Chief Information Officer.

#### Section 2. KRS 13B.020 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The provisions of this chapter shall apply to all administrative hearings conducted by an agency, with the exception of those specifically exempted under this section. The provisions of this chapter shall supersede any other provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes and administrative regulations, unless exempted under this section, to the extent these other provisions are duplicative or in conflict. This chapter creates only procedural rights and shall not be construed to confer upon any person a right to hearing not expressly provided by law.
- (2) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:
  - (a) Investigations, hearings to determine probable cause, or any other type of information gathering or fact finding activities;
  - (b) Public hearings required in KRS Chapter 13A for the promulgation of administrative regulations;
  - (c) Any other public hearing conducted by an administrative agency which is nonadjudicatory in nature and the primary purpose of which is to seek public input on public policy making;
  - (d) Military adjudicatory proceedings conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 35;
  - (e) Administrative hearings conducted by the legislative and judicial branches of state government;
  - (f) Administrative hearings conducted by any city, county, urban-county, charter county, or special district contained in KRS Chapters 65 to 109, or any other unit of local government operating strictly in a local jurisdictional capacity;
  - (g) Informal hearings which are part of a multilevel hearing process that affords an administrative hearing at some point in the hearing process if the procedures for informal

- hearings are approved and promulgated in accordance with subsections (4) and (5) of this section;
- (h) Limited exemptions granted for specific hearing provisions and denoted by reference in the text of the applicable statutes or administrative regulations;
- (i) Administrative hearings exempted pursuant to subsection (3) of this section;
- (j) Administrative hearings exempted, in whole or in part, pursuant to subsections (4) and (5) of this section; and
- (k) Any administrative hearing which was commenced but not completed prior to July 15, 1996.
- (3) The following administrative hearings are exempt from application of this chapter in compliance with 1994 Ky. Acts ch. 382, sec. 19:
  - (a) Finance and Administration Cabinet
    - 1. Higher Education Assistance Authority
      - a. Wage garnishment hearings conducted under authority of 20 U.S.C. sec.

1095a and 34 C.F.R. sec. 682.410

- b. Offset hearings conducted under authority of 31 U.S.C. sec. 3720A and sec. 3716, and 34 C.F.R. sec. 30.33 (b) Cabinet for Health Services
- 1. Office of Certificate of Need
  - Certificate-of-need hearings and licensure conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 216B
  - b. Licensure revocation hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 216B
- (c) Cabinet for Families and Children
  - 1. Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services
    - a. Supervised placement revocation hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 630
  - 2. Department for *Disability Determination Services* [Social Insurance]
    - a. Disability determination hearings conducted under authority of 20 C.F.R.

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- (d) Justice Cabinet
  - 1. Department of State Police
    - a. State Police Trial Board disciplinary hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 16
  - 2. Department of Corrections
    - a. Parole Board hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 439
    - b. Prison adjustment committee hearings conducted under authority of KRS LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COMMISSION PDF VERSION

- Chapter 197
- c. Prison grievance committee hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapters 196 and 197
- 3. Department of Juvenile Justice
- a. Supervised placement revocation hearings conducted under KRS Chapter 635 (e) Labor Cabinet
  - 1. Department of Workers' Claims
    - a. Workers' compensation hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 342
- (f) Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet
  - 1. Department for Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement
    - a. Surface mining hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 350
  - 2. Department for Environmental Protection
    - a. Wild River hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 146
    - b. Water resources hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 151
    - c. Water plant operator and water well driller hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 223
    - d. Environmental protection hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 224
- (g) Kentucky Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission
  - 1. Occupational safety and health hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 338
- (h) Public Protection and Regulation Cabinet
  - 1. Board of Claims
    - a. Liability hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 44
  - 2. Public Service Commission
    - a. Utility hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapters 74, 278, and 279
- (i) Cabinet for Workforce Development
  - 1. Department for Employment Services
    - a. Unemployment Insurance hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 341 (j) Secretary of State
  - 1. Registry of Election Finance
    - a. Campaign finance hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 121
- (k) State universities and colleges

- Student suspension and expulsion hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 164
- 2. University presidents and faculty removal hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 164
- 3. Campus residency hearings conducted under authority of KRS Chapter 164
- 4. Family Education Rights to Privacy Act hearings conducted under authority of 20 U.S.C. sec. 1232 and 34 C.F.R. sec. 99
- 5. Federal Health Care Quality Improvement Act of 1986 hearings conducted under authority of 42 U.S.C. sec. 11101 to 11115 and KRS Chapter 311.
- (4) Any administrative hearing, or portion thereof, may be certified as exempt by the Attorney General based on the following criteria:
  - (a) The provisions of this chapter conflict with any provision of federal law or regulation with which the agency must comply, or with any federal law or regulation with which the agency must comply to permit the agency or persons within the Commonwealth to receive federal tax benefits or federal funds or other benefits;
  - (b) Conformity with the requirement of this chapter from which exemption is sought would be so unreasonable or so impractical as to deny due process because of undue delay in the conduct of administrative hearings; or
  - (c) The hearing procedures represent informal proceedings which are the preliminary stages or the review stages of a multilevel hearing process, if the provisions of this chapter or the provisions of a substantially equivalent hearing procedure exempted under subsection (3) of this section are applied at some level within the multilevel process.
- (5) The Attorney General shall not exempt an agency from any requirement of this chapter until the agency establishes alternative procedures by administrative regulation which, insofar as practical, shall be consistent with the intent and purpose of this chapter. When regulations for alternative procedures are submitted to the Administrative Regulation Review Subcommittee, they shall be accompanied by the request for exemption and the approval of exemption from the Attorney General. The decision of the Attorney General, whether affirmative or negative, shall be subject to judicial review in the Franklin Circuit Court within thirty (30) days of the date of issuance. The court shall not overturn a decision of the Attorney General unless the decision was arbitrary or capricious or contrary to law.
- (6) Except to the extent precluded by another provision of law, a person may waive any procedural right conferred upon that person by this chapter.
  - Section 3. KRS 15.290 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is hereby established in the Department of Law the Child Support Enforcement Commission which shall consist of nine (9) members as prescribed below:
  - (a) The Attorney General, or a designee, who shall also serve as chairman;
  - (b) The secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children, or his designee, who shall also serve as vice chairman;
  - (c) The director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, or his designee;

- (d) The director of the Division of Child Support[Enforcement] within the Cabinet for Families and Children; and
- (e) The remaining five (5) members shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of four (4) years, except that the initial appointments shall be made in the following manner: One (1) member for two (2) years, two (2) members for three (3) years, and two (2) members for four (4) years. Each member shall serve until a successor is named and any appointment, due to vacancy, shall be for the unexpired term. The remaining five (5) members shall be appointed in the following manner: three (3) members from a list of nine (9) nominees submitted by the Kentucky County Attorney Association, with one (1) of the three members representing either a first class or urban-county government, and two (2) citizen-at-large members.
- (2) The secretary of the cabinet shall reimburse to the Department of Law such an amount as incurred related to the function of the commission. The secretary shall provide such information as may be requested by the commission.
- (3) The commission shall meet at least quarterly and may meet additional times as may be deemed necessary by the chairman.
- (4) Reimbursement for actual travel expenses shall be paid by the Department of Law for commission members, if members are not otherwise eligible for such reimbursement from their respective agency.
- (5) The commission shall have the following responsibilities:
  - (a) Advise the Governor on any issue related to the child-support program;
  - (b) Advise the Cabinet for Families and Children on any issue related to the child-support program;
  - (c) Advise the Department of Law on any issue related to the child-support program;
  - (d) Advise the Administrative Office of the Courts on any issue related to the childsupport program;
  - (e) Provide a regular forum for all parties involved in the child-support program to address any aspect of the administrative or judicial process;
  - (f) Develop and prepare reports and recommendations related to administrative procedures, prosecution, judicial procedures, state or federal legislation; or any other matters which might improve program effectiveness and efficiency; and
  - (g) Initiate recommendations to facilitate interaction between local officials and the cabinet.
- (6) The commission shall prepare and issue an annual report not later than August 15 of each year for the preceding fiscal year which includes a performance assessment for all aspects of the program. The report shall include recommendations to improve performance and service delivery. The report shall be submitted to the Governor and the Legislative Research Commission. The first report shall be due August 15, 1989.
- (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed as modifying the designation of the single state agency as required under the Federal Title IV-D plan. Section 4. KRS 15A.300 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The Department of Juvenile Justice or a local organization approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice may form local juvenile delinquency prevention councils for the purpose of encouraging the initiation of, or supporting ongoing, interagency cooperation and collaboration in addressing juvenile crime and juvenile status offenses.
- (2) The membership of the local council shall be determined by the Department of Juvenile Justice and shall include representatives of law enforcement, the school system, the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, the Court of Justice, the Commonwealth's attorney, the county attorney, a representative of a county juvenile detention facility, and the Department for Public Advocacy. The members of the council shall be appointed as provided by the department by administrative regulation and shall be appointed for not longer than four (4) years, but members may be reappointed for a successive term. A member of the council shall receive no salary for service as a member of the council but may be reimbursed for expenses in the same manner as a state employee.
- (3) The duties and responsibilities of a juvenile delinquency prevention council shall include but not be limited to:
  - (a) Developing a local juvenile justice plan based upon utilization of the resources of law enforcement, the school system, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, the Administrative Office of the Courts, and others in a cooperative and collaborative manner to prevent or discourage juvenile delinquency and to develop meaningful alternatives to incarceration;
  - (b) Entering into a written local interagency agreement specifying the nature and extent of contributions that each signatory agency will make in achieving the goals of the local juvenile justice plan;
  - (c) Sharing of information as authorized by law to carry out the interagency agreements;
  - (d) Applying for and receiving public or private grants to be administered by one (1) of the participating cities or counties or other public agencies; and
  - (e) Providing a forum for the presentation of interagency recommendations and the resolution of disagreements relating to the contents of the interagency agreement or the performance by the parties of their respective obligations under the agreement.
- (4) Training of council members shall be the responsibility of the department.
- (5) The Department of Juvenile Justice may provide grants to the councils to establish or enhance prevention programs.
- (6) The department shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A that relate to:
  - (a) The formation of councils;
  - (b) The operation of councils;
  - (c) The duties of councils; and
  - (d) The administration and operation of the grant program.

Section 5. KRS 17.460 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Upon notification by a parent, guardian, person exercising custodial control or supervision, or the authorized representative of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children if the child is a ward of the state, that a child is missing, the law enforcement agency receiving notification shall immediately complete a missing person's report in a form prescribed by the Justice Cabinet which shall include information the Justice Cabinet deems necessary for the identification of the missing child, including the child's physical description, last known location, and known associates.
- (2) Within twenty-four (24) hours after completion of the missing person's report form, the law enforcement agency shall transmit the report for inclusion within the Kentucky Missing Child Information Center computer and shall cause the report to be entered into the National Crime Information Center computer.
- (3) Within twenty-four (24) hours thereafter, the law enforcement agency shall investigate the report, shall inform all appropriate law enforcement officers of the existence of the missing child report, and shall communicate the report to every other law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in the area.
- (4) (a) Upon location of the missing child and verification of the National Crime Information Center entry, the law enforcement agency shall transport the child to the parent, guardian, or person exercising custodial control or supervision.
  - (b) If the child is a ward of the state, the law enforcement agency shall transport the child to the authorized representative of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children in the jurisdiction of the law enforcement agency.
  - (c) If the law enforcement agency is unable to return the child to the appropriate caretaker pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection, the law enforcement agency shall contact the court-designated worker with jurisdiction for placement determination.
  - (d) If the child is in custody on a charge of committing an offense pursuant to KRS Chapters 600 to 645, the law enforcement agency shall proceed according to the provisions therein.
- (5) Within twenty-four (24) hours after a missing child is located and returned to the appropriate caretaker pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, the law enforcement agency which transported, found, or returned the missing child shall notify both the Missing Child Information Center and the National Crime Information Center of that fact.
  - Section 6. KRS 36.255 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The Kentucky Community Crisis Response Board is hereby created as a separate administrative body of state government within the meaning of KRS Chapter 12 and attached for administrative purposes to the Department of Military Affairs.
- (2) The membership of the board shall consist of the following:
  - (a) The commissioner of the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services, or the commissioner's designee;
  - (b) The commissioner of the Department for Public Health, or the commissioner's designee;
  - (c) The commissioner of the Department of Education, or the commissioner's designee;

- (d) The commissioner of the Kentucky State Police, or the commissioner's designee;
- (e) The Kentucky state fire marshal, or the fire marshal's designee;
- (f) The executive director of the Division of Disaster and Emergency Services, or the executive director's designee;
- (g) The Attorney General, or the Attorney General's designee;
- (h) One (1) representative of local community crisis response teams appointed by the Governor;
- (i) Four (4) members appointed by the Governor to represent mental health disciplines;
- (j) Two (2) members appointed by the Governor to represent emergency services disciplines;
- (k) One (1) member who is a mental health professional licensed for independent clinical practice, to be appointed by the Governor. The licensed mental health professional member shall serve as clinical director for the board;
- (l) One (1) member, appointed by the Governor, from a state-wide chaplain's association involved in emergency services, who is trained in grief counseling and has experience in crisis response;
- (m) One (1) member from the Kentucky Chapter of the American Red Cross; and
- (n) The commissioner of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or the commissioner's designee.
- (3) All board members appointed pursuant to subsection (2)(h) to (2)(l) of this section shall be approved members of the existing community crisis response team.
- (4) All board members appointed pursuant to subsection (2)(h) to (2)(l) of this section shall have demonstrated a commitment to the provision of community crisis response services.
- (5) The members of the board appointed by the Governor shall serve for two (2) years and may be reappointed for one (1) additional consecutive two (2) year term. All vacancies in appointed members' terms shall be filled by appointment of the Governor for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- (6) The board shall elect annually from its membership a chairperson and shall establish other officers and committees as needed to execute the duties of the board.
- (7) The board shall meet at least quarterly, and a majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the board's business.
- (8) Except for hired and appointed staff, no board member or team member shall receive compensation. However, board members and crisis response team members may receive reimbursement for expenses incurred in the course of providing crisis response services or executing the duties of the board, consistent with state policy governing the reimbursement of state employees for food, travel, and lodging. Except as provided for in KRS 36.260, nothing in the provisions of KRS 36.250 to 36.270 shall be construed to create liability of a private party for expenses incurred or reimbursed under this subsection.
  - Section 7. KRS 62.160 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The state officers elected by the voters of the state at large, except the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the heads of departments and cabinets of the state government, the adjutant general, the members of the Public Service Commission, the members of the State Fair Board and Fish and Wildlife Resources Commission, and the members of the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals and the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, shall each give bond. The amounts of the bonds shall be fixed by the Governor, which amounts as to those offices set forth in subsection (2) of this section shall be not less than the amounts set forth for the respective offices. At any time when it appears to be to the interest of the Commonwealth the Governor may increase the penal sum of any bond or require a renewal of the bond with other or additional surety. (2) The minimum sum of the bond for the following offices shall be as follows:

| Secretary of State                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Attorney General                                                    |
| State Treasurer                                                     |
| Secretary for economic development                                  |
| Commissioner of Agriculture                                         |
| Secretary for education, arts, and humanities                       |
| Auditor of Public Accounts                                          |
| Adjutant general                                                    |
| Secretary of finance and administration                             |
| Secretary of revenue                                                |
| Secretary of transportation                                         |
| Commissioner of highways                                            |
| Secretary of justice                                                |
| Secretary of corrections                                            |
| Commissioner for health services                                    |
| Secretary of labor                                                  |
| Commissioner of surface mining reclamation and enforcement 50,000   |
| State librarian                                                     |
| Commissioner of mines and minerals                                  |
| Commissioner of alcoholic beverage control                          |
| Commissioner of financial institutions                              |
| Secretary for natural resources and environmental protection 10,000 |
| Commissioner of insurance                                           |
| Commissioner of vehicle regulation                                  |
| Commissioner of fish and wildlife resources                         |
| Secretary for health services                                       |
|                                                                     |

- 8. KRS 72.410 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The coroner of each county shall investigate the cause and manner of all deaths that are defined by KRS 72.405 as a coroner's case.
- (2) The coroner may, in his sound discretion, when investigating a coroner's case, request the assistance of the district medical examiner and the Division of Kentucky State Medical Examiners Office, order an autopsy, and hold an inquest.
- (3) (a) Upon notification of the death of a child under the age of eighteen (18) years which meets the criteria for a coroner's case as defined in KRS 72.405 and 72.025, the coroner shall as soon as practicable contact the local office of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, law enforcement agencies with local jurisdiction, and the local health department to determine the existence of relevant information concerning the case.
  - (b) Any agency of the state or any other agency, institution, or facility providing services to the child or the child's family, shall provide to the coroner upon his request the cooperation, assistance, and information to enable the coroner to comply with the provisions of this chapter. This section shall not be deemed to abrogate the attorneyclient nor the clergy-penitent privilege or the confidentiality of records provided by KRS 311.377(2). If other privileged or confidential records are disclosed to the coroner pursuant to this section, the records shall remain confidential or privileged and shall not be disclosed except as authorized by this section, to the state or local child fatality response team, or as otherwise required by law.

# Section 9. KRS 141.065 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) For the purposes of this section, "code" or "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect as of December 31, 1981.
- (2) There shall be allowed as a credit for any taxpayer against the tax imposed by this chapter for any taxable year, an amount equal to one hundred dollars (\$100) for each person hired by the taxpayer, if that person has been classified as unemployed by the Department for *Community Based Services*[Social Insurance] of the Cabinet for Families and Children, and

- has been so classified for at least sixty (60) days prior to his employment by the taxpayer, and if further that person has remained in the employ of the taxpayer for at least one hundred eighty (180) consecutive days during the taxable year in which the taxpayer claims the credit.
- (3) No credit shall be allowed to any taxpayer for any person hired under any of the following circumstances:
  - (a) A person for whom the taxpayer receives federally funded payments for on-the-job training;
  - (b) For any person who bears any of the relationships to the taxpayer described in paragraphs (1) through (8) of Section 152(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, or, if the taxpayer is a corporation, to an individual who owns, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent (50%) in value of the outstanding stock of the corporation as determined with the application of Section 267(c) of the code;
  - (c) If the taxpayer is an estate or trust, to any person who is a grantor, beneficiary, or fiduciary of the estate or trust, or is an individual who bears any of the relationships described in paragraphs (1) through (8) of Section 152(a) of the code to a grantor, beneficiary, or fiduciary of the estate or trust; or
  - (d) To any person who is a dependent of the taxpayer as described in code Section 152(a)(9), or, if the taxpayer is an estate or trust, of a grantor, beneficiary, or fiduciary of the estate or trust.
- (4) For purposes of this section, all employees of all corporations which are members of the same controlled group of corporations shall be treated as employed by a single employer. In no instance shall the credit, if any, allowable by subsection (2) of this section for any employee qualified thereunder be claimed more than once for any taxable year by such a controlled group of corporations. For purposes of this subsection, the term "controlled group of corporations" has the meaning given to that term by code Section 1563(a), except that "more than fifty percent (50%)" shall be substituted for "at least eighty percent (80%)" each place it appears in code Section 1563(a)(1), and the determination shall be made without regard to subsections (a)(4) and (e)(3)(c) of code Section 1563.
- (5) For purposes of this section, all employees of trades or businesses (whether or not incorporated) which are under common control shall be treated as employed by a single employer, and in no instance shall the credit, if any, allowable by subsection (2) of this section for any employee qualified thereunder be claimed more than once for any taxable year.
- (6) No credit shall be allowed under subsection (2) of this section to any organization which is exempt from income tax by this chapter.
- (7) In the case of an electing small business corporation, the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year shall be apportioned pro rata among the persons who are shareholders of the corporation on the last day of the taxable year, and any person to whom an amount is so apportioned shall be allowed, subject to code Section 53, a credit under subsection (2) of this section for that amount.
- (8) In the case of an estate or trust, the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year shall be apportioned between the estate or trust and the beneficiaries on the basis of income of the estate or trust allocable to each, and any beneficiary to whom any amount

- has been apportioned under this subsection shall be allowed, subject to code Section 53, a credit under subsection (2) of this section for that amount.
- (9) In no event shall the credit allowed, pursuant to this section, for any taxable year exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year.
  - Section 10. KRS 157.317 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The Kentucky Board of Education through administrative regulations shall develop and implement a statewide Early Childhood Education Program which shall include basic principles of child development, early childhood education, and all other related concepts which deal with generally accepted early childhood programs, including the delivery of health and social services to children as needed.
- (2) (a) The Kentucky Early Childhood Advisory Council is created to advise the chief state school officer on the implementation of early childhood education programs. The Department of Education shall provide staff and administrative support for the council.
  - (b) The Kentucky Early Childhood Advisory Council shall consist of one (1) member of the Kentucky Board of Education appointed by the chairman and sixteen (16) members appointed by the Governor. The sixteen (16) appointed members shall include *two (2) representatives from the Department for Community Based Services and* one (1) representative from each of the following agencies or groups: preschool teachers, public school teachers, elementary school principals, parents, child-care providers, community education, the Interagency Task Force on Family Resource Centers and Youth Services Centers, the Head Start Association, the Head Start director, the Head Start Program, the Infant/Toddler Coordinating Council, the Department for Public Health,[—the Department for Social Services, the Department for Social Insurance,] the colleges of education, and the colleges of home economics.
  - (c) Members shall serve a four (4) year term, except initial appointments shall be set so that four (4) members shall serve one (1) year, four (4) members shall serve two (2) years, four (4) members shall serve three (3) years, and four (4) members shall serve four (4) years.

#### Section 11. KRS 158.442 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The General Assembly hereby authorizes the establishment of the Center for School Safety. The center's mission shall be to serve as the central point for data analysis; research; dissemination of information about successful school safety programs, research results, and new programs; and, in collaboration with the Department of Education and others, to provide technical assistance for safe schools.
- (2) To fulfill its mission, the Center for School Safety shall:
  - (a) Establish a clearinghouse for information and materials concerning school violence prevention;
  - (b) Provide program development and implementation expertise and technical support to schools, law enforcement agencies, and communities, which may include coordinating training for administrators, teachers, students, parents, and other community representatives;
  - (c) Analyze the data collected in compliance with KRS 158.444;

- (d) Research and evaluate school safety programs so schools and communities are better able to address their specific needs;
- (e) Administer a school safety grant program for local districts as directed by the General Assembly;
- (f) Promote the formation of interagency efforts to address discipline and safety issues within communities throughout the state in collaboration with other postsecondary education institutions and with local juvenile delinquency prevention councils;
- (g) Prepare and disseminate information regarding best practices in creating safe and effective schools;
- (h) Advise the Kentucky Board of Education on administrative policies and administrative regulations; and
- (i) Provide an annual report by July 1 of each year to the Governor, the Kentucky Board of Education, and the Interim Joint Committee on Education regarding the status of school safety in Kentucky.
- (3) The Center for School Safety shall be governed by a board of directors appointed by the Governor. Members shall consist of:
  - (a) The commissioner or a designee of the Department of Education;
  - (b) The commissioner or a designee of the Department of Juvenile Justice;
  - (c) The commissioner or a designee of the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services:
  - (d) The commissioner or a designee of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;
  - (e) The secretary or a designee of the Education, Arts, and Humanities Cabinet;
  - (f) A juvenile court judge;
  - (g) A local school district board of education member;
  - (h) A local school administrator;
  - (i) A school council parent representative;
  - (j) A teacher;
  - (k) A classified school employee; and
  - (l) A superintendent of schools who is a member of the Kentucky Association of School Administrators.

In appointing the board of education member, the school administrator, the school superintendent, the school council parent member, the teacher, and the classified employee, the Governor shall solicit recommendations from the following groups respectively: the Kentucky School Boards Association, the Kentucky Association of School Administrators, the Kentucky Association of School Councils, the Kentucky Education Association, and the Kentucky Education Support Personnel Association. The initial board shall be appointed by July 15, 1998. The board shall hold its first meeting no later than thirty (30) days after the appointment of the members.

Section 12. KRS 194B.030 is amended to read as follows:

The cabinet consists of the following major organizational units, which are hereby created:

- (1) Office of the Secretary. The Office of the Secretary for Families and Children may, in addition to the secretary for families and children, include other personnel as are necessary to direct and carry out the missions and goals of the cabinet, including a deputy secretary if deemed necessary by the secretary of the cabinet and upon approval of the Governor.
- Office of the General Counsel. The Office of the General Counsel shall provide legal advice and assistance to all units of the cabinet in any legal action in which it may be involved. The Office of the General Counsel shall employ all attorneys of the cabinet who serve the cabinet in the capacity of attorney and shall administer all personal service contracts of the cabinet for legal services. The Office of the General Counsel shall be headed by a general counsel who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050 and 12.210. The general counsel shall be the chief legal advisor to the secretary and shall be responsible to the secretary. The Attorney General, on the request of the secretary, may designate the general counsel as an assistant attorney general under the provisions of KRS 15.105.
- (3) Office of Program Support. The Office of Program Support shall be responsible for providing administrative and management support, planning, and appraisal of need services within the Cabinet for Families and Children. All personnel, fiscal, budgetary, *legislative*[contract monitoring, quality assurance, quality control, outcome assessment], and facility management functions of the cabinet shall be vested in the Office of Program Support. The Office of Program Support shall be headed by an executive director who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050. The executive director shall be a person who by experience and training in administration and management is qualified to perform the duties of this office. The executive director shall exercise authority over the Office of Program Support under the direction of the secretary and shall only fulfill those responsibilities as delegated by the secretary.
- (4)[—Department for Social Services. The Department for Social Services shall develop and operate all social service programs of the cabinet. The Department for Social Services shall be headed by a commissioner for social services who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050. The commissioner for social services shall be a person who by education, professional qualification, training, and experience in the administration and management of social service programs is qualified to perform the duties of this office. The commissioner for social services shall exercise authority over the Department for Social Services under the direction of the secretary and shall only fulfill those responsibilities as delegated by the secretary.
- (5) Department for Social Insurance. The Department for Social Insurance shall develop and operate programs of the cabinet that provide income maintenance or income supplementation services and social insurance benefit programs not assigned to another department. The Department for Social Insurance shall also be responsible for all eligibility determination and certification functions associated with these programs. The Department for Social Insurance shall be headed by a commissioner for social insurance who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050. The commissioner for social insurance shall be a person who by experience and training in administration and management

- is qualified to perform the duties of this office. The commissioner is under the direction of the secretary and shall only fulfill those responsibilities as delegated by the secretary.
- (6)]-Office of Family Resource and Youth Services Centers. The Office of Family Resources and Youth Services Centers shall be responsible for the administration, management, and operations of the Family Resources and Youth Services Centers Program. The Office of Family Resources and Youth Services Centers shall be headed by an executive director who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050.
- (5)[(7)]—Office of the Ombudsman. The Office of the Ombudsman shall provide professional support in the evaluation of programs, including, but not limited to, a review and resolution of citizen complaints about programs or services of the cabinet when those complaints are unable to be resolved through normal administrative remedies; contract monitoring; and professional development and training. The Office of the Ombudsman shall be headed by an ombudsman who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050.
- (6)[(8)]—Office of Technology Services. The Office of Technology Services shall develop and maintain technology and information management systems in support of all units of the cabinet. The Office of Technology Services shall be headed by an executive director who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor under KRS 12.050. The executive director for technology services shall be a person who by experience and training in administration and management is qualified to perform the duties of this office. The executive director for technology services shall exercise authority of the Office of Technology Services under the direction of the secretary and shall only fulfill those responsibilities as delegated by the secretary.
- (7)[(9)]-Office of Aging Services. The Office of Aging Services shall serve as the state unit on aging as required by the Older Americans Act of 1965, as amended by 42 U.S.C. sec. 3001 et seq., including having responsibility for the development of the state plan on aging, advocacy, planning, coordination, information sharing, brokering, reporting and evaluation of contract and service provider agreement implementation. The Office of Aging Services shall be headed by an executive director who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor in accordance with KRS 12.050. The Office of Aging Services shall also administer grants, programs, and initiatives designed to assist older Kentuckians, administer the long-term care ombudsman program for Kentucky, and provide and coordinate services to persons with Alzheimer's disease and related disorders and their caregivers.
- (8) Office of Performance Enhancement. The Office of Performance Enhancement shall be responsible for quality assurance and performance measurement programs, including contract monitoring, program monitoring, and the development of outcome-based contracts. The Office of Performance Enhancement shall focus on research, best practice, and program accountability, shall monitor federal compliance, and shall provide training for temporary assistance for needy families, food stamps, social services, and medical assistance programs. The Office of Performance Enhancement shall be headed by an executive director appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor in accordance with KRS 12.050.
- (9) Department for Community Based Services. The Department for Community Based Services shall administer an array of services including child and adult protection, permanency, child care, social services, public assistance, family and child support, and LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COMMISSION PDF VERSION

- services to enhance family self-sufficiency. The department shall be headed by a commissioner appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor in accordance with KRS 12.050.
- (10) Department for Disability Determination Services. The Department for Disability Determination Services shall serve as the state unit as required by Title II and Title XVI of the Social Security Act, including having responsibility for determining eligibility for disability for those citizens of the Commonwealth who file applications for disability with the Social Security Administration. The department shall also make determinations for citizens of the Commonwealth who make application for the Kentucky Transitional Assistance Program and determine medical exemptions for participants in the Kentucky Works Program. The department shall be headed by a commissioner appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor in accordance with KRS 12.050.

Section 13. KRS 194B.090 is amended to read as follows:

The cabinet shall include *a citizens* '[citizen] advisory *body* [bodies] within its structure to provide independent advice from the general public. [The citizen bodies within the cabinet shall have the following structure:(1)] A Council for Families and Children is created within the cabinet.

- (1)[(a)] The council shall advise the secretary for families and children, the commissioner for *community based*[social insurance, the commissioner for social] services, and other officials of the Commonwealth on policy matters relating to the human service needs.
- (2)[(b)] The council shall be composed of no more than twenty-one (21) citizen members appointed by the Governor. Members of the council shall be chosen to broadly represent public interest groups concerned with social insurance and social service programs operated by the Commonwealth, professionals involved in the delivery of human services, minority groups, the poor, the disadvantaged, recipients of human services provided by the state, and the general public. The Governor shall appoint the chair of the council. The secretary for families and children and[,] the commissioner for community based[social insurance, and the commissioner for social] services shall be nonvoting, ex officio members of the council, and the commissioner for community based[commissioners for social insurance and social] services shall be staff director[directors] for, and secretary[secretaries] to, the council. The council shall meet at least quarterly and on other occasions as may be necessary, on call of the secretary for families and children. A majority of appointed members shall constitute a quorum.
- (3) An Institute for Aging is created within the cabinet.
  - (a) The institute shall advise the secretary for families and children and other officials of the Commonwealth on policy matters relating to the development and delivery of services to the aged.
  - (b) The institute shall be composed of no more than fifteen (15) citizen members appointed by the Governor. Members of the institute shall be chosen to broadly represent public interest groups concerned with the needs of the aged, professionals involved in the delivery of services to the aged, minority groups, recipients of stateprovided services to the aged, and the general public. The Governor shall appoint a chair of the institute. The secretary for families and children shall be a nonvoting, ex officio member of, staff director for, and secretary to the institute. The institute shall meet at least quarterly and

on other occasions as may be necessary, on the call of the secretary for families and children. A majority of the appointed members shall constitute a quorum.

Section 14. KRS 194B.102 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) There is hereby created the "Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement" which is administratively attached to the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services. The committee shall be composed of the following:
  - (a) Members who shall serve by virtue of their positions: the *secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children or the secretary's designee*[commissioner of the Department for Social Services], the commissioner of the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services, the commissioner for the Department for Medicaid Services, the commissioner of the Department for *Community Based Services*[Social Insurance], the commissioner of the Department of Juvenile Justice, the commissioner of the Department of Education, the executive director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, or their designees; and
  - (b) One (1) foster parent selected by the statewide organization for foster parents, one (1) District Judge selected by the Chief Justice of the Kentucky Supreme Court, one (1) parent of a child in placement at the time of appointment to be selected by the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children, one (1) youth in placement at the time of the appointment to be selected by the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children, and one (1) private child care provider selected by the statewide organization for private child care providers. These members shall serve a term of two (2) years, and may be reappointed.
- (2) The Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement shall, by July 1, 1999, develop a statewide strategic plan for the coordination and delivery of care and services to children in placement and their families. The plan shall be submitted to the Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and the Legislative Research Commission on or before July 1, 1999, and each July 1 thereafter.
- (3) The strategic plan shall, at a minimum, include:
  - (a) A mission statement;
  - (b) Measurable goals;
  - (c) Principles;
  - (d) Strategies and objectives; and (e) Benchmarks.
- (4) The planning horizon shall be three (3) years. The plan shall be updated on an annual basis. Strategic plan updates shall include data and statistical information comparing plan benchmarks to actual services and care provided.
- (5) The Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement shall, in consultation with the commissioner and the statewide placement coordinator as provided for in KRS 199.801, establish a statewide facilities and services plan that identifies the location of existing facilities and services for children in placement, identifies unmet needs, and develops strategies to meet the needs. The planning horizon shall be five (5) years. The plan

- shall be updated on an annual basis. The plan shall be used to guide, direct, and, if necessary, restrict the development of new facilities and services, the expansion of existing facilities and services, and the geographic location of placement alternatives.
- (6) The Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement may, through the promulgation of administrative regulations, establish a process that results in the review and approval or denial of the development of new facilities and services, the expansion of existing facilities and services, and the geographic location of any facilities and services for children in placement in accordance with the statewide facilities and services plan. Any process established shall include adequate due process rights for individuals and entities seeking to develop new services, construct new facilities, or expand existing facilities, and shall require the involvement of local communities and other resource providers in those communities.
- (7) As a part of the statewide strategic plan, and in consultation with the Kentucky Information Resources Management Commission, the Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement shall plan for the development or integration of information systems that will allow information to be shared across agencies and entities, so that relevant data will follow a child through the system regardless of the entity or agency that is responsible for the child. The data produced shall be used to establish and monitor the benchmarks required by subsection (3) of this section. The data system shall, at a minimum, produce the following information on a monthly basis: (a) Number of placements per child;
  - (b) Reasons for placement disruptions;
  - (c) Length of time between removal and establishment of permanency;
  - (d) Reabuse or reoffense rates:
  - (e) Fatality rates;
  - (f) Injury and hospitalization rates;
  - (g) Health care provision rates;
  - (h) Educational achievement rates;
  - (i) Multiple placement rates;
  - (j) Sibling placement rates;
  - (k) Ethnicity matching rates;
  - (l) Family maintenance and preservation rate; and (m) Adoption disruption rates.
- (8) The Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement shall publish an annual report no later than December 1 of each year that includes, but is not limited to, the information outlined in subsection (7) of this section. Section 15. KRS 194B.530 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary for families and children shall develop an initial training course and continuing education courses for employees of the Department for *Community*\*\*Based[Social]\*\* Services concerning the dynamics of domestic violence, effects of domestic violence on adult and child victims, legal remedies for protection, lethality and risk issues, model protocols for addressing domestic violence, available community resources and victim services, and reporting requirements. The training shall be developed in consultation

- with legal, victim services, victim advocacy, and mental health professionals with an expertise in domestic violence.
- (2) Each person employed by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services who provides supervisory or direct service at the local, district, or state level shall successfully complete the initial training course and, at least once every two (2) years, the continuing education course developed under subsection (1) of this section.
  - Section 16. KRS 196.081 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) To facilitate the need for comprehensive planning for the Department of Corrections and for related matters the Kentucky State Corrections Commission is created and is attached to the office of the secretary of the Justice Cabinet. The commission shall consist of twelve (12) members as follows: (a) The Attorney General;
  - (b) The secretary of the Justice Cabinet;
  - (c) The commissioner of the Department of Corrections;
  - (d) The chairman of the Parole Board;
  - (e) The secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children;
  - (f) A county jailer chosen by the Governor;
  - (g) A Circuit Judge chosen by the Governor from a list of three (3) submitted by the Chief Justice;
  - (h) Two (2) criminal justice professionals who are familiar with correctional research, theory, and program implementation, appointed by the Governor;
  - (i) A representative from a law enforcement agency, appointed by the Governor;
  - (j) A Commonwealth's attorney chosen by the Governor from a list of three (3) submitted by the Prosecutors Advisory Council; and (k) The state Public Advocate.
- (2) The terms of those representatives appointed by the Governor shall be three (3) years. These members shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor and shall be eligible for reappointment. If there is a vacancy, the Governor shall immediately make an appointment effective for the unexpired term.
- (3) The Governor shall appoint a chairman of the corrections commission from among its members. The members of the commission shall elect from among its members a vice chairman who shall preside and exercise the functions of chairman during absence or disability of the chairman.
- (4) Regular meetings of the commission shall be held at least once every three (3) months at a place, day, and hour determined by the commission. Special meetings shall be held when needed as determined by the chairman. If six (6) or more members of the commission request in writing that the chairman call a special meeting, the chairman shall call a special meeting.
- (5) Members of the commission shall receive reimbursement for necessary expenses for attendance at official commission meetings or public hearings. The commission shall be staffed by a director and other staff.
- (6) The commission shall:

- (a) Develop and approve the methodology to be used by the commission to project and maintain current six (6) year projections of prison populations;
- (b) Develop a six (6) year plan for Department of Corrections operations, including both construction and programmatic elements; this plan shall be developed with information supplied by the agencies, departments, and groups represented on the commission, and other public and private agencies and citizens with a vested interest in corrections;
- (c) Monitor, modify, and update the six (6) year plan as necessary but not less frequently than semiannually and submit the current plan to the Legislative Research Commission not later than six (6) months prior to the commencement of every regular session of the General Assembly;
- (d) Assist the Department of Corrections in preparing and submitting legislative proposals, including budget requests necessary to implement and update the six (6) year plan;
- (e) Review and make recommendations to the General Assembly concerning legislative proposals, including Department of Corrections budget proposals, to insure consistency with the six (6) year plan;
- (f) Develop, in cooperation with the Department of Public Advocacy, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Prosecutors Advisory Council, and other interested parties, a schedule of punitive and rehabilitative alternatives to imprisonment for dissemination to judges, prosecutors, and defense attorneys. The schedule shall include, but shall not be limited to, rehabilitation treatment and counseling, community work and service, and drug and alcohol testing;
- (g) Receive regular reports from the Department of Corrections, on a schedule established by the commission, as to the department's progress in complying with the six (6) year plan;
- (h) Review and make recommendations to the department on any significant change in programs, policies, procedures, staffing, classification, or other component of corrections operations which departs from the six (6) year plan;
- (i) Assist the Legislative Research Commission in the preparation of corrections impact statements for proposed legislation;
- (j) Make recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly concerning legislation affecting corrections including, but not limited to, legislation relating to sentencing, probation, and parole;
- (k) In cooperation with the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Prosecutors Advisory Council, the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children, and the Kentucky Bar Association, conduct educational seminars for judges, attorneys, and probation officers, to disseminate information concerning the availability and appropriate utilization of community service, rehabilitation, and other types of alternative sentences and conditions of probation; and (l) Administer the provisions of KRS 196.700 to 196.735.
- (7) The six (6) year plan shall consist of at least the following elements:
  - (a) The location, capacity, classification, and staffing of each penal institution and program administered by the Department of Corrections;

- (b) The location, capacity, classification, staffing, and anticipated cost and time of construction of each new facility to be constructed or each facility expansion to be constructed during the six (6) year plan period;
- (c) The administrative structure of the Department of Corrections;
- (d) Prison population projections for the six (6) year plan period;
- (e) Education, rehabilitation, and prison industries programs administered by the Department of Corrections;
- (f) The inmate labor program administered by the department; and
- (g) Contingency plans to deal with unexpected increases in prison population.
- (8) The six (6) year plan shall be submitted to the General Assembly and approved by the General Assembly with the additions, deletions, or modifications the General Assembly shall deem advisable. Upon adoption by the General Assembly, all new facilities, and renovations and expansions of existing facilities, shall be in accordance with the plan, except in the case of an emergency declared by the Governor after the adoption of the plan. All other material changes in the plan shall be presented to the Corrections Commission for review and recommendation prior to implementation. While a change may be implemented without commission approval, the Corrections Commission shall advise the Legislative Research Commission of any material change request that is not favorably recommended by the commission.

Section 17. KRS 199.011 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Secretary" means the secretary for families and children;
- (2) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Families and Children;
- (3) "Department" means the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;
- (4) "Child" means any person who has not reached his eighteenth birthday;
- (5) "Adult adopted person" means any adopted person who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older;
- (6) "Child-caring facility" means any institution or group home, including institutions and group homes that are publicly operated, providing residential care on a twenty-four (24) hour basis to children, not related by blood, adoption, or marriage to the person maintaining the facility, other than an institution or group home certified by an appropriate agency as operated primarily for educational or medical purposes, or a residential program operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice that maintains accreditation, or obtains accreditation within two (2) years of opening from a nationally recognized accrediting organization;
- (7) "Child-placing agency" means any agency licensed by the cabinet which supervises the placement of children in foster family homes or child-caring facilities, or which places children for adoption;
- (8) "Adoption worker" means an employee of the cabinet so designated by the secretary for families and children, a social worker employed by a county or city who has been approved by the cabinet to handle, under its supervision, adoption placement services to children, or a social worker employed by or under contract to a child-placing adoption agency;

- (9) "Foster family home" means a private home in which children are placed for foster family care under supervision of the cabinet or of a licensed child-placing agency;
- (10) "Group home" means a homelike facility, excluding Department of Juvenile Justice operated or contracted facilities, for not more than eight (8) foster children, not adjacent to or part of an institutional campus, operated by a sponsoring agency for children who may participate in community activities and use community resources;
- (11) "Institution" means a child-caring facility providing care or maintenance for nine (9) or more children;
- (12) "Family rehabilitation home" means a child-caring facility for appropriate families and comprising not more than twelve (12) children and two (2) staff persons;
- (13) "Placement services" means those social services customarily provided by a licensed childplacing or a public agency which are necessary for the arrangement and placement of children in foster family homes, child-placing facilities, or adoptive homes. Placement services are provided through a licensed child-placing or a public agency for children who cannot be cared for by their biological parents and who need and can benefit from new and permanent family ties established through legal adoption. Licensed child-placing agencies and public agencies have a responsibility to act in the best interests of children, biological parents, and adoptive parents by providing social services to all the parties involved in an adoption; and
- (14) "Voluntary and informed consent" means that at the time of the execution of the consent the consenting person was fully informed of the legal effect of the consent, that the consenting person was not given or promised anything of value except those expenses allowable under KRS 199.590(6), that the consenting person was not coerced in any way to execute the consent, and that the consent was voluntarily and knowingly given. If at the time of the execution of the consent the consenting person was represented by independent legal counsel, there shall be a presumption that the consent was voluntary and informed. In the event the person was not represented by independent legal counsel, the consent shall be in writing, signed and sworn to by the consenting person and include the following:
  - (a) Date, time, and place of the execution of the consent;
  - (b) Name of the child, if any, to be adopted and the date and place of the child's birth;
  - (c) Consenting person's relationship to the child;
  - (d) Identity of the proposed adoptive parents or a statement that the consenting person does not desire to know the identification of the proposed adoptive parents;
  - (e) A statement that the consenting person understands that the consent will be final and irrevocable twenty (20) days after the execution of the consent if the placement was previously approved, if approval of the placement is required;
  - (f) Disposition of the child if the adoption is not adjudged;
  - (g) A statement that the consenting person has received a completed and signed copy of the consent at the time of the execution of the consent;
  - (h) A statement that the consenting person understands that the consent may only be withdrawn by written notification sent by certified or registered mail addressed to either

- the attorney for the consenting person or to the attorney for the adoptive parents, within thirty (30) days following the execution of the consent;
- (i) Name and address of the person who prepared the consent, name and address of the person who reviewed and explained the consent to the consenting person, and a verified statement from the consenting person that the consent has been reviewed with and fully explained to the consenting person; and
- (j) Total amount of the consenting person's legal fees, if any, for any purpose related to the execution of the consent and the source of payment of the legal fees.

### Section 18. KRS 199.461 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, "social[family] service worker" means a social worker employed by the Cabinet for Families and Children, Department for Community Based[Social] Services, to provide direct casework services in foster care, child protection, juvenile services, or adult protection.
- (2) As used in this section, "active case" includes the total number of cases for which the family service worker has responsibility.
- (3) The monthly statewide caseload average for *social*[family] service workers in the area of foster care, child protection, juvenile services, or adult protection shall not exceed twentyfive (25) active cases.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall prevent the department or a *social*[family] service worker from handling emergencies to carry out statutory mandates. If the monthly statewide caseload average for *social*[family] service workers exceeds twenty-five (25) active cases for ninety (90) consecutive days, the department shall report the fact to the Governor and to the Legislative Research Commission together with a description of the factors contributing thereto and shall make recommendations related thereto. The report shall include, by county and district, *social*[family] service worker caseload averages; the number of established *social*[family] service worker positions; and the number of vacant *social*[family] service worker positions.

# Section 19. KRS 199.565 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall develop a written protocol for statewide swift adoption procedures to decrease the length of time necessary to complete the adoption process for children who are committed to the cabinet. The protocol shall establish outcome measures for the adoption process, and identify all state, local, and federal agencies, and other entities required to provide services in the adoption process.
- (2) The department shall develop swift adoption teams to expedite the adoption process for children who are committed to the cabinet. Swift adoption teams shall include department personnel representing the state, district, and local levels. The swift adoption teams shall operate under the protocol developed pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. Case referrals to swift adoption teams shall be accepted from social services offices from across the state.
- (3) The department shall issue a quarterly report which shall provide the status of the teams' goals and objectives and identify all adoption proceedings in which the teams have participated during the three (3) month period examined in the quarterly report. The report shall include:
  - (a) The number and location of all committed children placed for adoption;

- (b) All options made available to those populations;
- (c) The experience and activity for each case;
- (d) The successful adoptions and locations;
- (e) The status of all cases in which the teams have participated;
- (f) The identity of all agencies involved in the adoption process;
- (g) An evaluation of the team efforts for the quarter; and
- (h) A report of initiatives for the swift adoption process for the upcoming quarter.
- (4) The quarterly report shall also include recommendations for changes in statutes, administrative regulations, and policies that would enable the department to further improve the timeliness of adoption placements. The report shall be provided to the Governor, the Legislative Research Commission, and the Chief Justice of the Kentucky Supreme Court.
  - Section 20. KRS 199.5954 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A child with special needs residing in this state, who is the subject of an adoption assistance agreement with another state, shall be entitled to receive medical assistance from this state upon the filing in the Department for *Community Based Services*[Social Insurance], Cabinet for Families and Children, a certified copy of the adoption assistance agreement obtained from the adoption assistance state. In accordance with regulations of the Department for Medicaid Services, Cabinet for Health Services, the adoptive parents shall be required at least annually to show that the agreement is still in force or has been renewed.
- (2) The Department for Medicaid Services, Cabinet for Health Services shall consider recipients of medical assistance pursuant to this section as any other recipient of medical assistance under the laws of this state and shall process and make payment on claims on account of the recipient in the same manner and pursuant to the same conditions and procedures as for other recipients of medical assistance.
- (3) The Department for Medicaid Services, Cabinet for Health Services shall provide coverage and benefits for a child who is in another state and who is covered by an adoption assistance agreement made by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, Cabinet for Families and Children for the coverage or benefits, if any, not provided by the residence state. To this end, the adoptive parents acting for the child may submit evidence of payment for services or benefit amounts not payable in the residence state and shall be reimbursed therefor. However, there shall be no reimbursement for services or benefit amounts covered
  - under any insurance or other third-party medical contract or arrangement held by the child or the adoptive parents. The Cabinet for Families and Children shall make regulations implementing this subsection. The additional coverages and benefit amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall be for services to the cost of which there is no federal contribution, or which, if federally aided, are not provided by the residence state. Among other things, the regulations shall include procedures to be followed in obtaining prior approvals for services in those instances where required for the assistance.
- (4) The submission of any claim for payment or reimbursement for services or benefits pursuant to this section or the making of any statement in connection therewith, which claim or statement the maker knows or should know to be false, misleading, or fraudulent shall be punishable as perjury and shall also be subject to a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars

- (\$10,000) or imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- (5) The provisions of this section shall apply only to medical assistance for children under adoption assistance agreements from states that have entered into a compact with this state under which the other state provides medical assistance agreements made by this state. All other children entitled to medical assistance pursuant to adoption assistance agreements entered into by this state shall be eligible to receive it in accordance with the laws and procedures applicable thereto.
  - Section 21. KRS 199.641 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
  - (a) "Allowable costs" means all allowable costs as defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget circular A-122, "cost principles for nonprofit organizations," utilizing cost data from the child-caring facility's most recent yearly audited financial statement:
  - (b) "Child-caring facility" means any institution or group home other than a state facility, or one certified by an appropriate agency as operated primarily for educational or medical purposes providing residential care on a twenty-four (24) hour basis to children, not related by blood, adoption, or marriage to the person maintaining the facility; and
  - (c) "Department" means the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children.
- (2) When the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services chooses to place a child in a nonprofit child-caring facility, the department shall reimburse that facility the allowable cost of the child's care, subject to the limitation set forth in subsection (3) of this section.
- (3) When the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services chooses to place a child in a nonprofit child-caring facility, the rate of reimbursement for the child's care shall not exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the average cost in the most comparable residential facility operated by the department. The rate shall be based on actual total facility occupancy for the most recent audited year or ninety percent (90%) of the facility capacity for the audited year, whichever is greater.
- (4) The secretary shall, to the extent funds are appropriated, implement the reimbursement methodology set forth in this section, or may promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to establish the rate of reimbursement for child-caring facilities which are consistent with the level of service provided. If funds are insufficient in any given fiscal year to fully fund this provision, rates shall be adjusted by determining the reimbursement schedule and adjusting by the ratio of available funds to estimated full cost.
  - Section 22. KRS 199.680 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services and the Department for Medicaid Services shall not reimburse an out-of-state provider of residential care for children whose care is paid by state general funds or state administered federal funds unless the Department for Medicaid Services or the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or a designated agent thereof has determined that there is no provider within the Commonwealth

that is capable and willing to provide comparable services at a comparable cost per child to those that would be delivered by the out-of-state provider. An exception may be made if:

- (a) The identified in-state resource is farther away from the child's parent or guardian than a similar out-of-state resource; or
- (b) The services offered by the out-of-state resource is deemed by either department or a designated agent thereof to be more appropriate for the individual child than the services offered by the in-state provider.
- (2) Prior to promulgating administrative regulations governing the determination of the availability of providers of residential care within the Commonwealth, the Department for Medicaid Services and the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall establish uniform conditions, requirements, and exceptions for the determination of the availability of providers of residential care within the Commonwealth.
- (3) Each department shall promulgate an administrative regulation in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A that contains the uniform conditions, requirements, and exceptions for the determination of the availability of providers of residential care within the Commonwealth established under subsection (2) of this section.
  - Section 23. KRS 199.800 is amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of KRS 199.800 to 199.805:

- (1) "Department" means the Department for *Community Based* [Social] Services;
- (2) "Home county" means the county in which the child's natural parents, adoptive parents, or guardian reside. If the parents are divorced, the home county is the county of residence of the parent with legal custody. If the child is committed, the home county is the county of original commitment or case responsibility;
- (3) "Home district" means the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services district in which the child's home county is located;
- (4) "Type of placement" means the living arrangement, including family foster care, private child care, or other residential alternative that is deemed appropriate for a child as determined by the district placement coordinator and the *social service*[family services] worker with case responsibility; and
- (5) "Unmet need" means the type of facility or placement needed to serve the child's needs which is unavailable at the time placement is being sought for the child.
  - Section 24. KRS 199.8982 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
  - (a) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Families and Children;
  - (b) "Department" means the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services; and
  - (c) "Family child-care home" means a private home which provides full or part-time care day or night for six (6) or fewer children who are not the children, grandchildren, nieces, nephews, or children in legal custody of the provider.
- (2) (a) The cabinet shall establish a family child-care home certification program which shall be administered by the department. A family child-care provider shall apply for certification of

the provider's home if the provider is caring for four (4) to six (6) children unrelated to the provider. A family child-care provider caring for three (3) or fewer children may apply for certification of the provider's home at the discretion of the provider. Applicants for certification shall not have been found by the cabinet or a court to have abused or neglected a child, and shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- 1. Submit two (2) written character references;
- 2. Provide a written statement from a physician that the applicant is in good health;
- 3. Submit to a criminal record check as provided by KRS 17.165;
- 4. Provide smoke detectors, a telephone, an adequate water supply, sufficient lighting and space, and a safe environment in the residence in which care is provided;
- 5. Provide a copy of the results of a tuberculosis skin test for the applicant administered within thirty (30) days of the date of application for certification; and
- 6. Demonstrate completion of a total of at least six (6) hours of training in the following areas within three (3) months of application for certification: a. Basic health, safety, and sanitation;
  - b. Recognizing and reporting child abuse; and
  - c. Developmentally appropriate child-care practice.
- (b) Initial applications for certification shall be made to the department and shall be accompanied by a ten dollar (\$10) certification fee. The department shall issue a certificate of operation upon inspecting the family child-care home and determining the provider's compliance with the provisions of this section. The inspection shall be unannounced. A certificate of operation issued pursuant to this section shall not be transferable and shall be renewed every two (2) years for a fee of ten dollars (\$10).
- (c) A certified family child-care provider shall display the certificate of operation in a prominent place within the residence in which care is provided. The cabinet shall provide the certified family child-care provider with written information explaining the requirements for a family day-care provider and instructions on the method of reporting violations of the requirements which the provider shall distribute to parents.
- (d) Upon request of any person, the cabinet shall provide information regarding the denial, revocation, suspension, or violation of any type of day-care license of the family childcare provider. Identifying information regarding children and their families shall remain confidential.
- (e) The cabinet shall provide, upon request, public information regarding the inspections of and the plans of correction for the family child-care home within the past year. All information distributed by the cabinet under this paragraph shall include a statement indicating that the reports as provided under this paragraph from the past five (5) years are available from the family child-care home upon the parent's, custodian's, guardian's, or other interested person's request.
- (f) The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A which establish standards for the issuance, monitoring, release of information under this section and KRS 199.896 and 199.898, renewal, denial,

revocation, and suspension of a certificate of operation for a family child-care home; provided, however, any administrative regulations promulgated in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A shall prohibit the employment of persons convicted of any sexual offense. A denial, suspension, or revocation of a certificate may be appealed, and upon appeal an administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. If the cabinet has probable cause to believe that there is an immediate threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, the cabinet may take emergency action to suspend a certificate pursuant to KRS 13B.125. The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations to impose minimum staff-to-child ratios. The cabinet may promulgate administrative regulations relating to other requirements necessary to ensure minimum safety in family child-care homes. The cabinet shall develop and provide an "easy-toread" guide containing the following information to a family child-care provider seeking certification of his home:

- 1. Certification requirements and procedures;
- 2. Information about available child-care training; and
- 3. Child-care food sponsoring organizations.
- (3) Family child-care providers shall annually demonstrate to the department completion of at least six (6) hours of training in child development.
- (4) The cabinet shall, either through the development of or approval of, make available a model training curriculum and training materials, including video instructional materials, to cover the areas specified in subsection (2)(a)6. of this section. The cabinet shall develop or approve the model training curriculum and training materials to cover the areas specified in subsection (2)(a)6. of this section.
  - Section 25. KRS 199.8984 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The Child-Care Policy Council is created within the Cabinet for Families and Children. The council shall:
  - (a) Promote coordination and communication among state agencies responsible for childcare and early childhood education services;
  - (b) Serve as an advisor for state agencies responsible for child-care programs;
  - (c) Review state child-care programs and make recommendations to state agencies and the General Assembly related to program implementation, access to child care, the supply of child care, and coordination of child-care and other early childhood programs;
  - (d) Review and make recommendations on administrative regulations relating to childcare programs and services;
  - (e) Advise the cabinet on application requirements and distribution of contracts to local child-care resource and referral agencies; and
  - (f) Submit biennially to the Legislative Research Commission by October 1 in each oddnumbered year a report on the status of child care.
- (2) The council shall be composed of seventeen (17) citizen members appointed by the Governor and shall include one (1) member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House and one (1) member of the Senate appointed by the Senate President. Members

of the council shall serve for a term of four (4) years and until their successors are appointed and qualified; they shall be chosen to broadly represent public interest groups concerned with child-care services, professionals involved in the delivery of child-care services, nonprofit child-care providers, for-profit child-care providers, family child-care providers, employers, labor, resource and referral programs, parents, and the general public. The Governor shall appoint the chairman of the council, who shall also serve as one of the voting members of the council. The secretary for families and children  $and_{[,]}$ —the commissioner for community  $based_{[social]}$  insurance, and the commissioner for community based\_{[social]} services shall be staff director for, and shall provide staff to, the council. The council shall meet at least quarterly and on other occasions as may be necessary. A majority of the appointed members shall constitute a quorum.

Section 26. KRS 200.503 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 200.501 to 200.509, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Child with an emotional disability" means a child with a clinically significant disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation, memory, or behavior that is listed in the current edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders and seriously limits a child's capacity to function in the home, school, or community.
- (2) "Child with a severe emotional disability" means a child with a clinically significant disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation, memory, or behavior that is listed in the current edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders and that:
  - (a) Presents substantial limitations that have persisted for at least one (1) year or are judged by a mental health professional to be at high risk of continuing for one (1) year without professional intervention in at least two (2) of the following five (5) areas: "Self-care," defined as the ability to provide, sustain, and protect his or herself at a level appropriate to his or her age; "Interpersonal relationships," defined as the ability to build and maintain satisfactory relationships with peers and adults; "Family life," defined as the capacity to live in a family or family type environment; "Self-direction," defined as the child's ability to control his or her behavior and to make decisions in a manner appropriate to his or her age; and "Education," defined as the ability to learn social and intellectual skills from teachers in available educational settings; or
  - (b) Is a Kentucky resident and is receiving residential treatment for emotional disability through the interstate compact; or
  - (c) The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services has removed the child from the child's home and has been unable to maintain the child in a stable setting due to behavioral or emotional disturbance; or
  - (d) Is a person under twenty-one (21) years of age meeting the criteria of paragraph (a) of this subsection and who was receiving services prior to age eighteen (18) that must be continued for therapeutic benefit.
- (3) "State Family Advisory Council" means the council composed of all parent members or alternate parent members of the state, regional, and local interagency councils for services to

- children with an emotional disability pursuant to KRS 200.505 and 200.509 and all parent members of regional policy councils.
- (4) "Least restrictive alternative mode of treatment" means treatment given in the least confining setting which will provide a child with an emotional disability or severe emotional disability appropriate treatment or care consistent with accepted professional practice. For purposes of this section, least restrictive alternative mode of treatment may include an institutional placement.

Section 27. KRS 200.505 is amended to read as follows:

There is hereby created a State Interagency Council for Services to Children with an Emotional Disability. The chairman of the council shall be designated by the Governor and shall establish procedures for the council's internal procedures. (1) This council shall be composed of the following:

- (a) Members who shall serve by virtue of their positions: the commissioner of the Department of Education, the commissioner of the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services, the commissioner of the Department for Community Based[Social] Services, the commissioner of the Department for Public Health, the commissioner of the Department for [of] Medicaid Services, the commissioner of the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the executive director of the Administrative Offices of the Courts, or their designees; and
- The Governor shall appoint one (1) parent of a child with an emotional disability, who is a consumer of state-funded services for children with an emotional disability to serve as a member of the council, and one (1) parent who meets the same criteria to serve as the parent member's alternate to serve in the absence of the parent member. For each appointment to be made, the State Family Advisory Council shall submit to the Governor a list of two (2) names of parents who are qualified for appointment from which list the Governor shall make the appointment. Appointees shall serve a term of four (4) years. If the child of the parent member or alternate parent member ceases to be a consumer of state-funded services for children with an emotional disability during the term of appointment, the member shall be eligible to serve out the remainder of the term of appointment. The alternate parent member may attend and participate in all council meetings but shall vote only in the absence of the parent member. The parent member and alternate parent member shall receive no compensation in addition to that which they may already receive as service providers or state employees, but the parent member and alternate parent member shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred through the performance of their duties as council members.
- (2) The State Interagency Council for Services to Children with an Emotional Disability shall:
  - (a) Consider issues and make recommendations annually to the Governor and the Legislative Research Commission regarding the provision of services for children with an emotional disability;
  - (b) Direct each regional interagency council to coordinate services to children with an emotional disability and identify factors contributing to a lack of coordination;
  - (c) Develop a form to be signed by the parent or other legal guardian of a child referred for services to any interagency council for children with an emotional disability. The form

- shall enable the agencies involved with the child to share information about the child as necessary to identify and provide services for the child;
- (d) Review service and treatment plans for children for whom reviews are requested, and provide any advice and assistance that the state council determines to be necessary to meet the needs of children with an emotional disability referred by regional councils;
- (e) Assess the effectiveness of regional councils in meeting the service needs of children with an emotional disability;
- (f) Establish a uniform grievance procedure for the state, to be implemented by each regional interagency council. Appeals may be initiated by the child, parent, guardian, person exercising custodial control or supervision, or other authorized representative about matters relating to the interagency service plan for the child or the denial of services by the regional interagency council. Upon appeal, an administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B;
- (g) Meet at least monthly and maintain records of meetings, except that records that identify individual children shall only be disclosed as provided by law;
- (h) Adopt interagency agreements as necessary for coordinating services to children with an emotional disability by the agencies represented in the state council; [-and]
- (i) Develop services to meet the needs of children with an emotional disability; and (j)

  Promote services to prevent the emotional disability of a child.
- (3) The State Interagency Council for Services to Children with an Emotional Disability may promulgate administrative regulations necessary to comply with the requirements of KRS 200.501 to 200.509.
  - Section 28. KRS 200.509 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) There are hereby created regional interagency councils for services to children with an emotional disability. These councils shall be formed in each area development district within the Commonwealth of Kentucky, except that those area development districts that contain a county with a population greater than one hundred thousand (100,000) may form up to three (3) such councils. The regional interagency councils for services to children with an emotional disability shall be chaired by the *service region administrator*[district supervisor] of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or a program specialist with expertise in this service area as the district supervisor's designee. Each council shall be composed of the following members:
  - (a) The children's services coordinator from each regional community mental health center or their designee in the case of a multicouncil district;
  - (b) One (1) court, designated worker chosen by the Chief Regional District Judge within the region;
  - (c) One (1) specialist in special education chosen by the school district superintendents in the area served by the regional council;
  - (d) One (1) parent of a child with an emotional disability, who is a consumer of statefunded services for children with an emotional disability, and one (1) parent who meets the same criteria to serve as the parent member's alternate, who may attend and participate

in all council meetings, but shall vote only in the absence of the parent member. For each appointment to be made, the regional interagency council for which the appointment is to be made shall submit to the Governor a list of two (2) names of parents who are qualified for appointment from which list the Governor shall make the appointment. Appointees shall serve a term of four (4) years. If the child of the parent member or alternate parent member ceases to be a consumer of state-funded services for children with an emotional disability during the term of appointment, the member shall be eligible to serve out the remainder of the term of appointment; [-and]

- (e) Any other local public or private agency that provides services to children with an emotional disability which the regional interagency council may invite to have a representative become a permanent or temporary member of the council; and
- (f) Representatives from the Department of Juvenile Justice and local health departments.
- (2) No member of a regional interagency council for services to children with an emotional disability shall be given compensation in addition to that which they already receive as service providers or state employees, except that the parent members and alternate parent members of regional interagency councils shall be reimbursed for all expenses incurred through the performance of their duties as council members.
- (3) Each regional interagency council for services to children with an emotional disability shall perform the following functions:
  - (a) Review case histories of children referred to it by its members or any other entity within its geographical area to coordinate service provision;
  - (b) Coordinate the development of interagency service plans for children with an emotional disability in the least restrictive alternative mode of treatment;
  - (c) Identify the time frames necessary and the parties responsible for the timely development of the interagency service plans for children with an emotional disability;
  - (d) Verify that services identified in interagency service plans are developed, accessed, and delivered in a coordinated and timely manner;
  - (e) Initiate and adopt interagency agreements as necessary for providing services to children with an emotional disability by the agencies represented in the regional council;
  - (f) Advise the state interagency council regarding service delivery to children with an emotional disability within the region;
  - (g) Refer those children for whom the regional councils cannot provide adequate services to the state interagency council;
  - (h) Implement the uniform grievance procedure established by the state interagency council;
  - (i) Make periodic reports to the state interagency council regarding the number of children referred to the regional council and the progress made in meeting the needs of each child; [and]

- (j) Recognize local interagency councils for services to children with an emotional disability when it determines the council would be beneficial to service delivery; and (k) Promote services to prevent the emotional disability of a child.
- (4) The secretary for families and children and the designee of the State Department of Education shall ensure that regional councils for services to children with an emotional disability are formed by October 1, 1990.
- (5) Local interagency councils for services to children with an emotional disability may be formed as necessary to enhance service provision, better coordinate services, or initiate special projects and fundraising activities for children with an emotional disability within a city, county, or other local community.
  - Section 29. KRS 200.585 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall be the lead administrative agency for family preservation services and may receive funding for the implementation of these services. The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall:
  - (a) Provide the coordination of and planning for the implementation of family preservation services;
  - (b) Provide standards for family preservation services programs;
  - (c) Monitor these services to ensure they meet measurable standards of performance as set forth in state law and as developed by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services; and
  - (d) Provide the initial training and approve any ongoing training required by providers of family preservation services.
- (2) The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services may provide family preservation services directly or may contract with a private, nonprofit social service agency to provide these services. In the event the department provides family preservation services with state caseworkers, those caseworkers and cases shall be excluded for the overall caseworker/case averages provided on a quarterly basis to the Legislative Research Commission and the Governor's office under KRS 199.461. Family preservation services caseworkers and cases shall be included in the report as a separate category.
- (3) In the event a nonprofit social service agency is contracted by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, to provide family preservation services, the contract shall include:
  - (a) Requirements for provider acceptance of any client referred by the Cabinet for Families and Children for family preservation services;
  - (b) Limitation of caseload to four (4) or fewer families per caseworker;
  - (c) Provision of twenty-four (24) hour crisis intervention services to families served by the program;
  - (d) Provision for training of family preservation services staff to meet the following minimum standards:
    - 1. Intensive training of not less than forty (40) hours to any therapist before family preservation services clients are assigned. This training is to be provided by individuals with recognized expertise regarding family preservation services and

- is to concern itself with the required knowledge skills, and techniques for success within the family preservation services model;
- 2. A plan for the continuing education of staff therapists after the initial forty (40) hours;
- 3. Training of not less than twenty (20) hours for a paraprofessional family aide before provision of services without the direct supervision of a family preservation services caseworker;
- (e) Provide for and conduct internal program evaluation and cooperate with external evaluation as directed by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;
- (4) To qualify for continued funding under subsection (3) of this section, an agency contracting to provide family preservation services shall demonstrate an annual success rate of seventyfive percent (75%) in avoiding out-of-home placement six (6) months after the cessation of family preservation services.
  - Section 30. KRS 200.658 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is hereby created the Kentucky Early Intervention System Interagency Coordinating Council to be comprised of twenty-five (25) members to be appointed by the Governor to serve a term of three (3) years. The members of the council shall be geographically and culturally representative of the population of the Commonwealth and conform to the requirements of federal law and regulations. For administrative purposes, the council shall be attached to the Cabinet for Health Services. Pursuant to federal law and regulations, the membership shall be as follows:
  - (a) At least five (5) members shall be the parents, including minority parents, of a child with a disability who is twelve (12) years of age or less, with at least one (1) being the parent of a child six (6) years of age or less. Each parent shall have knowledge of or experience with programs for infants and toddlers with disabilities;
  - (b) At least five (5) members shall be public or private providers of early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities;
  - (c) At least one (1) member shall be a member of the Kentucky General Assembly;
  - (d) At least one (1) member shall be representative of an entity responsible for personnel preparation and may include personnel from an institution of higher education or preservice training organization;
  - (e) At least one (1) member shall be the commissioner or individual serving in a position of equivalent authority, or the designee, from the Department for Public Health;
  - (f) At least one (1) member shall be the commissioner or individual serving in a position of equivalent authority, or the designee, from the Department for Medicaid Services;
  - (g) At least one (1) member shall be the commissioner or individual serving in a position of equivalent authority, or the designee, from the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services;
  - (h) At least one (1) member shall be the commissioner or individual serving in a position of equivalent authority, or the designee, from the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;

- (i) At least one (1) member shall be the commissioner or designee of the Department of Education:
- (j) At least one (1) member shall be the commissioner or designee of the Department of Insurance; and
- (k) At least one (1) member shall be a representative of the Commission for Handicapped Children
- (2) In matters concerning the Kentucky Early Intervention System, the council shall advise and assist the cabinet in areas including, but not limited to, the following:
  - (a) Development and implementation of the statewide system and the administrative regulations promulgated pursuant to KRS 200.650 to 200.676;
  - (b) Achieving the full participation, coordination, and cooperation of all appropriate entities in the state, including, but not limited to, individuals, departments, and agencies, through the promotion of interagency agreements;
  - (c) Establishing a process to seek information from service providers, service coordinators, parents, and others concerning the identification of service delivery problems and the resolution of those problems;
  - (d) Resolution of disputes, to the extent deemed appropriate by the cabinet;
  - (e) Provision of appropriate services for children from birth to five (5) years of age;
  - (f) Identify sources of fiscal and other support services for early intervention programs;
  - (g) Preparing applications to Part H of the Federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and any amendments to the applications; and
  - (h) Transitioning of infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families from the early intervention system to appropriate services provided under Part B of the Federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) operated by the state Department of Education.
- (3) The council shall prepare no later than December 30 of each year an annual report on the progress toward and any barriers to full implementation of the Kentucky Early Intervention System for infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families. The report shall include recommendations concerning the Kentucky Early Intervention System and shall be submitted to the Governor, Legislative Research Commission, and the Secretary of the United States Department of Education.
- (4) No member of the council shall cast a vote on any matter which would provide direct financial benefit to that member or otherwise give the appearance of the existence of a conflict of interest.

## Section 31. KRS 200.662 is amended to read as follows:

The cabinet shall establish one (1) district early intervention committee in each of the fifteen (15) area development districts. Each committee shall have from fifteen (15) to twenty-five (25) members of whom at least five (5) shall be parents, at least five (5) shall be early intervention service providers, and at least one (1) shall be a representative from each of the following: the local health department, the local office of the Department for *Community Based*[Social]—Services, the local community mental health and mental retardation center, and the local Commission for

Handicapped Children. Each committee may include representatives from one (1) or more of the following: a child day-care facility, a public school, a provider of medical services, a provider of therapy services, a home health agency if operated separately from the local health department, a university or college, a family resource center, a local business, a local charity, or others deemed appropriate. Each committee shall:

- (1) Advise and assist the cabinet and the council in the development, implementation, and monitoring of the Kentucky Early Intervention System;
- (2) Identify local resources available to infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families;
- (3) Assist in identifying the unmet needs of infants and toddlers with disabilities and their families;
- (4) Assist in establishing and maintaining a point of entry to the early intervention system; and
- (5) Assist in the establishment of local interagency agreements for early intervention services and provide a forum for coordinating district early intervention services.
  - Section 32. KRS 205.510 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter as it pertains to medical assistance unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

- (1) "Council" means the Advisory Council for Medical Assistance;
- (2) "Dentist" means a person authorized to practice dentistry under laws of the Commonwealth;
- (3) "Medical care" as used in this chapter means essential medical, surgical, dental, optometric, podiatric, and nursing services, in the home, office, clinic, or other suitable places, which are provided or prescribed by physicians, optometrists, podiatrists, or dentists licensed to render such services, including drugs and medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, diagnostic and therapeutic services, nursing-home and convalescent care, hospital care as defined in KRS 205.560(1)(a), and such other essential medical services and supplies as may be prescribed by such persons; but not including abortions, or induced miscarriages or premature births, unless in the opinion of a physician such procedures are necessary for the preservation of the life of the woman seeking such treatment or except in induced premature birth intended to produce a live viable child and such procedure is necessary for the health of the mother or her unborn child. However, this section does not authorize optometrists to perform any services other than those authorized by KRS Chapter 320;
- (4) "Nurse" means a person authorized to practice professional nursing under the laws of the Commonwealth;
- (5) "Nursing home" means a facility which provides routine medical care in which physicians regularly visit patients, which provide nursing services and procedures employed in caring for the sick which require training, judgment, technical knowledge, and skills beyond that which the untrained person possesses, and which maintains complete records on patient care, and which is licensed pursuant to the provisions of KRS 216B.015;
- (6) "Optometrist" means a person authorized to practice optometry under the laws of the Commonwealth:
- (7) "Pharmacist" means a person authorized to practice pharmacy under the laws of the Commonwealth:

- (8) "Physician" means a person authorized to practice medicine or osteopathy under the laws of the Commonwealth;
- (9) "Podiatrist" means a person authorized to practice podiatry under the laws of the Commonwealth;
- (10) "Primary-care center" means a facility which provides comprehensive medical care with emphasis on the prevention of disease and the maintenance of the patients' health as opposed to the treatment of disease:
- (11) "Public assistance recipient" means a person who has been certified by the Department for *Community Based Services*[Social Insurance] of the Cabinet for Families and Children as being eligible for, and a recipient of, public assistance under the provisions of this chapter;
- (12) "Other persons eligible for medical assistance" may include the categorically needy excluded from money payment status by state requirements and classifications of medically needy individuals as permitted by federal laws and regulations and as prescribed by regulation of the secretary for health services or his designee;
- (13) "Vendor payment" means a payment for medical care which is paid by the Cabinet for Health Services directly to the authorized person or institution which rendered medical care to an eligible recipient;
- (14) "Third party" means an individual, institution, corporation, company, insurance company, personal representative, administrator, executor, trustee, or public or private agency, including but not limited to a reparation obligor and the assigned claims bureau under the Motor Vehicle Reparation Act, who is or may be liable to pay all or part of the medical cost of injury, disease, or disability of an applicant or recipient of medical assistance provided under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

## Section 33. KRS 205.6318 is amended to read as follows:

The Cabinet for Health Services shall review the available technology associated with the medical assistance system to determine which technology is best suited to enhance program service operation, monitoring ability, and fraud and abuse detection. This shall include the ability to provide on-line access to data files to allow cross-analysis of provider and recipient utilization patterns. The cabinet shall by promulgation of administrative regulations, pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A, establish an integrated system to enhance program integrity, using a combination of staff, computer technology, and contractual services to identify potential fraud, abuse, and misutilization of services. This system shall:

- (1) Utilize statisticians, program specialists, accountants, nurses, and other medical specialists to review the Medical Assistance Program to identify patterns of provider and recipient behavior that contributes to unnecessary or abusive use of program services;
- (2) Utilize computer capability through contractual services or the purchase of computer software to detect the unbundling of claims and other techniques used by providers to enhance reimbursement;
- (3) Impose utilization controls on the expenditures in respiratory, physical, speech, and occupational therapy and durable medical equipment provided to nursing-home residents, through the use of established medical criteria or preauthorization of ancillary therapies;
- (4) Establish state audit and edit requirements that exceed the federal audit and edit requirements;

- (5) Obtain access to necessary data from the fiscal agent of each medical provider;
- (6) Review the efficiency and effectiveness of the fraud and abuse detection and investigation process to determine whether changes shall be made;
- (7) Direct that fraud and abuse detection and investigation components shall be active in initiating investigations. The fraud and abuse detection, investigation, and prosecution functions shall be integrated, with access to information in files maintained by the Department for *Community Based Services* [Social Insurance] and the Department for Medicaid Services;
- (8) Review penalties for deterrent value for medical providers that are found to have abused Medicaid regulations and statutes; and
- (9) Provide for a proactive effort to reduce costs for institutionalized program participants. Program officials shall seek to implement innovative or experimental demonstration programs that aim to control costs.
  - Section 34. KRS 205.6336 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, after consultation with the secretary for the Cabinet for Health Services, shall on a quarterly basis, certify to the Interim Committee on Appropriations and Revenue the general fund savings realized from the procedures required by KRS 205.6310 to 205.6332 and any other procedures adopted by the Cabinet for Health Services or the Kentucky Health Policy Board to control the cost of health care.
- (2) The certification shall indicate the following:
  - (a) The means by which savings were achieved, including a description of the discrete procedure used to achieve the savings; and
  - (b) The amount saved as a result of the specific procedure, including an explanation as to the calculations and assumptions used in determining the amount.
- (3) The amount certified by the secretary under this section shall be transferred to a trust account to be utilized by the secretary of the Cabinet for Health Services to provide healthcare coverage for additional categories of citizens, but the funds in the trust account shall not be spent until appropriated by the General Assembly. The funds in the trust account shall not lapse. The secretary shall give priority in utilizing any appropriated trust account funds to matching available federal funds in the Medicaid program.
- (4) Savings in the general fund appropriation for the Medicaid program shall be determined as follows:
  - (a) To the extent that the average cost per month per eligible actually experienced by the Medicaid program is less than the average cost per month per eligible reflected in the enacted budget, the savings attributable to that difference shall be deemed to be eligible for certification under this section.
  - (b) To the extent that the number of eligibles actually participating in the Medicaid program is less than the number reflected in the enacted budget, the savings attributable to that difference shall be deemed not eligible for certification under this section.
- (5) Savings in the general fund appropriation to the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services shall be determined by certifying the amount of Medicaid payments

- received by the department and the entities it funds that would not have been received under the eligibility requirements for the Medicaid program in effect for the 1993-1994 fiscal year.
- (6) Savings in the general fund appropriation to the Department for Public Health shall be determined by certifying the amount of Medicaid payments received by the department and the entities it funds that would not have been received under the eligibility requirements for the Medicaid program in effect for the 1993-1994 fiscal year.
- (7) Savings in the general fund appropriation to the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall be determined by certifying the amount of Medicaid payments received by the department and the entities it funds that would not have been received under the eligibility requirements for the Medicaid program in effect for the 1993-1994 fiscal year.
- (8) Only those savings that can be certified as being recurring shall be transferred to the trust fund.
  - Section 35. KRS 205.634 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No medical assistance payments shall be made under this chapter to any out-of-state health facility or health service providing services within the geographic boundaries of the Commonwealth who does not have a certificate of need if the health facility or health service would be required to obtain a certificate of need under KRS Chapter 216B if the facility or service were located within the geographic boundaries of the Commonwealth.
- (2) The Department for Medicaid Services and the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall not reimburse an out-of-state provider of residential care for children whose care is paid by state general funds or state administered federal funds, unless the Department for Medicaid Services or the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or a designated agent thereof has determined that there is no provider within the Commonwealth that is capable and willing to provide comparable services at a comparable cost per child to those that would be delivered by the out-of-state provider. An exception may be made if:
  - (a) The identified in-state resource is farther away from the child's parent or guardian than a similar out-of-state resource; or
  - (b) The services offered by the out-of-state resource is deemed by either department or a designated agent thereof to be more appropriate for the individual child than the services offered by the in-state provider.
- (3) Prior to promulgating administrative regulations governing the determination of the availability of providers of residential care within the Commonwealth, the Department for Medicaid Services and the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services shall establish uniform conditions, requirements, and exceptions for the determination of the availability of providers of residential care within the Commonwealth.
- (4) Each department shall promulgate an administrative regulation in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A that contains the uniform conditions, requirements, and exceptions for the determination of the availability of providers of residential care within the Commonwealth established under subsection (3) of this section.
  - Section 36. KRS 205.6489 is amended to read as follows:

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- (2) The program shall include a system of outreach and referral for children who may be eligible for the Kentucky Children's Health Insurance Program. The program shall work with the Department for Medicaid Services, the Department for *Community Based Services*[Social Insurance], schools, pediatricians, public health departments, and other entities interested in the health of children in developing the system of outreach and referral.
- (3) The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to establish a structure for quality assurance and utilization review under KRS 205.6481 to 205.6495 and KRS 304.17A-340.
- (4) The Kentucky Children's Health Insurance Program shall collect, analyze, and publicly disseminate comprehensive data on the number of children enrolled in the program, services received through the program, and the effect on health outcomes of children served by the program including the special health needs of minority children. The information collected by the program shall be subject to KRS 216.2927(1). The program shall have access to all data collected by the cabinet under KRS 216.2920 to 216.2929 and shall coordinate program data collection efforts with the data collection efforts of the cabinet under KRS 216.2920 to 216.2929.

Section 37. KRS 205.712 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The Division of Child Support [Enforcement] is established in the Cabinet for Families and Children.
- (2) The duties of the Division of Child Support[Enforcement], or its designee, shall include:
  - (a) Serve as state agency authorized to administer Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. secs. 651 to 669;
  - (b) Serve as the information agency as provided in the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, KRS Chapter 407;
  - (c) Serve as collector of all court-ordered or administratively ordered child support payments pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act;
  - (d) Serve as the agent for enforcement of international child support obligations, and respond to requests from foreign reciprocating countries;
  - (e) Establish and enforce an obligation upon receipt of a completed, notarized voluntary acknowledgment-of-paternity form;
  - (f) Enforce Kentucky child support laws, including collection of court-ordered or administratively ordered child support arrearages and prosecution of persons who fail to pay child support;
  - (g) Publicize the availability of services and encourage the use of these services for establishing paternity and child support;
  - (h) Pay the cost of genetic testing to establish paternity, subject to recoupment from the alleged father, when paternity is administratively or judicially determined; and obtain

- additional testing when an original test is contested, upon request and advance payment by the contestant;
- (i) Establish child support obligations and seek modification of judicially or administratively established child support obligations in accordance with the child support guidelines of the Commonwealth of Kentucky as provided under KRS 403.212;
- (j) Administratively establish child support orders which shall have the same force and effect of law;
- (k) Issue an administrative subpoena to secure public and private records of utility and cable companies and asset and liability information from financial institutions for the establishment, modification, or enforcement of a child support obligation;
- (l) Impose a penalty for failure to comply with an administrative subpoena;
- (m) Provide notices, copies of proceedings, and determinations of support amounts to any parties or individuals who are applying for or receiving Title IV-D services, or who are parties to cases in which Title IV-D services are being provided;
- (n) Issue interstate administrative subpoenas to any individual or entity for financial or other information or documents which are needed to establish, modify, or enforce a child support obligation pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. sec. 651 et seq. An administrative subpoena lawfully issued in another state to an individual or entity residing in this state shall be honored and enforced in the Circuit Court where the individual or entity resides; and
- (o) May promulgate administrative regulations to implement this section and adopt forms or implement other requirements of federal law relating to interstate administrative subpoenas.
- (3) Effective September 30, 1999, the cabinet shall establish a system to receive and process all child support payments. The system shall include existing computer systems to record the payments. The automated system shall include a state case registry that contains records with respect to each case in which services are being provided by the cabinet and each child support order established or modified in the state on or after October 1, 1998.
- (4) The cabinet shall establish and operate a state disbursement unit for the collection, disbursement, and recording of payments under support orders for all Title IV-D cases and for all cases initially issued in the state on or after January 1, 1994, in which a wage withholding has been court-ordered or administratively ordered, pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act. Establishment of the state unit may include the designation and continuation of existing local collection units to aid efficient and effective collection, disbursement, and recording of child support payments.
- (5) After the establishment of the disbursement unit child support collection system, the cabinet or its designee shall serve as collector of all court-ordered or administratively ordered child support payments pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act.
- (6) Where establishment of paternity and enforcement and collection of child support is by law the responsibility of local officials, the cabinet shall refer cases to the appropriate official for such action. The cabinet may enter into cooperative arrangements with appropriate courts and law enforcement officials to assist the cabinet in administering the program of child support

recovery, including the entering into of financial arrangements with such courts and officials as provided for under the provisions of federal law and regulations. The local county attorney shall be considered the designee of the cabinet for purposes of administering the program of child support recovery within a county, subject to the option of the county attorney to decline such designation. Nothing in this section shall prevent the secretary from taking such action, with prior written notice, as appropriate if the terms and conditions of the cooperative agreement are not met. When a cooperative agreement with a contracting official is canceled for good cause, the cabinet may not offer that cooperative agreement to that official during the official's tenure.

- (7) Where the local county attorney, friend of the court, domestic relations agent, or other designee of the cabinet has been contracted for the purpose of administering child support enforcement pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, the contracting official shall be deemed to be representing the cabinet and as such does not have an attorney-client relationship with the applicant who has requested services pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act nor with any dependent on behalf of the individuals for whom services are sought.
- (8) The cabinet shall determine the name of each obligor who owes an arrearage of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000). After notification to the obligor owing an arrearage amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), the cabinet shall transmit to the United States secretary of health and human services the certified names of the individuals and supporting documentation for the denial, revocation, or limitation of the obligor's passport. The cabinet shall notify the identified obligor of the determination and the consequences and provide an opportunity to contest the determination.
- (9) The cabinet shall determine the name of an obligor owing an arrearage and shall indefinitely deny, suspend, or revoke a license or certification that has been issued if the person has a child support arrearage that equals or exceeds the amount that would be owed after one (1) year of nonpayment or fails, after receiving appropriate notice, to comply with subpoenas or warrants relating to paternity or child support proceedings as provided by 42 U.S.C. sec. 666(a)(16).
- (10) The cabinet shall forward the name of the individual to a board of licensure or board of certification for the notification of the denial, revocation, or suspension of a driver's license, professional license or certification, occupational license or certification, recreational license, or sporting license.
- (11) The denial or suspension shall remain in effect until the child support arrearage has been eliminated or payments on the child support arrearage are being made in accordance with a court or administrative order, the person complies with the subpoena or warrant relating to paternity or child support proceedings, or the appeal of the denial or suspension is upheld and the license is reinstated.
- (12) Except for cases administered by the cabinet under 42 U.S.C. sec. 651 et seq. which shall be afforded the appeal process set forth by KRS 405.450(3), an individual who has a license or certification denied, revoked, or suspended shall have the right to appeal to the licensing or certifying board.
- (13) A dispute hearing shall be conducted by the cabinet in accordance with KRS 405.450. The only basis for a dispute hearing shall be a mistake in fact.

- (14) The cabinet shall in its discretion enter into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the Commonwealth to develop and operate, in coordination with the financial institutions, a data match system. The financial institution shall be required to provide identifying information for each obligated parent who maintains an account at the institution and owes an arrearage, and who shall be identified by the cabinet. Assets held by the institutions on behalf of any obligated parent who is subject to a child support lien pursuant to KRS 205.745 shall be encumbered or surrendered in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by the cabinet. The cabinet may pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for conducting the data match, not to exceed the actual cost. The financial institution shall not be liable for encumbering or surrendering any assets held by the financial institution in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by the cabinet or for any other action taken in good faith to comply with the requirements of this subsection.
- (15) The cabinet may issue both intrastate and interstate administrative subpoenas to any individual or entity for financial or other information or documents that are needed to establish, modify, or enforce a child support obligation pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. sec. 651 et seq. An administrative subpoena lawfully issued in another state to an individual or entity in this state shall be honored and enforced in the Circuit Court of the county in which the individual or entity resides.
  - Section 38. KRS 205.940 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A representative payee fund shall be created for the purpose of providing grants to public or private organizations who provide representative payee services. The fund shall consist of moneys appropriated by the General Assembly. These moneys may also be supplemented by funds obtained from other sources for the fund as provided in this section.
- (2) The fund shall be administered by the Cabinet for Families and Children.
- (3) Application for moneys from the fund may be made to the cabinet, on forms prescribed by administrative regulation. The awarding of grants shall be based upon the availability of funds. Grants shall be given to nonprofit organizations or agencies providing representative payee services to more than ten (10) persons who are mentally impaired, homeless or at risk of being homeless, or substance abusers in area development districts created pursuant to KRS 147A.050. The cabinet shall endeavor to fund an applicant where an eligible applicant exists. Health-care facilities or other institutions, who serve as representative payees for persons residing therein, shall not be eligible to receive funds under this section.
- (4) In determining the amount of each grant, the cabinet shall consider the number of persons receiving representative payee services from an applicant, the amount necessary to reimburse the applicant for all or a portion of the administrative costs incurred in providing representative payee services, and any fee charged by an applicant for the provision of representative payee services.
- (5) The cabinet shall require applicants receiving funds pursuant to this section to be bonded, and to file an annual report with the cabinet providing an accounting of all funds expended on behalf of persons for whom representative payee services are provided. The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations providing for the termination of a grant if it determines a representative payee is not serving in the best interests of a client. If a grant is terminated, the cabinet shall report the termination to the agency who appointed the representative payee and recommend the appointment of a new representative payee. If financial exploitation is

- indicated, the termination shall also be reported to the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services for investigation pursuant to KRS Chapter 209.
- (6) The cabinet may provide training for persons serving as representative payees and may provide technical assistance to applicants awarded a grant.
- (7) The cabinet may apply for any grants that may be used to supplement the representative payee fund, and may accept gifts or donations to the fund.
  - Section 39. KRS 207.200 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The Kentucky Department of Workplace Standards is authorized to enforce the employment provisions of KRS 207.130 to 207.240 in conjunction with the State Attorney General's office and the state and local courts.
- (2) Any individual with a disability requesting the intervention of the Kentucky Department of Workplace Standards under this section shall, within one hundred and eighty (180) days of the alleged incident, submit with his request a signed, sworn statement specifying and describing the disability or disabilities which affect him. This statement may be used by the commissioner of workplace standards or his representative to determine if the individual does, or does not, have a "physical disability" as defined in KRS 207.130(2). If the commissioner of workplace standards or his representative determines that the aggrieved individual does have a disability which falls under the definition in KRS 207.130(2), the Department of Workplace Standards shall provide a copy of the aggrieved individual's signed statement to the employer for his inspection.
- (3) In the event the employer wishes to challenge the validity of the statement, he shall so notify the commissioner of workplace standards, who shall in turn notify the aggrieved individual. If the aggrieved individual wishes the Department of Workplace Standards to continue its involvement with the case, he shall be required to submit to the commissioner of workplace standards, within thirty (30) days of such notice, a signed, sworn statement from a licensed physician of his choice, or from one of the state or federal agencies serving individuals with disabilities:
  - (a) Specifying and describing the disability or disabilities affecting the individual; and
  - (b) Indicating any specific type of employment for which such disability should be considered a bona fide or necessary reason for limitation or exclusion.
- (4) (a) The state agencies which may be consulted under subsection (3) of this section may include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Department of Education, Office of Vocational Rehabilitation Services;
  - 2. Cabinet for Health Services, Department for Public Health;
  - 3. Cabinet for Families and Children, *Department for*[Division of] Disability Determination *Services*.
  - (b) The commissioner of workplace standards, in conjunction with the agencies designated in this subsection, is authorized to adopt appropriate regulations governing the issuance and setting the standards of determinations of ability or disability;
  - (c) The agencies designated in this subsection, and any other state agency which serves individuals with disabilities and which the commissioner of workplace standards deems

proper, shall cooperate to the fullest with the Department of Workplace Standards in issuing a statement of disability and limitations as specified in subsection (3) of this section within twenty (20) days of the date the individual with a disability presents himself before such agency for examination.

- (5) (a) For the purposes of KRS 207.130 to 207.240, the commissioner of workplace standards, or his authorized representative, shall have the power to enter the place of employment of any employer, labor organization, or employment agency to inspect and copy employment records, to compare character of work and operations on which persons employed by him are engaged, to question such persons, and to obtain such other information as is reasonably necessary to make a preliminary determination that the aggrieved individual is, or is not, fully capable of carrying out the duties of the job which he or she had been denied;
  - (b) In the event that a preliminary determination is made that the aggrieved individual is not fully capable of carrying out the duties of the job which he or she had been denied, the aggrieved individual and the employer shall both be so advised;
  - (c) The aggrieved individual, within ten (10) days of receiving such notification, may file with the Department of Workplace Standards an application for reconsideration of the determination. Upon such application, the commissioner of workplace standards or his representative shall make a new determination within ten (10) days whether the aggrieved individual is, or is not, fully capable of carrying out the duties of the job which he or she had been denied. If the determination is again made that the aggrieved individual is not fully capable of carrying out these duties, the aggrieved individual and the employer shall both be so advised;
  - (d) In the event that a preliminary determination has been made that the aggrieved individual is fully capable of carrying out the duties of the job which he or she had been denied, the employer, labor organization, or employment agency shall be so advised and encouraged to make an immediate offer to the aggrieved individual of the position which he or she had been denied. In the event the position has already been filled, the employer, labor organization, or employment agency shall be encouraged to make an offer to the aggrieved individual of the next available position for which he or she is qualified.

Section 40. KRS 209.005 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The Cabinet for Families and Children shall create an Elder Abuse Committee to develop a model protocol on elder abuse and neglect in the Commonwealth, that shall be comprised of various state agency representatives from the following list:
  - (a) The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;
  - (b) The Department for Social Insurance;
  - (c) The Department for Public Health;
  - (c) The Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation;
  - (d) The Office of Aging Services [Division of Aging];
  - (e) [(f)] The Division of Licensing and Regulation;
  - (f) The Office of the Ombudsman; and
  - (g)[(h)]—Area Agencies on Aging.

- (2) The committee shall address issues of prevention, intervention, and agency coordination of services on a state and local level through interaction with local groups or entities that either directly or indirectly provide services to the elder population, including, but not limited to:
  - (a) Senior citizen centers;
  - (b) Local governmental human service groups;
  - (c) The Sanders-Brown Center on Aging at the University of Kentucky;
  - (d) Long Term Care Ombudsmen; and
  - (e) Other organizations or associations dedicated to serving elder citizens and their families in the Commonwealth.
- (3) The committee shall:
  - (a) Explore the need for a comprehensive statewide resource directory of services for the elderly;
  - (b) Enhance existing public awareness campaigns for elder abuse and neglect; and
  - (c) Provide forums for the exchange of information to educate the elder population and their families on the rights of elders.
- (4) The committee shall produce an annual report of their activities, products, and recommendations for public policy to the Governor and the Legislative Research Commission.
  - Section 41. KRS 209.020 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Secretary" means the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children;
- (2) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Families and Children;
- (3) "Department" means the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children;
- (4) "Adult" means:
  - (a) A person eighteen (18) years of age or older, who because of mental or physical dysfunctioning, is unable to manage his own resources or carry out the activity of daily living or protect himself from neglect, or a hazardous or abusive situation without assistance from others, and who may be in need of protective services; or
  - (b) A person without regard to age who is the victim of abuse and neglect inflicted by a spouse;
- (5) "Protective services" means agency services undertaken with or on behalf of an adult in need of protective services who is being abused, neglected, or exploited. These services may include, but are not limited to conducting investigations of complaints of possible abuse, neglect, or exploitation to ascertain whether or not the situation and condition of the adult in need of protective services warrants further action; social services aimed at preventing and remedying abuse, neglect, and exploitation; and services directed toward seeking legal determination of whether or not the adult in need of protective services has been abused, neglected, or exploited and to ensure that he obtains suitable care in or out of his home;

- (6) "Caretaker" means an individual or institution who has the responsibility for the care of the adult as a result of family relationship, or who has assumed the responsibility for the care of the adult person voluntarily, or by contract, or agreement;
- (7) "Abuse" means the infliction of physical pain, mental injury, or injury of an adult;
- (8) "Exploitation" means the improper use of an adult or an adult's resources by a caretaker or other person for the profit or advantage of the caretaker or other person;
- (9) "Investigation" shall include, but is not limited to, a personal interview with the individual reported to be abused, neglected, or exploited. When abuse, or neglect is allegedly the cause of death, a coroner's or doctor's report shall be examined as part of the investigation;
- (10) "Emergency" means that an adult is living in conditions which present a substantial risk of death or immediate and serious physical harm to himself or others;
- (11) "Emergency protective services" are protective services furnished an adult in an emergency;
- (12) "Protective placement" means the transfer of an adult from his present living arrangement to another;
- (13) "Court" means the Circuit Court or the District Court if no judge of that Circuit Court is present in the county;
- (14) "Access to records" means that any representative of the Cabinet for Families and Children actively involved in the conduct of an abuse, neglect, or exploitation investigation under this chapter shall be allowed access to the medical, mental, health, and financial records of the adult that are in the possession of any individual, hospital, firm, corporation or other facility, if necessary to complete the investigation mandated in this chapter; and
- (15) "Neglect" means a situation in which an adult is unable to perform or obtain for himself the services which are necessary to maintain his health or welfare, or the deprivation of services by a caretaker which are necessary to maintain the health and welfare of an adult, or a situation in which a person deprives his spouse of reasonable services to maintain health and welfare.
  - Section 42. KRS 210.271 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No patient in an institution for the mentally ill or the mentally retarded operated by the Cabinet for Health Services shall be discharged to a boarding home as defined in KRS 216B.300 unless the boarding home is registered pursuant to KRS 216B.305.
- (2) The cabinet shall conduct a quarterly follow-up visit, using cabinet personnel or through contract with the Regional Community Mental Health Centers, of all patients of state mental health or mental retardation facilities that are discharged to boarding homes. Any resident found to have needs that cannot be met by the boarding home shall be referred to the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services for appropriate placement. Any boarding home suspected of operating as an unlicensed personal care facility or housing residents with needs that cannot be met by the boarding home shall be reported to the Division of Licensing and Regulation for investigation.
  - Section 43. KRS 211.686 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A local child fatality response team may be established in every county or group of contiguous counties by the coroner or coroners with jurisdiction in the county or counties. The local

- coroner may authorize the creation of additional local teams within the coroner's jurisdiction as needed.
- (2) Membership of the local team may include representatives of the coroner, the local office of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, law enforcement agencies with investigation responsibilities for child fatalities which occur within the jurisdiction of the local team, the Commonwealth's and county attorneys, representatives of the medical profession, and other members whose participation the local team believes is important to carry out its purpose. Each local team member shall be appointed by the agency the member is representing and shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority.
- (3) The purpose of the local child fatality response team shall be to:
  - (a) Allow each member to share specific and unique information with the local team;
  - (b) Generate overall investigative direction and emphasis through team coordination and sharing of specialized information;
  - (c) Create a body of information that will assist in the coroner's effort to accurately identify the cause and reasons for death; and
  - (d) Facilitate the appropriate response by each member agency to the fatality, including but not limited to, intervention on behalf of other children who may be adversely affected by the situation, implementation of health services necessary for protection of other citizens, further investigation by law enforcement, or legal action by Commonwealth's or county attorneys.
- (4) The local team may:
  - (a) Analyze information regarding local child fatalities to identify trends, patterns, and risk factors;
  - (b) Recommend to the state team, and any other entities deemed appropriate, changes in state or local programs, legislation, administrative regulations, policies, budgets, and treatment and service standards which may facilitate strategies for prevention and reduce the number of child fatalities; and
  - (c) Evaluate the effectiveness of local prevention and intervention strategies.
- (5) The local team may establish a protocol for the investigation of child fatalities and may establish operating rules and procedures as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
- (6) The review of a child fatality by a local team may include information from reports generated or received by agencies, organizations, or individuals that are responsible for investigation, prosecution, or treatment in the case.
- (7) The proceedings, records, opinions, and deliberations of the local team shall be privileged and shall not be subject to discovery, subpoena, or introduction into evidence in any civil action in any manner that would directly or indirectly identify specific persons or cases reviewed by the local team. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict or limit the right to discover or use in any civil action any evidence that is discoverable independent of the proceedings of the local team.
  - Section 44. KRS 213.066 is amended to read as follows:

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- (1) For each adoption decreed by a Circuit Court in the Commonwealth, the court shall require the preparation of a report of adoption on a form prescribed and furnished by the state registrar. The report shall include the facts necessary to establish a new certificate of birth of the person adopted and identify the order of adoption, and be certified by the clerk of the court.
- (2) Information necessary to prepare the report of adoption shall be furnished by each petitioner for adoption or the petitioner's attorney. The Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or any other agency or person having knowledge of the facts shall supply the court with the additional information necessary to complete the report. The provision of the information shall be prerequisite to the issuance of a final decree in the matter by the court.
- (3) If an adoption decree is amended or annulled, the clerk of the court shall prepare a report thereof which shall include the facts necessary to identify the original adoption report and the facts amended in the adoption decree necessary to properly amend the birth record.
- (4) Not later than the fifteenth day of each calendar month or more frequently, the clerk of the court shall forward to the state registrar reports of decrees of adoption, annulments of adoption, and amendments of decrees of adoption which were entered in the preceding month, together with such related reports as the state registrar shall require.
- (5) If the state registrar receives a report of adoption, annulment of adoption, or amendment of a decree of adoption for a person born outside this state, the state registrar shall forward the report to the state registrar in the state of birth. If the birth occurred in a foreign country and the child was not a citizen of the United States at the time of birth, the state registrar shall prepare a record of foreign birth as provided by KRS 213.056(2). If the child was born in Canada, the state registrar shall also send a copy of the report of adoption, annulment of adoption, or amendment of a decree of adoption to the appropriate registration authority in that country.

## Section 45. KRS 216.583 is amended to read as follows:

The Long-Term Care Coordinating Council shall be composed of the following members from within the cabinet: the commissioner of the Department for Public Health; the commissioner of the Department for *Mental Health and Mental Retardation*[Social] Services; the commissioner of the Department for Social Insurance; the inspector general; the director of the Division for Licensing and Regulation; the executive director of the Office of Aging Services; the commissioner of the Department for Medicaid Services; the general counsel; and the long-term care ombudsman.

Section 46. KRS 216.787 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) No agency providing services to senior citizens which are funded by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or the Office of Aging Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children shall employ persons in a position which involves providing direct services to a senior citizen if that person has been convicted of a felony offense related to theft; abuse or sale of illegal drugs; abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an adult; or the commission of a sex crime.
- (2) Operators of service provider agencies may employ persons convicted of or pleading guilty to an offense classified as a misdemeanor.

- (3) Each service provider agency providing direct services to senior citizens as specified under KRS 216.785 to 216.793 shall request all conviction information from the Justice Cabinet for any applicant for employment prior to employing the applicant.
  - Section 47. KRS 216.793 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Each application form provided by the employer, or each application form provided by a facility either contracted or operated by the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services of the Cabinet for Health Services, to the applicant for initial employment in a nursing facility or nursing pool providing staff to a nursing facility or in a position funded by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or the Office of Aging Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children and which involves providing direct services to senior citizens shall conspicuously state the following: "FOR THIS TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT STATE LAW REQUIRES A CRIMINAL RECORD CHECK AS A CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT."
- (2) Any request for criminal records of an applicant as provided under subsection (1) of this section shall be on a form or through a process approved by the Justice Cabinet. The Justice Cabinet may charge a fee to be paid by the applicant or state agency in an amount no greater than the actual cost of processing the request and shall not exceed five dollars (\$5) per application.
  - Section 48. KRS 216B.455 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A certificate of need shall be required for all psychiatric residential treatment facilities. The application for a certificate of need shall include formal written agreements of cooperation that identify the nature and extent of the proposed working relationship between the proposed psychiatric residential treatment facility and each of the following agencies, organizations, or facilities located in the service area of the proposed facility:
  - (a) Regional interagency council for children with emotional disability or severe emotional disability as defined in KRS 200.509;
  - (b) Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;
  - (c) Local school districts;
  - (d) Psychiatric hospitals; and
  - (e) Any other agency, organization, or facility deemed appropriate by the cabinet.
- (2) All psychiatric residential treatment facilities shall comply with the licensure requirements as set forth in KRS 216B.105.
- (3) All psychiatric residential treatment facilities shall be certified by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations.
- (4) A psychiatric residential treatment facility shall not be located in or on the grounds of a psychiatric hospital.
- (5) The total number of psychiatric residential treatment facility beds shall not exceed sixteen (16) beds in any area development district with less than 275,000 population; thirty-two (32) beds in any area development district with 275,000 to 550,000 population; and forty-eight (48) beds in any area development district with over 550,000 population.
  - Section 49. KRS 222.021 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) There is hereby created within the Cabinet for Health Services a Substance Abuse, Pregnancy, and Women of Childbearing Age Work Group. The work group shall carry out the planning and coordinating activities of the Commonwealth with regard to substance dependency and abuse among pregnant women and other women of childbearing age.
- The work group shall be appointed by the secretary for health services and be composed of, but not restricted to, a representative of the Cabinet for Health Services, Department for Public Health, Division of Maternal and Child Health Services; Department for Community Based[Social] Services; Department for Social Insurance; Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services, Division of Substance Abuse and Division of Mental Health; Department for Medicaid Services; Justice Cabinet, Department of State Police, Drug Enforcement, Special Investigations Unit; Department of Education, Division of Program Resources; Office of the Attorney General; Office for a Drug Free Kentucky; Kentucky Commission on Women; Regional Community Mental Health and Mental Retardation System; University of Kentucky Institute on Women and Substance Abuse; University of Louisville, School of Medicine, Department of Pediatrics; University of Kentucky Medical Center, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology; local or district health department; Kentucky Psychological Association; Kentucky Pharmacists Association; Kentucky Hospital Association; Kentucky Nurses Association; and the Kentucky Medical Association; Kentucky Chapter of the National Association of Social Workers; Kentucky Association of Addiction Professionals; Kentucky Prevention Network; Coalition for
- (3) The Substance Abuse, Pregnancy, and Women of Childbearing Age Work Group shall be chaired jointly by the Director of the Division of Substance Abuse and another member of the work group who has been elected by the membership of the work group. The work group shall meet at least quarterly and shall periodically assess the extent of alcohol and other substance dependency and abuse among Kentucky women who are pregnant and other women of childbearing age; identify, develop, and coordinate resources available and needed within the Commonwealth for any woman who is pregnant or of childbearing age and at risk of alcohol and substance dependency or abuse; and identify, develop, and coordinate resources available and needed for infants and children exposed to alcohol or drugs in utero or through alcohol or drug abuse in the home.

Women's Substance Abuse Services; Kentucky Women's Advocates; Kentucky Youth Advocates; Kentucky Chapter of the March of Dimes; Foster Parent Association; and the

- (4) The work group shall make a biennial report, no later than January 1 of each odd-numbered year, of its activities and any recommendations to the Secretary of the Cabinet for Health Services and the Legislative Research Commission.
- (5) The provisions of subsections (1) to (4) of this section, creating a Substance Abuse, Pregnancy, and Women of Childbearing Age Work Group shall expire on July 15, 2002. As of that date, the Substance Abuse, Pregnancy, and Women of Childbearing Age Work Group shall cease to exist.
  - Section 50. KRS 314.142 is amended to read as follows:

Homeless Coalition.

(1) The Kentucky Board of Nursing shall promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A to create a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program. These administrative regulations shall address, at a minimum:

- (a) Educational requirements for sexual assault nurse examiners and statewide standards for provision of the education;
- (b) The application process through which registered nurses who submit documentation of required education and clinical experience and who remit the designated application fee may apply to the board to be credentialed as a "Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner";
- (c) Continuing education requirements for maintenance of the sexual assault nurse examiner credential; and
- (d) Methods of monitoring overall program implementation.
- (2) For the purpose of providing recommendations to the Kentucky Board of Nursing on the development and implementation of the Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Program, there is hereby created a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner Advisory Council. The following members shall serve on the council by virtue of their office: the executive director of the Kentucky Board of Nursing or the executive director's designee; the executive director of the Kentucky Hospital Association or the executive director's designee; the state medical examiner or the examiner's designee; the commissioner of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services of the Cabinet for Families and Children or the commissioner's designee; the executive director of the Governor's Office of Child Abuse and Domestic Violence Services or the executive director's designee; the president of the Kentucky

Association of Sexual Assault Programs or the president's designee; the commissioner of the Department for Public Health of the Cabinet for Health Services or the commissioner's designee; the commissioner of the Kentucky State Police or the commissioner's designee; the chair of the Kentucky Association of Baccalaureate and Higher Degree Nursing Programs or the chair's designee; the director of the Victim's Advocacy Division of the Office of the Attorney General or the director's designee; the director of the Prosecutors Advisory Council of the Office of the Attorney General or the director's designee; and the director of the Kentucky State Police Crime Lab or the director's designee. Two (2) members shall be registered nurses with forensic experience appointed by the Governor from a list of three (3) names recommended by the Kentucky Nurses Association. One (1) member shall be a physician with forensic experience appointed by the Governor from a list of three (3) names recommended by the Kentucky Medical Association. Two (2) members with a demonstrated interest and experience in victims' services shall be appointed by the Governor to serve as atlarge members. Of the at-large members, one (1) shall be appointed from a list of three (3) names recommended by the Kentucky Board of Nursing and one (1) from a list of three (3) names recommended by the Cabinet for Health Services.

- (3) Members shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority but shall not serve longer than four (4) years without reappointment.
- (4) The chair of the advisory council shall be elected by a majority vote of council members.
- (5) Each member of the council may be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in attending its meetings from funds available through the collection of fees required under subsection (1) of this section.
- (6) Any person in this state who holds a credential as a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner as defined in KRS 314.011(14) shall have the right to use the title "Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner" and the abbreviation "SANE". No other person shall assume the title or use the abbreviation or

any other words, letters, signs, or figures to indicate that the person using the same is a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner.

Section 51. KRS 403.270 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) As used in this chapter and KRS 405.020, unless the context requires otherwise, "de facto custodian" means a person who has been shown by clear and convincing evidence to have been the primary caregiver for, and financial supporter of, a child who has resided with the person for a period of six (6) months or more if the child is under three (3) years of age and for a period of one (1) year or more if the child is three (3) years of age or older or has been placed by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services. Any period of time after a legal proceeding has been commenced by a parent seeking to regain custody of the child shall not be included in determining whether the child has resided with the person for the required minimum period.
  - (b) A person shall not be a de facto custodian until a court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the person meets the definition of de facto custodian established in paragraph (a) of this subsection. Once a court determines that a person meets the definition of de facto custodian, the court shall give the person the same standing in custody matters that is given to each parent under this section and KRS 403.280, 403.340, 403.350, 403.420, and 405.020.
- (2) The court shall determine custody in accordance with the best interests of the child and equal consideration shall be given to each parent and to any de facto custodian. The court shall consider all relevant factors including:
  - (a) The wishes of the child's parent or parents, and any de facto custodian, as to his custody;
  - (b) The wishes of the child as to his custodian;
  - (c) The interaction and interrelationship of the child with his parent or parents, his siblings, and any other person who may significantly affect the child's best interests;
  - (d) The child's adjustment to his home, school, and community;
  - (e) The mental and physical health of all individuals involved;
  - (f) Information, records, and evidence of domestic violence as defined in KRS 403.720;
  - (g) The extent to which the child has been cared for, nurtured, and supported by any de facto custodian;
  - (h) The intent of the parent or parents in placing the child with a de facto custodian; and
  - (i) The circumstances under which the child was placed or allowed to remain in the custody of a de facto custodian, including whether the parent now seeking custody was previously prevented from doing so as a result of domestic violence as defined in KRS 403.720 and whether the child was placed with a de facto custodian to allow the parent now seeking custody to seek employment, work, or attend school.
- (3) The court shall not consider conduct of a proposed custodian that does not affect his relationship to the child. If domestic violence and abuse is alleged, the court shall determine the extent to which the domestic violence and abuse has affected the child and the child's relationship to both parents.

- (4) The abandonment of the family residence by a custodial party shall not be considered where said party was physically harmed or was seriously threatened with physical harm by his or her spouse, when such harm or threat of harm was causally related to the abandonment.
- (5) The court may grant joint custody to the child's parents, or to the child's parents and a de facto custodian, if it is in the best interest of the child.
- (6) If the court grants custody to a de facto custodian, the de facto custodian shall have legal custody under the laws of the Commonwealth.
  - Section 52. KRS 403.783 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of KRS 403.783 to 403.785, "law enforcement agency" means any agency of state, county, city, or metropolitan government, or a combination of these, responsible for employing and directing the action of peace officers, including sheriffs and their deputies, sworn police officers, sworn enforcement officers of the Kentucky State Police or other duly authorized state law enforcement agency whose officers are persons with authority to make arrests under the provisions of KRS 403.760(2).
- (2) The secretary of the Justice Cabinet, or a designee, in consultation with legal, victims' services, victim advocacy, and mental professionals with an expertise in domestic violence, shall develop a written model policy and procedures manual related to domestic violence for law enforcement agencies. The model policy shall set forth the core elements required to be addressed in each law enforcement agency's policy. The model policy shall also recommend procedures which may be included in local policies. The model policy shall be developed to comply with the provisions of KRS 403.715 to 403.785. The policy shall include purpose statements; definitions; supervisory responsibilities; procedures for twenty-four (24) hour access to protective orders; procedures for enforcement of court orders or relief when protective orders are violated; procedures for timely and contemporaneous reporting of adult abuse and domestic violence to the Cabinet for Families and Children, Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services; victim rights, assistance and service responsibilities; and duties related to timely completion of records. The model policy shall be completed no later than four (4) months after July 15, 1996. The cabinet shall distribute a copy of the model policy to each law enforcement agency in the Commonwealth.
- (3) No later than January 1 after July 15, 1996, and July 31 of every even-numbered year which follows, every law enforcement agency shall submit a copy of the agency's written domestic violence policy to the Justice Cabinet.
- (4) If a law enforcement agency fails to submit a copy of the agency's written domestic violence policy in a timely manner, the secretary shall promptly notify the law enforcement agency in writing of the requirements contained in this section.
- (5) If the secretary determines that a law enforcement agency has submitted a domestic violence policy which is inadequate, the secretary shall reject the policy and provide assistance to the agency in developing an adequate domestic violence policy.
  - Section 53. KRS 403.785 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Each law enforcement agency shall report all incidents of actual or suspected domestic violence and abuse within their knowledge to the Cabinet for Families and Children, Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services, within forty-eight (48) hours of learning of the incident or of the suspected incident.

- (2) When a law enforcement officer has reason to suspect that a family member, member of an unmarried couple, or household member has been the victim of domestic violence and abuse, the officer shall use all reasonable means to prevent further abuse, including but not limited to:
  - (a) Remaining at the location of the domestic violence and abuse so long as the officer reasonably suspects there is danger to the physical safety of individuals present without the presence of a law enforcement officer;
  - (b) Assisting the victim of domestic violence and abuse in obtaining medical treatment, including transporting the victim to the nearest medical facility capable of providing the necessary treatment; and
  - (c) Advising the victim immediately of the rights available to them, including the provisions of KRS 403.715 to 403.785.

Section 54. KRS 407.5102 is amended to read as follows:

The Circuit Court, District Court, and family courts shall be the state tribunals for judicial proceedings, and the Cabinet for Families and Children and the Division of Child Support Enforcement (DCSE)] shall be the state tribunals for administrative proceedings.

Section 55. KRS 431.650 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The Kentucky Multidisciplinary Commission on Child Sexual Abuse is hereby created.
- (2) The commission shall be comprised of the following members:
  - (a) The commissioner of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services or a designee;
  - (b) The commissioner of the Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services or a designee;
  - (c) One (1) *social*[family] service worker who is employed by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services to provide child protective services, who shall be appointed by the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children;
  - (d) One (1) therapist who provides services to sexually abused children, who shall be appointed by the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children;
  - (e) The commissioner of the Kentucky State Police or a designee;
  - (f) One (1) law enforcement officer who is a detective with specialized training in conducting child sexual abuse investigations, who shall be appointed by the secretary of the Justice Cabinet;
  - (g) One (1) employee of the Administrative Office of the Courts appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Kentucky;
  - (h) Two (2) employees of the Attorney General's Office who shall be appointed by the Attorney General;
  - (i) One (1) Commonwealth's attorney who shall be appointed by the Attorney General;
  - (j) The commissioner of the Department of Education or a designee;

- (k) One (1) school counselor, school psychologist, or school social worker who shall be appointed by the commissioner of the Department of Education; and
- (l) One (1) former victim of a sexual offense or one (1) parent of a child sexual abuse victim who shall be appointed by the Attorney General.
- (3) Appointees shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority but shall not serve longer than four (4) years without reappointment.
- (4) The commission shall elect a chairperson annually from its membership.
  - Section 56. KRS 508.025 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A person is guilty of assault in the third degree when the actor:
  - (a) Recklessly, with a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument, or intentionally causes or attempts to cause physical injury to:
    - 1. A state, county, city, or federal peace officer;
    - 2. An employee of a detention facility, or state residential treatment facility or state secure facility for residential treatment which provides for the care, treatment, or detention of a juvenile charged with or adjudicated delinquent because of a public offense or as a youthful offender;
    - 3. An employee of the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services employed as a social worker to provide direct client services, if the event occurs while the worker is performing job related duties; or
    - 4. A probation and parole officer; or
  - (b) Being a person confined in a detention facility, or state residential treatment facility or state secure facility for residential treatment which provides for the care, treatment, or detention of a juvenile charged with or adjudicated delinquent because of a public offense or as a youthful offender, inflicts physical injury upon or throws or causes feces or urine to be thrown upon an employee of the facility.
- (2) Assault in the third degree is a Class D felony.
  - Section 57. KRS 600.020 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS Chapters 600 to 645, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Abused or neglected child" means a child whose health or welfare is harmed or threatened with harm when his parent, guardian, or other person exercising custodial control or supervision of the child:
  - (a) Inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon the child physical or emotional injury as defined inthis section by other than accidental means;
  - (b) Creates or allows to be created a risk of physical or emotional injury as defined in this section to the child by other than accidental means;
  - (c) Engages in a pattern of conduct that renders the parent incapable of caring for the immediate and ongoing needs of the child including, but not limited to, parental incapacity due to alcohol and other drug abuse as defined in KRS 222.005(12);

- (d) Continuously or repeatedly fails or refuses to provide essential parental care and protection for the child, considering the age of the child;
- (e) Commits or allows to be committed an act of sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or prostitution upon the child;
- (f) Creates or allows to be created a risk that an act of sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or prostitution will be committed upon the child;
- (g) Abandons or exploits the child; or
- (h) Does not provide the child with adequate care, supervision, food, clothing, shelter, and education or medical care necessary for the child's well-being. A parent or other person exercising custodial control or supervision of the child legitimately practicing the person's religious beliefs shall not be considered a negligent parent solely because of failure to provide specified medical treatment for a child for that reason alone. This exception shall not preclude a court from ordering necessary medical services for a child;
- (2) "Boarding home" means a privately owned and operated home for the boarding and lodging of individuals which is approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet for the placement of children committed to the department or the cabinet;
- (3) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Families and Children:
- (4) "Certified juvenile holding facility staff" means individuals who meet the qualifications of, and who have completed a course of education and training developed and approved by, the Department of Juvenile Justice after consultation with other appropriate state agencies;
- (5) "Child" means any person who has not reached his eighteenth birthday unless otherwise provided;
- (6) "Child-caring facility" means any facility or group home other than a state facility, Department of Juvenile Justice contract facility or group home, or one certified by an appropriate agency as operated primarily for educational or medical purposes, providing residential care on a twenty-four (24) hour basis to children not related by blood, adoption, or marriage to the person maintaining the facility;
- (7) "Child-placing agency" means any agency, other than a state agency, which supervises the placement of children in foster family homes or child-caring facilities or which places children for adoption;
- (8) "Clinical treatment facility" means a facility with more than eight (8) beds designated by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet for the treatment of mentally ill children. The treatment program of such facilities shall be supervised by a qualified mental health professional;
- (9) "Commitment" means an order of the court which places a child under the custodial control or supervision of the Cabinet for Families and Children, Department of Juvenile Justice, or another facility or agency until the child attains the age of eighteen (18) unless the commitment is discharged under KRS Chapter 605 or the committing court terminates or extends the order;
- (10) "Community-based facility" means any nonsecure, homelike facility licensed, operated, or permitted to operate by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet, which is located

- within a reasonable proximity of the child's family and home community, which affords the child the opportunity, if a Kentucky resident, to continue family and community contact;
- (11) "Complaint" means a verified statement setting forth allegations in regard to the child which contain sufficient facts for the formulation of a subsequent petition;
- (12) "Court" means the juvenile session of District Court unless a statute specifies the adult session of District Court or the Circuit Court;
- (13) "Court-designated worker" means that organization or individual delegated by the administrative office of the courts for the purposes of placing children in alternative placements prior to arraignment, conducting preliminary investigations, and formulating, entering into, and supervising diversion agreements and performing such other functions as authorized by law or court order;
- (14) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as it does in KRS 500.080;
- (15) "Department" means the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services;
- (16) "Dependent child" means any child, other than an abused or neglected child, who is under improper care, custody, control, or guardianship that is not due to an intentional act of the parent, guardian, or person exercising custodial control or supervision of the child;
- (17) "Detain" means, upon a valid court order, to confine a child pending further proceedings in an intermittent holding facility, a juvenile holding facility, a secure juvenile detention facility, or an alternative form of detention;
- (18) "Diversion agreement" means an agreement entered into between a court-designated worker and a child charged with the commission of offenses set forth in KRS Chapters 630 and 635, the purpose of which is to serve the best interest of the child and to provide redress for those offenses without court action and without the creation of a formal court record;
- (19) "Emergency shelter" is a group home, private residence, foster home, or similar homelike facility which provides temporary or emergency care of children and adequate staff and services consistent with the needs of each child;
- (20) "Emotional injury" means an injury to the mental or psychological capacity or emotional stability of a child as evidenced by a substantial and observable impairment in the child's ability to function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to his age, development, culture, and environment as testified to by a qualified mental health professional;
- (21)[ "Family service worker" means any employee of the cabinet or any private agency designated as such by the secretary of the cabinet or a social worker employed by a county or city who has been approved by the cabinet to provide, under its supervision, services to families and children;
- (22)]-"Firearm" shall have the same meaning as in KRS 237.060 and 527.010;
- (22)[(23)] "Foster family home" means a private home in which children are placed for foster family care under supervision of the cabinet or a licensed child-placing agency;
- (23)[(24)] "Habitual runaway" means any child who has been found by the court to have been absent from his place of lawful residence without the permission of his custodian for at least three (3) days during a one (1) year period;

- (24)[(25)]—"Habitual truant" means any child who has been found by the court to have been absent from school without valid excuse for three (3) or more days during a one (1) year period or tardy for three (3) or more days on at least three (3) occasions during a one (1) year period;
- (25)[(26)] "Hospital" means, except for purposes of KRS Chapter 645, a licensed private or public facility, health care facility, or part thereof, which is approved by the cabinet to treat children;
- (26)[(27)]—"Independent living" means those activities necessary to assist a committed child to establish independent living arrangements;
- (27)[(28)] "Informal adjustment" means an agreement reached among the parties, with consultation, but not the consent, of the victim of the crime or other persons specified in KRS 610.070 if the victim chooses not to or is unable to participate, after a petition has been filed, which is approved by the court, that the best interest of the child would be served without formal adjudication and disposition;
- (28)[(29)] "Intentionally" means, with respect to a result or to conduct described by a statute which defines an offense, that the actor's conscious objective is to cause that result or to engage in that conduct;
- (29)[(30)]—"Intermittent holding facility" means a physically secure setting, which is entirely separated from sight and sound from all other portions of a jail containing adult prisoners, in which children are supervised and observed on a regular basis;
- (30)[(31)]—"Juvenile holding facility" means a physically secure setting, approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice, which is an entirely separate facility or portion or wing of a building containing an adult jail, which provides total separation between juvenile and adult facility spatial areas and which is staffed by sufficient certified juvenile holding facility staff to provide twenty-four (24) hours per day supervision. Employees of jails who meet the qualifications of the Department of Juvenile Justice may supervise juvenile as well as adult prisoners;
- (31)[(32)] "Least restrictive alternative" means, except for purposes of KRS Chapter 645, that the program developed on the child's behalf is no more harsh, hazardous, or intrusive than necessary; or involves no restrictions on physical movements nor requirements for residential care except as reasonably necessary for the protection of the child from physical injury; and is conducted at the suitable available facility closest to the child's place of residence;
- (32)<del>[(33)]</del> "Motor vehicle offense" means any violation of the nonfelony provisions of KRS Chapters 186, 189 or 189A, KRS 177.300, 304.39-110, or 304.39-117;
- (33)[(34)] ""Near fatality" means an injury that, as certified by a physician, places a child in serious or critical condition;
- (34)[(35)] Needs of the child" means necessary food, clothing, health, shelter, and education.
- (35)[(36)]—"Nonsecure facility" means a facility which provides its residents access to the surrounding community and which does not rely primarily on the use of physically restricting construction and hardware to restrict freedom;
- (36)[(37)] "Parent" means the biological or adoptive mother or father of a child;
- (37)[(38)]-"Person exercising custodial control or supervision" means a person or agency that has assumed the role and responsibility of a parent or guardian for the child, but that does not necessarily have legal custody of the child;

- (38)[(39)]—"Petition" means a verified statement, setting forth allegations in regard to the child, which initiates formal court involvement in the child's case;
- (39)[(40)]—"Physical injury" means substantial physical pain or any impairment of physical condition;
- (40)[(41)]-"Public offense action" means an action, excluding contempt, brought in the interest of a child who is accused of committing an offense under KRS Chapter 527 or a public offense which, if committed by an adult, would be a crime, whether the same is a felony, misdemeanor, or violation, other than an action alleging that a child sixteen (16) years of age or older has committed a motor vehicle offense;

## (41)<del>[(42)]</del> "Qualified mental health professional" means:

- (a) A physician licensed under the laws of Kentucky to practice medicine or osteopathy, or a medical officer of the government of the United States while engaged in the performance of official duties;
- (b) A psychiatrist licensed under the laws of Kentucky to practice medicine or osteopathy, or a medical officer of the government of the United States while engaged in the practice of official duties, and who is certified or eligible to apply for certification by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc.;
- (c) A licensed psychologist at the doctoral level or certified at the master's level under the provisions of KRS Chapter 319 who has been designated by the Kentucky Board of Examiners of Psychology as competent to make examinations under KRS Chapters 600 to 645;
- (d) A licensed registered nurse with a master's degree in psychiatric nursing from an accredited institution and two (2) years of clinical experience with mentally ill persons, or a licensed registered nurse with a bachelor's degree in nursing from an accredited institution who is certified as a psychiatric and mental health nurse by the American Nurses Association and who has three (3) years of inpatient or outpatient clinical experience in psychiatric nursing and who is currently employed by a hospital or forensic psychiatric facility licensed by the Commonwealth or a psychiatric unit of a general hospital or a regional comprehensive care center; or
- (e) A licensed clinical social worker licensed under the provisions of KRS 335.100, or a certified social worker licensed under the provisions of KRS 335.080 with three (3) years of inpatient or outpatient clinical experience in psychiatric social work and currently employed by a hospital or forensic psychiatric facility licensed by the Commonwealth or a psychiatric unit of a general hospital or a regional comprehensive care center;
- (42)[(43)]-"Residential treatment facility" means a facility or group home with more than eight (8) beds designated by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet for the treatment of children;
- (43)[(44)]—"Retain in custody" means, after a child has been taken into custody, the continued holding of the child by a peace officer for a period of time not to exceed twelve (12) hours when authorized by the court or the court-designated worker for the purpose of making preliminary inquiries;

- (44)[(45)]—"School personnel" means those certified persons under the supervision of the local public or private education agency;
- (45)[(46)] "Secretary" means the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children;
- (46)[(47)] "Secure juvenile detention facility" means any facility used for the secure detention of children other than a jail, police station, lockup, intermittent holding facility, or any building which is a part of, or attached to, any facility in which adult prisoners are confined or which shares staff with a facility in which adult prisoners are confined;
- (47)[(48)]—"Secure facility for residential treatment" means any setting which assures that all entrances and exits are under the exclusive control of the facility staff, and in which a child may reside for the purpose of receiving treatment;
- (48)[(49)] "Serious physical injury" means physical injury which creates a substantial risk of death or which causes serious and prolonged disfigurement, prolonged impairment of health, or prolonged loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ;
- (49)[(50)] "Sexual abuse" includes, but is not necessarily limited to, any contacts or interactions in which the parent, guardian, or other person having custodial control or supervision of the child or responsibility for his welfare, uses or allows, permits, or encourages the use of the child for the purposes of the sexual stimulation of the perpetrator or another person;
- (50)[(51)]—"Sexual exploitation" includes, but is not limited to, a situation in which a parent, guardian, or other person having custodial control or supervision of a child or responsible for his welfare, allows, permits, or encourages the child to engage in an act which constitutes prostitution under Kentucky law; or a parent, guardian, or other person having custodial control or supervision of a child or responsible for his welfare, allows, permits, or encourages the child to engage in an act of obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child as provided for under Kentucky law;
- (51)[(52)]-"Social service worker" means any employee of the cabinet or any private agency designated as such by the secretary of the cabinet or a social worker employed by a county or city who has been approved by the cabinet to provide, under its supervision, services to families and children;
- (52) "Status offense action" is any action brought in the interest of a child who is accused of committing acts, which if committed by an adult, would not be a crime. Such behavior shall not be considered criminal or delinquent and such children shall be termed status offenders. Status offenses shall not include violations of state or local ordinances which may apply to children such as a violation of curfew or possession of alcoholic beverages;
- (53) "Take into custody" means the procedure by which a peace officer or other authorized person initially assumes custody of a child. A child may be taken into custody for a period of time not to exceed two (2) hours;
- (54) "Violation" means any offense, other than a traffic infraction, for which a sentence of a fine only can be imposed;
- (55) "Youth alternative center" means a nonsecure facility, approved by the Department of Juvenile Justice, for the detention of juveniles, both prior to adjudication and after adjudication, which meets the criteria specified in KRS 610.267 and the administrative regulations promulgated thereunder; and

- (56) "Youthful offender" means any person regardless of age, transferred to Circuit Court under the provisions of KRS Chapter 635 or 640 and who is subsequently convicted in Circuit Court. Section 58. KRS 605.110 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless provided otherwise, when any child committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet requires medical or surgical care or treatment, the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet may provide the same or arrange for the furnishing thereof by other public or private agencies, and may give consent to the medical or surgical treatment. For this purpose, the services and facilities of local health officers and departments shall be made available, at a cost not to exceed the Medicaid reimbursement rate, to the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet, and as far as practicable, any publicly-owned hospital shall provide hospitalization without charge for any such child who is a resident of the political subdivision by which the hospital is owned or operated. This section does not authorize nor shall permission be granted for abortion or sterilization.
- (2) Any child placed in a foster home by an agency duly authorized in KRS Chapter 620 to place a child in a foster home shall receive a complete medical, visual, and dental examination by a professional authorized by the Kentucky Revised Statutes to conduct such examinations. Arrangements for a child placed in a foster home to receive such examinations shall be made within two (2) weeks of his placement in a foster home and not less than every twelve (12) months thereafter.
- (3) Children maintained in any of the facilities and programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet shall, so far as possible, receive a common school education.
  - The Kentucky Educational Collaborative for State Agency Children shall be established to serve children in facilities and programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Cabinet for Families and Children, residential, day treatment, clinical, and group home programs. All policies and procedures necessary to educate state agency children shall be approved by the Kentucky Board of Education. All duties, responsibilities, rights, and privileges specifically imposed on or granted to the local education administration units shall be imposed on or granted to the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Cabinet for Families and Children and contracted agencies with regard to educating agency children. Classrooms for the Kentucky Educational Collaborative for State Agency Children shall be within or near the facilities and programs operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet. The Kentucky Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Cabinet for Families and Children, Department for Community Based [Social] Services, shall develop a biennial plan regarding the educational needs and provisions of educational programs, with emphasis on the coordination of all treatment services and funds available to provide for the education of state agency children. The biennial plan shall include strategies to assure that teacher preparation programs include content related to working with state agency children and that adequate professional development opportunities for better meeting the needs of these students are available for teachers and schools.
  - (b) Teachers and other staff shall be hired on contract through a local school district or if the local school district is not willing to participate, teachers shall be hired by the

- Kentucky Educational Cooperative for State Agency Children. All certified educational staff of the Kentucky Educational Cooperative for State Agency Children shall be members of the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System.
- (c) Beginning July 1, 1993, the Kentucky Education Collaborative for State Agency Children shall be financed through:
  - 1. The amount generated by state agency children under the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky program as provided in KRS 157.360 for the guaranteed base and adjustments for the number of at-risk students, exceptional students, and transportation costs;
  - 2. A per-pupil distribution of professional development funds with the collaborative serving as a consortium for state agency children;
  - 3. A per-pupil distribution of technology funds in accordance with the state education technology plan pursuant to KRS 156.670 and the formula for the distribution of funds to local school districts;
  - 4. A per-pupil distribution of textbook funds pursuant to KRS 157.100 and 157.190;
  - 5. The funding for school services for state agency children authorized by KRS 158.135; and
  - 6. Other grants and entitlements, including federal funds, identified in the implementation plan developed pursuant to paragraph (f) of this subsection for the education of Kentucky's children.
- (d) The commissioner of Juvenile Justice and the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children shall promulgate administrative regulations, pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A, with the assistance of the Kentucky Department of Education and upon recommendation of the Kentucky Board of Education regarding the governance, curriculum, and other topics necessary to educate state agency children. The regulations shall:
  - 1. Provide for the development and implementation of interagency agreements that:
    - a. Define the financial responsibility of each state and local agency for providing services to state agency children;
    - b. Establish procedures for resolving interagency disputes among agencies that are parties to the agreements; and
  - 2. Provide procedures for the implementation of the Kentucky statutes regarding school-based decision making, student outcomes, accountability, assessment, rewards and sanctions, technology, staff development, salaries, and the development of coordinated individual treatment, education, and transition plans to ensure compliance with present education and treatment laws and regulations specific to the needs of children in the programs of the Cabinet for Families and Children.
- (e) When the placement of a state agency child is changed so that the state agency child must transfer from one school or educational facility to a different school or educational facility, the school or educational facility that the state agency child is leaving shall, within two (2) days of the state agency child leaving, prepare an educational passport for the child, which shall be delivered to the cabinet or the Department of Juvenile

- Justice. The cabinet or the Department of Juvenile Justice shall, within two (2) days of enrolling a state agency child in a new school or educational facility, present the educational passport to the receiving school or educational facility.
- (f) The commissioner of Juvenile Justice and the secretary of the Cabinet for Families and Children and the commissioner of the state Department of Education shall initiate development of a plan for implementation of the Kentucky Educational Collaborative for State Agency Children.

Section 59. KRS 620.270 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to the provisions of KRS 620.230, the local citizen foster care review board shall review the case of each child placed in the custody of the cabinet by an order of temporary custody or commitment by the court in the county or counties which the local board serves. The review shall occur at least once every six (6) months until the child is no longer in the custody of the cabinet or until an adoption proceeding becomes final.
- (2) During each six (6) month review, the local citizen foster care review board shall review:
  - (a) The past, current, and future status of the child and his placement as shown through the case permanency plan, case record, case progress reports submitted by the cabinet, and other information as the board may require;
  - (b) The efforts or adjustment the parent has made in his circumstances, conduct, or conditions to make it in the child's best interest to return him to his home within a reasonable period of time considering the age of the child;
  - (c) The efforts of the cabinet to locate and provide services to the biological parents of the child;
  - (d) The efforts of the cabinet and other agencies to facilitate the return of the child to the home or to find an alternative permanent placement if reunion with the parent or previous custodian is not feasible. The cabinet shall report to the board all factors which either favor or mitigate against any decision or alternative with regard to these matters; and
  - (e) Any problems, solutions, or alternatives which may be capable of exploration, or other matters with regard to the child as the cabinet or the board determine to be explored with regard to the best interests of the state or of the child.
- (3) Upon completion of a training curriculum developed and provided jointly by the Administrative Office of the Courts and by the Department for *Community Based*[Social] Services and approved by the state review board in regard to child sexual abuse, the local citizen foster care review board may review, at the discretion of the board, a sample of all petitions filed in the District Court of the county served by the board alleging sexual abuse of any child, not to exceed two hundred (200) petitions per year statewide, in order to determine the adequacy of the investigation, and the appropriateness of findings, adjudication, and disposition of the court. The board shall have access to all records of the cabinet, medical professionals, and law enforcement agencies pertaining to these cases. The board shall provide the cabinet and the court a full report of the findings and recommendations concerning the review.

Section 60. KRS 199.801 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The department shall establish a procedure throughout the state that is designed to determine and expedite the placement of children who are in the custody of the department. The procedure shall utilize a statewide placement coordinator and district placement coordinators who may be state employees or employees of a contracted entity, and who shall be assigned and located in each of the department's districts.
- (2) Upon determining that a child shall be removed from the current living arrangement, the *social service*[family services] worker with responsibility for the child shall contact the district placement coordinator to facilitate the placement. In consultation with the *social service*[family services] worker, the district placement coordinator shall determine the appropriate type of placement according to the child's circumstances and needs and shall attempt to locate the appropriate placement within the child's home county.
- (3) The living arrangement and placement selected for the child shall be the type of facility that is determined to be the best alternative for the child that is in the closest proximity to the child's home county.
- (4) If the type of placement that best suits the child's needs is not available in the child's home county, the district placement coordinator shall document the circumstance as an unmet need and may seek a placement in another county located within the home district of the child.
- (5) If the type of placement that best suits the child's needs is not available in the child's home district, the district placement coordinator shall document the circumstance as an unmet need and may seek a placement in surrounding districts by contacting the statewide placement coordinator.
- (6) If the type of placement that best suits the child's needs is not available in the districts surrounding the child's home district, the district placement coordinator shall document the circumstance as an unmet need and may seek a placement in any district within the state by contacting the statewide placement coordinator.
- (7) If the type of placement that best suits the child's needs is not available within the state, the statewide placement coordinator shall contact the commissioner of the department or the commissioner's designee to explore placement options.
- (8) The statewide placement coordinator and every district placement coordinator shall compile information that identifies the unmet needs for their jurisdiction, and shall submit the data and recommendations for meeting the unmet needs to the commissioner of the department.
- (9) The commissioner shall develop a state placement resource plan that identifies areas of unmet need and strategies to meet the need. The plan shall be used to guide and, if necessary, restrict the development of new facilities, the expansion of existing facilities, and the geographic location of placement alternatives.
- (10) The commissioner and the statewide planning coordinator shall assist the Statewide Strategic Planning Committee for Children in Placement, created in KRS 194B.102, in the development of a statewide facilities services plan.
  - Section 61. KRS 211.684 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of KRS Chapter 211:
  - (a) "Child fatality" means the death of a person under the age of eighteen (18) years; and

- (b) "Local child fatality response team" and "local team" means a community team composed of representatives of agencies, offices, and institutions that investigate child deaths, including but not limited to, coroners, *social*[family] service workers, medical professionals, law enforcement officials, and Commonwealth's and county attorneys.
- (2) The Department for Public Health may establish a state child fatality review team. The state team may include representatives of public health, social services, law enforcement, prosecution, coroners, health-care providers, and other agencies or professions deemed appropriate by the commissioner of the department.
- (3) If a state team is created, the duties of the state team may include the following:
  - (a) Develop and distribute a model protocol for local child fatality response teams for the investigation of child fatalities;
  - (b) Facilitate the development of local child fatality response teams which may include, but is not limited to, providing joint training opportunities and, upon request, providing technical assistance:
  - (c) Review and approve local protocols prepared and submitted by local teams;
  - (d) Receive data and information on child fatalities and analyze the information to identify trends, patterns, and risk factors;
  - (e) Evaluate the effectiveness of prevention and intervention strategies adopted; and
  - (f) Recommend changes in state programs, legislation, administrative regulations, policies, budgets, and treatment and service standards which may facilitate strategies for prevention and reduce the number of child fatalities.
- (4) The department shall prepare an annual report to be submitted no later than November 1 of each year to the Governor, the Legislative Research Commission, the Chief Justice of the Kentucky Supreme Court, and to be made available to the citizens of the Commonwealth. The report shall include a statistical analysis of the incidence and causes of child fatalities in the Commonwealth during the past fiscal year and recommendations for action. The report shall not include any information which would identify specific child fatality cases.
  - Section 62. KRS 605.090 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless precluded by law, any child committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet may by the decision of the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet or its designee, at any time during the period of his commitment, be:
  - (a) Upon fourteen (14) days' prior written notice to the court, discharged from commitment. Written notice of discharge shall be given to the committing court and to any other parties as may be required by law;
  - (b) Placed in the home of the child's parents, in the home of a relative, a suitable foster home, or boarding home, upon such conditions as the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet may prescribe and subject to visitation and supervision by a *social*[family] service worker or juvenile probation and parole officer. At the time a committed child is placed in the home of his parents by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet, the parents shall be informed in writing of the conditions of the placement and the criteria that will be used to determine whether removal is necessary;

- (c) Placed in one (1) of the facilities or programs operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet, except that: No child committed under the provisions of KRS 610.010(1)(b), (c), or (d) shall be placed in a facility operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice for children adjudicated as a public offender unless the cabinet and the department agree, and the court consents, that the placement is in the best interest of the child and that the placement does not exceed a group home level;
- (d) Placed in a child-caring facility operated by a local governmental unit or by a private organization willing to receive the child, upon such conditions as the cabinet may prescribe;
- (e) Treated as provided in KRS Chapter 645;
- (f) Following the transfer or placement of a child pursuant to paragraphs (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this subsection, the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet shall, within fourteen (14) days, excluding weekends and holidays, give written notice to the court of the transfer, the placement, and the reasons therefor.
- (2) No child ten (10) years of age or under shall be placed in a facility operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice for children adjudicated as public offenders;
- (3) If a child committed to the cabinet as dependent, neglected, or abused is placed in the home of the child's parents, the child shall not be removed except in accordance with the following standards and procedures:
  - (a) If the *social*[family] service worker believes that the committed child continues to be dependent, neglected, or abused, but immediate removal is unnecessary to protect the child from imminent death or serious physical injury, the casework situation and evidence shall be reviewed with his supervisor to determine whether to continue work with the family intact or to remove the child. There shall be documentation that the *social*[family] service worker, prior to the court hearing, made an effort to contact the parents to inform them of the specific problems that could lead to removal so they have an opportunity to take corrective action. If the parents are unavailable or do not respond to attempts to communicate, the specific circumstances shall be documented;
  - (b) If it appears that the child's health or welfare or physical, mental, or emotional condition is subjected to or threatened with real and substantial harm and there is not reasonably available an alternative less drastic than removal of the child from the home, the cabinet shall petition the District Court to review the commitment pursuant to KRS 610.120 in relation to the cabinet's intention to remove the child from the parent's home. The petition shall set forth the facts which constitute the need for removal of the child. The court shall serve notice of the petition and the time and place of the hearing on the parents; however, the *social*[family] service worker shall also contact the parents to ensure that they received the notice and are aware of the right to be represented by counsel. If the parents' whereabouts are unknown, notice may be mailed to the last known address of an adult who is a near relative. If the court fails to find that the child's health or welfare or physical, mental, or emotional condition is subjected to or threatened with real and substantial harm, or recommends a less drastic alternative that is reasonably available, the child shall not be removed from the parents' home;
  - (c) If a *social*[family] service worker finds a committed, unattended child who is too young to take care of himself, the *social*[family] service worker shall make reasonable efforts

- to arrange for an emergency caretaker in the child's home until the parents return or fail to return within a reasonable time. If no in-home caretaker is available for the child, the *social*[family] service worker shall request any appropriate law enforcement officer to take the child into protective custody. If, after a reasonable time, it appears the child has been abandoned, the cabinet shall petition the District Court to review the case; or
- (d) If there exist reasonable grounds to believe that the child is in danger of imminent death or serious physical injury or is being sexually abused and that the parents are unable or unwilling to protect the child, the *social*[family] service worker shall, with the assistance of a law enforcement officer, immediately remove the child prior to filing a petition for review. Within seventy-two (72) hours after the removal, the cabinet shall file a petition for review in District Court pursuant to KRS 610.120 with a request for an expeditious hearing. If the court fails to find that the child's health or welfare or physical, mental, or emotional condition is subjected to or threatened with real and substantial harm, or recommends a less drastic alternative that is reasonably available, the child shall be returned to the parents' home.
- (4) The cabinet or the Department of Juvenile Justice, as appropriate, shall notify the juvenile court of the county of placement with the conditions of supervised placement of each child placed in that county from one (1) of the residential treatment facilities operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet. Notice of the conditions of such placement may be made available by the court to any law enforcement agency.
- (5) The person in charge of any home to which a child is probated, and the governing authority of any private facility or agency to which a child is committed, shall make such reports to the court as the court may require, and such reports as the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet may require in the performance of its functions under the law. The Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet shall have the power to make such visitations and inspections of the homes, facilities, and agencies in which children who have committed public offenses have been placed as it deems necessary to carry out its functions under the law.
- (6) The Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet shall provide a written transfer summary to the person in charge of any foster home or any governing authority of any private facility or agency in which the Department of Juvenile Justice or the cabinet has placed a child. The written summary shall include, at a minimum, demographic information about the child, a narrative statement detailing the child's prior placements, the length of time the child has been committed, a description of the services and assistance provided to the child or the child's family since the most current case plan, a copy of the current case plan for the child and the child's family, and a copy of the child's medical and educational passport, if available, provided that no information shall be provided that violates any statutory confidentiality requirements. The transfer summary shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice if it is responsible for the child, or the cabinet if it is responsible for the child, within seven (7) days of the placement of the child with the person, agency, or facility providing care to the child.
- (7) The Department of Juvenile Justice may assist the courts in placing children who have committed public offenses in boarding homes, and, under agreements with the individual courts, may assume responsibility for making such placements. Counties may pay or contribute towards the expenses of maintaining such children and, to the extent authorized

by the fiscal court, the Department of Juvenile Justice may incur obligations chargeable to the county for such expenses.

Section 63. KRS 620.040 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Upon receipt of a report alleging abuse or neglect by a parent, guardian, or person exercising custodial control or supervision, pursuant to KRS 620.030(1) or (2), the recipient of the report shall forthwith notify the cabinet or its designated representative, the local law enforcement agency or Kentucky State Police, and the Commonwealth's or county attorney of the receipt of the report unless they are the reporting source. The cabinet shall investigate the matter immediately and within seventy-two (72) hours, exclusive of weekends and holidays, make a written report to the Commonwealth's or county attorney and the local enforcement agency or Kentucky State Police concerning the action which has been taken on the matter. If the report alleges abuse or neglect by someone other than a parent, guardian, or person exercising custodial control or supervision, the cabinet shall forthwith notify the Commonwealth's or county attorney and the local law enforcement agency or Kentucky State Police.
- (2) Upon receipt of a report alleging dependency pursuant to KRS 620.030(1) and (2), the recipient shall forthwith notify the cabinet or its designated representative. The cabinet shall investigate reports of alleged dependency not later than forty-eight (48) hours after receipt of the report but need not notify the local law enforcement agency or Kentucky State Police or county attorney or Commonwealth's attorney of such reports. If the cabinet or its designated representative receives a report of abuse by other than a parent, guardian, or other person exercising custodial control or supervision of a child, it shall forthwith notify the local law enforcement agency or Kentucky State Police and the Commonwealth's or county attorney of the receipt of the report and its contents and they shall investigate the matter. The cabinet or its designated representative may participate in an investigation of noncustodial abuse at the request of the local law enforcement agency or the Kentucky State Police.
- (3) School personnel or other persons listed in KRS 620.030(2) do not have the authority to conduct internal investigations in lieu of the official investigations outlined in this section.
- (4) (a) If, after receiving the report, the law enforcement officer, the cabinet, or its designated representative cannot gain admission to the location of the child, a search warrant shall be issued by the judge to the appropriate law enforcement official upon probable cause that the child is dependent, neglected, or abused. If, pursuant to a search under a warrant a child is discovered and appears to be in imminent danger, the child may be removed by the law enforcement officer.
  - (b) If a child who is in a hospital or under the immediate care of a physician appears to be in imminent danger if he is returned to the persons having custody of him, the physician or hospital administrator may hold the child without court order, provided that a request is made to the court for an emergency custody order at the earliest practicable time, not to exceed seventy-two (72) hours.
  - (c) Any appropriate law enforcement officer may take a child into protective custody and may hold that child in protective custody without the consent of the parent or other person exercising custodial control or supervision if there exist reasonable grounds for the officer to believe that the child is in danger of imminent death or serious physical injury or is being sexually abused and that the parents or other person exercising custodial control or supervision are unable or unwilling to protect the child. The officer

- or the person to whom the officer entrusts the child shall, within twelve (12) hours of taking the child into protective custody, request the court to issue an emergency custody order.
- (d) When a law enforcement officer, hospital administrator, or physician takes a child into custody without the consent of the parent or other person exercising custodial control or supervision, he shall provide written notice to the parent or other person stating the reasons for removal of the child. Failure of the parent or other person to receive notice shall not, by itself, be cause for civil or criminal liability.
- (5) (a) One (1) or more multidisciplinary teams may be established in every county or group of contiguous counties.
  - (b) Membership of the multidisciplinary team shall include, but is not limited to, social[family] service workers employed by the Cabinet for Families and Children and law enforcement officers. Additional team members may include Commonwealth's and county attorneys, mental health professionals, medical professionals, victim advocates, educators, and other related professionals, as deemed appropriate.
  - (c) The multidisciplinary team may review child sexual abuse cases referred by participating professionals, including those in which the alleged perpetrator does not have custodial control or supervision of the child, or is not responsible for the child's welfare. The purpose of the multidisciplinary team shall be to review investigations, assess service delivery, and to facilitate efficient and appropriate disposition of cases through the criminal justice system.
  - (d) The team shall hold regularly scheduled meetings if new reports of sexual abuse are received or if active cases exist. At each meeting, each active case shall be presented and the agencies' responses assessed.
  - (e) The multidisciplinary team shall provide an annual report to the public of nonidentifying case information to allow assessment of the processing and disposition of child sexual abuse cases.
  - (f) Multidisciplinary team members, and anyone invited by the multidisciplinary team to participate in a meeting, shall not divulge case information, including information regarding the identity of the victim or source of the report. Team members, and others attending meetings, shall sign a confidentiality statement that is consistent with statutory prohibitions on disclosure of this information.
  - (g) The multidisciplinary team shall, pursuant to KRS 431.600 and 431.660, develop a local protocol consistent with the model protocol issued by the Kentucky Multidisciplinary Commission on Child Sexual Abuse. The local team shall submit the protocol to the commission for review and approval.
  - (h) The multidisciplinary team review of a case may include information from reports generated by agencies, organizations, or individuals that are responsible for investigation, prosecution, or treatment in the case, KRS 610.320 to KRS 610.340 notwithstanding.

Section 64. To the extent the following executive orders are not otherwise confirmed or superseded by this Act, the General Assembly hereby confirms these executive orders relating to the reorganization of the Cabinet for Families and Children:

- (1) Executive Order 98-731, dated June 16, 1998, relating to the internal structure of the Cabinet for Families and Children. In that executive order, the Department for Community Based Services is established and the Department for Social Services and the Department for Social Insurance are abolished; the Office of Performance Enhancement is established; the Division of Operations and Resource Management in the Office of Program Support is abolished and is replaced by the Division of Personnel, which is created within the Office of Program Support; the Division of Technical Support and the Division of Systems Support are created within the Office of Technology Services; the Division of Outcome Based Contracts and the Division of Quality Development are created within the Office of Performance Enhancement; the Divisions of Policy Development, Protection and Permanency, Family Support, Child Care, Child Support, Disability Determinations
  - Services, and Service Regions are all established within the Department for Community Based Services; the Divisions of Management and Development, Field Services, Administrative Review, Child Support Enforcement, and Disabilities Determinations are all abolished from the Department for Social Insurance; the Divisions of Program Management and Family Services are abolished from the Department for Social Services.
- (2) Executive Order 99-203, dated February 11, 1999, relating to the internal structure of the Cabinet for Families and Children. In that executive order, the Division for Disability Determinations Services within the Department for Community Based Services in the Cabinet for Families and Children is abolished and the Department for Disability Determination Services is established.
- (3) Executive Order 99-1200, dated August 30, 1999, relating to the internal structure of the Cabinet for Families and Children. That executive order appoints the commissioner for Community Based Services, or the commissioner's designee, and the commissioner of the Department for Juvenile Justice, or the commissioner's designee, as permanent members of the State Interagency Council for Services to Children with emotional disabilities.
- Executive Order 99-255, dated March 1, 1999, relating to the internal structure of the Cabinet for Families and Children. That executive order transfers the staff and appropriations for the Case Inquiry and Response functions in the Office of the Ombudsman to the Department for Community Based Services, Division of Family Support; transfers the administrative hearings function and its staff from the Department for Community Based Services, Division of Family Support, to the Office of Performance Enhancement, Division of Quality Development; transfers the maintenance of the L&N Building in Jefferson County from the Office of Program Support to the Department for Community Based Services; transfers the implementation function of the Empower Transportation Initiative from the Office of Technology Services to the Department for Community Based Services; transfers the maintenance and requests of state exchange funds from the United States Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, and the mediation and liaison between family support staff and quality control from the Office of Performance Enhancement to the Department for Community Based Services; transfers the special projects, policy and legislative coordination, and leasing and design functions from the Department for Community Based Services to the Office of Program Support; transfers systems support from the Department for Community Based Services to the Office of Technology Services; transfers the legal secretarial support from the Department for Community Based Services to the Office of the General Counsel; transfers the functions of the federal compliance monitoring and the training for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, food stamp, and

medical assistance programs from the Department for Community Based Services to the Office of Performance Enhancement.

Section 65. It is the intention of the General Assembly that any separate legislation that is enacted to confirm Executive Order 99-80, relating to the transfer of the Office of Aging Services from the Cabinet for Families and Children to the Cabinet for Health Services along with all related programs and services, shall be given effect, and the Reviser of Statutes is directed to take action to implement both acts in order to give effect to both. The Reviser of Statutes is authorized to consult with and receive the advice of the secretaries of the Cabinet for Families and Children and the Cabinet for Health Services, or their designees, as may be necessary to accomplish this objective.

**Approved February 15, 2000**