CHAPTER 132

(HB 704)

AN ACT relating to fiscal matters and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- → Section 1. KRS 136.392 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every domestic, foreign, or alien insurer, other than life and health insurers, which is either subject to or exempted from Kentucky premium taxes as levied pursuant to the provisions of either KRS 136.340, 136.350, 136.370, or 136.390, shall charge and collect a surcharge of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) upon each one hundred dollars (\$100) of premium, assessments, or other charges, except for those municipal premium taxes, made by it for insurance coverage provided to its policyholders, on risk located in this state, whether the charges are designated as premiums, assessments, or otherwise. The premium surcharge shall be collected by the insurer from its policyholders at the same time and in the same manner that its premium or other charge for the insurance coverage is collected. The premium surcharge shall be disclosed to policyholders pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated by the executive director of insurance. However, no insurer or its agent shall be entitled to any portion of any premium surcharge as a fee or commission for its collection. On or before the twentieth day of each month, each insurer shall report and remit to the Department of Revenue, on forms as it may require, all premium surcharge moneys collected by it during its preceding monthly accounting period less any moneys returned to policyholders as applicable to the unearned portion of the premium on policies terminated by either the insured or the insurer. Insurers with an annual liability of less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each of the previous two (2) calendar years may report and remit to the Department of Revenue all premium surcharge moneys collected on a calendar year basis on or before the twentieth day of January of the following calendar year. The funds derived from the premium surcharge shall be deposited in the State Treasury, and shall constitute a fund allocated for the uses and purposes of the Firefighters Foundation Program fund, KRS 95A.220 and 95A.262, and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund, KRS 15.430.
 - (b) Effective July 1, 1992, the surcharge rate in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be adjusted by the commissioner of revenue to a rate calculated to provide sufficient funds for the uses and purposes of the Firefighters Foundation Program fund as prescribed by KRS 95A.220 and 95A.262 and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund as prescribed by KRS 15.430 for each fiscal year. The rate shall be calculated using as its base the number of local government units eligible for participation in the funds under applicable statutes as of January 1, 1994. To allow the commissioner of revenue to calculate an appropriate rate, the secretary of the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet and the secretary for the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall certify to the commissioner of revenue, no later than January 1 of each year, the estimated budgets for the respective funds specified above, including any surplus moneys in the funds, which shall be incorporated into the consideration of the adjusted rate for the next biennium. As soon as practical, the commissioner of revenue shall advise the executive director of insurance of the new rate and the executive director shall inform the affected insurers. The rate adjustment process shall continue on a biennial basis.
- (2) Within five (5) days after the end of each month, all insurance premium surcharge proceeds deposited in the State Treasury as set forth in this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer into the Firefighters Foundation Program fund trust and agency account and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund trust and agency account. The amount paid into each account shall be proportionate to each fund's respective share of the total deposits, pursuant to KRS 42.190. Moneys deposited to the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund trust and agency account shall not be disbursed, expended, encumbered, or transferred by any state official for uses and purposes other than those prescribed by KRS 15.410 to 15.500, except that beginning with fiscal year 1994-95, through June 30, 1999, moneys remaining in the account at the end of the fiscal year in excess of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) shall lapse. On and after July 1, 1999, moneys in this account shall not lapse. Money deposited to the Firefighters Foundation Program fund trust and agency account shall not be disbursed, expended, encumbered, or transferred by any state official for uses and purposes other than those prescribed by KRS 95A.200 to 95A.300, except that beginning with fiscal year 1994-95, through June 30, 1999, moneys remaining in the account at the end of the fiscal year in excess of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) shall lapse,

but moneys in the revolving loan fund established in KRS 95A.262 shall not lapse. On and after July 1, 1999, moneys in this account shall not lapse.

- (3) Insurance premium surcharge funds collected from the policyholders of any domestic mutual company, cooperative, or assessment fire insurance company shall be deposited in the State Treasury, and shall be paid monthly by the State Treasurer into the Firefighters Foundation Program fund trust and agency account as provided in KRS 95A.220 to 95A.262. However, insurance premium surcharge funds collected from policyholders of any mutual company, cooperative, or assessment fire insurance company which transfers its corporate domicile to this state from another state after July 15, 1994, shall continue to be paid into the Firefighters Foundation Program fund and the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund as prescribed.
- (4) No later than July 1 of each year, the Office of Insurance shall provide the Department of Revenue with a list of all Kentucky-licensed property and casualty insurers and the amount of premium volume collected by the insurer for the preceding calendar year as set forth on the annual statement of the insurer. No later than September 1 of each year, the Department of Revenue shall calculate an estimate of the premium surcharge due from each insurer subject to the insurance premium surcharge imposed pursuant to this section, based upon the surcharge rate imposed pursuant to this section and the amount of the premium volume for each insurer as reported by the Office of Insurance. The Department of Revenue shall compare the results of this estimate with the premium surcharge paid by each insurer during the preceding year and shall provide the Legislative Research Commission, the Commission on Fire Protection Personnel Standards and Education, the Kentucky Law Enforcement Council, and the Office of Insurance with a report detailing its findings on a cumulative basis. In accordance with KRS 131.190, the Department of Revenue shall not identify or divulge the confidential tax information of any individual insurer in this report.
- (5) The insurance premiums surcharge provided in this section shall not apply to premiums collected from the following:
 - (a) The federal government;
 - (b) Resident educational and charitable institutions qualifying under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (c) Resident nonprofit religious institutions for real, tangible, and intangible property coverage only;
 - (d) State government for coverage of real property; or
 - (e) Local governments for coverage of real property.
 - → Section 2. KRS 138.195 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No person other than a manufacturer shall acquire cigarettes in this state on which the Kentucky cigarette tax has not been paid, nor act as a resident wholesaler, nonresident wholesaler, vending machine operator, subjobber, transporter or unclassified acquirer of such cigarettes without first obtaining a license from the department as set out in this section.
- (2) Each resident wholesaler shall secure a separate license for each place of business at which cigarette tax evidence is affixed or at which cigarettes on which the Kentucky cigarette tax has not been paid are received. Each nonresident wholesaler shall secure a separate license for each place of business at which evidence of Kentucky cigarette tax is affixed or from where Kentucky cigarette tax is reported and paid. Such a license or licenses shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each such year or portion thereof for which such license is secured.
- (3) Each sub-jobber shall secure a separate license for each place of business from which Kentucky tax-paid cigarettes are made available to retailers, whether such place of business is located within or without this state. Such license or licenses shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each such year or portion thereof for which such license is secured.
- (4) Each vending machine operator shall secure a license for the privilege of dispensing Kentucky tax-paid cigarettes by vending machines. Such license shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each year or portion thereof for which such license is secured. No vending machine shall be operated within this Commonwealth without having prominently affixed thereto the name of its operator, together with the license number assigned to such operator by the department.

The department shall prescribe by regulation the manner in which the information shall be affixed to the vending machine.

- (5) Each transporter shall secure a license for the privilege of transporting cigarettes within this state. Such license shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) for each such year or portion thereof for which such license is secured. No transporter shall transport any cigarettes without having in actual possession an invoice or bill of lading therefor, showing the name and address of the consignor and consignee, the date acquired by the transporter, the name and address of the transporter, the quantity of cigarettes being transported, together with the license number assigned to such transporter by the department.
- (6) Each unclassified acquirer shall secure a license for the privilege of acquiring cigarettes on which the Kentucky cigarette tax has not been paid. Such license shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) for each such year or portion thereof for which such license is secured.
- (7) Nothing in KRS 138.130 to 138.205 shall be construed to prevent the department from requiring a person to purchase more than one (1) license if the nature of such person's business is so diversified as to justify such requirement.
- (8) The department may by regulation require any person licensed under the provisions of this section to supply such information concerning his business, sales or any privilege exercised, as is deemed reasonably necessary for the regulation of such licensees, and to protect the revenues of the state. Failure on the part of such licensee to comply with the provisions of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 or any regulations promulgated thereunder, or to permit an inspection of premises, machines or vehicles by an authorized agent of the department at any reasonable time shall be grounds for the revocation of any license issued by the department, after due notice and a hearing by the department. The commissioner of the Department of Revenue may assign a time and place for such hearing and may appoint a conferee who shall conduct a hearing, receive evidence and hear arguments. Such conferee shall thereupon file a report with the commissioner together with a recommendation as to the revocation of such license. From any revocation made by the commissioner of the Department of Revenue on such report, the licensee may prosecute an appeal to the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals as provided by law. Any person whose license has been revoked for the willful violation of any provision of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 shall not be entitled to any license provided for in this section, or have any interest in any such license, either disclosed or undisclosed, either as an individual, partnership, corporation or otherwise, for a period of one (1) year after such revocation.
- (9) No license issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be transferable or negotiable except that a license may be transferred between an individual and a corporation, if that individual is the exclusive owner of that corporation, or between a subsidiary corporation and its parent corporation.
- (10) Every manufacturer located or doing business in this state and the first person to import cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff from a foreign manufacturer shall keep written records of all shipments of cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff to persons within this state, and shall submit to the department monthly reports of such shipments as the department may require by regulation.
- (11) No person licensed under this section except nonresident wholesalers shall either sell to or purchase from any other such licensee untax-paid cigarettes.
- (12) Wholesalers of other tobacco products and snuff shall pay and report the tax levied by KRS 138.140(4) and (5) on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the month in which the possession or title of the other tobacco products or smokeless tobacco products are transferred from the wholesaler to retailers or consumers in this state. The Department of Revenue shall promulgate administrative regulations setting forth the details of the reporting requirements.
- (13) A tax return shall be filed for each reporting period whether or not tax is due.
 - → Section 3. KRS 141.160 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) All returns of income for the preceding taxable year shall be made by April 15 in each year, except returns made on the basis of a fiscal year, which shall be made by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the fiscal year. Blank forms for returns of income shall be supplied by the department.

- (2) Whenever, in the opinion of the department, it is necessary to examine the federal income tax return or a copy thereof of any taxpayer in order to audit his return, the department may compel the taxpayer to produce for inspection a copy of his federal return and all statements and schedules in support thereof. The department may also require copies of reports of adjustments made by the federal government.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, all returns of income for the preceding taxable year made by cooperatives as described in Sections 521 and 1381 of the Internal Revenue Code or by KRS Chapter 272 shall be made by September 15 in each year, except returns made on the basis of a fiscal year, which shall be made by the fifteenth day of the ninth month following the close of the fiscal year.
 - → Section 4. KRS 160.6156 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any utility service provider that has paid the utility gross receipts tax imposed by a school district pursuant to KRS 160.613 and 160.614 may request a refund or credit for any overpayment of tax or any payment where no tax was due within two (2) years after the tax due date, including any extensions granted.
- (2) A request for refund shall be in writing, and shall be made to the department with a copy to the school district to which the tax was allocated. The request shall state the amount requested, the applicable period, and the basis for the request.
- (3) (a) Refunds shall be authorized by the department, in consultation with the chairman or finance officer of the district board of education, with interest as provided in KRS 131.183.
 - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, a utility service provider shall not be entitled to a refund or credit of the taxes paid under KRS 160.613 or 160.614 if the utility service provider has increased its rates in accordance with KRS 160.617, unless the utility service provider refunds or credits its related customers the amount of overpayment made to the department.
- (4) The department shall make authorized tax refunds, including interest, from current tax collections in its possession allocated for distribution to the affected district. Applicable school district distributions and the department administrative expense allocation provided for pursuant to KRS 160.6154(2) shall be adjusted proportionately to reflect refunds paid. If sufficient funds are not available from the current distribution cycle, the department shall pay refunds from subsequent amounts collected for distribution to the affected district until all refund payments, including interest, have been completed.
- (5) If the department denies a requested refund in whole or in part, the taxpayer may appeal the denial to the Circuit Court in the county where the school district is located.
 - → Section 5. KRS 160.6157 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The uniform penalty provisions of KRS 131.180 shall apply to all taxes levied by school districts pursuant to KRS 160.613 and 160.614.
- (2) In addition to the penalties provided by KRS 131.180 and the taxes imposed under KRS 160.613 and 160.614, any utility service provider that erroneously bills customers after being notified of the error by the department shall be subject to a penalty of twenty-five dollars (\$25) per subsequent error, not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per month.
 - → Section 6. KRS 160.6158 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, the commissioner of the department, in consultation with *an* impacted school district, shall waive any penalty, but not interest, where it is shown to the satisfaction of the department that the failure to file or pay timely is due to reasonable cause.
- (2) The penalty imposed by subsection (2) of Section 5 of this Act may be waived by the department based on reasonable cause.
 - → Section 7. KRS 139.110 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) "Retailer" means:
 - (a) Every person engaged in the business of making retail sales or furnishing any services included in KRS 139.200;

- (b) Every person engaged in the business of making sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by the person or others for storage, use or other consumption, *except as provided in subsection* (3) of this section;
- (c) Every person making more than two (2) retail sales during any twelve (12) month period, including sales made in the capacity of assignee for the benefit of creditors, or receiver or trustee in bankruptcy;
- (d) Any person conducting a race meeting under the provision of KRS Chapter 230, with respect to horses which are claimed during the meeting.
- (2) When the department determines that it is necessary for the efficient administration of this chapter to regard any salesmen, representatives, peddlers, or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers, the department may so regard them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers as retailers for purposes of this chapter.
- (3) (a) Any person making sales at a charitable auction for a church, school, civic club, or other resident, nonprofit charitable, religious or educational organization shall not be a retailer for purposes of the sales made at the charitable auction if:
 - 1. The organization, not the person making sales at the auction, is sponsoring the auction;
 - 2. The purchaser of tangible personal property at the auction directly pays the organization sponsoring the auction for the property and not the person making the sales at the auction; and
 - 3. The sponsoring organization, not the person making sales at the auction, is responsible for the collection, control, and disbursement of the auction proceeds.
 - (b) If the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection are met, the organization sponsoring the auction shall be the retailer for purposes of the sales made at the charitable auction.
 - → Section 8. KRS 131.183 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) (a) All taxes payable to the Commonwealth not paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest at the tax interest rate. The tax interest rate for tax liabilities that are assessed on or after July 1, 1982, shall be sixteen percent (16%). This tax interest rate shall apply until January 1, 1983, when the tax interest rate shall be adjusted as provided in this section. The commissioner of revenue shall adjust the tax interest rate not later than November 15 of any year, beginning in 1982, if the adjusted prime rate charged by banks during October of that year, rounded to the nearest full percent, is at least one (1) percentage point more or less than the tax interest rate which is then in effect.
 - (b) The tax interest rate shall be equal to the adjusted prime rate charged by banks rounded to the nearest full percent as adjusted by subsection (2) of this section.
 - (c) The commissioner of revenue shall adjust the tax interest rate not later than November 15 of each year if the adjusted prime rate charged by banks during October of that year, rounded to the nearest full percent, is at least one (1) percentage point more of less than the tax interest rate which is then in effect. The adjusted tax interest rate [, and] shall become effective on January 1 of the immediately succeeding year.
- (2) (a) 1. All taxes payable to the Commonwealth that have not been paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest at the tax interest rate as determined in accordance with subsection (1) of this section until May 1, 2008.
 - 2. Beginning on May 1, 2008, all taxes payable to the Commonwealth that have not been paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest at the tax interest rate as determined in accordance with subsection (1) of this section plus two percent (2%).
 - (b) 1. Interest shall be allowed and paid upon any overpayment as defined in KRS 134.580 in respect of any of the taxes provided for in Chapters 131, 132, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 143A, and 243 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes and KRS 160.613 and 160.614 at the rate provided in subsection (1) of this section until May 1, 2008[above].

- 2. Beginning on May 1, 2008, interest shall be allowed and paid upon any overpayment as defined in KRS 134.580 at the rate provided in subsection (1) of this section minus two percent (2%).
- 3. Effective for refunds issued after the effective date of this Act, except for the provisions of KRS 138.351, 141.044(2), 141.235(3), and subsection (3) of this section, interest authorized under this subsection shall begin to accrue sixty (60) days after the latest of:
 - a. The due date of the return;
 - b. The date the return was filed; [or]
 - c. The date the tax was paid;
 - d. The last day prescribed by law for filing the return; or
 - e. The date an amended return claiming a refund is filed. [, whichever is later, and]
- (c) In no case shall interest be paid in an amount less than five dollars (\$5).
- (3) Effective for refund claims filed on or after July 15, 1992, if any overpayment of the tax imposed under KRS Chapter 141 results from a carryback of a net operating loss or a net capital loss, the overpayment shall be deemed to have been made on the date the claim for refund was filed. Interest authorized under subsection (2) of this section shall begin to accrue ninety (90) days from the date the claim for refund was filed.
- (4) No interest shall be allowed or paid on any sales tax refund as provided by KRS 139.536.
 - → Section 9. KRS 141.044 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The estimated tax provided for in KRS 141.042 shall be paid as follows:
 - (a) If the declaration is filed on or before June 15 of the taxable year, the estimated tax shall be paid in three (3) installments. The first installment, in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the estimated tax, shall be paid at the time of the filing of the declaration. The second and third installments, each in an amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the estimated tax, shall be paid on September 15 and December 15, respectively, of the taxable year;
 - (b) If the declaration is filed after June 15 and not after September 15 of the taxable year and is not required by KRS 141.042 to be filed on or before June 15 of the taxable year, the estimated tax shall be paid in two (2) installments. The first installment, in an amount equal to seventy-five percent (75%) of the estimated tax, shall be paid at the time of the filing of the declaration and the second installment, in an amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the estimated tax, on December 15 of the taxable year;
 - (c) If the declaration is filed after September 15 of the taxable year and is not required to be filed on or before September 15 of the taxable year, the estimated tax shall be paid in full at the time of the filing of the declaration:
 - (d) If the declaration is filed after the time prescribed in KRS 141.042, including cases where extensions of time have been granted, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection shall not apply, and there shall be paid at the time of such filing all installments of estimated tax which would have been payable on or before such time if the declaration had been filed within the time prescribed in KRS 141.042, and the remaining installments shall be paid at the times at which, and in the amounts in which, they would have been payable if the declaration had been so filed.
- (2) (a) A refund of taxes collected pursuant to KRS 141.042 shall include [In the case where the tax computed under this chapter is less than the amount which has been declared and paid as estimated tax for the same taxable year, a refund shall be made upon the filing of a return, together with] interest [on such overpayment] at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6).
 - (b) Effective for refunds issued after the effective date of this Act, the interest shall not begin to accrue until ninety (90) days after the latest of:
 - 1. The due date of the return;
 - 2. The date the return was filed;

- 3. The date the tax was paid;
- 4. The last day prescribed by law for filing the return, or
- 5. The date an amended return claiming a refund is filed[from the fifteenth day of the seventh month following the close of the taxable year for which the return is filed, or from the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the filing of the return if the return is filed later than the normal filing date].
- (3) (a) Overpayment *as defined in KRS 134.580* resulting from the payment of estimated tax in excess of the amount determined to be due upon the filing of a return for the same taxable year may be credited against the amount of estimated tax determined to be due on any declaration filed for the next succeeding taxable year or for any deficiency or nonpayment of tax for any previous taxable year;
 - (b) No refund shall be made of any estimated tax paid unless a complete return is filed as required by this chapter.
- (4) At the election of the taxpayer, any installment of the estimated tax may be paid prior to the date prescribed for its payment.
- (5) In the application of this section and KRS 141.042 *for*[to the case of] a taxable year beginning on any date other than January 1, there shall be substituted for the months specified *in this section and KRS 141.042*[therein] the relative months and dates which correspond *to that taxable year*[thereto].
 - → Section 10. KRS 141.235 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No suit shall be maintained in any court to restrain or delay the collection or payment of the tax levied by this chapter.
- (2) Any tax collected pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may be refunded or credited in accordance with the provisions of KRS 134.580, except that:
 - (a) In any case where the assessment period contained in KRS 141.210 has been extended by an agreement between the taxpayer and the department, the limitation contained in this subsection shall be extended accordingly.
 - (b) If the claim for refund or credit relates directly to adjustments resulting from a federal audit, the taxpayer shall file a claim for refund or credit within the time provided for in this subsection or six (6) months from the conclusion of the federal audit, whichever is later.
 - (c) If the claim for refund or credit relates to an overpayment attributable to a net operating loss carryback or capital loss carryback, resulting from a loss which occurs in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993, the claim for refund or credit shall be filed within the times prescribed in this subsection for the taxable year of the net operating loss or capital loss which results in the carryback.

For the purposes of this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, a return filed before the last day prescribed by law for filing the return shall be considered as filed on the last day.

- (3) Overpayments as defined in KRS 134.580 of taxes collected pursuant to KRS 141.300, 141.310, or 141.315 shall be refunded or credited with interest at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6). Effective for refunds issued after the effective date of this Act, the interest shall not begin to accrue until ninety (90) days after the latest of:
 - (a) The due date of the return;
 - (b) The date the return was filed;
 - (c) The date the tax was paid; [,]
 - (d) The [return was filed, or the] last day prescribed by law for filing the return; or
 - (e) The date an amended return claiming a refund is filed[, whichever is later].
- (4) Exclusive authority to refund or credit overpayments of taxes collected pursuant to this chapter is vested in the commissioner or his authorized agent. Amounts directed to be refunded shall be paid out of the general fund.
 - → Section 11. KRS 134.580 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
 - (a) "Agency" means the agency of state government which administers the tax to be refunded or credited.
 - (b) "Overpayment" or "payment where no tax was due" means the *excess of the tax payments made over the correct* tax liability *determined* under the terms of the applicable statute without reference to the constitutionality of the statute.
- (2) When money has been paid into the State Treasury in payment of any state taxes, except ad valorem taxes, whether payment was made voluntarily or involuntarily, the appropriate agency shall authorize refunds to the person who paid the tax, or to his heirs, personal representatives or assigns, of any overpayment of tax and any payment where no tax was due. When a bona fide controversy exists between the agency and the taxpayer as to the liability of the taxpayer for the payment of tax claimed to be due by the agency, the taxpayer may pay the amount claimed by the agency to be due, and if an appeal is taken by the taxpayer from the ruling of the agency within the time provided by KRS 131.340 and it is finally adjudged that the taxpayer was not liable for the payment of the tax or any part thereof, the agency shall authorize the refund or credit as the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals or courts may direct.
- (3) No refund shall be made unless each taxpayer individually files an application or claim for the refund within four (4) years from the date payment was made. Each claim or application for a refund shall be in writing and state the specific grounds upon which it is based. Denials of refund claims or applications may be protested and appealed in accordance with KRS 131.110 and 131.340.
- (4) Refunds shall be authorized with interest as provided in KRS 131.183. The refunds authorized by this section shall be made in the same manner as other claims on the State Treasury are paid. They shall not be charged against any appropriation, but shall be deducted from tax receipts for the current fiscal year.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the agency to make or cause to be made any refund except within four (4) years of the date prescribed by law for the filing of a return including any extension of time for filing the return, or the date the money was paid into the State Treasury, whichever is the later, except in any case where the assessment period has been extended by written agreement between the taxpayer and the department, the limitation contained in this subsection shall be extended accordingly. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring the agency to authorize any refund to a taxpayer without demand from the taxpayer, if in the opinion of the agency the cost to the state of authorizing the refund would be greater than the amount that should be refunded or credited.
- (6) This section shall not apply to any case in which the statute may be held unconstitutional, either in whole or in part.
- (7) In cases in which a statute has been held unconstitutional, taxes paid thereunder may be refunded to the extent provided by KRS 134.590, and by the statute held unconstitutional.
- (8) No person shall secure a refund of motor fuels tax under KRS 134.580 unless the person holds an unrevoked refund permit issued by the department before the purchase of gasoline or special fuels and that permit entitles the person to apply for a refund under KRS 138.344 to 138.355.
- (9) Notwithstanding any provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes to the contrary:
 - (a) The Commonwealth hereby revokes and withdraws its consent to suit in any forum whatsoever on any claim for recovery, refund, or credit of any tax overpayment for any taxable year ending before December 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22, 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return. No such claim shall be effective or recognized for any purpose.
 - (b) Any stated or implied consent for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, or any agent or officer of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, to be sued by any person for any legal, equitable, or other relief with respect to any claim for recovery, refund, or credit of any tax overpayment for any taxable year ending before December 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22, 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return, is hereby withdrawn.

- (c) The provisions of this subsection shall apply retroactively for all taxable years ending before December 31, 1995, and shall apply to all claims for such taxable years pending in any judicial or administrative forum.
- (10) Notwithstanding any provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes to the contrary:
 - (a) No money shall be drawn from the State Treasury for the payment of any claim for recovery, refund, or credit of any tax overpayment for any taxable year ending before December 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22, 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return.
 - (b) No provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes shall constitute an appropriation or mandated appropriation for the payment of any claim for recovery, refund, or credit of any tax overpayment for any taxable year ending before December 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22, 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return.
 - → Section 12. KRS 393.060 is amended to read as follows:

The following property held or owing by a banking or financial organization is presumed abandoned:

- (1) Any deposit (legal, beneficial, equitable, or otherwise), whether payable on demand or a time deposit, including a deposit that is automatically renewable, in any bank or trust company in this state, together with the interest thereon and less any deductions permissible under state or federal law including but not limited to dormancy fees and service charges, unless the owner has within *three* (3)[seven (7)] years or within *three* (3)[seven (7)] years of the first date of maturity, in the instance of a time deposit:
 - (a) Communicated in writing or by other means, reflected in a contemporaneous record prepared by or on behalf of the bank or trust company, with the bank or trust company concerning it;
 - (b) Been credited with interest on his request or by his action;
 - (c) Had a transfer, disposition of interest, or other transaction noted of record in the books or records of the bank or trust company;
 - (d) Increased or decreased the amount of the deposit; or
 - (e) Has not received a regularly mailed statement of account or other notification or communication, mailed by the bank or trust company. Mailings shall be considered not received if returned to the bank or trust company marked undeliverable by the United States Postal Service or other provider of delivery services. A mailing shall be considered regularly mailed if it is of the type sent to all owners of a certain category of deposit and is mailed no less than annually;
- (2) Any sum payable on checks certified in this state or on written instruments issued in this state on which a banking or financial organization or business association is directly liable, including, by way of illustration but not of limitation, certificates of deposit, drafts, money orders, and traveler's checks, that with the exception of traveler's checks has been outstanding for more than *three* (3)[seven (7)] years from the date it was payable, or from the date of its issuance if payable on demand, or, in the case of traveler's checks that has been outstanding for more than *seven* (7)[fifteen (15)] years from the date of its issuance unless the owner has within *three* (3)[seven (7)] years or within *seven* (7)[fifteen (15)] years in the case of traveler's checks corresponded in writing with the banking or financial organization concerning it, or otherwise indicated an interest as evidenced by a memorandum on file with the banking or financial organization;
- (3) Any funds or other personal property, tangible or intangible, removed from a safe deposit box or any other safekeeping repository or agency or collateral deposit box in this state on which the lease or rental period has expired due to nonpayment of rental charges or other reason, or any surplus amounts arising from the sale thereof pursuant to law, that have been unclaimed by the owner for more than *three* (3)[seven (7)] years from the date on which the lease or rental period expired.
 - → Section 13. KRS 157.621 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to the levy required by KRS 157.440(1)(b) to participate in the Facilities Support Program of Kentucky, local school districts that have made the levy required by KRS 157.440(1)(b) are authorized to

levy the following additional equivalent rates to support debt service, new facilities, or major renovations of existing school facilities, which levies shall not be subject to recall under any provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, or to voter approval under the provisions of KRS 157.440(2):

- (a) 1. Prior to the effective date of this Act, local school districts that have experienced student population growth during a five (5) year period may levy an additional [a] five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate [tax] for debt service and new facilities in addition to the five cents (\$0.05) levied under the school construction funding program provided in KRS 157.620]. The tax rate levied by the district under this provision shall not [be subject to a recall vote as provided in KRS 160.470(8) and shall not] be equalized by state funding, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection. Any levy imposed under this paragraph prior to the effective date of this Act by a local school district shall continue until removed by the local school district.
 - 2.[(2)] A local school district shall meet the following criteria in order to levy the tax provided in *subparagraph 1*.[subsection (1)] of this *paragraph*[section]:
 - a.[(a)] Growth of at least one hundred fifty (150) students in average daily attendance and three percent (3%) overall growth for the five (5) preceding years;
 - **b.**[(b)] Bonded debt to the maximum capability of at least eighty percent (80%) of capital outlay from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky funding program, all revenue from the local facility tax, and all receipts from state equalization on the local facility tax;
 - $c.\{(e)\}$ Current student enrollment in excess of available classroom space; and
 - d.[(d)] A local school facility plan that has been approved by the Kentucky Board of Education and certified to the School Facilities Construction Commission.
- (b) 1. In addition to the levy authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection, a local school district may levy an additional five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate under the same terms and conditions established by paragraph (a) of this subsection beginning in fiscal year 2003-2004 if the levy was made prior to the effective date of this Act and, if the local school district:
 - a. Levied the five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection; and
 - b. Still meets the requirements established by paragraph (a)2. of this subsection.
 - 2. Any school district that imposes both the levy authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection and the additional levy authorized by subparagraph 1. of this paragraph shall receive equalization funding from the state for the levy imposed by paragraph (a) of this subsection beginning in fiscal year 2003-2004. Equalization shall be provided at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment, subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used as provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b).
 - 3. Any levy imposed under this paragraph prior to the effective date of this Act by a local school district shall continue until removed by the local school district.
- (c) 1. A local school district that meets the following conditions may levy an additional five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate on and after the effective date of this Act:
 - a. The local school district is located in a county that will have more students as a direct result of the new mission established for Fort Knox by the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) 2005 issued by the United States Department of Defense pursuant to the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990, Pub. L. No. 100-526, Part A of Title XXIX of 104 Stat. 1808, 10 U.S.C. sec. 2687 note; and
 - b. The commissioner of education has determined, based upon the presentation of credible data, that the projected increased number of students is sufficient to require new facilities or the major renovation of existing facilities to accommodate the new students, and has approved the imposition of the additional levy.

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- 2. Any local school district that imposes both the levy authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection and the additional levy authorized by subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, and that has not received equalization funding under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, shall receive equalization funding from the state for the levy imposed by paragraph (a) of this subsection beginning in the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the levy authorized by subparagraph 1. of this paragraph is imposed. Equalization shall be provided at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment, subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used as provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b).
- 3. Any levy imposed under this paragraph by a local school district shall continue until removed by the local school district.
- (2) Any local school district that, prior to the effective date of this Act, levied an equivalent rate:
 - (a) That was subject to recall at the time it was levied; and
 - (b) That included a rate of at least five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate for the purpose of debt service for school construction or major renovation of existing school facilities;

shall be eligible for retroactive equalization from the state for that levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment, beginning in fiscal year 2003-2004, subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used as provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b).

- (3) Any local school district that:
 - (a) Levied an equivalent tax rate as of the effective date of this Act, that included at least ten cents (\$0.10) that was devoted to building purposes, or that had debt service corresponding to a ten cents (\$0.10) equivalent rate;
 - (b) Did not receive equalized growth funding pursuant to subsection (1)(b)2. of this section; and
 - (c) Has been approved by the commissioner of education;

shall be eligible for equalization from the state for that levy at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment beginning in fiscal year 2005-2006, subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used as provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b). Equalization funds shall be available to a local school district pursuant to this subsection until the earlier of June 30, 2025, or the date the bonds for the local school district supported by this equalization funding are retired.

- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any local school district receiving equalization funding on the effective date of this Act related to an equivalent rate levy described in subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section shall continue to receive the equalization funding related to the applicable equivalent rate levy, subject to the limitations established by subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, and subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly, until amended by subsequent action of the General Assembly. A local school district described in this paragraph shall not be eligible to receive equalization for any additional equivalent rate levies made by it on or after the effective date of this Act.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any local school district that has imposed an equivalent rate levy described in subsection (1)(a) or (b) or (2) of this section as of the effective date of this Act that qualifies for equalization but that has not yet received equalization funding shall be eligible for equalization funding as provided in subsection (1)(a) or (b) or (2) of this section, subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly.
 - (c) On and after the effective date of this Act, a local school district not included in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection shall be prohibited from imposing an equivalent rate levy under the provisions of subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section, and shall not be eligible for equalization funding under the provisions of this section.
 - (d) On and after the effective date of this Act, a local school district meeting the requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this section may impose the levy authorized by subsection (1)(c) of this section, and shall qualify for equalization as provided in subsection (1)(c) of this section, subject to the

provision of funding by the General Assembly [(3) When the state appropriations amount to the total cost of equalizing the five cents (\$0.05) at the rate prescribed in KRS 157.620, as evidenced in the biennial budget and the budget memorandum, the provisions of this section shall expire].

- → Section 14. Notwithstanding KRS 393.125, unclaimed securities held by the Department of the Treasury may be sold with the receipts, net of estimated claims to be paid, available for appropriation to the General Fund during the 2008-2010 biennium. The secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall determine when to initiate the sale of securities based on the market structure and the financial status of the Commonwealth at the time.
- Section 15. The provisions of Sections 8 to 11 of this Act shall apply retroactively to all outstanding refund claims for taxable years ending prior to the effective date of this Act and shall apply to all claims for those taxable years pending in any judicial or administrative forum.
 - → Section 16. The provisions of Section 7 of this Act takes effect August 1, 2008.
- Section 17. Whereas it is necessary to expediently address issues originally addressed in 2006 Ky. Acts ch. 252, an emergency is declared to exist, and Sections 1 to 6 and 8 to 15 of this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a law.

Signed by Governor April 24, 2008.