

386B.8-160 Specific powers of trustee.

Without limiting the authority conferred by KRS 386B.8-150, a trustee may:

- (1) Collect trust property and accept or reject additions to the trust property from a settlor or any other person;
- (2) Acquire or sell property, for cash or on credit, at public or private sale;
- (3) Exchange, partition, or otherwise change the character of trust property, including acquiring an undivided interest;
- (4) Deposit trust money in an account in a regulated financial institution;
- (5) Borrow money, with or without security, and mortgage or pledge trust property for a period within or extending beyond the duration of the trust, advance money for the protection of the trust, and for all expenses, losses, and liability sustained in the administration of the trust or because of the holding or ownership of any trust assets, for which advances with any interest the trustee has a lien on the trust assets as against the beneficiary;
- (6) With respect to an interest in a proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, or other form of business or enterprise, continue the business or other enterprise and take any action that may be taken by shareholders, members, or property owners, including merging, dissolving, or otherwise changing the form of business organization or contributing additional capital;
- (7) With respect to stocks or other securities, exercise the rights of an absolute owner, including the right to:
 - (a) Vote, or give proxies to vote, with or without power of substitution, or enter into or continue a voting trust agreement;
 - (b) Hold a security in the name of a nominee or in other form without disclosure of the trust so that title may pass by delivery;
 - (c) Pay calls, assessments, and other sums chargeable or accruing against the securities, and sell or exercise stock subscription or conversion rights;
 - (d) Deposit the securities with a depository or other regulated financial institution;
 - (e) Sell or exchange stock subscription or conversion rights; and
 - (f) Consent directly or through a committee or other agent, to the reorganization, consolidation, merger, dissolution, or liquidation of a corporation or other business enterprise;
- (8) With respect to an interest in real property, construct or make ordinary or extraordinary repairs to, alterations to, or improvements in, buildings or other structures, demolish improvements, raze existing or erect new party walls or buildings, subdivide or develop land, dedicate land to public use or grant public or private easements, and make or vacate plats and adjust boundaries;
- (9) Enter into a lease for any purpose as lessor or lessee, including a lease or other arrangement for exploration and removal of natural resources, with or without the option to purchase or renew, for a period within or extending beyond the duration of the trust;

- (10) Grant an option involving a sale, lease, or other disposition of trust property or acquire an option for the acquisition of property, including an option exercisable beyond the duration of the trust, and exercise an option so acquired;
- (11) Insure the property of the trust against damage or loss and insure the trustee, the trustee's agents, and beneficiaries against liability arising from the administration of the trust;
- (12) Abandon or decline to administer property of no value or of insufficient value to justify its collection or continued administration;
- (13) With respect to possible liability for violation of environmental law:
 - (a) Inspect or investigate property the trustee holds or has been asked to hold, or property owned or operated by an organization in which the trustee holds or has been asked to hold an interest, for the purpose of determining the application of environmental law with respect to the property;
 - (b) Take action to prevent, abate, or otherwise remedy any actual or potential violation of any environmental law affecting property held directly or indirectly by the trustee, whether taken before or after the assertion of a claim or the initiation of governmental enforcement;
 - (c) Decline to accept property into trust or disclaim any power with respect to property that is or may be burdened with liability for violation of environmental law;
 - (d) Compromise claims against the trust which may be asserted for an alleged violation of environmental law; and
 - (e) Pay the expense of any inspection, review, abatement, or remedial action to comply with environmental law;
- (14) Pay or contest any claim, settle a claim by or against the trust, and release, in whole or in part, a claim belonging to the trust;
- (15) Pay taxes, assessments, compensation of the trustee and of employees and agents of the trust, and other expenses incurred in the administration of the trust;
- (16) Exercise elections with respect to federal, state, and local taxes;
- (17) Select a mode of payment under any employee benefit or retirement plan, annuity, or life insurance payable to the trustee, exercise rights thereunder, including exercise of the right to indemnification for expenses and against liabilities, and take appropriate action to collect the proceeds;
- (18) Make loans out of trust property, including loans to a beneficiary on terms and conditions the trustee considers to be fair and reasonable under the circumstances, and the trustee has a lien on future distributions for repayment of those loans;
- (19) Pledge trust property to guarantee loans made by others to the beneficiary;
- (20) Appoint a trustee to act in another jurisdiction with respect to trust property located in the other jurisdiction, confer upon the appointed trustee all of the powers and duties of the appointing trustee, require that the appointed trustee furnish security, and remove any trustee so appointed;
- (21) Pay an amount distributable to a beneficiary who is under a legal disability or who

the trustee reasonably believes is incapacitated, by paying it directly to the beneficiary or applying it for the beneficiary's benefit, or by:

- (a) Paying it to the beneficiary's conservator or, if the beneficiary does not have a conservator, the beneficiary's guardian;
 - (b) Paying it to the beneficiary's custodian under KRS 385.022 to 385.242, the Kentucky Uniform Transfers to Minors Act or custodial trustee under the Uniform Custodial Trust Act, if that Act is subsequently adopted by the Commonwealth, and, for that purpose, creating a custodianship or custodial trust;
 - (c) If the trustee does not know of a conservator, guardian, custodian, or custodial trustee, paying it to an adult relative or other person having legal or physical care or custody of the beneficiary, to be expended on the beneficiary's behalf; or
 - (d) Managing it as a separate fund on the beneficiary's behalf, subject to the beneficiary's continuing right to withdraw the distribution;
- (22) On distribution of trust property or the division or termination of a trust, make distributions in divided or undivided interests, allocate particular assets in proportionate or disproportionate shares, value the trust property for those purposes, and adjust for resulting differences in valuation;
- (23) Resolve a dispute concerning the interpretation of the trust or its administration by mediation, arbitration, or other procedure for alternative dispute resolution;
- (24) Prosecute or defend an action, claim, or judicial proceeding in any jurisdiction to protect trust property and the trustee in the performance of the trustee's duties;
- (25) Sign and deliver contracts and other instruments that are useful to achieve or facilitate the exercise of the trustee's powers;
- (26) Take such actions as are necessary to cause gains from the sale or exchange of trust assets, as determined for federal income tax purposes, to be taxed for federal income tax purposes as a part of a distribution of income, including the power to:
- (a) Allocate such gains to income for the purpose of making discretionary distributions; and
 - (b) Allocate such gains to income that has been increased by an adjustment from principal to income pursuant to KRS 386.454, to a unitrust distribution, or to a distribution of principal to a beneficiary;
- (27) Invest and reinvest trust assets in accordance with the provisions of the trust or as provided by law;
- (28) Allocate items of income or expense to either trust income or principal, as provided by law;
- (29) In addition to the power to delegate under KRS 386B.8-070, employ persons, including attorneys, auditors, investment advisors, or agents, to:
- (a) Advise or assist the trustee in the performance of his administrative duties;
 - (b) Act without independent investigation upon their recommendations; and
 - (c) Instead of acting personally, to employ one (1) or more agents to perform any

act of administration, whether or not discretionary; and

- (30) On termination of the trust, exercise the powers appropriate to wind up the administration of the trust and distribute the trust property to the persons entitled to it within a reasonable amount of time.

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History: Created 2014 Ky. Acts ch. 25, sec. 75, effective July 15, 2014.