CHAPTER 183

( HB 427 )

AN ACT relating to nurses.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

Section 1. KRS 314.011 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context thereof requires otherwise:

(1) "Board" means Kentucky Board of Nursing;

(2) "Delegation" means directing a competent person to perform a selected nursing activity or task in a selected situation under the nurse's supervision and pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated by the board in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 13A;

(3) "Nurse" means a person who is licensed or holds the privilege to practice under the provisions of this chapter as a registered nurse or as a licensed practical nurse;

(4) "Nursing process" means the investigative approach to nursing practice utilizing a method of problem-solving by means of:

(a) Nursing diagnosis, a systematic investigation of a health concern, and an analysis of the data collected in order to arrive at an identifiable problem; and

(b) Planning, implementation, and evaluation based on nationally accepted standards of nursing practice;

(5) "Registered nurse" means one who is licensed or holds the privilege under the provisions of this chapter to engage in registered nursing practice;

(6) "Registered nursing practice" means the performance of acts requiring substantial specialized knowledge, judgment, and nursing skill based upon the principles of psychological, biological, physical, and social sciences in the application of the nursing process in:

(a) The care, counsel, and health teaching of the ill, injured, or infirm;

(b) The maintenance of health or prevention of illness of others;

(c) The administration of medication and treatment as prescribed by a physician, physician assistant, dentist, or advanced practice registered nurse and as further authorized or limited by the board, and which are consistent either with American Nurses' Association Scope and Standards of Practice or with standards of practice established by nationally accepted organizations of registered nurses. Components of medication administration include but are not limited to:

1. Preparing and giving medications in the prescribed dosage, route, and frequency, including dispensing medications only as defined in subsection (17)(b) of this section;

2. Observing, recording, and reporting desired effects, untoward reactions, and side effects of drug therapy;

3. Intervening when emergency care is required as a result of drug therapy;

4. Recognizing accepted prescribing limits and reporting deviations to the prescribing individual;

5. Recognizing drug incompatibilities and reporting interactions or potential interactions to the prescribing individual; and

6. Instructing an individual regarding medications;

(d) The supervision, teaching of, and delegation to other personnel in the performance of activities relating to nursing care; and

(e) The performance of other nursing acts which are authorized or limited by the board, and which are consistent either with American Nurses' Association Standards of Practice or with Standards of Practice established by nationally accepted organizations of registered nurses;
"Advanced practice registered nurse" or "APRN" means a certified nurse practitioner, certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist, who is licensed to engage in advance practice registered nursing pursuant to KRS 314.042 and certified in at least one (1) population focus;

"Advanced practice registered nursing" means the performance of additional acts by registered nurses who have gained advanced clinical knowledge and skills through an accredited education program that prepares the registered nurse for one (1) of the four (4) APRN roles; who are certified by the American Nurses' Association or other nationally established organizations or agencies recognized by the board to certify registered nurses for advanced practice registered nursing as a certified nurse practitioner, certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, or clinical nurse specialist; and who certified in at least one (1) population focus. The additional acts shall, subject to approval of the board, include but not be limited to prescribing treatment, drugs, devices, and ordering diagnostic tests. Advanced practice registered nurses who engage in these additional acts shall be authorized to issue prescriptions for and dispense nonscheduled legend drugs as defined in KRS 217.905 and to issue prescriptions for but not to dispense Schedules II through V controlled substances described in or as classified pursuant to KRS 218A.020, 218A.060, 218A.080, 218A.100, and 218A.120 under the conditions set forth in KRS 314.042 and regulations promulgated by the Kentucky Board of Nursing on or before August 15, 2006.

Prescriptions issued by advanced practice registered nurses for Schedule II controlled substances classified under KRS 218A.060, except hydrocodone combination products as defined in KRS 218A.010, shall be limited to a seventy-two (72) hour supply without any refill.

Prescriptions issued by advanced practice registered nurses for hydrocodone combination products as defined in KRS 218A.010 shall be limited to a thirty (30) day supply without any refill.

Prescriptions issued under this subsection for psychostimulants may be written for a thirty (30) day supply only by an advanced practice registered nurse certified in psychiatric-mental health nursing who is providing services in a health facility as defined in KRS Chapter 216B or in a regional services program for mental health or individuals with an intellectual disability as defined in KRS Chapter 210.

Prescriptions issued by advanced practice registered nurses for Schedule III controlled substances classified under KRS 218A.080 shall be limited to a thirty (30) day supply without any refill. Prescriptions issued by advanced practice registered nurses for Schedules IV and V controlled substances classified under KRS 218A.100 and 218A.120 shall be limited to the original prescription and refills not to exceed a six (6) month supply.

Limitations for specific controlled substances which are identified as having the greatest potential for abuse or diversion, based on the best available scientific and law enforcement evidence, shall be established in an administrative regulation promulgated by the Kentucky Board of Nursing. The regulation shall be based on recommendations from the Controlled Substances Formulary Development Committee, which is hereby created. The committee shall be composed of two (2) advanced practice registered nurses appointed by the Kentucky Board of Nursing, one (1) of whom shall be designated as a committee co-chair; two (2) physicians appointed by the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure, one (1) of whom shall be designated as a committee co-chair; and one (1) pharmacist appointed by the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy. The initial regulation shall be promulgated on or before August 15, 2006, and shall be reviewed at least annually thereafter by the committee.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring an advanced practice registered nurse designated by the board as a certified registered nurse anesthetist to obtain prescriptive authority pursuant to this chapter or any other provision of law in order to deliver anesthesia care. The performance of these additional acts shall be consistent with the certifying organization or agencies' scopes and standards of practice recognized by the board by administrative regulation;

"Licensed practical nurse" means one who is licensed or holds the privilege under the provisions of this chapter to engage in licensed practical nursing practice;

"Licensed practical nursing practice" means the performance of acts requiring knowledge and skill such as are taught or acquired in approved schools for practical nursing in:

(a) The observing and caring for the ill, injured, or infirm under the direction of a registered nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, licensed physician, or dentist;
(b) The giving of counsel and applying procedures to safeguard life and health, as defined and authorized by the board;

(c) The administration of medication or treatment as authorized by a physician, physician assistant, dentist, or advanced practice registered nurse and as further authorized or limited by the board which is consistent with the National Federation of Licensed Practical Nurses or with Standards of Practice established by nationally accepted organizations of licensed practical nurses;

(d) Teaching, supervising, and delegating except as limited by the board; and

(e) The performance of other nursing acts which are authorized or limited by the board and which are consistent with the National Federation of Practical Nurses' Standards of Practice or with Standards of Practice established by nationally accepted organizations of licensed practical nurses;

(11) "School of nursing" means a nursing education program preparing persons for licensure as a registered nurse or a practical nurse;

(12) "Continuing education" means offerings beyond the basic nursing program that present specific content planned and evaluated to meet competency based behavioral objectives which develop new skills and upgrade knowledge;

(13) "Nursing assistance" means the performance of delegated nursing acts by unlicensed nursing personnel for compensation under supervision of a nurse;

(14) "Sexual assault nurse examiner" means a registered nurse who has completed the required education and clinical experience and maintains a current credential from the board as provided under KRS 314.142 to conduct forensic examinations of victims of sexual offenses under the medical protocol issued by the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet in consultation with the Sexual Assault Response Team Advisory Committee pursuant to KRS 216B.400(4);

(15) "Competency" means the application of knowledge and skills in the utilization of critical thinking, effective communication, interventions, and caring behaviors consistent with the nurse's practice role within the context of the public's health, safety, and welfare;

(16) "Credential" means a current license, registration, certificate, or other similar authorization that is issued by the board;

(17) "Dispense" means:

(a) To receive and distribute nonscheduled[noncontrolled] legend drug samples from pharmaceutical manufacturers to patients at no charge to the patient or any other party; or

(b) To distribute nonscheduled[noncontrolled] legend drugs from a local, district, and independent health department, subject to the direction of the appropriate governing board of the individual health department;

(18) "Dialysis care" means a process by which dissolved substances are removed from a patient's body by diffusion, osmosis, and convection from one (1) fluid compartment to another across a semipermeable membrane;

(19) "Dialysis technician" means a person who is not a nurse, a physician assistant, or a physician and who provides dialysis care in a licensed renal dialysis facility under the direct, on-site supervision of a registered nurse or a physician;

(20) "Population focus" means the section of the population within which the advanced practice registered nurse has targeted to practice. The categories of population foci are:

(a) Family and individual across the lifespan;

(b) Adult gerontology;

(c) Neonatal;

(d) Pediatrics;

(e) Women's health and gender-related health; and

(f) Psychiatric mental health; and

(21) "Conviction" means but is not limited to:
(a) An unvacated adjudication of guilt;
(b) Pleading no contest or nolo contendere or entering an Alford plea; or
(c) Entering a guilty plea pursuant to a pretrial diversion order;
Regardless of whether the penalty is rebated, suspended, or probated.

Section 2. KRS 314.031 is amended to read as follows:

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to call or hold herself or himself out as or use the title of nurse or to practice or offer to practice as a nurse unless licensed or privileged under the provisions of this chapter.
(2) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate or to offer to operate or to represent or advertise the operation of a school of nursing unless the school of nursing has been approved under the provisions of this chapter.
(3) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to employ a nurse unless the nurse is licensed or privileged under the provisions of this chapter.
(4) It shall be unlawful for any nurse, employer of nurses, or any person having knowledge of facts to refrain from reporting to the board a nurse who is suspected of having violated any provision of subsection (1) of Section 7 of this Act:
   (a) Has been convicted of any felony or a misdemeanor involving drugs, alcohol, fraud, deceit, falsification of records, a breach of trust, physical harm or endangerment to others, or dishonesty under the laws of any state or of the United States; or
   (b) Is suspected of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license, credential, or privilege to practice nursing; or
   (c) Is suspected of negligently or willfully acting in a manner inconsistent with the practice of nursing; or
   (d) Is suspected of being unfit or incompetent to practice nursing by reason of negligence or other causes including, but not limited to, being unable to practice nursing with reasonable skill or safety; or
   (e) Is suspected of violating any provisions of this chapter; or
   (f) Has a license, privilege, or credential to practice as a nurse denied, limited, suspended, probated, revoked, or otherwise disciplined in another jurisdiction on grounds sufficient to cause a license, privilege, or credential to be denied, limited, suspended, probated, revoked, or otherwise disciplined in this Commonwealth; or
   (g) Is practicing nursing without a current active license, privilege, or valid temporary work permit issued by the board; or
   (h) Is suspected of misusing or misappropriating any drugs placed in the custody of the nurse for administration, or for use of others;
   (i) Is suspected of falsifying or in a negligent manner making incorrect entries or failing to make essential entries on essential records;
   (j) Is suspected of abusing controlled substances, prescription medications, illegal substances, or alcohol; or
   (k) Is suspected of violating the confidentiality of information or knowledge concerning any patient, except as authorized or required by law.

Section 3. KRS 314.035 is amended to read as follows:

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a nurse, a physician assistant, or a physician, to provide dialysis care in a licensed renal dialysis facility unless that person holds a current active credential from the board to practice as a dialysis technician.
(2) It shall be unlawful for any person to practice as a dialysis technician who is listed on the nurse aide abuse registry with a substantiated finding of abuse, neglect, or misappropriation of property.
(3) It shall be unlawful for any dialysis technician, employer of dialysis technicians, or any person having knowledge of the facts to refrain from reporting to the board a dialysis technician who is suspected of having violated any provision of this chapter or any administrative regulation promulgated by the board.

Section 4. KRS 314.042 is amended to read as follows:
(1) An applicant for licensure to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse shall file with the board a written application for licensure and submit evidence, verified by oath, that the applicant:

(a) Has completed an education program that prepares the registered nurse for one (1) of four (4) APRN roles that has been accredited by a national nursing accrediting body recognized by the United States Department of Education.

(b) Is certified by a nationally established organization or agency recognized by the board to certify registered nurses for advanced practice registered nursing.

(c) Is able to understandably speak and write the English language and to read the English language with comprehension.

(d) Has passed the jurisprudence examination approved by the board as provided in subsection (12) of this section.

(2) The board may issue a license to practice advanced practice registered nursing to an applicant who holds a current active registered nurse license issued by the board or holds the privilege to practice as a registered nurse in this state and meets the qualifications of subsection (1) of this section. An advanced practice registered nurse shall be:

(a) Designated by the board as a certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, certified nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist; and

(b) Certified in at least one (1) population focus.

(3) The applicant for licensure or renewal thereof to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse shall pay a fee to the board as set forth in regulation by the board.

(4) An advanced practice registered nurse shall maintain a current active registered nurse license issued by the board or hold the privilege to practice as a registered nurse in this state and maintain current certification by the appropriate national organization or agency recognized by the board.

(5) Any person who holds a license to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse in this state shall have the right to use the title "advanced practice registered nurse" and the abbreviation "APRN." No other person shall assume the title or use the abbreviation or any other words, letters, signs, or figures to indicate that the person using the same is an advanced practice registered nurse. No person shall practice as an advanced practice registered nurse unless licensed under this section.

(6) Any person heretofore licensed as an advanced practice registered nurse under the provisions of this chapter who has allowed the license to lapse may be reinstated on payment of the current fee and by meeting the provisions of this chapter and regulations promulgated by the board pursuant to the provisions of KRS Chapter 13A.

(7) The board may authorize a person to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse temporarily and pursuant to applicable regulations promulgated by the board pursuant to the provisions of KRS Chapter 13A if the person is awaiting the results of the national certifying examination for the first time or is awaiting licensure by endorsement. A person awaiting the results of the national certifying examination shall use the title "APRN Applicant" or "APRN App."

(8) (a) Except as authorized by KRS 314.196 and subsection (9) of this section, before an advanced practice registered nurse engages in the prescribing or dispensing of nonscheduled legend drugs as authorized by KRS 314.011(8), the advanced practice registered nurse shall enter into a written "Collaborative Agreement for the Advanced Practice Registered Nurse's Prescriptive Authority for Nonscheduled Legend Drugs" (CAPA-NS) with a physician licensed in Kentucky that defines the scope of the prescriptive authority for nonscheduled legend drugs.

(b) The advanced practice registered nurse shall notify the Kentucky Board of Nursing of the existence of the CAPA-NS and the name of the collaborating physician and shall, upon request, furnish to the board or its staff a copy of the completed CAPA-NS. The Kentucky Board of Nursing shall notify the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure that a CAPA-NS exists and furnish the collaborating physician's name.

(c) The CAPA-NS shall be in writing and signed by both the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician. A copy of the completed collaborative agreement shall be available at each site where the advanced practice registered nurse is providing patient care.
(d) The CAPA-NS shall describe the arrangement for collaboration and communication between the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician regarding the prescribing of nonscheduled legend drugs by the advanced practice registered nurse.

(e) The advanced practice registered nurse who is prescribing nonscheduled legend drugs and the collaborating physician shall be qualified in the same or a similar specialty.

(f) The CAPA-NS is not intended to be a substitute for the exercise of professional judgment by the advanced practice registered nurse or by the collaborating physician.

(g) The CAPA-NS shall be reviewed and signed by both the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician and may be rescinded by either party upon written notice via registered mail to the other party, the Kentucky Board of Nursing, and the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure.

(9) Before an advanced practice registered nurse may discontinue or be exempt from a CAPA-NS required under subsection (8) of this section, the advanced practice registered nurse shall have completed four (4) years of prescribing as a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, nurse midwife, or as a nurse anesthetist. For nurse practitioners and clinical nurse specialists, the four (4) years of prescribing shall be in a population focus as defined in Section 1 of this Act of adult gerontology, pediatrics, neonatal, family, women's health, acute care, or psychiatric mental health.

(b) After four (4) years of prescribing with a CAPA-NS in collaboration with a physician:

1. An advanced practice registered nurse whose license is in good standing at that time with the Kentucky Board of Nursing and who will be prescribing nonscheduled legend drugs without a CAPA-NS shall notify that board that the four (4) year requirement has been met and that he or she will be prescribing nonscheduled legend drugs without a CAPA-NS;

2. The advanced practice registered nurse will no longer be required to maintain a CAPA-NS and shall not be compelled to maintain a CAPA-NS as a condition to prescribe after the four (4) years have expired, but an advanced practice registered nurse may choose to maintain a CAPA-NS indefinitely after the four (4) years have expired; and

3. If the advanced practice registered nurse's license is not in good standing, the CAPA-NS requirement shall not be removed until the license is restored to good standing.

(c) An advanced practice registered nurse wishing to practice in Kentucky through licensure by endorsement is exempt from the CAPA-NS requirement if the advanced practice registered nurse:

1. Has met the prescribing requirements in a state that grants independent prescribing to advanced practice registered nurses; and

2. Has been prescribing for at least four (4) years.

(d) An advanced practice registered nurse wishing to practice in Kentucky through licensure by endorsement who had a collaborative prescribing agreement with a physician in another state for at least four (4) years is exempt from the CAPA-NS requirement.

(e) An advanced practice registered nurse whose license is in good standing at that time with the Kentucky Board of Nursing and who will be prescribing nonscheduled legend drugs without a CAPA-NS shall notify that board that the four (4) year requirement has been met and that he or she will be prescribing nonscheduled legend drugs without a CAPA-NS;

2. An advanced practice registered nurse who has maintained a CAPA-NS for four (4) years or more will no longer be required to maintain a CAPA-NS and shall not be compelled to maintain a CAPA-NS as a condition to prescribe after the four (4) years have expired, but an advanced practice registered nurse may choose to maintain a CAPA-NS indefinitely after the four (4) years have expired; and

3. An advanced practice registered nurse who has maintained a CAPA-NS for less than four (4) years shall be required to continue to maintain a CAPA-NS until the four (4) year period is completed, after which the CAPA-NS will no longer be required.

(10) Before an advanced practice registered nurse engages in the prescribing of Schedules II through V controlled substances as authorized by KRS 314.011(8), the advanced practice registered nurse shall enter
into a written "Collaborative Agreement for the Advanced Practice Registered Nurse's Prescriptive Authority for Controlled Substances" (CAPA-CS) with a physician licensed in Kentucky that defines the scope of the prescriptive authority for controlled substances.

(b) The advanced practice registered nurse shall notify the Kentucky Board of Nursing of the existence of the CAPA-CS and the name of the collaborating physician and shall, upon request, furnish to the board or its staff a copy of the completed CAPA-CS. The Kentucky Board of Nursing shall notify the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure that a CAPA-CS exists and furnish the collaborating physician's name.

(c) The CAPA-CS shall be in writing and signed by both the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician. A copy of the completed collaborative agreement shall be available at each site where the advanced practice registered nurse is providing patient care.

(d) The CAPA-CS shall describe the arrangement for collaboration and communication between the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician regarding the prescribing of controlled substances by the advanced practice registered nurse.

(e) The advanced practice registered nurse who is prescribing controlled substances and the collaborating physician shall be qualified in the same or a similar specialty.

(f) The CAPA-CS is not intended to be a substitute for the exercise of professional judgment by the advanced practice registered nurse or by the collaborating physician.

(g) Before engaging in the prescribing of controlled substances, the advanced practice registered nurse shall:
   1. Have been licensed to practice as an advanced practice registered nurse for one (1) year with the Kentucky Board of Nursing; or
   2. Be nationally certified as an advanced practice registered nurse and be registered, certified, or licensed in good standing as an advanced practice registered nurse in another state for one (1) year prior to applying for licensure by endorsement in Kentucky.

(h) Prior to prescribing controlled substances, the advanced practice registered nurse shall obtain a Controlled Substance Registration Certificate through the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency.

(i) The CAPA-CS shall be reviewed and signed by both the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician and may be rescinded by either party upon written notice [via registered mail] to the other party and the Kentucky Board of Nursing, and the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure.

(j) The CAPA-CS shall state the limits on controlled substances which may be prescribed by the advanced practice registered nurse, as agreed to by the advanced practice registered nurse and the collaborating physician. The limits so imposed may be more stringent than either the schedule limits on controlled substances established in KRS 314.011(8) or the limits imposed in regulations promulgated by the Kentucky Board of Nursing thereunder.

(11) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring an advanced practice registered nurse designated by the board as a certified registered nurse anesthetist to enter into a collaborative agreement with a physician, pursuant to this chapter or any other provision of law, in order to deliver anesthesia care.

(12) The jurisprudence examination shall be prescribed by the board and be conducted on the licensing requirements under this chapter and board regulations and requirements applicable to advanced practice registered nursing in this Commonwealth. The board shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A, establishing the provisions to meet this requirement.

Section 5. KRS 314.085 is amended to read as follows:

(1) If the board has reasonable cause to believe that any licensee; applicant for licensure by examination, endorsement, reinstatement, or change of status; holder of the privilege to practice as a nurse; credential holder; or holder of a temporary work permit is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety or has abused alcohol or drugs, it may require the person to submit to a mental health, neuropsychological, psychosocial, psychosexual, substance use disorder, or physical evaluation by a licensed or certified practitioner designated by the board. Upon the failure of the person to submit the evaluation within thirty (30) days [to a mental health, chemical dependency or physical evaluation], unless due to circumstances beyond the person's control, the board may initiate an action for immediate temporary suspension pursuant to KRS 314.089 or deny the application until the person submits to the required evaluation.
(2) Every licensee; applicant for licensure by examination, endorsement, reinstatement, or change of status; holder of the privilege to practice as a nurse; credential holder; or holder of a temporary work permit shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental health, neuropsychological, psychosocial, psychosexual, substance use disorder, or physical evaluation when so directed in writing by the board. The direction to submit to an evaluation shall contain the basis of the board’s reasonable cause to believe that the person is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety, or has abused alcohol or drugs. The person shall be deemed to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the examining practitioner’s testimony or examination reports on the ground of privileged communication.

(3) The licensee; applicant for licensure by examination, endorsement, reinstatement, or change of status; holder of the privilege to practice as a nurse; credential holder; or holder of a temporary work permit shall bear the cost of any mental health, neuropsychological, psychosocial, psychosexual, substance use disorder, or physical evaluation ordered by the board.

➤ Section 6. KRS 314.089 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The board's president or the president's designee may determine that immediate temporary suspension of a license or privilege against which disciplinary action or an investigation is pending is necessary in order to stop, prevent, or avoid immediate danger to the public health, safety, or welfare [protect the public]. When it appears that this action may be necessary, the executive director or the executive director's designee shall issue an emergency order suspending the nurse's license or privilege. Upon appeal of an emergency order, an emergency hearing shall be conducted in accordance with KRS 13B.125.

(2) No board member shall be disqualified from serving on a disciplinary action hearing panel for the reason that he has previously sat on a hearing panel considering temporary suspension of the same license or privilege.

(3) The board shall expedite disciplinary actions in which a license or privilege has been temporarily suspended.

(4) The order of immediate temporary suspension shall remain in effect until either reconsidered or superseded by final disciplinary action by the board.

➤ Section 7. KRS 314.091 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The board shall have power to reprimand, deny, limit, revoke, probate, or suspend any license or credential to practice nursing issued by the board or applied for in accordance with this chapter or the privilege to practice as a nurse recognized by the board in accordance with this chapter, or to otherwise discipline a licensee, credential holder, privilege holder, or applicant, or to deny admission to the licensure examination, or to require evidence of evaluation and therapy upon proof that the person:

(a) Is guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license, credential, or privilege to practice nursing;

(b) Has been convicted of any felony, or a misdemeanor involving drugs, alcohol, fraud, deceit, falsification of records, a breach of trust, physical harm or endangerment to others, or dishonesty, under the laws of any state or of the United States, if in accordance with KRS Chapter 335B. The record of conviction or a copy thereof, certified by the clerk of the court or by the judge who presided over the conviction, shall be conclusive evidence;

(c) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor offense under KRS Chapter 510 involving a patient, or a felony offense under KRS Chapter 510, 530.064(1)(a), or 531.310, or has been found by the board to have had sexual contact as defined in KRS 510.010(7) with a patient while the patient was under the care of the nurse;

(d) Has negligently or willfully acted in a manner inconsistent with the practice of nursing;

(e) Is unfit or incompetent to practice nursing by reason of negligence or other causes, including but not limited to, being unable to practice nursing with reasonable skill or safety;

(f) Abuses [use of] controlled substances, prescription medications, illegal substances, or alcohol;

(g) Has misused or misappropriated any drugs placed in the custody of the nurse for administration, or for use of others;

(h) Has falsified or in a negligent manner made incorrect entries or failed to make essential entries on essential records;
(i) Has a license, privilege, or credential to practice as a nurse denied, limited, suspended, probated, revoked, or otherwise disciplined in another jurisdiction on grounds sufficient to cause a license or privilege to be denied, limited, suspended, probated, revoked, or otherwise disciplined in this Commonwealth, including action by another jurisdiction for failure to repay a student loan;

(j) Has violated any of the provisions of this chapter;

(k) Has violated any lawful order or directive previously entered by the board;

(l) Has violated any administrative regulation promulgated by the board;

(m) Has been listed on the nurse aide abuse registry with a substantiated finding of abuse, neglect, or misappropriation of property;

(n) Has violated the confidentiality of information or knowledge concerning any patient, except as authorized or required by law;

(o) Used or possessed a Schedule I controlled substance; or

(p) Has used or been impaired as a consequence of the use of alcohol or drugs while practicing as a nurse.

(2) All hearings shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. A suspended or revoked license, privilege, or credential may be reinstated at the discretion of the board, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the board.

(3) The executive director may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents in the conduct of an investigation. The subpoenas may be enforced by the Circuit Court as for contempt. Any order or subpoena of the court requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence may be enforced and shall be valid anywhere in this state.

(4) At all hearings on request of the board the Attorney General of this state or one (1) of the assistant attorneys general designated by the Attorney General shall appear and represent the board.

(5) A final order of the board shall be by majority vote thereof.

(6) Any person adversely affected by any final order of the board may obtain a review thereof by filing a written petition for review with the Circuit Court of the county in which the board's offices are located in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.

(7) If the board substantiates that sexual contact occurred between a nurse and a patient while the patient was under the care of or in a professional relationship with the nurse, the nurse's license, privilege, or credential may be revoked or suspended with mandatory treatment of the nurse as prescribed by the board. The board may require the nurse to pay a specified amount for mental health services for the patient which are needed as a result of the sexual contact.

(8) The board may, by administrative regulation, provide for the recovery of the costs of an administrative hearing.

Section 8. KRS 314.101 is amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter does not prohibit the following:

(a) The practice of any currently licensed nurse of another state practicing in this state during an emergency occurring in this state or any other state declared by the President of the United States or the Governor of Kentucky. The duration and conditions of the practice shall be determined by the board;

(b) The practice of nursing which is incidental to the program of study by individuals enrolled in nursing education programs and refresher courses approved by the board or in graduate programs in nursing;

(c) The practice of any legally qualified nurse of another state who is employed by the United States government or any bureau, division, or agency thereof while in the discharge of his or her official duties;

(d) The practice of any currently licensed nurse of another state that is not a member of the Nurse Licensure Compact set forth in KRS 314.475, who is in this state on a nonroutine basis not to exceed seven (7) days;

1. Provide care to a patient being transported into, out of, or through this state;

2. Provide nursing consulting services; or
3.—Present a continuing nursing education program; or
(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, the practice of volunteer health practitioners under KRS 39A.350 to 39A.366.

(2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as prohibiting care of the sick with or without compensation or personal profit when done in connection with the practice of the religious tenets of any recognized or established church by adherents thereof as long as they do not engage in the practice of nursing as defined in this chapter.

(3) Nothing in this chapter shall limit, preclude, or otherwise restrict the practices of other licensed personnel in carrying out their duties under the terms of their licenses.

(4) A temporary work permit may be issued by the board to persons who have completed the requirements for, applied for, and paid the fee for licensure by endorsement. Temporary work permits shall be issued only for the length of time required to process applications for endorsement and shall not be renewed. No temporary work permit shall be issued to an applicant who has failed the licensure examination.

(5) The board may summarily withdraw a temporary work permit upon determination that the person does not meet the requirements for licensure or has disciplinary action pending against the person's license in this or another jurisdiction.

Section 9. KRS 314.181 is amended to read as follows:

A registered nurse who is employed by a health facility as defined in KRS 216B.015 may determine whether or not a patient is dead in accordance with the requirements of KRS 446.400. The nurse shall notify the patient's attending physician or other appropriate practitioner of the death in accordance with the facility's policy. The registered nurse is authorized to sign the provisional report of death as furnished by the state registrar of vital statistics.

(1) A registered nurse who is employed by an ambulance service shall complete training in determination of death and preservation of evidence as required by the board through the promulgation of administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A.

(2) A registered nurse who is employed by an ambulance service shall determine whether or not a patient served by the ambulance service is dead. The registered nurse shall utilize the protocol specified by the board by administrative regulations. The registered nurse shall, when responding to a patient, first attempt resuscitation, unless the protocol indicates that the patient is not capable of being resuscitated.

(3) If it is determined that death has occurred in accordance with the procedures of KRS 446.400(1) concerning patients whose circulation and respiration are not being artificially maintained, the registered nurse who is employed by an ambulance service may make the actual determination and pronouncement of death.

(4) When the determination and pronouncement of death of a patient whose circulation and respiration are not being artificially maintained, as required under KRS 446.400(1), occurs in a hospital or nursing facility, that declaration may be made by a registered nurse, in addition to any other person permitted by law to determine and pronounce death. The nurse shall notify the patient's attending physician of the death in accordance with the hospital's or facility's policy.

(5) In the event that a registered nurse who is employed by an ambulance service determines that a person is dead, the registered nurse shall make the notifications required by KRS 72.020 and take the protective actions required by that statute.

(6) The administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation or other basic life support measures to the apparently dead person, prior to the arrival of the registered nurse who is employed by an ambulance service, by any person shall not be considered as artificial maintenance of respiration and circulation for the purposes of this section and KRS 446.400. The administration of advanced cardiac life support procedures by any person, other than a paramedic rendering care pursuant to KRS 311A.180, prior to the arrival of the registered nurse shall preclude the determination of death by the registered nurse, and the provisions of KRS 446.400 shall apply. Nothing in this section shall preclude the supervising physician from directing the registered nurse who is employed by an ambulance service to cease resuscitative efforts under approved agency medical protocols.

(7) The resuscitative efforts of a nurse under protocols authorized by this section shall not invoke the provisions of KRS 446.400.

Section 10. KRS 314.111 is amended to read as follows:

(1) An institution desiring to conduct a school of nursing shall apply to the board and submit evidence that it is prepared to carry out the minimum approved basic curriculum in nursing and that it is prepared to fulfill other
requirements of standards which are established by KRS 314.011 to 314.161 and KRS 314.991 and the administrative regulations promulgated by the board. No person shall operate a nursing education program or school of nursing without complying with the provisions of this section.

(2) A survey of the institution and its proposed education program shall be made by the executive director or an authorized employee of the board who shall submit a written report of the survey to the board. If in the opinion of the board the requirements for an approved nursing education program or school of nursing are met it shall approve the school.

(3) The board shall, by administrative regulations promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A, set standards for the establishment and outcomes of nursing education programs that prepare advanced practice registered nurses, including clinical learning experiences, and shall approve such programs that meet the standards.

(4) If the board determines that any approved school of nursing is not maintaining the standards required by the statutes and the administrative regulations of the board or is not complying with the requirements of the administrative regulations of the board, notice thereof in writing specifying their deficiencies or compliance issues shall be given to the school. A school which fails to correct these conditions to the satisfaction of the board or fails to comply with the requirements of the administrative regulation may be fined up to five hundred dollars ($500) per day for each day that it fails to correct the deficiencies or fails to comply with the requirements of the administrative regulations. A school may:

(a) Request an administrative hearing in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B to contest any fine; and
(b) Be subject to an administrative hearing in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B to determine whether the school shall be closed.

The board shall promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A to implement this subsection.

Section 11. KRS 314.121 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The Governor shall appoint a Board of Nursing consisting of sixteen (16) members:

(a) Nine (9) members shall be registered nurses licensed to practice in the Commonwealth, with the Governor ensuring that the appointees represent different specialties from a broad cross-section of the nursing profession after soliciting and receiving nominations from recognized specialty state component societies;

(b) Three (3) members shall be practical nurses licensed to practice in the Commonwealth;

(c) One (1) member shall be a nurse service administrator who is a registered nurse licensed to practice in the Commonwealth;

(d) One (1) member shall be engaged in practical nurse education who is a registered nurse licensed to practice in the Commonwealth; and

(e) Two (2) members shall be citizens at large, who are not associated with or financially interested in the practice or business regulated.

(2) Each appointment shall be for a term of four (4) years expiring on June 30 of the fourth year. The cycle for appointments and expiration of terms shall be as follows:

(a) The first year of the four (4) year cycle, the terms for three (3) registered nurses and one (1) licensed practical nurse shall expire;

(b) The second year of the four (4) year cycle, the terms for three (3) registered nurses and one (1) citizen at large shall expire;

(c) The third year of the four (4) year cycle, the terms for two (2) registered nurses, one (1) licensed practical nurse, and the one (1) member engaged in practical nurse education who is a registered nurse shall expire; and

(d) The fourth year of the four (4) year cycle, the terms for two (2) registered nurses, one (1) licensed practical nurse, and one (1) citizen at large shall expire.
(3) (a) By March 1, the Kentucky Nurses Association shall submit to the Governor a list of members qualified for appointment as R.N. members, in number not less than twice the number of appointments to be made, from which list the Governor shall make each appointment or appointments necessary by July 1.

(b) By March 1, Kentucky Licensed Practical Nurses Organization Incorporated shall submit to the Governor a list of names qualified for appointment as L.P.N. members, in number not less than twice the number of appointments to be made, from which list the Governor shall make each appointment or appointments as necessary by July 1.

(c) By March 1 of the year in which the nurse service administrator's term shall expire, the Kentucky Organization of Nurse Leaders (Executives), an affiliate of the Kentucky Hospital Association, shall submit to the Governor two (2) names of qualified individuals for appointment as the nurse service administrator from which list the Governor shall make an appointment as necessary by July 1.

(d) By March 1, LeadingAge Kentucky, the Kentucky Association of Nonprofit Homes and Services for the Aging, Inc., shall submit to the Governor two (2) names of qualified individuals for appointments as its R.N. representative from the board, from which the Governor shall make an appointment by July 1.

(e) By March 1 of the year in which the Kentucky Association of Health Care Facilities representative's term shall expire, the Kentucky Association of Health Care Facilities shall submit to the Governor two (2) names of qualified individuals for appointment as its R.N. representative to the board, from which list the Governor shall make an appointment as necessary by July 1.

(f) Initially, the Governor shall appoint one (1) member to serve as the registered nurse who is engaged in practical nurse education to serve the term remaining according to the cycle specified in subsection (2) of this section. By August 1, 1996, Kentucky Licensed Practical Nurses Organization Incorporated shall submit to the Governor two (2) names of qualified individuals for the appointment, from which list the Governor shall make the appointment by September 1, 1996. Thereafter, by March 1 of the year in which the practical nurse educator's term expires, Kentucky Licensed Practical Nurses Organization Incorporated shall submit to the Governor two (2) names of qualified individuals for the appointment, from which list the Governor shall make the appointment by July 1.

(g) The Governor shall appoint two (2) members who shall be citizens at large, who are not associated with or financially interested in the practice or business regulated. The Governor shall make the appointments by July 1 of the year in which the citizen members' terms expire.

(4) A vacancy on the board shall be filled by the Governor as provided for under subsection (1) of this section.

(5) The Governor may remove any member from the board for neglect of duty, incompetence, or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct.

(6) Each R.N. member of the board shall be a citizen of the United States, a resident of Kentucky, a graduate of an approved school of nursing, and a registered nurse in this state. All shall have had at least five (5) years of experience in nursing, three (3) of which shall immediately precede such appointment. Five (5) members shall be engaged in nursing practice; three (3) shall be engaged in nursing education; one (1) shall be engaged in advanced practice registered nursing; and one (1) shall be in nursing administration.

(7) Each L.P.N. member of the board shall be a citizen of the United States, a resident of Kentucky, a graduate of an approved school of practical nursing or its equivalent, licensed as a licensed practical nurse in this state, have at least five (5) years of experience in nursing, three (3) of which shall immediately precede this appointment, and be currently engaged in nursing practice.

Section 12. KRS 311A.185 is amended to read as follows:

(1) When it appears that a person whom a paramedic who has successfully completed training in determination of death has been called to attend is dead, the paramedic shall, utilizing the protocol specified by the board by administrative regulation, determine whether or not the patient is dead after resuscitation of the patient is attempted by the paramedic or an emergency medical technician who has responded with or after the paramedic, unless the protocol indicates that the patient is not capable of being resuscitated. If, after resuscitation has been attempted on a patient who the protocol deems is capable of being resuscitated, the patient has not been successfully resuscitated according to the protocol, the paramedic may discontinue further resuscitation efforts and proceed to determine whether the patient is dead and whether to declare the patient dead. If it is determined that death has occurred in accordance with the procedures of KRS 446.400 with regard to patients who have not been resuscitated, the paramedic may make the actual determination and pronouncement of death. This section shall not apply to patients who are in a hospital when apparent death occurs.
(2) In the event that a paramedic determines that a person is dead, the paramedic shall make the notifications required by KRS 72.020 and take the protective actions required by that statute.

(3) Any paramedic course taught after July 15, 1998, shall include a course of instruction on the determination of death and preservation of evidence as required by the board by administrative regulation.

(4) Any paramedic from another jurisdiction desiring to become a paramedic in Kentucky shall show evidence of successful completion of a training course in Kentucky meeting the requirements of subsection (3) of this section, and licensure as a paramedic shall be denied if the required evidence is not shown.

(5) The administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation or other basic life support measures to the apparently dead person prior to the arrival of the paramedic by any person, for the purposes of this section and KRS 446.400, shall not be considered as artificial maintenance of respiration and circulation. The administration of advanced cardiac life support procedures by any person, other than a registered nurse rendering care pursuant to KRS 314.181, prior to the arrival of the paramedic shall preclude the determination of death by the paramedic, and the provisions of KRS 446.400 shall apply. However, nothing in this section shall preclude the supervising physician from directing the paramedic to cease resuscitative efforts under approved agency medical protocols.

(6) The resuscitative efforts of a paramedic under the protocols authorized by this section shall not invoke the provisions of KRS 446.400.

Section 13. The following KRS sections are repealed:

314.046 Registered nurse may sign the provisional report of death, when.

314.105 Declaratory ruling by board on applicability of law to a particular case.

Signed by Governor April 26, 2018.