1 AN ACT relating to solar energy

2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 278.010 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 As used in KRS 278.010 to 278.450, 278.541 to 278.544, 278.546 to 278.5462, and
- 5 278.990, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 6 (1) "Corporation" includes private, quasipublic, and public corporations, and all boards,
- 7 agencies, and instrumentalities thereof, associations, joint-stock companies, and
- 8 business trusts;
- 9 (2) "Person" includes natural persons, partnerships, corporations, and two (2) or more
- persons having a joint or common interest;
- 11 (3) "Utility" means any person, except: a regional wastewater commission established
- pursuant to KRS 65.8905; a participating third party subject to a power purchase
- 13 agreement; and, for purposes of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this
- subsection, a city:[,] who owns, controls, operates, or manages any facility used or
- to be used for or in connection with:
- 16 (a) The generation, production, transmission, or distribution of electricity to or for
- the public, for compensation, for lights, heat, power, or other uses;
- 18 (b) The production, manufacture, storage, distribution, sale, or furnishing of
- 19 natural or manufactured gas, or a mixture of same, to or for the public, for
- compensation, for light, heat, power, or other uses;
- 21 (c) The transporting or conveying of gas, crude oil, or other fluid substance by
- 22 pipeline to or for the public, for compensation;
- 23 (d) The diverting, developing, pumping, impounding, distributing, or furnishing
- of water to or for the public, for compensation;
- 25 (e) The transmission or conveyance over wire, in air, or otherwise, of any
- 26 message by telephone or telegraph for the public, for compensation; or
- 27 (f) The collection, transmission, or treatment of sewage for the public, for

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1		compensation, if the facility is a subdivision collection, transmission, or
2		treatment facility plant that is affixed to real property and is located in a
3		county containing a city of the first class or is a sewage collection,
4		transmission, or treatment facility that is affixed to real property, that is
5		located in any other county, and that is not subject to regulation by a
6		metropolitan sewer district or any sanitation district created pursuant to KRS
7		Chapter 220;
8	(4)	"Retail electric supplier" means any person, firm, corporation, association, or
9		cooperative corporation, excluding municipal corporations and a participating

- 8 (4) "Retail electric supplier" means any person, firm, corporation, association, or
 9 cooperative corporation, excluding municipal corporations <u>and a participating</u>
 10 <u>third party under a power purchase agreement</u>, engaged in the furnishing of retail
 11 electric service;
- 12 (5) "Certified territory" shall mean the areas as certified by and pursuant to KRS 278.017;
- 14 (6) "Existing distribution line" shall mean an electric line which on June 16, 1972, is 15 being or has been substantially used to supply retail electric service and includes all 16 lines from the distribution substation to the electric consuming facility but does not 17 include any transmission facilities used primarily to transfer energy in bulk;
- 18 (7) "Retail electric service" means electric service furnished to a consumer for ultimate 19 consumption, but does not include wholesale electric energy furnished by an electric 20 supplier to another electric supplier for resale;
- 21 (8) "Electric-consuming facilities" means everything that utilizes electric energy from a 22 central station source;
- 23 (9) "Generation and transmission cooperative" or "G&T" means a utility formed under 24 KRS Chapter 279 that provides electric generation and transmission services;
- 25 (10) "Distribution cooperative" means a utility formed under KRS Chapter 279 that 26 provides retail electric service;
- 27 (11) "Facility" includes all property, means, and instrumentalities owned, operated,

1	eased, licensed, used, furnished, or supplied for, by, or in connection with the
2	ousiness of any utility;

- 3 (12) "Rate" means any individual or joint fare, toll, charge, rental, or other compensation
 4 for service rendered or to be rendered by any utility, and any rule, regulation,
 5 practice, act, requirement, or privilege in any way relating to such fare, toll, charge,
 6 rental, or other compensation, and any schedule or tariff or part of a schedule or
 7 tariff thereof;
 - (13) "Service" includes any practice or requirement in any way relating to the service of any utility, including the voltage of electricity, the heat units and pressure of gas, the purity, pressure, and quantity of water, and in general the quality, quantity, and pressure of any commodity or product used or to be used for or in connection with the business of any utility, but does not include Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) service:
- 14 (14) "Adequate service" means having sufficient capacity to meet the maximum
 15 estimated requirements of the customer to be served during the year following the
 16 commencement of permanent service and to meet the maximum estimated
 17 requirements of other actual customers to be supplied from the same lines or
 18 facilities during such year and to assure such customers of reasonable continuity of
 19 service;
- 20 (15) "Commission" means the Public Service Commission of Kentucky;

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- 21 (16) "Commissioner" means one (1) of the members of the commission;
- 22 (17) "Demand-side management" means any conservation, load management, or other 23 utility activity intended to influence the level or pattern of customer usage or 24 demand, including home energy assistance programs;
- 25 (18) "Affiliate" means a person that controls or that is controlled by, or is under common control with, a utility;
- 27 (19) "Control" means the power to direct the management or policies of a person through

- 1 ownership, by contract, or otherwise;
- 2 (20) "CAM" means a cost allocation manual which is an indexed compilation and
- documentation of a company's cost allocation policies and related procedures;
- 4 (21) "Nonregulated activity" means the provision of competitive retail gas or electric
- 5 services or other products or services over which the commission exerts no
- 6 regulatory authority;
- 7 (22) "Nonregulated" means that which is not subject to regulation by the commission;
- 8 (23) "Regulated activity" means a service provided by a utility or other person, the rates
- 9 and charges of which are regulated by the commission;
- 10 (24) "USoA" means uniform system of accounts which is a system of accounts for public
- 11 utilities established by the FERC and adopted by the commission;
- 12 (25) "Arm's length" means the standard of conduct under which unrelated parties, each
- party acting in its own best interest, would negotiate and carry out a particular
- 14 transaction;
- 15 (26) "Subsidize" means the recovery of costs or the transfer of value from one (1) class
- of customer, activity, or business unit that is attributable to another;
- 17 (27) "Solicit" means to engage in or offer for sale a good or service, either directly or
- indirectly and irrespective of place or audience;
- 19 (28) "USDA" means the United States Department of Agriculture;
- 20 (29) "FERC" means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;
- 21 (30) "SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission;
- 22 (31) "Commercial mobile radio services" has the same meaning as in 47 C.F.R. sec. 20.3
- and includes the term "wireless" and service provided by any wireless real time two
- 24 (2) way voice communication device, including radio-telephone communications
- used in cellular telephone service, personal communications service, and the
- 26 functional or competitive equivalent of a radio-telephone communications line used
- in cellular telephone service, a personal communications service, or a network radio

1		access line; [and]
2	(32)	"Voice over Internet Protocol" or "VoIP" has the same meaning as in federal law:
3	<u>(33)</u>	"Participating third party" means an eligible customer generator that:
4		(a) Is not constructed, owned, or under the control of a utility regulated by KRS
5		<u>Chapter 278;</u>
6		(b) Produces electric energy from solar or wind exclusively; and
7		(c) Allows the customers in the certified territory of the retail electric supplier,
8		including public schools and local governments, to lease or buy a portion,
9		share, or all of that facility's solar or wind installations to interconnect to
10		the retail electric supplier under a power purchase agreement and create a
11		net metering arrangement; and
12	<u>(34)</u>	"Power purchase agreement" means an agreement, for a term of years as
13		defined by the commission, between an electric utility and the participating third
14		party that is located in the electric utility's certified territory, for the sale of
15		electricity, generation capacity, or ancillary products.
16		→ Section 2. KRS 278.465 is amended to read as follows:
17	As u	sed in KRS 278.465 to 278.468:
18	(1)	"Eligible customer-generator" means:
19		(a) A customer of a retail electric supplier who owns and operates an electric
20		generating facility that is located on the customer's premises, for the primary
21		purpose of supplying all or part of the customer's own electricity
22		requirements; or
23		(b) A participating third party as defined in subsection (33) of Section 1 of this
24		<u>Act</u> .
25	(2)	"Eligible electric generating facility" means an electric generating facility that:
26		(a) Is connected in parallel with the electric distribution system;
27		(b) Generates electricity using:

1		1. Solar energy;
2		2. Wind energy;
3		3. Biomass or biogas energy; or
4		4. Hydro energy; and
5		(c) Except for a participating third party, has a rated capacity of not greater than
6		thirty (30) kilowatts.
7	(3)	"Kilowatt hour" means a measure of electricity defined as a unit of work of energy,
8		measured as one (1) kilowatt of power expended for one (1) hour.
9	(4)	"Net metering" means measuring the difference between the electricity supplied by
10		the electric grid and the electricity generated by an eligible customer-generator that
11		is fed back to the electric grid over a billing period.
12		→ Section 3. KRS 278.466 is amended to read as follows:
13	(1)	Each retail electric supplier shall make net metering available to any eligible
14		customer-generator that the supplier currently serves or solicits for service.
15	<u>(2)</u>	The commission shall review and approve or deny a purchase power agreement
16		under net metering if the agreement:
17		(a) Is not longer than a term of years as defined by the commission; and
18		(b) Does not precipitate the need for a rate increase for customers of the retail
19		electric supplier to recover the cost of the agreement.
20	<u>(3)</u>	After notice, a power purchase agreement may be renewed by the participating
21		third party. [If the cumulative generating capacity of net metering systems reaches
22		one percent (1%) of a supplier's single hour peak load during the previous year, the
23		obligation of the supplier to offer net metering to a new customer-generator may be
24		limited by the commission.]
25	<u>(4)</u> [(2)] Each retail electric supplier serving a customer with eligible electric
26		generating facilities shall use a standard kilowatt-hour meter capable of registering
27		the flow of electricity in two (2) directions. Any additional meter, meters, or

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distribution upgrades needed to monitor the flow in each direction shall be installed
at the customer-generator's expense. If additional meters are installed, the new
metering calculation shall yield the same result as when a single meter is used. <u>The</u>
commission may promulgate administrative regulations or open an
administrative case to establish additional rules and requirements for
participating third parties with a power purchase agreement with the retail
electric supplier to ensure proper two (2) way measurement of and credit for
electric generation and proper allocation of credits to persons that have leased or
purchased portions or shares of the participating third party's electric generating
installations.
(5)[(3)] The amount of electricity billed to the eligible customer-generator using new
metering shall be calculated by taking the difference between the electricity
supplied by the retail electric supplier to the customer and the electricity generated
and fed back by the customer. If time-of-day or time-of-use metering is used, the
electricity fed back to the electric grid by the eligible customer-generator shall be
net-metered and accounted for at the specific time it is fed back to the electric grid
in accordance with the time-of-day or time-of-use billing agreement currently in
place.
(6)((1)) Each not matering contract on toriff including these in a name number

<u>(6)</u>[(4)] Each net metering contract or tariff, including those in a power purchase 20 agreement, shall be identical, with respect to energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges, to the contract or tariff to which the same customer would be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer-generator.

<u>(7)</u>[(5)] The following rules shall apply to the billing of net electricity:

- (a) The net electricity produced or consumed during a billing period shall be read, recorded, and measured in accordance with metering practices prescribed by the commission;
- If the electricity supplied by the retail electric supplier exceeds the electricity (b)

1		generated and fed back to the supplier during the billing period, the customer-
2		generator shall be billed for the net electricity supplied in accordance with
3		subsections $(5)[(3)]$ and $(6)[(4)]$ of this section;
4	(c)	If the electricity fed back to the retail electric supplier by the customer-
5		generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the supplier during a billing
6		period, the customer-generator shall be credited for the excess kilowatt hours
7		in accordance with subsections $(5)[(3)]$ and $(6)[(4)]$ of this section. This
8		electricity credit shall appear on the customer-generator's next bill. Credits
9		shall carry forward for the life of the customer-generator's account;
10	(d)	If a customer-generator closes his account, no cash refund for residual
11		generation-related credits shall be paid; and
12	(e)	Excess electricity credits are not transferable between customers or locations.
13	<u>(8)</u> [(6)]	Electric generating systems and interconnecting equipment used by eligible
14	custo	omer-generators shall meet all applicable safety and power quality standards
15	estal	blished by the National Electrical Code (NEC), Institute of Electrical and
16	Elec	tronics Engineers (IEEE), and accredited testing laboratories such as
17	Und	erwriters Laboratories.
18	<u>(9)</u> [(7)]	An eligible customer-generator installation, including one that is owned by a
19	<u>part</u>	icipating third party, is transferable to other persons or service locations upon
20	noti	fication to the retail electric supplier and verification that the installation is in
21	com	pliance with the applicable safety and power quality standards in KRS 278.467
22	and	in subsection $(8)(6)$ of this section.
23	<u>(10)</u> [(8)]	Any upgrade of the interconnection between the retail electric supplier and the
24	custo	omer-generator that is required by commission-approved tariffs for the purpose
25	of al	lowing net metering shall be made at the expense of the customer-generator.
26	→ S	ection 4. KRS 278.467 is amended to read as follows:

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(1) The commission shall have original jurisdiction over any dispute between a retail

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1		electric supplier and an eligible customer-generator, regarding power purchase
2		agreements, net metering rates, service, standards, performance of contracts, and
3		testing of net meters.
4	(2)	No later than one hundred eighty (180) days from July 15, 2008, the Public Service
5		Commission shall develop interconnection and net metering guidelines for all retail
6		electric suppliers operating in the Commonwealth. The guidelines shall meet the
7		requirements of KRS 278.466(8)[(6)].
8	(3)	No later than ninety (90) days from the issuance by the Public Service Commission
9		of the guidelines required under subsection (2) of this section, each retail electric
10		supplier shall file with the commission a net metering tariff and application forms to
11		comply with those guidelines. All retail electric suppliers shall make their net
12		metering tariff and interconnection practices easily available to the public by
13		posting the tariff and practices on their Web sites.