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18 RS BR 1189

1	A RESOLUTION requesting and petitioning the United States Congress to amend
2	sections of federal law to permit the prosecution of interactive computer service providers
3	and users which carry advertising offering sex trafficking victims.
4	WHEREAS, the United States Supreme Court in U.S. v Williams, 553 U.S. 285,
5	297 (2008) stated, "Offers to engage in illegal transactions are categorically excluded
6	from First Amendment protection;" and
7	WHEREAS, advertising that offers sex with victims of sex trafficking is
8	unprotected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, and those who
9	facilitate such advertising can be held criminally and civilly liable; and
10	WHEREAS, criminologists from Michigan State University and Loyola University
11	Chicago found that "technology has reshaped the contours of prostitution, with an
12	estimated 80 percent of all sales of sex now occurring online"; and
13	WHEREAS, in 2015 more than 75 percent of cases identified by the National
14	Human Trafficking Resource Center as potential cases were related to sex trafficking, and
15	37 percent of the latter cases involved children; and
16	WHEREAS, the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC)
17	reported an 846 percent increase from 2010 to 2015 in reports of suspected child sex
18	trafficking, an increase NCMEC found to be "directly correlated to the increased use of
19	the Internet to sell children for sex"; and
20	WHEREAS, to reduce online sex sales, federal and state prosecutors must prosecute
21	not only those who use the Internet to advertise sex with victims of sex trafficking, but
22	also providers and users of interactive computer services who facilitate such advertising;
23	and
24	WHEREAS, what now prevents federal prosecutors from doing all in their
25	constitutional power to curb online sex trafficking is language in 18 U.S.C. sec. 1591,

27 who accept payment for carrying ads "in reckless disregard of the fact" that the ads offer

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which exempts from prosecution providers and users of interactive computer services

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1 sex with victims of sex trafficking; and

WHEREAS, what now prevents state prosecutors from doing all in their constitutional power to curb online sex trafficking is language in 47 U.S.C. sec. 230, which was interpreted by federal courts to immunize from prosecution providers and users of interactive computer services who carry ads knowing or having reason to know that the ads offer sex with victims of sex trafficking; and

WHEREAS, in a letter to members of Congress dated August 16, 2017, and signed by Attorneys General from 48 states, the National Association of Attorneys General stated, "[C]ertain federal courts have broadly interpreted the Communications Decency Act (CDA). . .[S]ome state and local law enforcement agencies have been left powerless to act against online classified ad services. . .which have constructed their business models around advertising income gained from participants in the sex trade"; and

WHEREAS, what 47 U.S.C. sec. 230 was not intended to provide is immunity from prosecution under state criminal laws, or blanket protection from civil liability under 18 U.S.C. sec. 1591 or other federal and state laws, for providers or users of an interactive computer service who carry ads knowing or having reason to know that the ads offer sex with victims of sex trafficking;

18 NOW, THEREFORE,

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

21 →Section 1. That the Congress of the United States is respectfully requested to 22 amend 18 U.S.C. sec. 1591 to permit prosecution of providers and users of interactive 23 computer services who distribute ads in reckless disregard of the fact that the ads offer 24 sex with sex trafficking victims.

25 → Section 2. That the Congress of the United States is respectfully requested to
 26 amend 47 U.S.C. sec. 230 to clarify that it does not immunize providers and users of
 27 interactive computer services from state criminal liability, or federal or state civil liability,

1 for carrying ads they know or have reason to know offer sex with sex trafficking victims.

2 →Section 3. The Clerk of the Senate is directed to transmit a copy of this
3 Resolution to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the Majority
4 Leader of the United States Senate, and each member of the Kentucky congressional
5 delegation.