CHAPTER 324

(HB 715)

AN ACT relating to taxation.

WHEREAS, foreign trade zones are secure areas under the supervision of the United States Customs Service that are considered outside the Customs territory of the United States upon activation of all or any portion of a zone or zone site under United States Customs Service regulations, 19 C.F.R. Part 146; and

WHEREAS, the nature, use, and utility of property located in an activated area of a foreign trade zone or zone site is different from other commercial property that is not involved in international trade and does not have to comply with the regulations of the Foreign Trade Zones Board and the United States Customs Service; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary to clarify the General Assembly's original intention that the state tax rate and local exemption from tangible personal property tax is limited to tangible personal property that is located within the boundaries of an activated area within a foreign trade zone or zone site;

NOW, THEREFORE,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

Section 1. KRS 132.020 is amended to read as follows:

(1) An annual ad valorem tax for state purposes of thirty-one and one-half cents ($0.315) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all real property directed to be assessed for taxation, and one and one-half cents ($0.015) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all privately-owned leasehold interests in industrial buildings, as defined under KRS 103.200, owned and financed by a tax-exempt governmental unit, or tax-exempt statutory authority under the provisions of KRS Chapter 103 directed to be assessed for taxation, except that the rate shall not apply to the proportion of value of the leasehold interest created through any private financing, and one and one-half cents ($0.015) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all tobacco directed to be assessed for taxation, and twenty-five cents ($0.25) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all money in hand, notes, bonds, accounts, and other credits, whether secured by mortgage, pledge, or otherwise, or unsecured, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, and one and one-half cents ($0.015) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of unmanufactured agricultural products, one-tenth of one cent ($0.001) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all farm implements and farm machinery owned by or leased to a person actually engaged in farming and used in his farm operations, one-tenth of one cent ($0.001) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all livestock and domestic fowl, one-tenth of one cent ($0.001) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all tangible personal property located in a foreign trade zone established pursuant to 19 U.S.C. sec. 81, provided that the zone is activated in accordance with the regulations of the United States Customs Service and the Foreign Trade Zones Board, fifteen cents ($0.15) upon machinery actually engaged in manufacturing, fifteen cents ($0.15) upon commercial radio, television, and telephonic equipment directly used or associated with electronic equipment which broadcasts electronic signals to an antenna, fifteen cents ($0.15) upon property which has been certified as a pollution control facility as defined in KRS 224.01-300, one-tenth of one cent ($0.001) upon property which has been certified as an
alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910, or as a fluidized bed energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390, twenty-five cents ($0.25) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of motor vehicles qualifying for permanent registration as historic motor vehicles under the provisions of KRS 186.043, and forty-five cents ($0.45) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value of all other property directed to be assessed for taxation shall be paid by the owner or person assessed, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section and KRS 132.030, 132.050, 132.200, 136.300, 136.320, and other sections providing a different tax rate for particular property.

(2) (a) An annual ad valorem tax for state purposes of one and one-half cents ($0.015) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value shall be paid upon the following classes of intangible personal properties, when the intangible personal properties have not acquired a taxable situs without this state:

1. Accounts receivable, notes, bonds, credits, and any other intangible property rights arising out of or created in the course of regular and continuing business transactions substantially performed outside this state;
2. Patents, trademarks, copyrights, and licensing or royalty agreements relating to these;
3. Notes, bonds, accounts receivable, and all other intercompany intangible personal property due from any affiliated company; and
4. Tobacco base allotments.

(b) An annual ad valorem tax for state purposes of one-thousandth of one percent (0.001%) shall be paid upon money in hand, notes, bonds, accounts, credits, and other intangible assets, whether by mortgage, pledge, or otherwise, or unsecured, of financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500.

(3) "Affiliated company" shall mean a parent corporation or subsidiary corporation, and any corporation principally engaged in business outside the United States in which the owner or the person assessed directly or indirectly owns or controls not less than ten percent (10%) of the outstanding voting stock.

(4) With respect to the intangible properties taxed pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, no other ad valorem tax shall be levied by the state or any county, city, school, or other taxing district on the intangible properties, or directly or indirectly against the owner.

(5) Thirty cents ($0.30) of the thirty-one and one-half cents ($0.315) state tax rate on real property and thirty cents ($0.30) of the forty-five cents ($0.45) state tax on tangible personalty subject to local taxation shall be considered as local school district tax levies for purposes of computing any direct payments of state or federal funds to said districts as replacement for ad valorem taxes lost on property acquired by a governmental agency. Should the equivalency ever be less than thirty cents ($0.30), as certified by the Department of Education, the direct payments shall be reduced proportionately.

(6) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section notwithstanding, the state tax rate on real property shall be reduced to compensate for any increase in the aggregate assessed value of real property to the extent that the increase exceeds the preceding year's assessment by more than four percent (4%). In any year in which the aggregate assessed value of real property is less than the preceding year, the state rate shall be increased to the extent necessary to
produce the approximate amount of revenue that was produced in the preceding year from real property.

(7) By July 1 each year, the cabinet shall compute the state tax rate applicable to real property for the current year in accordance with the provisions of subsection (5) of this section and certify the rate to the county clerks for their use in preparing the tax bills. If the assessments for all counties have not been certified by July 1, the cabinet shall, when either real property assessments of at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the total number of counties of the Commonwealth have been determined to be acceptable by the cabinet, or when the number of counties having at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the total real property assessment for the previous year have been determined to be acceptable by the cabinet, make an estimate of the real property assessments of the uncertified counties and compute the state tax rate.

(8) If the tax rate set by the cabinet as provided in subsection (6) of this section produces more than a four percent (4%) increase in real property tax revenues, the rate shall be adjusted in the succeeding year so that the cumulative total of each year's property tax revenue increase shall not exceed four percent (4%) per year.

(9) The provisions of subsection (6) of this section notwithstanding, the assessed value of unmined coal certified by the cabinet after July 1, 1994, shall not be included with the assessed value of other real property in determining the state real property tax rate. All omitted unmined coal assessments made after July 1, 1994, shall also be excluded from the provisions of subsection (6) of this section. The calculated rate shall, however, be applied to unmined coal property, and the state revenue shall be devoted to the program described in KRS 146.550 to 146.570, except that four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) of the state revenue shall be paid annually to the State Treasury and credited to the Kentucky Coal Council for the purpose of public education of coal-related issues.

(10) Effective on or after January 1, 1990, an ad valorem tax for state purposes of five cents ($0.05) upon each one hundred dollars ($100) of value shall be paid upon goods held for sale in the regular course of business, which, on or after January 1, 1999, includes machinery and equipment held in a retailer's inventory for sale or lease originating under a floor plan financing arrangement; and raw materials, which includes distilled spirits and distilled spirits inventory, and in-process materials, which includes distilled spirits and distilled spirits inventory, held for incorporation in finished goods held for sale in the regular course of business.

(11) An ad valorem tax for state purposes of ten cents ($0.10) per one hundred dollars ($100) of assessed value shall be paid on the operating property of railroads or railway companies that operate solely within the Commonwealth.

(12) An ad valorem tax for state purposes of one and one-half cents ($0.015) per one hundred dollars ($100) of assessed value shall be paid on aircraft not used in the business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire.

(13) An ad valorem tax for state purposes of one and one-half cents ($0.015) per one hundred dollars ($100) of assessed value shall be paid on federally documented vessels not used in the business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire, or for other commercial purposes.

Section 2.  KRS 132.200 is amended to read as follows:
All property subject to taxation for state purposes shall also be subject to taxation in the county, city, school, or other taxing district in which it has a taxable situs, except the classes of property described in KRS 132.030 and 132.050, and the following classes of property, which shall be subject to taxation for state purposes only:

1. Farm implements and farm machinery owned by or leased to a person actually engaged in farming and used in his farm operation;
2. Livestock, ratite birds, and domestic fowl;
3. Capital stock of savings and loan associations;
4. Machinery actually engaged in manufacturing, products in the course of manufacture, and raw material actually on hand at the plant for the purpose of manufacture. The printing, publication, and distribution of a newspaper or operating a job printing plant shall be deemed to be manufacturing;
5. Commercial radio, television, and telephonic equipment directly used or associated with electronic equipment which broadcasts electronic signals to an antenna; however, radio or television towers not essential to the production of the wave or signal broadcast shall not be included;
6. Unmanufactured agricultural products. They shall be exempt from taxation for state purposes to the extent of the value, or amount, of any unpaid nonrecourse loans thereon granted by the United States government or any agency thereof, and except that cities and counties may each impose an ad valorem tax of not exceeding one and one-half cents ($0.015) on each one hundred dollars ($100) of the fair cash value of all unmanufactured tobacco and not exceeding four and one-half cents ($0.045) on each one hundred dollars ($100) of the fair cash value of all other unmanufactured agricultural products, subject to taxation within their limits that are not actually on hand at the plants of manufacturing concerns for the purpose of manufacture, nor in the hands of the producer or any agent of the producer to whom the products have been conveyed or assigned for the purpose of sale;
7. Money in hand, notes, bonds, accounts, and other credits, whether secured by mortgage, pledge, or otherwise, or unsecured. Nothing in this section shall forbid local taxation of franchises of corporations or of financial institutions, as provided for in KRS 136.575, or domestic life insurance companies;
8. All privately-owned leasehold interest in industrial buildings, as defined under KRS 103.200, owned and financed by a tax-exempt governmental unit, or tax-exempt statutory authority under the provisions of KRS Chapter 103, except that the rate shall not apply to the proportion of value of the leasehold interest created through any private financing;
9. Property which has been certified as a pollution control facility as defined in KRS 224.01-300;
10. Property which has been certified as an alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910;
11. On and after January 1, 1977, the assessed value of unmined coal shall be included in the formula contained in KRS 132.590(9) in determining the amount of county appropriation to the office of the property valuation administrator;
12. Tangible personal property located in a foreign trade zone established pursuant to 19 U.S.C. sec. 81, provided that the zone is activated in accordance with...
the regulations of the United States Customs Service and the Foreign Trade Zones Board;

(13) Motor vehicles qualifying for permanent registration as historic motor vehicles under the provisions of KRS 186.043. However, nothing herein shall be construed to exempt historical motor vehicles from the usage tax imposed by KRS 138.460;

(14) Property which has been certified as a fluidized bed energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390;

(15) All motor vehicles held for sale in the inventory of a licensed motor vehicle dealer, which are not currently titled and registered in Kentucky and are held on an assignment pursuant to the provisions of KRS 186A.230, and all motor vehicles with a salvage title held by an insurance company;

(16) Machinery or equipment owned by a business, industry, or organization in order to collect, source separate, compress, bale, shred, or otherwise handle waste materials if the machinery or equipment is primarily used for recycling purposes as defined in KRS 139.095;

(17) New farm machinery and other equipment held in the retailer's inventory for sale under a floor plan financing arrangement by a retailer, as defined under KRS 365.800;

(18) New boats and new marine equipment held for retail sale under a floor plan financing arrangement by a dealer registered under KRS 235.220;

(19) Aircraft not used in the business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire if an exemption is approved by the county, city, school, or other taxing district in which the aircraft has its taxable situs;

(20) Federally documented vessels not used in the business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire or for other commercial purposes, if an exemption is approved by the county, city, school, or other taxing district in which the federally documented vessel has its taxable situs; and

(21) Any nonferrous metal that conforms to the quality, shape, and weight specifications set by the New York Mercantile Exchange's special contract rules for metals, and which is located or stored in a commodity warehouse and held on warrant, or for which a written request has been made to a commodity warehouse to place it on warrant, according to the rules and regulations of a trading facility. In this subsection:

(a) "Commodity warehouse" means a warehouse, shipping plant, depository, or other facility that has been designated or approved by a trading facility as a regular delivery point for a commodity on contracts of sale for future delivery; and

(b) "Trading facility" means a facility that is designated by or registered with the federal Commodity Futures Trading Commission under 7 U.S.C. secs. 1 et seq. "Trading facility" includes the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, and the New York Mercantile Exchange.

Approved April 11, 2002