1	AN ACT relating to dyslexia and response-to-interventions that improve student
2	learning.
3	WHEREAS, frequent formative assessment enables teachers to better identify
4	students who are not reading on grade level, provide additional interventions and support,
5	and monitor their progress toward meeting grade-level goals; and
6	WHEREAS, assessment and evidence-based screening assist teachers to adjust
7	instruction to better meet students' individual needs with appropriate interventions; and
8	WHEREAS, effective intervention is essential for struggling readers; and
9	WHEREAS, helping struggling readers reach grade-level expectations is not as
10	simple as providing more of the same type of instruction; and
11	WHEREAS, these students need high-quality interventions that are evidence-based
12	and designed specifically for struggling readers; and
13	WHEREAS, dyslexia is a barrier to learning to read; and
14	WHEREAS, researchers estimate that dyslexia affects at least one in ten people,
15	although the true rate could be as high as one in five; and
16	WHEREAS, schools should be prepared to offer additional support and appropriate
17	interventions for children with dyslexia to be successful; and
18	WHEREAS, teachers need to be able to recognize characteristics of dyslexia and
19	use structured, multisensory approaches to teach and assist students to develop language
20	and reading skills; and
21	WHEREAS, an investment in appropriate and effective interventions can provide
22	significant return on investment to schools and to society over the course of a child's
23	lifetime;
24	NOW, THEREFORE,
25	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
26	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
27	READ AS FOLLOWS:

Page 1 of 6
HB018730.100 - 243 - XXXX
House Committee Substitute

1	(1) As usea in this section:
2	(a) "Dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is neurological in
3	origin. It is characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent word
4	recognition and by poor spelling and decoding abilities. These difficulties
5	typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language
6	that is often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities and the
7	provision of effective classroom instruction. Secondary consequences may
8	include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading
9	experience that can impede the growth of vocabulary and background
10	knowledge;
11	(b) "Phonemic awareness" means the ability to recognize that a spoken word
12	consists of a sequence of individual sounds and the ability to manipulate
13	individual sounds in speaking; and
14	(c) "Evidence-based" has the same meaning as in 20 U.S.C. sec. 7801(21).
15	(2) By January 1, 2019, the Department of Education shall make available a dyslexia
16	toolkit that includes guidance, technical assistance, and training to assist all local
17	school districts in the implementation of evidence-based practices for instructing
18	students identified with or displaying characteristics of dyslexia.
19	(3) The dyslexia toolkit shall include but not be limited to the following guidance for
20	local districts targeting students in kindergarten through grade three (3) who
21	have been identified with or displaying characteristics of dyslexia:
22	(a) Evidence-based practices designed specifically for students with dyslexia;
23	(b) Characteristics of targeted instruction for dyslexia;
24	(c) Guidance on developing instructional plans for students with dyslexia;
25	(d) Best practices toward meaning-centered reading and writing;
26	(e) Structured multisensory and literacy approaches to teaching language and
27	reading skills; and

 $Page\ 2\ of\ 6$ HB018730.100 - 243 - XXXX House Committee Substitute

1		(f) Suggested professional development activities.
2	<u>(4)</u>	The department shall collaborate with the Education Professional Standards
3		Board, Council on Postsecondary Education, and other groups as necessary to
4		improve and update professional development opportunities for teachers
5		specifically related to dyslexia. Professional development opportunities may focus
6		<u>on:</u>
7		(a) Development and ongoing implementation of training and coaching for
8		teachers;
9		(b) Identifying high quality trainers to provide support to local districts utilizing
10		a coaching model to develop building level dyslexia experts;
11		(c) Developing awareness training modules for all instructional staff to include
12		information about characteristics of dyslexia; and
13		(d) Evidence-based interventions, structured multisensory and literacy
14		approaches to teach language and reading skills, and accommodations for
15		dyslexia and other specific learning disabilities.
16	<u>(5)</u>	By June 30, 2019, each local board of education shall develop and have in place
17		a policy addressing the implementation of a program for the identification of and
18		strategies for assisting students in kindergarten through grade three (3) with
19		<u>dyslexia.</u>
20	<u>(6)</u>	The local board policies shall include but not be limited to:
21		(a) The definition and characteristics of dyslexia;
22		(b) A process for identifying students who are displaying characteristics of
23		<u>dyslexia;</u>
24		(c) A process for the utilization of evaluation tools to accurately identify
25		students who are displaying characteristics of dyslexia. Any qualified
26		dyslexia evaluation tool utilized by a local district shall address but not be
27		limited to the following components:

 $Page \ 3 \ of \ 6$ HB018730.100 - 243 - XXXX House Committee Substitute

1	1. Phonological awareness and phonemic awareness;
2	2. Sound symbol recognition;
3	3. Alphabet knowledge;
4	4. Decoding skills;
5	5. Encoding skills; and
6	6. Rapid naming;
7	(d) A process for how evaluation tools are administered and evaluated by
8	trained district personnel or licensed professionals;
9	(e) A process for outreach to parents of students identified with or displaying
10	the characteristics of dyslexia with information and resource materials and
11	how dyslexia may be addressed in the student's educational setting;
12	(f) Identification of evidence-based interventions, structured multisensory and
13	literacy approaches to teach language and reading skills, and
14	accommodations that schools may utilize to provide services to students
15	identified as having dyslexia; and
16	(g) A process for monitoring a student's progress after the positive
17	identification, including assessments to ascertain whether the intervention
18	services improve the student's language processing and reading skills.
19	(7) By June 30 of each year, local school districts shall provide the department the
20	following data for the current school year:
21	(a) The number of students in kindergarten through grade three (3) that were
22	identified as displaying characteristics of dyslexia;
23	(b) The number of students in paragraph (a) of this subsection that were
24	identified through the response-to-intervention process;
25	(c) The number of students in kindergarten through grade three (3) that were
26	evaluated for dyslexia;
27	(d) The number of students in kinderoarten through grade three (3) that were

Page 4 of 6
HB018730.100 - 243 - XXXX
House Committee Substitute

1		identified with dyslexia;
2	<u>(e)</u>	The dyslexia evaluation tools used to identify students;
3	<u>(f)</u>	The number of students in kindergarten through grade three (3) that were
4		participating in interventions within the school setting;
5	<u>(g)</u>	The process or tools used to evaluate student progress; and
6	<u>(h)</u>	The number of trained district personnel or licensed professionals used to
7		administer the dyslexia evaluation tools.
8	(8) (a)	The department shall establish a study project to gather information on
9		early screening and intervention services for children with characteristics of
10		dyslexia. The commissioner of education shall select three (3) school
11		districts to participate in the study project, one (1) of which shall be located
12		in an urban setting, one (1) of which shall be located in a suburban setting,
13		and one (1) of which shall be located in a rural setting.
14	<u>(b)</u>	The department shall establish guidelines and procedures for the study
15		project.
16	<u>(c)</u>	The study project shall operate for three (3) full school years, beginning
17		with the school year that begins at least three (3) months after the effective
18		date of this Act.
19	<u>(d)</u>	The goal of the study project shall be to evaluate the effectiveness of early
20		reading assistance programs for children with characteristics of dyslexia.
21	<u>(e)</u>	The commissioner may consult with recognized organizations that
22		specialize in structured literacy programs for the treatment of dyslexia in
23		establishing and operating the study project.
24	<u>(f)</u>	The department shall submit a final report outlining the findings of the
25		study to the Interim Joint Committee on Education and the Interim Joint
26		Committee on Health and Welfare and Family Services by November 1
27		after the final academic year of the study project.

Page 5 of 6
HB018730.100 - 243 - XXXX
House Committee Substitute

1	(9) The provisions of this section are subject to available funds.
2	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 164 IS CREATED TO
3	READ AS FOLLOWS:
4	By the 2019-2020 academic year, postsecondary institutions offering teacher
5	preparation programs for elementary and secondary regular education shall, subject to
6	available funds, include instruction on:
7	(1) The definition and characteristics of dyslexia;
8	(2) Processes for identifying dyslexia;
9	(3) Evidence-based interventions and accommodations for dyslexia and other
10	disorders defined in KRS 158.305 and related literacy and learning challenges;
11	<u>and</u>
12	(4) Core elements of a response-to-intervention framework addressing reading,
13	writing, mathematics, and behavior, including;
14	(a) Universal screening;
15	(b) Scientific, research-based interventions;
16	(c) Progress monitoring of the effectiveness of interventions on student
17	performance;
18	(d) Data-based decision-making procedures related to:
19	1. Determining intervention effectiveness on student performance; and
20	2. Determining the need to continue, alter, or discontinue interventions
21	or conduct further evaluation of student needs; and
22	(e) Application and implementation of response-to-intervention and dyslexia
23	instructional practices in the classroom setting.
24	→ Section 3. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the Ready to Read Act.

 $Page\ 6\ of\ 6$ HB018730.100 - 243 - XXXX House Committee Substitute