

## **246.600 Legislative findings relating to alternative fuels.**

The General Assembly declares:

- (1) Alternative fuels are vitally important to the Commonwealth because the alternative fuel may:
  - (a) Reduce pollution;
  - (b) Improve energy security; and
  - (c) Support the Commonwealth's economy;
- (2) Alternative fuels derived from resources within the Commonwealth, including:
  - (a) Ethanol derived from corn;
  - (b) Biodiesel derived from soybean oil;
  - (c) Waste streams;
  - (d) Renewable or zero emissions energy sources;
  - (e) Gaseous carbon-18 oxides; and
  - (f) Alternative jet fuels generated by agricultural production facilities in the Commonwealth;reduce undesirable impacts to the environment and provide additional demand for those resources;
- (3) Environmental benefits resulting from alternative fuels include:
  - (a) Reduced harmful emissions, including carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and sulfur; and
  - (b) Improved air quality by reducing ozone-forming emissions;
- (4) Alternative fuels may:
  - (a) Stimulate the economy;
  - (b) Create jobs across the Commonwealth;
  - (c) Diversify the Commonwealth's energy supply; and
  - (d) Reduce dependence on imported fuels;through the development of a production network in the Commonwealth for consumers in the Commonwealth;
- (5) There are various other benefits which may be achieved, including improved:
  - (a) Performance of vehicles that results in a reduction of operation costs for the citizens of the Commonwealth; and
  - (b) Transportation systems, including the creation of a sustainable supply; and
- (6) Its commitment to:
  - (a) A full evaluation of the Commonwealth's jet fuel tax policy positions; and
  - (b) Furthering research and development to build an alternative fuels policy that may be declared the best in the nation.

**Effective:** June 27, 2025

**History:** Created 2025 Ky. Acts ch. 98, sec. 25, effective June 27, 2025.