

154.23-015 Certification of qualified zones -- Use of census tracts -- Decertification of census tracts -- Replacement of decertified noncontiguous tract with other qualifying census tract.

- (1) Upon written application by a county, urban-county government, or city of the first class, the authority shall certify one (1) to five (5) contiguous census tracts or a county certified by the authority in accordance with KRS 154.22-040 as a qualified zone. In the case of certification based on one (1) to five (5) contiguous census tracts, each census tract shall independently meet each of the following criteria, as verified by the Department of Workforce Investment in the Education and Workforce Development Cabinet:
 - (a) A minimum total poverty rate of one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the United States poverty rate as determined by the most recent decennial census;
 - (b) An unemployment rate that exceeds the statewide unemployment rate as determined on the basis of the most recent decennial census; and
 - (c) A minimum population density of two hundred percent (200%) of the average Kentucky census tract population density as determined by the most recent decennial census.
- (2) Census tract information shall be based upon United States census data as set forth in the most recent edition of Census of Population and Housing: Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas published by the United States Bureau of the Census.
- (3) The authority shall certify no more than one (1) qualified zone within each county of the Commonwealth, except in the case of a county certified under KRS 154.22-040, the entire county shall constitute the qualified zone.
- (4) A qualified zone shall commence on the date of certification by the authority and continue thereafter, except that at the time new decennial census data becomes available, the authority shall decertify any census tract that no longer meets the criteria of subsection (1) of this section for qualified zone status. The authority shall not give preliminary approval to any project in a decertified census tract. An approved company whose project is located in a decertified census tract shall not be eligible for the inducements offered by KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079, unless the tax incentive agreement or service and technology agreement is entered into by all parties prior to July 1 of the year following the calendar year in which the authority decertified that tract.
- (5) If decertification causes a formerly certified contiguous census tract to become noncontiguous, the applicant shall have the discretion to eliminate or maintain the noncontiguous tract. If the applicant eliminates the noncontiguous tract, it may replace the noncontiguous tract with another qualifying census tract, subject to approval of the authority.
- (6) A county, urban-county government, or city of the first class shall have no authority to request decertification of a census tract, and any addition of a census tract requested by a county, urban-county government, or city of the first class under KRS 154.23-020 shall be contiguous to a census tract that continues to meet the

criteria under this section.

- (7) The authority shall pay its costs of counsel relating to zone certification.

Effective: June 27, 2019

History: Amended 2019 Ky. Acts ch. 146, sec. 22, effective June 27, 2019. -- Amended 2009 Ky. Acts ch. 11, sec. 40, effective June 25, 2009. -- Amended 2006 Ky. Acts ch. 211, sec. 72, effective July 12, 2006. -- Amended 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 105, sec. 5, effective July 13, 2004. -- Amended 2002 Ky. Acts ch. 338, sec. 26, effective July 15, 2002. -- Created 2000 Ky. Acts ch. 528, sec. 3, effective July 14, 2000.