## **Local Mandate Fiscal Impact Estimate Kentucky Legislative Research Commission** 2016 Regular Session

## **Part I: Measure Information**

Bill Request #: 1413	
Bill #: HB 313	
Bill Subject/Title:	AN ACT proposing to amend Section 95 of the Constitution of Kentucky relating to the election of state officers.
Sponsor: Representative Kenny C. Imes	
Unit of Government:	City X County X Urban-County Unified Local X Charter County X Consolidated Local X Government
Office(s) Impacted:	County Clerk
Requirement: X	_ Mandatory Optional
Effect on Powers & Duties:	X Modifies Existing X Adds New Eliminates Existing
Part II: Purpose and Mechanics	

HB 313 proposes to submit an amendment to Section 95 of the Kentucky Constitution to the voters for ratification. The constitutional amendment would move elections for Constitutional Officers from 2023 to 2024, and every four years thereafter, resulting in elections in Kentucky being held only in even-numbered years. Constitutional Officers elected in 2019 would have their terms **increased** by one year to accommodate the new schedule. election

## Part III: Fiscal Explanation, Bill Provisions, and Estimated Cost

The savings of HB 313 to local governments due to eliminating a primary and general election, provided that voters ratify the constitutional amendment, would be significant.

At present; assuming 3,735 precincts; \$4,000 per precinct in total costs (\$2,000 each for primary and general elections); and state reimbursement of \$398 per precinct (\$199 each for primary and general elections), the savings to local governments would be about \$13.5 million during the calendar year of the eliminated primary and general election.

Applying an inflationary factor to determine the savings starting in calendar year 2023 (first year in which the primary and general elections would be eliminated under this legislation) may be inappropriate given population shifts, potential advances in voting technology (on-line voting), and changes in the state reimbursement rate and in the compensation to poll workers (currently set by counties with a minimum of \$10 for one mandatory training session and a minimum of \$60 for election day).

The costs of HB 313 to local governments due to adding a constitutional amendment to a ballot would be minimal. According to Harp Enterprises, a vendor that provides electronic voting machines to 97 Kentucky counties, there are additional programming costs associated with adding a new category to the ballot on an already scheduled statewide election. For example, the cost to add a new category to the ballot for Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, with 291 precincts, is estimated to be between \$3,000 and \$4,000, and for Franklin County, with 44 precincts, the cost is estimated to be between \$1,250 and \$2,000.

**Data Source(s):** LRC Staff, Kentucky County Clerk's Association Elections Committee

Chair, Harp Enterprises

**Preparer:** Wendell F. Butler **Reviewer:** JWN **Date:** 1/28/16