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1		AN	ACT	relating to wages.	
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:				
3		⇒s	ectior	n 1. KRS 337.010 is amended to read as follows:	
4	(1)	As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:			
5		(a)	"Co	mmissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Workplace	
6			Star	ndards under the direction and supervision of the secretary of the Labor	
7			Cab	vinet;	
8		(b)	"De	partment" means the Department of Workplace Standards in the Labor	
9			Cab	inet;	
10		(c)	1.	"Wages" includes any compensation due to an employee by reason of his	
11				or her employment, including salaries, commissions, vested vacation pay,	
12				overtime pay, severance or dismissal pay, earned bonuses, and any other	
13				similar advantages agreed upon by the employer and the employee or	
14				provided to employees as an established policy. The wages shall be	
15				payable in legal tender of the United States, checks on banks, direct	
16				deposits, or payroll card accounts convertible into cash on demand at full	
17				face value, subject to the allowances made in this chapter. However, an	
18				employee may not be charged an activation fee and the payroll card	
19				account shall provide the employee with the ability, without charge, to	
20				make at least one (1) withdrawal per pay period for any amount up to	
21				and including the full account balance.	
22			2.	For the purposes of calculating hourly wage rates for scheduled overtime	
23				for professional firefighters, as defined in KRS 95A.210(5), "wages" shall	
24				not include the distribution to qualified professional firefighters by local	
25				governments of supplements received from the Firefighters Foundation	
26				Program Fund. For the purposes of calculating hourly wage rates for	
27				unscheduled overtime for professional firefighters, as defined in KRS	

1			95A.210(6), "wages" shall include the distribution to qualified
2			professional firefighters by local governments of supplements received
3			from the Firefighters Foundation Program Fund;
4	((d)	"Employer" is any person, either individual, corporation, partnership, agency,
5			or firm who employs an employee and includes any person, either individual,
6			corporation, partnership, agency, or firm acting directly or indirectly in the
7			interest of an employer in relation to an employee; and
8	((e)	"Employee" is any person employed by or suffered or permitted to work for an
9			employer, except that:
10			1. Notwithstanding any voluntary agreement entered into between the
11			United States Department of Labor and a franchisee, neither a franchisee
12			nor a franchisee's employee shall be deemed to be an employee of the
13			franchisor for any purpose under this chapter; and
14			2. Notwithstanding any voluntary agreement entered into between the
15			United States Department of Labor and a franchisor, neither a franchisor
16			nor a franchisor's employee shall be deemed to be an employee of the
17			franchisee for any purpose under this chapter.
18			For purposes of this paragraph, "franchisee" and "franchisor" have the same
19			meanings as in 16 C.F.R. sec. 436.1.
20	(2)	As u	sed in KRS 337.275 to 337.325, 337.345, and 337.385 to 337.405, unless the
21	C	conte	ext requires otherwise:
22	((a)	"Employee" is any person employed by or suffered or permitted to work for an
23			employer, but shall not include:
24			1. Any individual employed in agriculture;
25			2. Any individual employed in a bona fide executive, administrative,
26			supervisory, or professional capacity, or in the capacity of outside
27			salesman, or as an outside collector as the terms are defined by

1		administrative regulations of the commissioner;
2	3.	Any individual employed by the United States;
3	4.	Any individual employed in domestic service in or about a private home.
4		The provisions of this section shall include individuals employed in
5		domestic service in or about the home of an employer where there is
6		more than one (1) domestic servant regularly employed;
7	5.	Any individual classified and given a certificate by the commissioner
8		showing a status of learner, apprentice, worker with a disability,
9		sheltered workshop employee, and student under administrative
10		procedures and administrative regulations prescribed and promulgated by
11		the commissioner. This certificate shall authorize employment at the
12		wages, less than the established fixed minimum fair wage rates, and for
13		the period of time fixed by the commissioner and stated in the certificate
14		issued to the person;
15	6.	Employees of retail stores, service industries, hotels, motels, and
16		restaurant operations whose average annual gross volume of sales made
17		for business done is less than <i>five hundred thousand dollars</i>
18		(\$500,000)[ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000)] for the five (5)
19		preceding years exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level or if the
20		employee is the parent, spouse, child, or other member of his or her
21		employer's immediate family;
22	7.	Any individual employed as a baby-sitter in an employer's home, or an
23		individual employed as a companion by a sick, convalescing, or elderly
24		person or by the person's immediate family, to care for that sick,
25		convalescing, or elderly person and whose principal duties do not include
26		housekeeping;
27	8.	Any individual engaged in the delivery of newspapers to the consumer;

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- 9. Any individual subject to the provisions of KRS Chapters 7, 16, 27A, 30A, and 18A provided that the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall have the authority to prescribe by administrative regulation those emergency employees, or others, who shall receive overtime pay rates necessary for the efficient operation of government and the protection of affected employees;
- 7 10. Any employee employed by an establishment which is an organized
 8 nonprofit camp, religious, or nonprofit educational conference center, if
 9 it does not operate for more than two hundred ten (210) days in any
 10 calendar year;
- 11 11. Any employee whose function is to provide twenty-four (24) hour
 12 residential care on the employer's premises in a parental role to children
 13 who are primarily dependent, neglected, and abused and who are in the
 14 care of private, nonprofit childcaring facilities licensed by the Cabinet for
 15 Health and Family Services under KRS 199.640 to 199.670; or
- 16 12. Any individual whose function is to provide twenty-four (24) hour 17 residential care in his or her own home as a family caregiver and who is 18 approved to provide family caregiver services to an adult with a disability 19 through a contractual relationship with a community board for mental 20 health or individuals with an intellectual disability established under KRS 21 210.370 to 210.460, or is certified or licensed by the Cabinet for Health 22 and Family Services to provide adult foster care;
- (b) "Agriculture" means farming in all its branches, including cultivation and tillage
 of the soil; dairying; production, cultivation, growing, and harvesting of any
 agricultural or horticultural commodity; raising of livestock, bees, furbearing
 animals, or poultry; and any practice, including any forestry or lumbering
 operations, performed on a farm in conjunction with farming operations,

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1		including preparation and delivery of produce to storage, to market, or to
2		carriers for transportation to market;
3		(c) "Gratuity" means voluntary monetary contribution received by an employee
4		from a guest, patron, or customer for services rendered;
5		(d) "Tipped employee" means any employee engaged in an occupation in which he
6		or she customarily and regularly receives more than thirty dollars (\$30) per
7		month in tips; and
8		(e) "U.S.C." means the United States Code.
9		→ Section 2. KRS 337.275 is amended to read as follows:
10	(1)	Except as may otherwise be provided by this chapter, every employer shall pay to
11		each of his or her employees wages at a rate of not less than [five dollars and eighty-
12		five cents (\$5.85) an hour beginning on June 26, 2007, not less than six dollars and
13		fifty-five cents (\$6.55) an hour beginning July 1, 2008, and not less than]seven
14		dollars and twenty-five cents (\$7.25) an hour beginning July 1, 2009, not less than
15		eight dollars and twenty cents (\$8.20) an hour beginning on July 1, 2018, not less
15 16		eight dollars and twenty cents (\$8.20) an hour beginning on July 1, 2018, not less than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019,
16		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019,
16 17		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1,
16 17 18		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021,
16 17 18 19		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021, not less than twelve dollars and five cents (\$12.05) an hour on July 1, 2022, not
16 17 18 19 20		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021, not less than twelve dollars and five cents (\$12.05) an hour on July 1, 2022, not less than thirteen dollars and ten cents (\$13.10) an hour on July 1, 2023, not less
16 17 18 19 20 21		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021, not less than twelve dollars and five cents (\$12.05) an hour on July 1, 2022, not less than thirteen dollars and ten cents (\$13.10) an hour on July 1, 2023, not less than thirteen dollars and ninety-five cents (\$13.95) an hour on July 1, 2024, and
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021, not less than twelve dollars and five cents (\$12.05) an hour on July 1, 2022, not less than thirteen dollars and ten cents (\$13.10) an hour on July 1, 2023, not less than thirteen dollars and ninety-five cents (\$13.95) an hour on July 1, 2024, and not less than fifteen dollars (\$15) an hour on July 1, 2025. If the federal minimum
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021, not less than twelve dollars and five cents (\$12.05) an hour on July 1, 2022, not less than thirteen dollars and ten cents (\$13.10) an hour on July 1, 2023, not less than thirteen dollars and ninety-five cents (\$13.95) an hour on July 1, 2024, and not less than fifteen dollars (\$15) an hour on July 1, 2025. If the federal minimum hourly wage as prescribed by 29 U.S.C. sec. 206(a)(1) is increased in excess of the
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 		than nine dollars and fifteen cents (\$9.15) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than ten dollars and ten cents (\$10.10) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, not less than eleven dollars (\$11.00) an hour beginning on July 1, 2021, not less than twelve dollars and five cents (\$12.05) an hour on July 1, 2022, not less than thirteen dollars and ten cents (\$13.10) an hour on July 1, 2023, not less than thirteen dollars and ninety-five cents (\$13.95) an hour on July 1, 2024, and not less than fifteen dollars (\$15) an hour on July 1, 2025. If the federal minimum hourly wage as prescribed by 29 U.S.C. sec. 206(a)(1) is increased in excess of the minimum hourly wage in effect under this subsection, the minimum hourly wage

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1 minimum hourly rate prescribed in 29 U.S.C. sec. 206(a)(1) and shall not include 2 other wage rates or conditions, exclusions, or exceptions to the federal minimum 3 hourly wage rate. In addition, the increase to the federal minimum hourly wage rate 4 does not extend or modify the scope or coverage of the minimum wage rate required 5 under this chapter. 6 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, for any employee (2)7 engaged in an occupation in which he *or she* customarily and regularly receives more 8 than thirty dollars (\$30) per month in tips from patrons or others, the employer may 9 pay as a minimum not less than two dollars and thirteen cents (\$2.13) an hour 10 beginning on the effective date of this Act, not less than three dollars and five 11 cents (\$3.05) an hour beginning on July 1, 2019, not less than three dollars and 12 ninety-five cents (\$3.95) an hour beginning on July 1, 2020, and not less than 13 four dollars and ninety cents (\$4.90) an hour beginning in July 1, 2021. If the 14 hourly wage rate required to be paid a tipped employee under] the federal minimum 15 hourly wage [law] as prescribed by 29 U.S.C. sec. 203 is increased in excess of the 16 minimum hourly wage in effect under this subsection, the minimum hourly wage 17 under this subsection shall be increased to the same amount, effective on the same date as the federal minimum hourly wage rate. The employer shall establish 18 19 by his *or her* records that for each week where credit is taken, when adding tips 20 received to wages paid, not less than the minimum rate prescribed in *subsection* (1) 21 of this section [29 U.S.C. sec. 203] was received by the employee. No employer 22 shall use all or part of any tips or gratuities received by employees toward the 23 payment of the statutory minimum hourly wage as required by *subsection (1) of this* 24 section [29 U.S.C. sec. 203]. Nothing, however, shall prevent employees from 25 entering into an agreement to divide tips or gratuities among themselves. 26 **(3)**

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Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict the power of any city,

county, urban-county government, charter county government, consolidated local

1	government, or unified local government to adopt and enforce minimum wage
2	rate ordinances in excess of the requirements of this section so long as they
3	comply with at least the minimum applicable standards set forth in this section.
4	In the case of a consolidated local government, the governing body of the
5	consolidated local government is the only local governing body that may establish
6	a minimum wage under this subsection, and the minimum wage set by that
7	governing body shall apply countywide.