CORRECTIONS IMPACT STATEMENT

SESSION: 16RS BILL #: SB 233 **BR #:** 366 **DOC ID#:**

BILL SPONSOR(S): Sen. Carroll AMENDMENT SPONSOR(S): SUBJECT: AN ACT relating to the use of drones for unlawful purposes.

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION: Create a new section of KRS Chapter 525 to prohibit the use of a drone for purposes of harassment, to commit acts of voyeurism, or for facilitation of property offenses; allow the use of drones for lawful commercial, personal, or law enforcement use; provide that a violation for use of a drone for harassment purposes is a violation and for any other purpose enumerated in the section is a Class B misdemeanor; create a new section of KRS Chapter 39G to require Office for Homeland Security to promulgate administrative regulations regarding use of drones on state property; amend KRS 446.010 to define "drone."

This 🖂 bill 🗌 a	mendment [committee substi	tute is expected to:									
☐ Have the following Corrections impact ☐ Have no Corrections impact												
Creates new crin Increases penalt Increases incarc Reduces inmate Increases staff ti Changes elemen Otherwise impac	y for existing crium eration /offender service me or positions of offense for	existing crime(s)	Decreases incard	ty for existing crime(s) ceration loftender services								
in one of 78 full serv	vice jails for up t	o 5 years. DOC's cos	st to incarcerate a felony inmate	661.09. Most Class D felons are housed in a jail is \$32.51 per day (includes jail ctions are based on the daily rate x 365								
Projected Impact:	NONE		MODERATE \$1,000,000 \$5,000,000	☐ SIGNIFICANT \$5,000,000- Up								

Creates no new felonies. This bill creates 1 new misdemeanor offenses – a Class A Misdemeanor for Unlawful use of a drone Since this bill does not create any new felonies, it will not have an impact on Department of Corrections (DOC) incarceration rate. The bill has the potential to increase the number of offenders in jails serving on misdemeanor offenses and DOC costs associated with county inmates in jail.

Increases in Cost of Providing County Inmates Access to Medical Network-The Department is responsible for payment for county offenders to be afforded access to medical network. The cost is calculated as follows: \$0.055 times the County Jail ADP for the month not to exceed \$165,958 based on a negotiated ADP of 8,318. Any increases in population beyond these parameters would require DOC to negotiate to amend the contract for the corresponding increased cost.

Increase in the Cost of Housing County Offenders for Medical Treatment – KRS 441.560 - Jails may request that a county offender be admitted to a DOC institution for treatment of catastrophic medical conditions. The Department assumes the cost of housing and medical care. In FY15 \$627,985 were expended for these admissions.

Acceleration in Depletion of Catastrophic Medical Fund – KRS 441.045 -The Department's Catastrophic Medical fund is utilized to reimburse jails for medical bills for county offenders which exceed \$1,000. Once this fund is depleted, county jails are responsible for these medical bills.

Misdemeanor Probation Supervision - This bill also has the potential to increase DOC supervision caseloads in counties where misdemeanor probation cases are supervised by Probation and Parole. Probation and Parole currently supervises district court misdemeanor probation cases in 18 counties and supervises circuit court misdemeanor probation cases in 101 counties. The cost to supervise an offender under the Division of Probation and Parole is \$3.46 daily.

LOCAL IMPACT: L misdemeanors and f based on \$31.92 per Projected Impact:	elony defendants day, which equal	until disposition of	the case I medical	. While the ex	xpense v	aries by jail,	, this esting the street of th	mated impact will be		
Potential Impact: While the impact is expected to be minimal, there could be a fiscal impact due to the costs associated with incarceration. The bill creates new misdemeanor offenses and the Department is not able to project how many offenders will be arrested, convicted, probated, or incarcerated for these offenses.										
Local Impact - Jails -Increase in Fees Associated with Incarceration										
Any increase in the number of county offenders in county jails would increase housing costs, and other costs such as booking, court transportation, healthcare costs etc.										
Catastrophic Medical Payments outlined in KRS 441.045-The Department is responsible for payments for medical bills for county inmates which exceed \$1,000. This fund is a set amount that has been insufficient to cover all bills submitted each year. Once this fund is depleted, county jails are responsible for payment of medical bills. An increase in the number of these offenders would increase cost of providing medical care to county jailers.										
A Class A misdemeanor is 90 days to 1 year in jail			1	10 Class A misdemeanants: \$28,728 to 116,500.						
1 Class A misdemeanant: \$2,873. to \$11,650.			1	100 Class A misdemeanants: \$287,300 to \$1.1M.						
The following offices contributed to this Corrections Impact Statement: ☐ Dept. of Corrections ☐ Dept. of Kentucky State Police ☐ Administrative Office of the Courts ☐ Parole Board ☐ Other										
NOTE: Consideration should be given to the cumulative impact of all bills that increase the felon population or that impose new obligations on state or local governments.										
APPROVED BY:	0	Down town to				D.1.				
	Commissioner, Ke	ntucky Department o	or Correction	ons		Date				