AN ACT relating to wagering and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

SECTION 1. KRS CHAPTER 239 IS ESTABLISHED AND A NEW SECTION THEREOF IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Adjusted gross revenue" means the total sum of entry fees collected by a fantasy contest operator from all participants entering a fantasy contest, less winnings paid to participants in the contest, multiplied by the resident percentage;

(2) "Beginner" means a fantasy contest player who has entered fewer than fifty-one (51) contests offered by a single fantasy contest operator and who does not otherwise meet the definition of highly experienced player;

(3) "Cabinet" means the Public Protection Cabinet;

(4) "Confidential information" means information related to the play of a fantasy contest by fantasy contest participants obtained as a result of or by virtue of a person’s employment;

(5) "Entry fee" means the cash or cash equivalent that is required to be paid by a fantasy contest participant to a fantasy contest operator in order to participate in a fantasy contest;

(6) "Fantasy contest" means any fantasy or simulated game or contest that meets the following conditions:

   (a) The values of all prizes and awards offered to winning participants are made known to the participants in advance of the contest;

   (b) All winning outcomes reflect the relative knowledge and skill of the participants and shall be determined predominantly by accumulated statistical results of the performance of individuals, including athletes in the case of sports events;

   (c) No winning outcome is based on:
1. Randomized or historical events;

2. The score, point spread, or any performance or performances of any single actual team or combination of such teams; or

3. Solely on any single performance of an individual athlete or participant in any single actual event; and

(d) Does not violate any provision of federal law;

(7) "Fantasy contest operator" or "operator" means a person who offers or administers one (1) or more fantasy contests with an entry fee to the general public, and awards a prize of value;

(8) "Fantasy contest participant" or "participant" means a person who participates in a fantasy contest offered by a registrant;

(9) "Highly experienced player" means a person who has either:

(a) Entered more than one thousand (1,000) fantasy contests offered by a single fantasy contest operator; or

(b) Won more than three (3) fantasy contest prizes valued at one thousand dollars ($1,000) or more from a single fantasy contest operator.

Upon making a determination that a player is a highly experienced player, the fantasy contest operator shall continue to classify the player as a highly experienced player indefinitely;

(10) "Immediate family" means a person's parents, grandparents, spouse, siblings, children, or grandchildren residing in a home occupied by the person as a primary residence;

(11) "Location percentage" means for each fantasy contest, the percentage, rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent (0.1%), of the total entry fees collected from participants located in the Commonwealth divided by the total entry fees collected from all participants in the fantasy contest;

(12) "Person" has the same meaning as in KRS 446.010;
"Principal stockholder" means any person who, individually or together with his or her spouse and immediate family members, beneficially owns or controls, directly or indirectly, fifteen percent (15%) or more of the equity ownership of a registrant or who, together with his or her spouse and immediate family members, has the power to vote or cause the vote of fifteen percent (15%) or more of a registrant;

"Registered fantasy contest operator" or "registrant" means a fantasy contest operator that has been issued a valid registration by the cabinet;

"Script" means automating a manual act using a coding language online, whereby a list of multiple commands may be executed without the user’s interaction;

"Secretary" means the secretary of the Public Protection Cabinet; and

"Wager" means a sum of money or representation of value that is risked on an occurrence for which the outcome is uncertain.

SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 239 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) No fantasy contest operator shall offer a fantasy contest to residents of the Commonwealth without a valid registration issued by the cabinet, except that fantasy contest operators with fewer than one hundred (100) participants located in the Commonwealth in a calendar year shall be exempt from this requirement.

(2) Any person seeking to be registered as a fantasy contest operator shall submit an application to the cabinet on a form prescribed by the cabinet as promulgated in an administrative regulation, accompanied by payment of the required fee established in subsection (4) of this section.

(3) The applicant shall provide the following information to the cabinet as a prerequisite for registration:

(a) The name of the applicant;
(b) The location of the applicant's principal place of business;

(c) A disclosure of ownership of the applicant including all directors, officers, and principal stockholders;

(d) A designation of the responsible party who is the agent for the contest operator for all communications with the cabinet;

(e) 1. The criminal record of all officers, general partners, and principal stockholders of the applicant.

2. An applicant may not be eligible for registration or renewal as a fantasy contest operator if the applicant or any of its officers, general partners, or principal stockholders has been convicted of or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to a felony; and

(f) Any other documentation the cabinet may require.

(4) (a) The initial registration fee for a fantasy contest operator shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(b) The annual renewal fee for a fantasy contest operator shall be an amount equal to the greater of:

1. Six percent (6%) of the adjusted gross revenues for the prior calendar year; or

2. Five thousand dollars ($5,000).

(c) The initial registration fee and the annual renewal fee shall be deposited into the wagering administration fund established in Section 4 of this Act.

SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 239 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

1. The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations for the operation of fantasy contests as necessary to enforce the provisions of this chapter, but the cabinet shall not promulgate administrative regulations limiting or regulating:
1. Rules or the administration of an individual contest or contests;
2. The statistical makeup of a contest or contests; or
3. The digital platform of an operator.

(b) The cabinet shall promulgate the administrative regulations listing the requirements for registration within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Act.

(2) The cabinet shall consider all applications for registration and shall issue a valid registration to an applicant that meets the criteria set forth in Section 2 of this Act and any administrative regulations promulgated by the cabinet.

(3) (a) The cabinet shall have thirty (30) days after receiving an initial application to issue a registration or deny the application.

(b) The cabinet shall prepare and issue a written statement setting forth the reasons why an application for registration has been denied.

(4) All fantasy contest operators who meet the requirements for registration shall be registered by January 15, 2021.

(5) The cabinet may revoke, deny, or suspend the registration of a fantasy contest operator if it finds that:

(a) Any partner, member, officer, principal stockholder, or director of the operator has been convicted of a felony in this state, a felony in another state which would be a felony if committed in this state, or a felony under the laws of the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "convicted" means having been found guilty, regardless of adjudication of guilt, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere; or

(b) Any fantasy contest operator has:

1. Violated any order of the secretary or any of the provisions set forth in this chapter;
2. Failed to meet the requirements for registration under this chapter; or
3. Used fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit in applying for or attempting
to apply for a registration or otherwise in operating or offering to
operate a fantasy contest.

(6) If it appears to the secretary, based upon credible evidence presented in a written
complaint, that a person is operating or offering to operate a fantasy contest
without being registered, the secretary may issue an order to cease and desist the
activity.

(7) The secretary shall set forth in the order:
   (a) The statutes and administrative regulations alleged to have been violated;
   (b) The facts alleged to have constituted the violation; and
   (c) The requirement that all unauthorized practices immediately cease.

(8) (a) Within ten (10) days after service of the order to cease and desist, the person
may request a hearing on the question of whether acts or practices in
violation of this section have occurred. The hearing shall be conducted
pursuant to KRS Chapter 13B.
   (b) The person may appeal the final order of the cabinet to the Franklin Circuit
Court within thirty (30) days of the hearing.

(9) To ensure that the cabinet is not spending more than what is necessary to cover
administrative expenses, on June 30 of each year, the cabinet shall submit to the
Legislative Research Commission and the Interim Joint Committee on Licensing,
Occupations, and Administrative Regulations a written report detailing financial
transactions, including:
   (a) The number of applications received;
   (b) The number of applications approved;
   (c) The number of applications denied;
   (d) The amount of funds received from initial registration fees;
(e) The amount of funds received from annual renewal fees; and

(f) The amount of funds expended to enforce this chapter.

(10) KRS Chapters 230 and 528 shall not apply to fantasy contests operated in accordance with this chapter.

⇒ SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 239 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) (a) There is hereby established in the State Treasury a restricted account to be known as the wagering administration fund. The fund shall consist of moneys received from the money collected under Sections 2, 15, 19, and 42 of this Act and state appropriations.

(b) 1. Amounts deposited in the fund shall be used for administrative expenses of the cabinet and shall be disbursed by the Finance and Administration Cabinet upon the warrant of the Public Protection Cabinet.

2. The remaining funds shall be used as follows:

a. Five percent (5%) of the funds remaining after the expenses under subparagraph 1. of this paragraph shall be deposited in the Kentucky problem gambling assistance account established in Section 5 of this Act; and

b. All remaining funds not allocated under subparagraph 1. of this paragraph or subdivision a. of this subparagraph shall be deposited in the Kentucky permanent pension fund established in KRS 42.205.

3. Any interest accruing to the fund shall become a part of the fund and shall not lapse.

(2) Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, fund amounts not expended at the close of a fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward into the next fiscal year.
(3) Moneys deposited in the fund are hereby appropriated for the purposes set forth in this section and shall not be appropriated or transferred by the General Assembly for any other purposes.

SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 239 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) (a) There is established in the State Treasury a revolving account to be known as the Kentucky problem gambling assistance account.

(b) The account shall be administered by the director of the Division of Behavioral Health of the Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities, and shall consist of moneys distributed to it under Section 4 of this Act.

(c) Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, moneys remaining in the account at the close of a fiscal year shall not lapse but shall carry forward into the succeeding fiscal year. Interest earned on any moneys in the account shall accrue to the account.

(d) Except for administrative expenses of the Division of Behavioral Health relating to the account, which shall be limited to fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) per year, all moneys in the account are appropriated for, and shall be used exclusively for the purposes of:

1. Providing support to agencies, groups, organizations, and persons that provide education, assistance, and counseling to persons and families experiencing difficulty as a result of addiction to alcohol or drugs, or addictive or compulsive gambling;

2. Promoting public awareness of, and providing education about addictions;

3. Establishing and funding programs to certify addiction counselors;

4. Promoting public awareness of assistance programs for addicts; and
5. Paying the costs and expenses associated with the treatment of addictions.

(2) The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish criteria for the expenditure of funds from the Kentucky problem gambling assistance account. The administrative regulations shall:

(a) Establish standards for the types of agencies, groups, organizations, and persons eligible to receive funding;

(b) Establish standards for the types of activities eligible for funding;

(c) Establish standards for the appropriate documentation of past performance and the activities of agencies, groups, organizations, and persons requesting funding;

(d) Establish standards for the development of performance measures or other evidence of successful expenditure of awarded funds;

(e) Set forth procedures for the submission, evaluation, and review of applications for funding;

(f) Set forth procedures for making funding awards to requesting entities who have demonstrated the capability to efficiently and effectively provide the necessary services;

(g) Establish requirements and procedures for the monitoring of funds awarded, including requirements for the submission of reports and documentation supporting expenditures; and

(h) Include any other provisions related to funding or the administration of the account as determined by the cabinet.

(3) On or before October 1, 2021, and every October 1 thereafter, the director of the Division of Behavioral Health, in cooperation with the commissioner of the Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities and the secretary, shall submit an annual report detailing activities and
expenditures associated with the Kentucky problem gambling assistance account for the preceding fiscal year. The annual report shall be submitted to:

(a) The Legislative Research Commission; and
(b) The Governor.

SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 239 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) (a) A registrant offering fantasy contests shall annually submit its records to a certified public accountant to perform an annual independent audit consistent with the standards of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants to ensure compliance with all of the requirements in this chapter.

(b) The registrant shall pay all costs of the audit. The audit shall cover one (1) fiscal year.

(2) (a) Each registrant shall keep daily records of its operations and shall maintain the records for at least six (6) years.

(b) The records shall sufficiently detail all financial transactions to determine compliance with the requirements of this chapter and shall be available for audit and inspection by the cabinet during the registrant's regular business hours.

SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 239 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) A registrant shall implement commercially reasonable procedures for the conduct of fantasy contests requiring an entry fee that are intended to:

(a) Prevent the registrant, its employees, and the immediate family of employees from competing in any public fantasy contest with a cash prize offered by any fantasy contest operator;

(b) Prevent sharing of confidential information with third parties that could
affect fantasy contest play until that information is made publicly available;

(c) Verify that each fantasy contest participant in each fantasy contest is eighteen (18) years of age or older;

(d) Prevent an individual who is a participant or game official in an actual sporting event or competition from participating in any fantasy contest that is determined in whole or in part on the performance of that individual, the individual’s actual team, or the accumulated statistical results of the sporting event or competition in which the individual is a participant or contest official;

(e) Allow an individual, upon request, to exclude himself or herself from entering a fantasy contest upon request and provide reasonable steps to prevent that person from entering the fantasy contests offered by the fantasy contest operator;

(f) Disclose the number of entries that a participant may submit to each fantasy contest;

(g) Provide reasonable steps to prevent participants from submitting more than the allowable number of entries;

(h) 1. In any contest involving more than one hundred (100) entries, prevent a participant from submitting more than the lesser of:
   
   a. Three percent (3%) or more of all entries; or
   
   b. One hundred fifty (150) entries.

2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, a registrant may establish contests in which there are no restrictions on the number of entries if:
   
   a. The registrant clearly discloses that there are no limits on the number of entries by each participant in the contest; and
   
   b. The entry fee is fifty dollars ($50) or more per entry;
(i) Segregate participants’ funds from operational funds or maintain a reserve in the form of cash, cash equivalents, payment processor reserves, payment processor receivables, an irrevocable letter of credit, a bond, an escrow account approved by the cabinet, or a combination thereof, in the amount of the deposits in participants’ accounts for benefit and protection of the funds held in those accounts;

(j) Distinguish highly experienced participants and beginner participants and ensure that highly experienced participants are conspicuously identified to all participants;

(k) Prohibit the use of external scripts in fantasy contests that give a participant an unfair advantage over other participants and make all authorized scripts readily available to all fantasy contest participants;

(l) Clearly and conspicuously disclose all rules that govern its contests, including the material terms of each promotional offer at the time the offer is advertised; and

(m) Use technologically reasonable measures to limit each fantasy contest participant to one (1) active account with that operator.

(2) A registrant shall not conduct, operate, or offer a fantasy contest that:

(a) Utilizes:

1. Video or mechanical reels or symbols or any other depictions of slot machines, poker, blackjack, craps, or roulette; or

2. Any device that qualifies as or replicates contest activities that constitute gaming; or

(b) Includes a university, college, high school, or youth athletic contest or event.

(3) Officers and directors of registrants along with their immediate family are prohibited from competing in any fantasy contest offered by any fantasy contest
operator in which the operator offers a cash prize.

(4) (a) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this chapter shall:

1. For the first offense, be liable for a civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000) nor more than five thousand dollars ($5,000) for each act or omission that constitutes a violation; or

2. a. For a second or subsequent offense, be liable for a civil penalty of not less than five thousand dollars ($5,000) and not more than twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000); or

b. Revocation of registration at the discretion of the secretary.

(b) A civil penalty assessed under this subsection shall accrue to the Commonwealth and may be recovered in a civil action brought by the cabinet.

(c) Nothing in this chapter shall deprive an aggrieved participant of any personal right of redress.

Section 8. KRS 230.210 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Advance deposit account wagering" means a form of pari-mutuel wagering in which an individual may establish an account with a person or entity licensed by the racing commission, and may place a pari-mutuel or sports wager through that account that is permitted by law;

(2) "Advance deposit account wagering licensee" means a person or entity licensed by the racing commission to conduct advance deposit account wagering and accept deposits and wagers, issue a receipt or other confirmation to the account holder evidencing such deposits and wagers, and transfer credits and debits to and from accounts;

(3) "Appaloosa race" or "Appaloosa racing" means that form of horse racing in which each horse participating in the race is registered with the Appaloosa Horse Club of
Moscow, Idaho, and is mounted by a jockey;

(4) "Arabian" means a horse that is registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of Denver, Colorado;

(5) "Association" means any person licensed by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission under KRS 230.300 and engaged in the conduct of a recognized horse race meeting;

(6) "Harness race" or "harness racing" means trotting and pacing races of the standardbred horses;

(7) "Horse race meeting" means horse racing run at an association licensed and regulated by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission, and may include Thoroughbred, harness, Appaloosa, Arabian, paint, and quarter horse racing;

(8) "Host track" means the track conducting racing and offering its racing for intertrack wagering, or, in the case of interstate wagering, means the Kentucky track conducting racing and offering simulcasts of races conducted in other states or foreign countries;

(9) "Intertrack wagering" means pari-mutuel wagering on simulcast horse races from a host track by patrons at a receiving track;

(10) "Interstate wagering" means pari-mutuel wagering on simulcast horse races from a track located in another state or foreign country by patrons at a receiving track or simulcast facility;

(11) "Kentucky quarter horse, paint horse, Appaloosa, and Arabian purse fund" means a purse fund established to receive funds as specified in KRS 230.3771 for purse programs established in KRS 230.446 to supplement purses for quarter horse, paint horse, Appaloosa, and Arabian horse races. The purse program shall be administered by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission;

(12) "Kentucky resident" means:

(a) An individual domiciled within this state;
(b) An individual who maintains a place of abode in this state and spends, in the aggregate, more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days of the calendar year in this state; or

c) An individual who lists a Kentucky address as his or her principal place of residence when applying for an account to participate in advance deposit account wagering;

(13) "Paint horse" means a horse registered with the American Paint Horse Association of Fort Worth, Texas;

(14) "Principal" means any of the following individuals associated with a partnership, trust, association, limited liability company, or corporation that is licensed to conduct a horse race meeting or an applicant for a license to conduct a horse race meeting:

(a) The chairman and all members of the board of directors of a corporation;

(b) All partners of a partnership and all participating members of a limited liability company;

(c) All trustees and trust beneficiaries of an association;

(d) The president or chief executive officer and all other officers, managers, and employees who have policy-making or fiduciary responsibility within the organization;

(e) All stockholders or other individuals who own, hold, or control, either directly or indirectly, five percent (5%) or more of stock or financial interest in the collective organization; and

(f) Any other employee, agent, guardian, personal representative, or lender or holder of indebtedness who has the power to exercise a significant influence over the applicant's or licensee's operation;

(15) "Professional sports venue" means a facility, including but not limited to an indoor arena, outdoor stadium, or race track with seating for at least fifty
thousand (50,000) and where professional sporting events are held under the auspices of a professional league recognized by the racing commission under Section 10 of this Act;

(16) "Quarter horse" means a horse that is registered with the American Quarter Horse Association of Amarillo, Texas;

(17) "Racing commission" means the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission;

(18) "Receiving track" means a track where simulcasts are displayed for wagering purposes. A track that submits an application for intertrack wagering shall meet all the regulatory criteria for granting an association license of the same breed as the host track, and shall have a heated and air-conditioned facility that meets all state and local life safety code requirements and seats a number of patrons at least equal to the average daily attendance for intertrack wagering on the requested breed in the county in which the track is located during the immediately preceding calendar year;

(19) "Simulcast facility" means any facility approved pursuant to the provisions of KRS 230.380 to simulcast racing and conduct pari-mutuel wagering;

(20) "Simulcasting" means the telecast of live audio and visual signals of horse races for the purpose of pari-mutuel wagering;

(21) "Sports wagering" means the placing of wagers on the outcomes of professional sports contests and other events in conformance with federal law and as authorized by the racing commission at tracks and through advanced deposit wagering as authorized by this chapter and Section 19 of this Act;

(22) "Telephone account wagering" means a form of pari-mutuel wagering where an individual may deposit money in an account at a track and may place a wager by direct telephone call or by communication through other electronic media owned by the holder of the account to the track;

(23) "Thoroughbred race" or "Thoroughbred racing" means a form of horse racing in which each horse participating in the race is a Thoroughbred, (i.e., meeting the
requirements of and registered with The Jockey Club of New York) and is mounted
by a jockey; and

"Track" means any association duly licensed by the Kentucky Horse Racing
Commission to conduct horse racing. "Track" shall include any facility or real
property that is owned, leased, or purchased by a track within the same geographic
area within a sixty (60) mile radius of a track but not contiguous to track premises,
upon racing commission approval, and provided the noncontiguous property is not
within a sixty (60) mile radius of another licensed track premise where live racing is
conducted and not within a forty (40) mile radius of a simulcast facility, unless any
affected track or simulcast facility agrees in writing to permit a noncontiguous
facility within the protected geographic area.

SECTION 9. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 230 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) The racing commission shall institute a system of sports wagering in
conformance with federal law, this chapter, Section 19 of this Act, and
administrative regulations promulgated under the authority of Section 11 of this
Act.

(2) Sports wagering shall not be offered in this state except by:

(a) A track that is licensed under this chapter;

(b) A professional sports venue; or

(c) An online or smart phone application that shall:

1. Only be available through in-person registration at a licensed track or
   professional sports venue where the individual registering for the
   application shall provide proof that he or she is at least eighteen (18)
   years of age;

2. Contain geographical location software to ensure that bets are placed
   only within the boundaries of the Commonwealth; and
3. Include an option for advance deposit account wagering on sports events.

(3) A licensed track or professional sports venue may contract with an interactive sports wagering technology and service provider to provide services and technology which supports the track’s operation of sports betting both on the track and over the Internet.

(4) A track or professional sports venue shall not offer sports wagering until the racing commission has issued a sports wagering license to the track or venue.

SECTION 10. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 230 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) Sporting events that may be wagered upon at the discretion of the racing commission include but are not limited to:

(a) Professional sporting events sanctioned by nationally recognized organizations, including but not limited to:

1. The National Football League;

2. The National Basketball Association;

3. Major League Baseball;

4. The Professional Golfers’ Association;

5. The National Association for Stock Car Auto Racing; and

6. Other nationally recognized organizations sanctioning events in professional sports such as boxing, mixed martial arts, and soccer;

(b) College sporting events sanctioned by the National Collegiate Athletic Association, the National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics, or other collegiate athletic body recognized by the commission; however, a sports wager shall not be accepted upon any collegiate sporting event in which a Kentucky collegiate team is competing;

(c) International events such as the Olympics and World Cup Soccer, at the
discretion of the racing commission; and

(d) Actions within a sporting event that do not represent the end result of the
game, but are integral to the play of the game, including but not limited to:

1. The result of a putt;

2. The result of an at bat; or

3. The result of a field goal attempt.

(2) Random events not integral to the course of play of a sporting event, including
but not limited to:

(a) The result of a coin toss;

(b) The color of a coach’s tie; or

(c) Other events that are not the result of the skilled play of the game;
shall not be wagered on, and the racing commission shall act as arbiter of
acceptable wagers when a question arises.

Section 11. KRS 230.215 is amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) It is the policy of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, in furtherance of its
responsibility to foster and to encourage legitimate occupations and industries
in the Commonwealth and to promote and to conserve the public health, safety, and welfare, and it is hereby declared the intent of the Commonwealth
to foster and to encourage the horse breeding industry within the
Commonwealth and to encourage the improvement of the breeds of horses.

(b) Further, it is the policy and intent of the Commonwealth to foster and to
encourage the business of legitimate horse racing with pari-mutuel wagering
thereon in the Commonwealth on the highest possible plane. Further, it hereby
is declared the policy and intent of the Commonwealth that all racing not
licensed under this chapter is a public nuisance and may be enjoined as such.

(c) Further, it is hereby declared the policy and intent of the Commonwealth that
the conduct of horse racing, or the participation in any way in horse racing, or
the entrance to or presence where horse racing is conducted, is a privilege and not a personal right; and that this privilege may be granted or denied by the racing commission or its duly approved representatives acting in its behalf.

(d) Further, it hereby is declared the policy and intent of the Commonwealth that citizens shall be allowed to enjoy wagering on sporting events in a controlled environment that protects the citizens from cheating and fraud, and that such wagering shall be best controlled and overseen by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission, which has demonstrated a long and successful history of regulating wagering.

(2) (a) It is hereby declared the purpose and intent of this chapter in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare, to vest in the racing commission forceful control of horse racing in the Commonwealth with plenary power to promulgate administrative regulations prescribing conditions under which all legitimate horse racing and wagering thereon is conducted in the Commonwealth so as to encourage the improvement of the breeds of horses in the Commonwealth, to regulate and maintain horse racing at horse race meetings in the Commonwealth of the highest quality and free of any corrupt, incompetent, dishonest, or unprincipled horse racing practices, and to regulate and maintain horse racing at race meetings in the Commonwealth so as to dissipate any cloud of association with the undesirable and maintain the appearance as well as the fact of complete honesty and integrity of horse racing in the Commonwealth.

(b) In addition, it is hereby declared the purpose and intent of this chapter to vest in the racing commission exclusive jurisdiction over sports wagering in the Commonwealth, with the exception of fantasy contest wagering under KRS Chapter 239, with plenary power to promulgate administrative regulations prescribing conditions under which all legitimate sports
wagering is to be conducted.

(c) In addition to the general powers and duties vested in the racing commission by this chapter, it is the intent hereby to vest in the racing commission the power to eject or exclude from association grounds or any part thereof any person, licensed or unlicensed, whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on association grounds may, in the opinion of the racing commission, reflect on the honesty and integrity of horse racing or interfere with the orderly conduct of horse racing.

Section 12. KRS 230.225 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The Kentucky Horse Racing Commission is created as an independent agency of state government to regulate the conduct of horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering on horse racing, and sports wagering and related activities within the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The racing commission shall be attached to the Public Protection Cabinet for administrative purposes.

(2) (a) The Kentucky Horse Racing Commission shall consist of fifteen (15) members appointed by the Governor, with the secretaries of the Public Protection Cabinet, Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet, and Economic Development Cabinet, or their designees, serving as ex officio nonvoting members.

(b) Two (2) members shall have no financial interest in the business or industry regulated.

(c) The members of the racing commission shall be appointed to serve for a term of four (4) years, except the initial terms shall be staggered as follows:

1. Five (5) members shall serve for a term of four (4) years;

2. Five (5) members shall serve for a term of three (3) years; and

3. Five (5) members shall serve for a term of two (2) years.

(d) Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring other than by expiration of
a term shall be appointed for the remainder of the unexpired term.

(e) In making appointments, the Governor may consider members broadly representative of the Thoroughbred industry and members broadly representative of the standardbred, quarter horse, Appaloosa, or Arabian industries. The Governor may also consider recommendations from the Kentucky Thoroughbred Owners and Breeders, Inc., the Kentucky Division of the Horsemen’s Benevolent and Protective Association, and the Kentucky Harness Horsemen’s Association, as well as members recommended by the professional sports organizations recognized under Section 10 of this Act and other interested organizations.

(3) (a) Members of the racing commission shall receive no compensation for serving on the commission, but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses for attending meetings and performing other official functions consistent with the reimbursement policy for state employees established by KRS 45.101 and administrative regulations promulgated thereunder.

(b) The Governor shall appoint one (1) member of the racing commission to serve as its chairperson who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

(c) The Governor shall further designate a second member to serve as vice chair with authority to act in the absence of the chairperson.

(d) Before entering upon the discharge of their duties, all members of the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission shall take the constitutional oath of office.

(4) (a) The racing commission shall establish and maintain a general office for the transaction of its business and may in its discretion establish a branch office or offices.

(b) The racing commission may hold meetings at any of its offices or at any other place when the convenience of the racing commission requires.
(c) All meetings of the racing commission shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend meetings.

(d) A majority of the voting members of the racing commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of its business or exercise of any of its powers.

(5) Except as otherwise provided, the racing commission shall be responsible for the following:

(a) Developing and implementing programs designed to ensure the safety and well-being of horses, jockeys, and drivers;

(b) Developing programs and procedures that will aggressively fulfill its oversight and regulatory role on such matters as medical practices and integrity issues;

(c) Recommending tax incentives and implementing incentive programs to ensure the strength and growth of the equine industry;

(d) Designing and implementing programs that strengthen the ties between Kentucky's horse industry and the state's universities, with the goal of significantly increasing the economic impact of the horse industry on Kentucky's economy, improving research for the purpose of promoting the enhanced health and welfare of the horse, and other related industry issues;

(e) Developing and supporting programs which ensure that Kentucky remains in the forefront of equine research; and

(f) Developing monitoring programs to ensure the highest integrity of athletic events and sports wagering.

Section 13. KRS 230.240 is amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the employees referred to in KRS 230.230, the executive director of the racing commission may employ, dismiss, or take other personnel action and determine the reasonable compensation of stewards, supervisors of mutuels, veterinarians, inspectors, accountants, security
officers, and other employees deemed by the executive director to be essential at or in connection with any horse race meeting and in the best interest of racing, or those deemed by the executive director to be integral to the conduct of sports wagering.

(b) Three (3) Thoroughbred stewards shall be employed at each Thoroughbred race meeting as follows:

1. Two (2) stewards shall be employed and compensated by the Commonwealth, subject to reimbursement by the racing associations pursuant to subsection (3) of this section; and

2. One (1) Thoroughbred steward shall be employed and compensated by the racing association hosting the race meeting.

(c) Three (3) standardbred judges shall be employed at each standardbred race meeting as follows:

1. Two (2) standardbred judges shall be employed and compensated by the Commonwealth, subject to reimbursement by the racing associations pursuant to subsection (3) of this section; and

2. One (1) standardbred judge shall be employed and compensated by the racing association hosting the race meeting.

(d) The security officers shall be peace officers and conservators of the peace on racing commission property and at all race tracks and grounds in the Commonwealth and shall possess all the common law and statutory powers and privileges now available or hereafter made available to sheriffs, constables, and police officers for the purpose of enforcing all laws relating directly or indirectly to the conduct of horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering thereon, the conduct of sports wagering, or the enforcement of laws relating to the protection of persons or property on premises licensed by the racing commission.
(e) The racing commission, for the purpose of maintaining integrity and honesty in racing, shall prescribe by administrative regulation the powers and duties of the persons employed under this section and qualifications necessary to competently perform their duties. In addition, the racing commission shall be responsible for seeing that racing officials employed under the provisions of this section have adequate training to perform their duties in a competent manner.

(2) (a) The racing commission shall promulgate administrative regulations for effectively preventing the use of improper devices, and restricting or prohibiting the use and administration of drugs or stimulants or other improper acts to horses prior to the horse participating in a race.

(b) The racing commission may acquire, operate, and maintain, or contract for the maintenance and operation of, a testing laboratory and related facilities, for the purpose of saliva, urine, or other tests, and to purchase supplies and equipment for and in connection with the laboratory or testing processes.

(c) The expense of the laboratory or other testing processes, whether furnished by contract or otherwise, together with all supplies and equipment used in connection therewith, shall be paid by the various associations licensed under this chapter in the manner and in proportions as the racing commission shall by administrative regulation provide.

(3) (a) The compensation of the employees referred to in this section shall be paid by the licensee conducting the horse race meeting in connection with which the employees are utilized or employed.

(b) The salary of the executive director to the racing commission shall be prorated among and paid by the various associations licensed under this chapter in the manner as the racing commission shall, by administrative regulation, provide.

(c) Except for the Thoroughbred steward and the standardbred judge authorized
in subsection (1) of this section, the employees referred to in this section shall
be deemed employees of the racing commission, and are paid by the licensee
or association for convenience only.

(4) Each person, as a condition precedent to the privilege of receiving a license under
this chapter to conduct a horse race meeting, shall be deemed to have agreed to pay
expenses and compensation as provided in this section and as may be actually and
reasonably incurred.

Section 14. KRS 230.260 is amended to read as follows:

The racing commission, in the interest of breeding or the improvement of breeds of
horses, shall have all powers necessary and proper to carry out fully and effectually the
provisions of this chapter including but without limitation the following:

(1) The racing commission is vested with jurisdiction and supervision over all horse
race meetings and sports wagering in this Commonwealth and over all associations
and all persons on association grounds and may eject or exclude therefrom or any
part thereof, any person, licensed or unlicensed, whose conduct or reputation is such
that his presence on association grounds may, in the opinion of the racing
commission, negatively reflect on the honesty and integrity of horse racing, or on
athletic contests upon which sports wagers have been placed, or interfere with the
orderly conduct of horse racing or racing at horse race meetings; provided, however,
no persons shall be excluded or ejected from association grounds solely on the
ground of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex;

(2) The racing commission is vested with jurisdiction over any person or entity that
offers advance deposit account wagering to Kentucky residents for pari-mutuel
wagering on horse racing or for sports wagering. Any such person or entity under
the jurisdiction of the racing commission shall be licensed by the racing
commission, and the racing commission may impose a license fee not to exceed ten
thousand dollars ($10,000) annually. The racing commission shall, by
administrative regulation promulgated in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A, establish conditions and procedures for the licensing of advance deposit account wagering providers to include but not be limited to:

(a) A fee schedule for applications for licensure; and

(b) Reporting requirements to include quarterly reporting on:

1. The amount wagered on Kentucky races;

2. The amount wagered on each sporting event on which wagers were accepted; and

3. The total amount wagered by Kentuckians on horse racing and on sporting events;

(3) The racing commission is vested with jurisdiction over any totalisator company that provides totalisator services to a racing association located in the Commonwealth. A totalisator company under the jurisdiction of the racing commission shall be licensed by the racing commission, regardless of whether a totalisator company is located in the Commonwealth or operates from a location or locations outside of the Commonwealth, and the racing commission may impose a license fee on a totalisator company. The racing commission shall, by administrative regulation promulgated in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A, establish conditions and procedures for the licensing of totalisator companies, and a fee schedule for applications for licensure;

(4) The racing commission is vested with jurisdiction over any manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or vendor of any equine drug, medication, therapeutic substance, or metabolic derivative which is purchased by or delivered to a licensee or other person participating in Kentucky horse racing by means of the Internet, mail delivery, in-person delivery, or other means;

(5) The racing commission is vested with jurisdiction over any horse training center or facility in the Commonwealth that records official timed workouts for publication;
(6) The racing commission may require an applicant for a license under subsections (2) and (3) of this section to submit to a background check of the applicant, or of any individual or organization associated with the applicant. An applicant shall be required to reimburse the racing commission for the cost of any background check conducted;

(7) The racing commission, its representatives and employees, may visit, investigate and have free access to the office, track, facilities, or other places of business of any licensee, or any person owning a horse or performing services regulated by this chapter on a horse registered to participate in a breeders incentive fund under the jurisdiction of the racing commission;

(8) The racing commission shall have full authority to prescribe necessary and reasonable administrative regulations and conditions under which horse racing at a horse race meeting shall be conducted in this state and to fix and regulate the minimum amount of purses, stakes, or awards to be offered for the conduct of any horse race meeting;

(9) Applications for licenses shall be made in the form, in the manner, and contain information as the racing commission may, by administrative regulation, require. Fees for all licenses issued under KRS 230.310 shall be prescribed by and paid to the racing commission;

(10) The racing commission shall establish by administrative regulation minimum fees for jockeys to be effective in the absence of a contract between an employing owner or trainer and a jockey. The minimum fees shall be no less than those of July 1, 1985;

(11) The racing commission may refuse to issue or renew a license, revoke or suspend a license, impose probationary conditions on a license, issue a written reprimand or admonishment, impose fines or penalties, deny purse money, require the forfeiture of purse money, or any combination thereof with regard to a licensee or other
person participating in Kentucky horse racing for violation of any federal or state statute, regulation, or steward's or racing commission's directive, ruling, or order to preserve the integrity of Kentucky horse racing or to protect the racing public. The racing commission shall, by administrative regulation, establish the criteria for taking the actions described in this subsection;

(12) The racing commission may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses before it and for the production of documents, records, papers, books, supplies, devices, equipment, and all other instrumentalities related to pari-mutuel horse racing or sports wagering within the Commonwealth. The racing commission may administer oaths to witnesses and require witnesses to testify under oath whenever, in the judgment of the racing commission, it is necessary to do so for the effectual discharge of its duties;

(13) The racing commission shall have authority to compel any racing association licensed under this chapter to file with the racing commission at the end of its fiscal year, a balance sheet, showing assets and liabilities, and an earnings statement, together with a list of its stockholders or other persons holding a beneficial interest in the association; and

(14) The racing commission shall promulgate administrative regulations establishing safety standards for jockeys, which shall include the use of rib protection equipment. Rib protection equipment shall not be included in a jockey's weight.

SECTION 15. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 230 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) No person shall conduct or offer to conduct sports wagering within the Commonwealth of Kentucky without obtaining a sports wagering license from the racing commission.

(2) As a prerequisite to obtaining a sports wagering license, a person shall be:

   (a) Licensed as an association under KRS 230.300; or
(b) A professional sports venue sanctioned by one (1) or more of the professional sports leagues recognized under subsection (1)(a) of Section 10 of this Act.

(3) In addition to the requirement in subsection (2) of this section, an initial licensing fee of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) shall be paid to the racing commission before a license may be issued.

(4) An annual renewal fee of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) shall be required for each sports wagering license.

(5) Licensing fees paid under this section shall be deposited into the wagering administration fund established by Section 4 of this Act.

Section 16. KRS 230.320 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Every license granted under this chapter is subject to denial, revocation, or suspension.

(2) Every racing licensee or other person participating in Kentucky horse racing may be assessed an administrative fine and required to forfeit or return a purse, by the racing commission in any case where it has reason to believe that any provision of this chapter, administrative regulation, or condition of the racing commission affecting it has not been complied with or has been broken or violated. The racing commission may deny, revoke, or suspend a license for failure by the licensee or other person participating in Kentucky horse racing to pay an administrative fine imposed upon the licensee by the stewards or the racing commission. The racing commission, in the interest of honesty and integrity of horse racing, may promulgate administrative regulations under which any license may be denied, suspended, or revoked, and under which any licensee or other person participating in Kentucky horse racing may be assessed an administrative fine or required to forfeit or return a purse.

(3)(2) (a) Following a hearing by the stewards, a person who has been disciplined
by a ruling of the stewards may apply to the racing commission for a stay of
the ruling, pending action on an appeal by the racing commission.

(b) An application for a stay shall be received by the executive director or his
designee within ten (10) calendar days of the issuance of the stewards' ruling.

(c) An application for a stay shall be in writing and include the following:

1. The name, address, telephone number, and signature of the person
   requesting the stay;

2. A statement of the justification for the stay; and

3. The period of time for which the stay is requested.

(d) On a finding of good cause, the executive director or his designee may grant
the stay. The executive director or his designee shall issue a written decision
granting or denying the request for stay within five (5) calendar days from the
time the application for stay is received by the executive director or his
designee. If the executive director or his designee fails to timely issue a
written decision, then the stay is deemed granted. The executive director or his
designee may rescind a stay granted under this subsection for good cause.

(e) A person who is denied a stay by the executive director or his designee, or has
a previously granted stay rescinded under paragraph (d) of this subsection,
may petition the racing commission to overrule the executive director's or
designee's denial or rescission of the stay. The petition shall be filed in writing
with the chairperson of the racing commission and received by the chairperson
within ten (10) calendar days of the mailing of the executive director's or
designee's denial of the stay. The petition shall state the name, address, phone
number, and signature of the petitioner; a statement of justification of the stay;
and the time period for which the stay is requested. The chairperson shall
convene a special meeting of the racing commission within ten (10) calendar
days of receipt of the petition, and the racing commission shall issue a written
final order granting or denying the petition within two (2) calendar days of the special meeting. If the racing commission fails to timely issue a final order on the petition, then the stay is granted. The racing commission may rescind a stay granted under this subsection for good cause.

(f) A person who is denied or has a previously granted stay rescinded by the racing commission may file an appeal of the final written order of the racing commission in the Circuit Court of the county in which the cause of action arose.

(g) The fact that a stay is granted is not a presumption that the ruling by the stewards is invalid.

(4)(3) If any racing-associated license is denied, suspended, or revoked, or if any licensee or other person participating in Kentucky horse racing is assessed an administrative fine or required to forfeit or return a purse, after a hearing by the stewards or by the racing commission acting on a complaint or by its own volition, the racing commission shall grant the applicant, licensee, or other person the right to appeal the decision, and upon appeal, an administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.

(5)(4) The racing commission may at any time order that any case pending before the stewards be immediately transferred to the racing commission for an administrative hearing conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.

(6)(5) (a) In an administrative appeal to the racing commission by a licensee or other person participating in Kentucky horse racing, the racing commission may determine in its final order that the appeal is frivolous. If the racing commission finds that an appeal is frivolous:

1. This fact shall be considered an aggravating circumstance and may be considered in assessing any penalty against the licensee; and

2. The licensee or other person who raised the appeal may be required to
reimburse the racing commission for the cost of the investigation of the underlying circumstances of the case and the cost of the adjudication of the appeal. Costs may include but are not limited to fees paid to a hearing officer or court reporter, attorneys fees, and laboratory expenses.

(b) The racing commission shall by administrative regulation prescribe the conditions or factors by which an appeal may be determined to be frivolous.

(7) Any administrative action authorized in this chapter shall be in addition to any criminal penalties provided in this chapter or under other provisions of law.

Section 17. KRS 230.361 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The racing commission shall promulgate administrative regulations governing and regulating mutuel wagering on horse races under what is known as the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The wagering shall be conducted only by a person licensed under this chapter to conduct a race meeting and only upon the licensed premises. The pari-mutuel system of wagering shall be operated only by a totalizator or other mechanical equipment approved by the racing commission. The racing commission shall not require any particular make of equipment.

(2) The racing commission shall promulgate administrative regulations governing and regulating sports wagering. The wagering shall be conducted only by persons licensed under this chapter.

(3) The operation of a pari-mutuel system for betting, or the conduct of sports wagering, where authorized by law shall not constitute grounds for the revocation or suspension of any license issued and held under KRS 242.1238 and 243.265.

(4) All reported but unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering winning tickets held in this state by any person or association operating a pari-mutuel, sports wagering, or similar system of betting conducted through a licensed association at horse race meetings shall be presumed abandoned if not claimed by the person entitled to them within one (1) year from the time the ticket became payable.
The racing commission may issue a license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering on steeple chases or other racing over jumps; if all proceeds from the wagering, after expenses are deducted, is used for charitable purposes. If the dates requested for such a license have been granted to a track within a forty (40) mile radius of the race site, the racing commission shall not issue a license until it has received written approval from the affected track. Pari-mutuel wagering licensed and approved under this subsection shall be limited to four (4) days per year. All racing and wagering authorized by this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with applicable administrative regulations promulgated by the racing commission.

Section 18. KRS 230.3615 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The commission, including the tax levied in KRS 138.510, deducted from the gross amount wagered on horse racing by the association which operates a race track under the jurisdiction of the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission and conducts the Thoroughbred racing at which betting is conducted through a pari-mutuel or other similar system, in races where the patron is required to select one (1) horse, and the breaks, which breaks shall be made and calculated to the dime, shall not be more than sixteen percent (16%) at the discretion of those tracks averaging over one million two hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000) in on-track pari-mutuel handle per day of live racing conducted by the association. The commission at those tracks averaging one million two hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000) or less in on-track pari-mutuel handle per day of live racing conducted by the association, at the discretion of such track, shall not be more than seventeen and one-half percent (17.5%) in races where the patron is required to select one (1) horse, and the breaks, which breaks shall be made and calculated to the dime.

(2) The commission at those tracks averaging over one million two hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000) in on track pari-mutuel handle per day of live racing conducted by the association, including the tax levied in KRS 138.510, deducted from the
gross amount wagered by the person, corporation, or association which operates a
race track under the jurisdiction of the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission and
conducts Thoroughbred racing at which betting is conducted through a pari-mutuel
or other similar system shall not exceed nineteen percent (19%) of the gross handle
in races where the patron is required to select two (2) or more horses, and the
breaks, which breaks shall be made and calculated to the dime. The commission, at
those tracks averaging one million two hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000) or
less in on track pari-mutuel handle per day of live racing conducted by the
association, including the tax levied in KRS 138.510, deducted from the gross
amount wagered by the association which operates a race track under the
jurisdiction of the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission and conducts Thoroughbred
racing at which betting is conducted through a pari-mutuel or other similar system
shall not exceed twenty-two percent (22%) of the gross handle in races where the
patron is required to select two (2) or more horses, and the breaks, which breaks
shall be made and calculated to the dime.

(3) The minimum pari-mutuel wager to be accepted by any licensed association shall
be ten cents ($0.10). The minimum pay-off on a one dollar ($1) pari-mutuel wager
shall be one dollar and ten cents ($1.10); but, in the event of a minus pool, the
minimum pay-off for a one dollar ($1) pari-mutuel wager shall be one dollar and
five cents ($1.05).

(4) Each association conducting Thoroughbred racing and averaging one million two
hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000) or less in on-track pari-mutuel handle per
day of live racing conducted by the association shall pay to the racing commission
all moneys allocated to the backside improvement fund in an amount equal to one-
half of one percent (0.5%) of its on-track pari-mutuel wagers.

SECTION 19. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 138 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:
(1) As used in this section, "adjusted gross revenue" means the total sum of bets collected by a sports wagering licensee, less winnings paid to participants in the contest;

(2) A tax is imposed on persons licensed to conduct sports wagering under KRS Chapter 230 at a rate of:

(a) Nine and three-quarters percent (9.75%) on the adjusted gross revenue on wagers placed at the licensed track or professional sports venue; or

(b) Fourteen and one-quarter percent (14.25%) on wagers placed online or via smart phone or other off-site technology approved by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission;

and shall be appropriated to the wagering administration fund established in Section 4 of this Act and appropriated for the purposes established in that section.

(3) In addition to the tax imposed by subsection (2)(a) of this section, a tax of half of one percent (.5%) is imposed on the adjusted gross revenue on wagers placed at a licensed track and shall be allocated:

(a) To the Thoroughbred development fund established by KRS 230.400 if the revenue is from a Thoroughbred track;

(b) To the Standardbred development fund established by KRS 230.770 if the revenue is from a Standardbred track; or

(c) To be split evenly between the Thoroughbred development fund and the Standardbred development fund if the revenue is from a track racing both Thoroughbreds and Standardbreds.

(4) The department shall enforce the provisions of and collect the taxes and penalties imposed in this section, and in doing so it shall have the general powers and duties granted it in KRS Chapters 131 and 135, including the power to enforce, by an action in the Franklin Circuit Court, the collection of the taxes, penalties, and other payments imposed or required by this section.
(5) The tax imposed by this section is due and payable to the department monthly and shall be remitted on or before the twentieth day of the next succeeding calendar month.

(6) (a) Payment shall be accompanied by a return form which the department shall prescribe.

   (b) The return form shall report, at a minimum:

   1. The total handle;
   2. Prizes paid;
   3. Adjusted gross revenue; and
   4. Wagering tax due.

(7) Wagering taxes due and payable in accordance with this section shall be paid via electronic funds transfer. Sports wagering licensees shall provide the department with all protocol documentation and electronic funds transfer data necessary to facilitate the timely transfer of funds.

(8) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be subject to the uniform civil penalties imposed pursuant to KRS 131.180 and interest at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6).

(9) The Kentucky Horse Racing Commission may suspend, revoke, or decline to renew a license upon the licensee’s failure to timely submit payment of taxes due under this section or the administrative regulations promulgated by the department thereto.

Section 20. KRS 230.362 is amended to read as follows:

Any person holding unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering winning tickets presumed abandoned under the provisions of KRS 230.361 shall file annually, on or before September 1 of each year, with the office of the racing commission a list of and the amounts represented by unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering tickets held by such person as of July 1, and other information as the racing commission may require for the
administration of KRS 230.361 to 230.373. The report shall be made in duplicate; the
original shall be retained by the racing commission and the copy shall be mailed to the
sheriff of the county where the unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering tickets are
held. It shall be the duty of the sheriff to post for not less than twenty (20) consecutive
days a copy of the report on the courthouse door or the courthouse bulletin board, and to
publish the copy in the manner set forth by KRS Chapter 424. The cost of the publication
shall be paid by the racing commission. The sheriff shall immediately certify in writing to
the racing commission the dates when the list was posted and published. The list shall be
posted and published as required on or before October 1 of the year when it is made, and
such posting and publishing shall be constructive notice to all holders of pari-mutuel and
sports wagering tickets which have remained unclaimed for a period of one (1) year from
the time the ticket became payable.

Section 21. KRS 230.363 is amended to read as follows:

Any person who has made a report of unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering tickets
to the racing commission as required by KRS 230.362 shall, between November 1 and
November 15 of each year, turn over to the racing commission the sum represented by the
unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering tickets so reported; but if the person making
the report or the owner of the unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports wagering ticket certifies to
the racing commission by sworn statement that any or all of the statutory conditions
necessary to create a presumption of abandonment no longer exists or never did exist, or
shall certify existence of any fact or circumstance in which there is substantial evidence to
rebut such presumption, then, the person reporting the unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports
wagering tickets or holding the sum represented by the unclaimed pari-mutuel or sports
wagering tickets as reported shall not be required to turn over said sum to the racing
commission except upon order of court. If the holder of any unclaimed pari-mutuel or
sports wagering ticket files an action in court claiming the sum which has been reported
under the provisions of KRS 230.362, the person reporting or holding the sum
represented by said unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* ticket shall be under no
duty while any such action is pending to turn over said sum to the racing commission, but
shall have the duty of notifying the racing commission of the pendency of such action.

Section 22. KRS 230.364 is amended to read as follows:
Any person holding an unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* ticket or any person
holding the sum represented by an unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* ticket, or
any claimant thereto shall have the right to a judicial determination of his rights under
KRS 230.361 to 230.373 and nothing therein shall be construed otherwise; and the racing
commission may institute an action to recover the sum represented by the unclaimed pari-
mutuel *or sports wagering* tickets which are presumed abandoned whether said sum has
been reported or not and may include in one (1) petition the sum represented by all the
unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* tickets as defined herein within the
jurisdiction of the court in which the action is brought.

Section 23. KRS 230.365 is amended to read as follows:
Any person who pays the sum represented by the unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports
wagering* tickets to the racing commission under KRS 230.363 is relieved of all liability
for the value of said unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* tickets for any claim
made in respect of said unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* tickets.

Section 24. KRS 230.366 is amended to read as follows:
Any person claiming an interest in any unclaimed pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* ticket
which has been paid or surrendered to the racing commission in accordance with KRS
230.361 to 230.373 may file his claim to it at any time after it was paid to the racing
commission.

Section 25. KRS 230.369 is amended to read as follows:
The racing commission, through its employees, may examine all records of any person
where there is reason to believe that there has been or is a failure to report unclaimed
pari-mutuel *or sports wagering* tickets.
Section 26. KRS 230.371 is amended to read as follows:
The racing commission may require the production of reports or the surrender of sums represented by unclaimed pari-mutuel \textit{or sports wagering} tickets as provided in KRS 230.361 to 230.373 by civil equity action, including, but not limited to, an action in the nature of a bill of discovery, in which case the defendant shall pay a penalty equal to ten percent (10\%) of all amounts that he is ultimately required to surrender. The racing commission shall follow the procedures provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure.

Section 27. KRS 230.372 is amended to read as follows:
Any payments made to any persons claiming an interest in an unclaimed pari-mutuel \textit{or sports wagering} ticket, and any necessary expense including, but not limited to, administrative costs, advertising costs, court costs and attorney's fees, required to be paid by the racing commission in administering or enforcing the provisions of KRS 230.361 to 230.373 shall be deducted from sums received by the racing commission prior to payment to the Kentucky Racing Health and Welfare Fund.

Section 28. KRS 230.373 is amended to read as follows:
Any holder of unclaimed pari-mutuel \textit{or sports wagering} tickets affected by KRS 230.361 to 230.373 under disability shall have five (5) years after the disability is removed in which to take any action or procedure or make any defense allowed to one sui juris.

Section 29. KRS 230.374 is amended to read as follows:
All sums reported and paid to the racing commission under the provisions of KRS 230.361 to 230.373, with the exception of funds paid \textit{on sports wagering tickets and} under KRS 230.398, shall be paid by the racing commission to the Kentucky Racing Health and Welfare Fund, Inc., a nonprofit charitable corporation, organized for the benefit, aid, assistance, and relief of Thoroughbred owners, trainers, jockeys, valets, exercise riders, grooms, stable attendants, pari-mutuel clerks, and other Thoroughbred racing personnel employed in connection with racing, and their spouses and children, who
can demonstrate their need for financial assistance connected with death, illness, or off-
the-job injury and are not otherwise covered by union health and welfare plans, workers' 
compensation, Social Security, public welfare, or any type of health, medical, death, or 
accident insurance. These sums shall be paid on or before December 31 in each year, 
however, no payments shall be made by the racing commission to the Kentucky Racing 
Health and Welfare Fund, Inc., unless the racing commission and the Auditor of Public 
Accounts are satisfied that the fund is in all respects being operated for the charitable and 
benevolent purposes as set forth in this section and that no part of the funds paid to the 
fund by the racing commission or any net earnings of the fund inure to the benefit of any 
private individual, director, officer, or member of the fund or any of the persons who 
turned over sums to the racing commission representing unclaimed pari-mutuel tickets.

Section 30. KRS 230.750 is amended to read as follows:

The commission, including the tax levied in KRS 138.510, deducted from the gross 
amount wagered by the person, corporation, or association which operates a harness horse 
track under the jurisdiction of the racing commission at which betting is conducted 
through a pari-mutuel or other similar system shall not exceed eighteen percent (18%) of 
the gross amount handled on straight pari-mutuel wagering pools and twenty-five percent 
(25%) of the gross amount handled on multiple pari-mutuel wagering pools, plus the 
breaks, which shall be made and calculated to the dime. Multiple pari-mutuel wagering 
pools shall include daily double, perfecta, double perfecta, quinella, double quinella, 
trifecta, and other types of exotic betting. An amount equal to three percent (3%) of the 
total amount wagered on pari-mutuel racing and included in the commission of a 
harness host track shall be allocated by the harness host track in the following manner. 
Two percent (2%) shall be allocated to the host for capital improvements, promotions, 
including advertising, or purses, as the host track shall elect. Three-quarters of one 
percent (3/4 of 1%) shall be allocated to overnight purses. One-quarter of one percent (1/4 
of 1%) shall be allocated to the Kentucky standardbred development fund. This allocation
shall be made after deduction from the commission of the pari-mutuel tax but prior to any
other deduction, allocation or division of the commission.

SECTION 31. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 230 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) A person shall not place a sports wager on a game or event in which he or she is
a participant.

(2) As used in this section, "participant" includes:

(a) Players;

(b) Coaches;

(c) Referees, umpires, judges, or other officials involved in enforcing the rules
of the game;

(d) Spouses and close family members of persons included in paragraphs (a) to
(c) of this subsection;

(e) Owners or shareholders of professional sports teams who might have
influence over players and coaches through the ability to hire or fire; and

(f) Employees of companies supplying technology or services related to sports
wagering to a track or professional sports venue.

(3) A person is guilty of tampering with the outcome of a sporting event when the
person interacts with a player, coach, referee, or other participant with the intent
to persuade the participant to act in a way that would:

(a) Alter the outcome of the sporting event; or

(b) Alter actions within the sporting event upon which people might place
sports wagers.

Section 32. KRS 230.990 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Any person who violates KRS 230.070 or KRS 230.080(3) shall be guilty of a Class
D felony.

(2) Any person who violates KRS 230.090 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
(3) Any person who violates KRS 230.680 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(4) Any person who refuses to make any report or to turn over sums as required by KRS 230.361 to 230.373 shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(5) Any person failing to appear before the racing commission at the time and place specified in the summons issued pursuant to KRS 230.260(12), or refusing to testify, shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. False swearing on the part of any witness shall be deemed perjury and punished as such.

(6) (a) A person is guilty of tampering with or interfering with a horse race when, with the intent to influence the outcome of a horse race, he uses any device, material, or substance not approved by the Kentucky Horse Racing Commission on or in any participant involved in or eligible to compete in a horse race to be viewed by the public.

(b) Any person who, while outside the Commonwealth and with intent to influence the outcome of a horse race contested within the Commonwealth, tampers with or interferes with any equine participant involved in or eligible to compete in a horse race in the Commonwealth is guilty of tampering with or interfering with a horse race.

(c) Tampering with or interfering with a horse race is a Class C felony.

(7) Any participant who wagers on a sporting event in violation of Section 31 of this Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(8) Any person tampering with the outcome of a sporting event in violation of Section 31 of this Act is guilty of a Class C felony.

Section 33. KRS 154A.010 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Amateur athletics" means any interscholastic athletics in which the participating athletes are elementary or secondary school students of any public or private institution of learning; any intercollegiate athletics in which the participating
athletes are students of any public or private institution of higher education; or any
athletics sponsored or regulated by the following amateur athletic associations
including, but not limited to:

(a) United States Olympic Committee;
(b) National Collegiate Athletic Association;
(c) National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics;
(d) Kentucky High School Athletic Association;
(e) Kentucky Amateur Athletics Union;
(f) Bluegrass State Games;
(g) Little League Baseball;
(h) Amateur Softball Association;
(i) Babe Ruth Leagues of Kentucky;
(j) American Legion Baseball;
(k) Kentucky Youth Soccer Association; or
(l) Kentucky Special Olympics;

(2) "Corporation" means the Kentucky Lottery Corporation;

(3) "Lottery" means any game of chance approved by the corporation and operated
pursuant to this chapter, except for games prohibited by the General Assembly as
provided for in KRS 154A.063;

(4) "Major lottery-specific procurement" means any gaming product or service
including, but not limited to, major advertising contracts, annuity contracts, prize
payment agreements, consulting services, personal service contracts, equipment,
tickets, and all other products and services unique to the operation of the
corporation in its lottery activities, but not including materials, supplies, equipment,
and services common to the ordinary operations of a corporation;

(5) "Net poker revenue" means the rake plus any entry fees or other fees charged to
online poker players as a requirement to play in a game or series of games of
online poker:

(6) "Online poker" means any form of poker, including but not limited to Five Card Draw, Seven Card Stud, and Texas Holdem, at locations removed from other players via the Internet through the use of computers, smart phones, or other types of electronic devices. Online poker shall not include video lottery terminals or slot machines using electronic representations of cards in a game of chance in which skill does not play a part;

(7) "President" means the president of the Kentucky Lottery Corporation who shall also serve as chief executive officer of the corporation;

(8) "Rake" means a percentage of the total wagers placed in an online poker game that the online poker providers collects as its fee for providing the platform upon which the online poker game is played;

(9)(a) With respect to an individual, "related entity" means any spouse, child, brother, sister, or parent residing as a member of the same household in the principal place of abode of the individual, and any entity with respect to which the individual, or spouse, child, brother, sister, or parent of the individual has a financial interest of five percent (5%) or more, or is an officer, director, employee, or partner; and

(b) With respect to any partnership, corporation, joint venture, or other entity, "related entity" means any officer, director, employee, partner, or owner of a financial interest of five percent (5%) or more of the total value thereof; any parent, subsidiary, or brother corporation; and any other entity with which the given entity has an identity of ownership of fifty percent (50%) or more.

(10) "Retailer" means any person with whom the corporation has contracted to sell lottery tickets to the public;

(11) "Security" means the protection of information that would provide an unfair advantage to any individual or other entity involved or seeking involvement in the
operation of the lottery or the supply of major lottery-specific procurement items to
the corporation, and the protection of:

(a) Information that relates to detection or deterrence of, or could assist in the
perpetration of, crimes against the corporation or its retailers, their locations,
or their employees; or

(b) Information which could impair or adversely impact the ability of the
corporation or its retailers to protect the integrity of the lottery or protect
lottery equipment, supplies, or proceeds;

(12) "Sports contest" means any professional or amateur sport, athletic game or
contest, or race or contest involving machines, persons, or animals, except horses,
that is viewed by the public; and

(13) "Vendor" means any person who has entered into a major lottery-specific or
online poker equipment or service procurement contract with the corporation.

Section 34. KRS 154A.050 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The board of directors shall provide the president with private-sector perspectives
on the operation of a large marketing enterprise. The board shall:

(a) Approve, disapprove, amend, or modify the budget recommended by the
president for the operation of the corporation;

(b) Approve, disapprove, amend, or modify the terms of major lottery
procurements recommended by the president;

(c) Serve as a board of appeal for any denial, revocation, or cancellation by the
president of a contract with a lottery retailer; and

(d) Adopt, from time to time, administrative regulations which shall be subject to
the provisions of KRS Chapter 13A, as may be necessary to carry out and
implement its powers and duties, the operation of the corporation, the conduct
of lottery games in general, the conduct of online poker games, and any other
matters necessary or desirable for the efficient and effective operation of the
lottery or convenience of the public. The board may adopt, without recourse to
the administrative regulation process unless it so desires, rules for the conduct
of specific lottery and online poker games, including but not limited to, rules
specifying:

1. The types of games to be conducted;
2. The sale price of tickets;
3. The number and amount of prizes;
4. The method and location of selecting or validating winning tickets;
5. The frequency and the means of conducting drawings which shall be
   open to the public;
6. The manner of payment of prizes;
7. The frequency of games and drawings;
8. The manner and amount of compensation to lottery retailers, except all
   compensation shall be uniform;[and]
9. Limitations, if any, on the amount of wagers in online poker games;
   and
10. Any other matters necessary or desirable for the efficient and effective
    operation of the lottery or for the convenience of the public.

In all other matters, the board shall advise and make recommendations. However,
the board shall:

(a) Conduct hearings upon complaints charging violations of this chapter or of
    administrative regulations adopted by the corporation and shall conduct such
    other hearings as may be provided by administrative regulation;
(b) Review the performance of the corporation and:
1. Advise the president and make recommendations to him regarding
   operations of the corporation; and
2. Identify potential improvements in this chapter, the administrative
regulations of the corporation, and the management of the corporation;

(c) Request from the corporation any information the board determines to be relevant to its duties; and

(d) Report to the president of the corporation, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding its findings and recommendations.

Section 35. KRS 154A.060 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The corporation shall conduct and administer lottery and online poker games which will result in maximization of revenues to the Commonwealth of Kentucky while at the same time provide entertainment to its citizens. It shall be the duty of the corporation, its employees, and the members of the board to provide for the effective operation of lottery and online poker games which ensure the integrity of the lottery and maintain the dignity of the Commonwealth and the general welfare of its citizens. The corporation, in pursuit of the attainment of the objectives and the purposes of this chapter, may:

(a) Sue and be sued in its corporate name;

(b) Adopt a corporate seal and a symbol;

(c) Hold copyrights, trademarks, and service marks, and enforce its rights with respect thereto;

(d) Appoint agents upon which process may be served;

(e) Enter into written agreements with one (1) or more other states for the operation, marketing, and promotion of a joint lottery or joint lottery games;

(f) Acquire real property and make improvements thereon. These acquisitions shall be reported to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee for its review and determination in accordance with KRS 45.750 to 45.810; and

(g) Make, execute, and effectuate any and all agreements or contracts including:

1. Contracts for the purchase of such goods and services as are necessary
for the operation and promotion of the state lottery and online poker. Proposed purchases of major items of equipment estimated to cost one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or more and proposed purchases of items of equipment where the estimated contract price for all the items of equipment taken together is four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) or more shall be reported to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee for its review and determination in accordance with the provisions of KRS 45.750 to 45.810. A contract shall not be artificially divided to cause an estimated contract price to fall below the four hundred thousand dollar ($400,000) threshold. Contracts for personal service shall be reviewed in accordance with KRS 45A.690 to 45A.725.

2. Contracts to incur debt in its own name and enter into financing agreements with the Commonwealth, its own agencies, or with a commercial bank, excluding the authority to issue bonds.

(2) The corporation shall:

(a) Supervise and administer the lottery and online poker games in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the administrative regulations adopted by the board;

(b) Submit monthly and annual reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives containing financial statements which include but are not limited to disclosure of gross revenues, expenses, and net proceeds for the period;

(c) Adopt by administrative regulation a system of continuous internal audits;

(d) Maintain weekly or more frequent records of lottery and online poker transactions, including distribution of tickets to lottery retailers, revenues received, claims for prizes, prizes paid, and all other financial transactions of the corporation;
(e) Adopt by administrative regulation a code of ethics for officers and employees of the corporation to carry out the standards of conduct established by the provisions of this chapter;

(f) Include capital projects, as defined in KRS 45.750(1)(f), which exceed the thresholds set forth in KRS 154A.060(1)(g), in the budget unit request submitted by the corporation to the Finance and Administration Cabinet pursuant to KRS 48.050. In the budget unit request submitted by the corporation, a contingency item for acquisition of the on-line central system, all related equipment, and any other equipment owned by vendors of the corporation relating to computer-generated lottery or online poker games from the corporation’s vendors shall be stated separately from all other equipment. Further, if the identification of specific projects requiring the acquisition of equipment in the nature of computer systems, communications equipment and related peripheral devices, and operating system software cannot be ascertained with absolute certainty at the time the corporation is required to submit its budget unit request, the corporation shall be entitled to submit a general request for the equipment without individually identifying specific projects, together with a maximum amount to be allocated for the equipment, in the budget unit request;

(g) The Kentucky Lottery Corporation and the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall develop a system to allow the Kentucky Lottery Corporation to receive a list of delinquent child support obligors from the Cabinet for Health and Family Services on a monthly basis. The Kentucky Lottery Corporation shall withhold delinquent amounts from prizes of winners that appear on the list. This system shall be timely and shall not create an unavoidable delay in the payment of a lottery or online poker prize; and

(h) The Kentucky Lottery Corporation and the authority shall develop a system to
allow the Kentucky Lottery Corporation to receive on a periodic basis a list of persons declared in default of repayment obligations under financial assistance programs in KRS Chapters 164 and 164A. The Kentucky Lottery Corporation shall withhold from a person's prize winnings the amount of the defaulted loan and shall transfer the amount to the authority to credit the account of the person in default. Any amount remaining after the deduction of the loan amount shall be paid to the person.

Section 36. KRS 154A.063 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The corporation shall not utilize amateur athletics for any purpose including, but not limited to, advertising, promoting, conducting a lottery, or as a basis for a lottery.

(2) The corporation shall not approve and operate any casino or similar gambling establishment and shall not approve or operate any game played with dice, dominos, slot machines, or roulette wheels, or where winners are determined by the outcome of a sports contest.

(3) This section shall not be construed to prohibit the corporation from advertising the lottery at, during, or in connection with a sports contest.

Section 37. KRS 154A.070 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The president, as chief executive officer of the corporation, shall direct and supervise all administrative and technical activities in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and with the administrative regulations adopted by the board. It shall be his duty to:

(a) Supervise and administer the operation of the lottery and online poker games;

(b) Employ and direct such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter and utilize such services, personnel, or facilities of the corporation as he may deem necessary. He may employ by personal service contract pursuant to KRS 45A.690 to 45A.725 and compensate consultants and technical assistants as may be required to carry out the
provisions of this chapter. The president may, by agreement, secure
information and services as he may deem necessary from any department,
agency, or unit of state government, and shall compensate the department, agency, or unit of state government for its services. Such
agencies, departments, or units of state government shall cooperate with the
corporation and provide any information and services as may be
required by the corporation to ensure the integrity of the lottery and
online poker and the effective operation of the lottery and online poker
games;

(c) Contract in accordance with the administrative regulations of the corporation
with persons to sell lottery tickets at retail. The president shall require a bond
or bank letter of credit from lottery retailers in an amount provided by
administrative regulations issued by the board;

(d) Make available for inspection by the board or any member of the board, upon
request, all books, records, files, and other information and documents of his
office and to advise the board and recommend such administrative regulations
and other matters he deems necessary and advisable to improve the operation
and administration of the lottery;

(e) Enter into any contract pursuant to KRS Chapters 45 and 45A or
administrative regulations promulgated by the board, and pursuant to KRS
154A.120, with any person, firm, or corporation for the promotion and any
operation of the lottery, or online poker games, or for the performance of any
of the functions as provided in this chapter;

(f) Attend meetings of the board or appoint a designee to attend on his behalf;
and

(g) On the first day of the Regular Session of the General Assembly in 1990 and
biennially thereafter, submit the proposed biennial budget of the corporation
to the Appropriations and Revenue Committee of the House of Representatives for review and comment. The budget shall be submitted to the Director of the Legislative Research Commission within five (5) days of adoption by the board for distribution to the Appropriations and Revenue Committee of the House of Representatives for review.

(2) The president, with the approval of the board, may amend or modify the budget at any time in any manner deemed necessary for the proper operation of the corporation; however, each change shall be reported in writing to the board and to the director of the Legislative Research Commission, who shall transmit a copy of the change to the Appropriations and Revenue Committee of the House of Representatives.

(3) Following his confirmation, and during his entire term of office, the president shall reside in Kentucky.

(4) The president, and the board, may conduct an ongoing study of the operation and administration of lotteries in other states or countries, of online poker and other forms of online gaming, of available literature on the subjects of federal laws and regulations which may affect the operation of the lottery or online poker, and of the reaction of citizens of this state to existing or proposed features of lottery or online poker games, with a view toward implementing improvements that will tend to serve the purposes of this chapter.

(5) The president also may:

(a) Require bond from corporate employees with access to corporate funds, online poker funds, or lottery funds, in such an amount as provided in the administrative regulations of the board. The president may also require bond from other employees as he deems necessary; and

(b) For good cause, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew any contract entered into in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or the administrative
regulations of the board.

Section 38. KRS 154A.110 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Proceeds of lottery and online poker prizes shall be subject to Kentucky state income tax. Any attachments, garnishments, or executions authorized and issued pursuant to statute shall also be withheld if served upon the process agent of the corporation. This section shall not apply to a retailer.

(2) The board shall adopt rules to establish a system of verifying the validity of tickets claimed to win lottery prizes and to effect payment of such prizes, except that:

(a) No lottery prize, nor any portion of a lottery prize, nor any right of any person to a lottery prize awarded shall be assignable, except as provided in subsection (6) of this section. Any lottery prize, or portion thereof, remaining unpaid at the death of a prize winner shall be paid to the estate of such deceased prize winner or to the trustee under a revocable living trust established by the deceased lottery prize winner as settlor, provided that a copy of such a trust has been filed with the corporation along with a notarized letter of direction from the settlor and no written notice of revocation has been received by the corporation prior to the settlor's death. Following such a settlor's death and prior to any payment to such a successor trustee, the corporation shall obtain from the trustee and each trust beneficiary a written agreement to indemnify and hold the corporation harmless with respect to any claims that may be asserted against the corporation arising from payment to or through the trust. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any person, pursuant to an appropriate judicial order, shall be paid the lottery prize to which a winner is entitled.

(b) No lottery ticket shall knowingly be sold to any person under the age of eighteen (18), but this section does not prohibit the purchase of a lottery ticket by a person eighteen (18) years of age or older for the purpose of

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making a gift to any person of any age. In such case, the corporation shall direct payment to an adult member of the person's family or the legal guardian of the person on behalf of such person. The person named as custodian shall have the same powers and duties as prescribed for a custodian pursuant to the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act.

2. **No person under the age of eighteen (18) shall be permitted to place a wager through an online poker game administered by the corporation.**

   (c) No **lottery** prize shall be paid arising from claimed tickets that are stolen, counterfeit, altered, fraudulent, unissued, produced or issued in error, unreadable, not received or not recorded by the corporation within applicable deadlines, lacking in captions that conform and agree with the play symbols as appropriate to the lottery game involved, or not in compliance with such additional specific rules and public or confidential validation and security tests of the corporation appropriate to the particular lottery game involved.

   (d) No particular prize in any lottery game shall be paid more than once, and in the event of a binding determination that more than one claimant is entitled to a particular prize, the sole remedy of such claimants is the award to each of them of an equal share in the prize.

   (e) A holder of a winning cash ticket from a Kentucky lottery game shall claim a prize within three hundred sixty-five (365) days (for a ticket issued before January 1, 1995), and within one hundred eighty (180) days (for a ticket issued on or after January 1, 1995), or for a multistate lottery game within one hundred eighty (180) days, after the drawing in which the prize was won. In any Kentucky lottery game in which the player may determine instantly if he has won or lost, he shall claim a prize within three hundred sixty-five (365) days (for lottery games commenced or tickets printed or reprinted before January 1, 1995), and within one hundred eighty (180) days (for lottery games
commenced or tickets printed or reprinted on or after January 1, 1995), or for
a multistate lottery game within one hundred eighty (180) days, after the end
of the lottery game as announced by the corporation. However, a holder of a
pull-tab lottery ticket shall claim a prize within the time period and in the
manner printed on the ticket. If a valid claim is not made for a prize within the
applicable period, the prize shall constitute an unclaimed prize for purposes of
subsection (3) of this section.

(f) No prize shall be paid upon a lottery ticket purchased or sold in violation of
this chapter. Any such prize shall constitute an unclaimed prize for purposes
of subsection (3) of this section.

(3) Any unclaimed lottery prize money may be retained by the corporation and added to
the pool from which future prizes are to be awarded or used for special prize
promotions, or may be appropriated by the General Assembly directly from the
unclaimed lottery prize money in excess of six million dollars ($6,000,000) shall be
transferred to the affordable housing trust fund established by KRS 198A.710.

(4) The corporation is discharged of all liability upon payment of a prize.

(5) No lottery ticket shall be purchased by and no lottery or online poker prize shall be
paid to any of the following persons:

(a) Any member of the board of directors, officers, or employees of the
corporation;

(b) Any vendors or related entities, or any member of the board of directors,
officers, employees of, partners in, or owners of any vendors or related entities
to the vendors; or

(c) Any spouse, child, brother, sister, or parent residing as a member of the same
household in the principal place of abode of any such person.

(6) The right of any person to receive payments due under a lottery prize that is paid in
installments over time by the corporation, excluding prizes payable for the winner's
life, may be voluntarily assigned, in whole or in part, if the assignment is made to a
person or entity designated pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court located in the
judicial circuit where the headquarters of the corporation is located. The Circuit
Court shall issue an order approving a voluntary assignment, specifying the exact
dollar amount of each prize payment or payments assigned, or any portion thereof,
the dates of the payments being assigned, the name of the assignor as it appears on
the lottery claim form or the full legal name of the assignor if different than the
name as it appears on the lottery claim form, and the full legal name of the assignee
to whom the assigned payments will be made, and directing the corporation to make
the specified payments to the assignee, if all of the following conditions have been
met:
(a) The assignment is in writing, executed by the assignor either before or after
July 12, 2006, and by its terms, subject to the laws of this Commonwealth;
(b) The assignor provides a sworn affidavit attesting that the assignor:
1. Is of sound mind, in full command of his or her faculties, and is not
   acting under duress;
2. Has had the opportunity to receive independent legal, financial, and tax
   advice concerning the effects of the assignment;
3. Understands that he or she will not receive the prize payments, or
   portions thereof, for the years assigned;
4. Understands and agrees that with regard to the assigned payments, the
   Commonwealth, the corporation, and its respective officials and
   employees will have no further liability or responsibility to make the
   assigned payments to the assignor;
5. Has been provided with a one (1) page written disclosure statement in
   bold type, fourteen (14) point font or larger, setting forth:
a. The payments being assigned, by amounts and payment dates;
b. The purchase price being paid; and
c. The amount, if any, of any origination or closing fees that will be charged to the lottery winner; and

6. Has disclosed the existence or nonexistence of a current spouse; and, if married, unless the court finds the assignor may make the assignment without the spouse's consent, the assignor has submitted to the court a signed and notarized statement wherein the spouse consents to the assignment.

(7) Written notice of any petition seeking court approval of an assignment under subsection (6) of this section and of a court hearing, if any, concerning the proposed assignment shall be delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the corporation's registered agent at least fifteen (15) days prior to entry of the court order or a court hearing, if any. The corporation is not a necessary or indispensable party and is not required to appear in or be named as a party to any action seeking court approval of a voluntary assignment, but may intervene as of right in any such proceeding.

(8) A voluntary assignment under subsection (6) of this section shall not include or cover payments or portions of payments that are, at the time of entry of the court order, subject to offset or withholding due to:

(a) A defaulted or delinquent child support obligation;
(b) A debt owed to a state agency; or
(c) Any attachments, garnishments, or executions authorized and issued pursuant to statute and served upon the process agent of the corporation as set forth in subsection (1) of this section;

Unless appropriate provision is made in the court order to satisfy the obligation or obligations giving rise to the offset or withholding at the time of closing of the
assignment transaction. Each court order shall provide that any delinquent child
support obligation owed by the assignor as of the date of the court order and any
debts owed to a state agency by the assignor as of the date of the court order shall be
offset by the corporation first against remaining payments or portions thereof then
due the assignor and then against payments due the assignee each year until paid in
full.

(9) A court order approving a voluntary assignment under subsection (6) of this section,
together with any other order issued in connection with any one (1) prize drawn,
shall not require the corporation to divide any single prize payment among more
than three (3) different persons or entities.

(10) The Commonwealth, the corporation, and their respective officials and employees
shall be discharged of all further liability upon payment of a prize pursuant to court
order issued under subsection (6) of this section. It shall be the responsibility of the
assignor or the assignee to provide the corporation information necessary for the
corporation to identify the parties to any assignment under subsection (6) of this
section and to make the payments assigned.

(11) The Kentucky Lottery Corporation may establish a reasonable fee, not to exceed
one thousand dollars ($1,000), to defray any administrative expenses associated
with processing each assignment made pursuant to subsection (6) of this section. The fee amount shall reflect the direct and indirect costs associated with processing
the assignments. A court order approving an assignment under subsection (6) of this
section shall direct the assignee to pay the fee to the corporation no later than ten
(10) days after entry of the order.

(12) A certified copy of a court order approving a voluntary assignment under subsection
(6) of this section shall be delivered by certified mail, return receipt requested, to
the corporation's registered agent at least thirty (30) days prior to the date upon
which the first assigned payment is to be paid to the assignee. Within ten (10) days
of receipt of the court order, the corporation shall acknowledge in writing to both
the assignor and the assignee its receipt of the court order and that the corporation
shall thereafter make the prize payments in accordance with the court order.

(13) Subsection (6) of this section supersedes and prevails over any provision in the
Uniform Commercial Code, including KRS 355.9-406.

(14) The right to assign prize payments pursuant to subsection (6) of this section shall be
suspended upon:

(a) The publication by the United States Internal Revenue Service, hereinafter
referred to in this subsection as the "Service," of a revenue ruling or other
public ruling of the Service, which rules that, based upon the right of
assignment provided in subsection (6) of this section, Kentucky lottery
prizewinners who do not assign any prize payments would be subject to an
immediate income tax liability for the value of the entire prize rather than
annual income tax liability for each installment when paid; or

(b) The issuance by a court of competent jurisdiction of a published decision
holding that, based upon the right of assignment provided in subsection (6) of
this section, a lottery prizewinner who does not assign any prize payments
under that subsection would be subject to an immediate income tax liability
for the value of the entire prize rather than annual income tax liability for each
installment when paid.

Section 39. KRS 154A.120 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The corporation shall conduct all procurements in accordance with procedures
which are not inconsistent with the provisions of KRS Chapter 45A, and this
chapter, this chapter being deemed to control in the event that, and to the extent
that, any provision in this chapter is expressly inconsistent with any provision of
KRS Chapter 45A; or the corporation shall adopt administrative regulations
establishing its procurement procedures. If the corporation elects to promulgate
administrative regulations establishing its procurement procedures rather than
conduct procurements in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 45A, the
corporation may include sections of KRS Chapter 45A as part of its administrative
regulations. However, major lottery-specific or online poker-specific procurements
for personal service contracts shall not be subject to the requirements of KRS
45A.695(2)(b), due to the unique operational activities conducted for state
government by the corporation as recognized in KRS 154A.020. The corporation's
procurement procedures or administrative regulations shall be designed to provide
for the purchase of supplies, equipment, services, and construction items that
provide the greatest long term benefit to the state, the greatest integrity for the
corporation, and the best service and products, for the public.

(2) In its bidding and negotiation processes, the corporation may do its own bidding
and procurement, or may utilize the services of the Finance and Administration
Cabinet, or a combination thereof. The president of the corporation may, in lieu of
the secretary of finance, declare an emergency for purchasing purposes.

Section 40. KRS 154A.130 is amended to read as follows:

(1) All money received by the corporation from the sale of lottery tickets and all other
sources, except from the proceeds of online poker, shall be deposited into a
corporate operating account. The corporation is authorized to use all money in the
corporate operating account for the purposes of paying prizes and the necessary
expenses of the corporation and dividends to the state. The corporation shall
allocate the amount to be paid by the corporation to prize winners. The amount in
the corporate operating account which the corporation anticipates will be available
for the payment of prizes on an annuity basis may be invested in direct United
States Treasury obligations. These instruments may be in varying maturities with
respect to payment of annuities and may be in book-entry form. Monthly, no later
than the last business day of the succeeding month, the corporation shall transfer to
a lottery trust fund the amount of net revenues which the corporation determines are
surplus to its needs. These funds shall be held in trust until 1990 at which time the
General Assembly shall determine the manner in which the funds will be allocated
and appropriated. The net revenues shall be determined by deducting from gross
revenues the payment costs incurred in the operation and administration of the
lottery, including the expenses of the corporation and the costs resulting from any
contract or contracts entered into for promotional, advertising, or operational
services or for the purchase or lease of lottery equipment and materials, fixed
capital outlays, and the payment of prizes to the holders of winning tickets. After
the start-up costs are paid, it is the intent of the Legislature that it shall be the goal
of the corporation to transfer each year thirty-five percent (35%) of gross revenues
to the general fund for the purposes stated above.

(2) A Kentucky lottery trust account is established in the State Treasury. Net lottery
revenues shall be credited to this restricted account as provided in subsection (1) of
this section. Moneys credited to the Kentucky lottery trust account shall be invested
by the state in accordance with state investment practices and all earnings from the
investments shall accrue to this account. No moneys shall be allotted or expended
from this account unless pursuant to an appropriation by the General Assembly,
except that moneys as are needed shall be transferred to the general fund pursuant to
the provisions of the Acts of the Extraordinary Session of the 1988 General
Assembly. Moneys in the Kentucky lottery trust account shall not lapse at the close
of the state fiscal year.

(3) Each fiscal year, three million dollars ($3,000,000) from net lottery revenues from
the sale of lottery tickets shall be credited from the general fund as follows:
(a) To the Collaborative Center for Literacy Development, one million two
hundred thousand dollars ($1,200,000); and
(b) To the reading diagnostic and intervention fund, one million eight hundred
thousand dollars ($1,800,000).

(4) After the allocation of three million dollars ($3,000,000) to literacy development, as provided in subsection (3) of this section, net lottery revenues from the sale of lottery tickets shall be credited from the general fund as follows:

(a) To the Wallace G. Wilkinson Kentucky educational excellence scholarship trust fund established in KRS 164.7877:
   1. Forty percent (40%) in fiscal year 2003-2004; and
   2. Forty-five percent (45%) in fiscal year 2004-2005 and each fiscal year thereafter; and

(b) To the College Access Program and the Kentucky Tuition Grants Program established in KRS Chapter 164:
   1. Forty percent (40%) in fiscal year 2003-2004;
   2. Forty-five percent (45%) in fiscal year 2004-2005; and
   3. Fifty-five percent (55%) of net lottery revenues in fiscal year 2005-2006 and each fiscal year thereafter.

(5) The Auditor of Public Accounts shall be responsible for a financial postaudit of the books and records of the corporation. The postaudit shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, shall be paid for by the corporation, and shall be completed within ninety (90) days of the close of the corporation's fiscal year. The Auditor of Public Accounts shall contract with an independent, certified public accountant who meets the qualifications existing to do business within the Commonwealth of Kentucky to perform the corporation postaudit. The Auditor of Public Accounts shall remain responsible for the annual postaudit and the corporation shall pay all audit costs. The Auditor of Public Accounts may at any time conduct additional audits, including performance audits, of the corporation as he deems necessary or desirable. Contracts shall be entered into for audit services for a period not to exceed five (5) years and the same firm
shall not receive two (2) consecutive audit contracts. All audits shall be filed with
the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives. The corporation shall reimburse the Auditor of Public Accounts
for the reasonable costs of any audits performed by him. The corporation shall
cooperate with the Auditor of Public Accounts by giving employees designated by
any of them access to facilities of the corporation for the purpose of efficient
compliance with their respective responsibilities. With respect to any
reimbursement that the corporation is required to pay to any agency, the corporation
shall enter into an agreement with that agency under which the corporation shall pay
to the agency an amount reasonably anticipated to cover the reimbursable expenses
in advance of the expenses being incurred.

(6) By no later than December 31 of each year, in an advertisement at least one-fourth
(1/4) of a page in size, the Kentucky Lottery Corporation shall publish the following
information in every general-circulation daily newspaper published in Kentucky:

(a) The statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in retained earnings as
shown in the most recent annual audit report. It shall be explained that the
transfer of dividends is the amount of lottery earnings transferred to the
general fund;

(b) A statement identifying the auditing firm;

(c) A telephone number which citizens may call to obtain a complete copy of the
annual audit report; and

(d) The name of the president/chief executive officer of the Kentucky Lottery
Corporation and a complete list of board members.

The Kentucky Lottery Corporation shall pay for the cost of the advertisement.

⇒ SECTION 41. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 154A IS CREATED
TO READ AS follows:

(1) No person shall offer online poker in the Commonwealth unless that person has
received a license from the corporation.

(2) The corporation shall promulgate administrative regulations prescribing requirements for vendors offering online poker gaming to the citizens of the Commonwealth. The requirements for each game or game provider shall include but not be limited to the following:

(a) Geolocation software to ensure that all online poker is conducted within the geographical confines of the state of Kentucky;

(b) Age verification to ensure that no person under the age of eighteen (18) is allowed to place wagers through online poker games;

(c) Security standards to minimize the risk of cyber theft or hacking;

(d) Accounting standards to ensure transparency and accountability of moneys, including:
   1. Moneys deposited by players into gaming accounts;
   2. Prize payouts;
   3. The rake the online poker vendor receives;
   4. Any entry or associated fees charged to players; and

(e) Conformance with all applicable federal laws.

(3) A license to conduct online poker in the Commonwealth shall not be issued by the corporation until the proposed vendor has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the corporation that:

(a) All the requirements of subsection (2) of this section have been met;

(b) The vendor has not been convicted of a violation of the Unlawful Internet Gambling Enforcement Act of 2006, as provided in Title 31 of the United States Code, Sections 5361 to 5366; and

(c) An initial licensing fee of two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) has been paid.

(4) A license issued under subsection (3) of this section shall be valid for one (1) year
and may be renewed annually for a fee of ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

(5) (a) In addition to the licensing fees imposed in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, a gaming fee of six and three-quarters percent (6.75%) of net poker revenue shall be imposed on each online poker vendor.

(b) The gaming fee shall be paid monthly by each licensed online poker vendor to the corporation, and may be made by electronic funds transfer.

(6) Award of an online poker license under this section shall not absolve any person of any liability which has or may be incurred due to litigation with the Commonwealth over internet poker domain names.

(7) Any person who has been issued a license under this section shall have the license suspended by the corporation if a final judgment is issued against the person for the improper use of internet domain names. The license suspension shall continue until all fines and fees assessed under the judgment are fully paid.

SECTION 42. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 154A IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) A Kentucky Lottery Corporation online poker account is established in the State Treasury. Online poker licensing fees and the gaming fee imposed by Section 41 of this Act shall be deposited in the account.

(2) The corporation is authorized to use money in the online poker account for the purposes of paying necessary expenses incurred in establishing and overseeing the online poker system.

(3) Moneys in excess of the amount needed for necessary expenses shall be deposited annually into the wagering administration fund established by Section 4 of this Act to be used for the purposes established in subsection (1)(b)2. of Section 4 of this Act.

(4) Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, fund amounts not expended at the close of a fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward into the next fiscal year.
(5) All moneys held in the fund shall be invested by the corporation in accordance with the corporation's investment practices, and all earnings from the investments shall accrue to the benefit of the fund.

Section 43. KRS 154A.600 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The corporation may purchase, lease, or lease-purchase such goods or services as are necessary for effectuating the purposes of this chapter. Applicable leases, purchases, and lease-purchases shall be reported to the capital projects and bond oversight committee for its review and determination in accordance with the provisions of KRS 45.750 to 45.810. The corporation shall not contract with any person or entity for the total operation and administration of the state lottery, but may make procurements which integrate functions such as lottery game design, lottery ticket distribution to retailers, the operation of online poker games, supply of goods and services, and advertising. In all procurement decisions, the corporation shall take into account the particularly sensitive nature of the state lottery and online poker games and shall act to promote and ensure security, honesty, fairness and integrity in the operation and administration of the lottery and online poker games and the objectives of raising net proceeds for the benefit of the public purpose described in this chapter and Section 4 of this Act.

(2) The corporation shall investigate the financial responsibility, security, and integrity of any person who submits a bid, proposal or offer as part of a major procurement or who applies for licensure under Section 41 of this Act. At the time of submitting such bid, proposal, license application, or offer to the corporation, the corporation may require the following items:

(a) A disclosure of the vendor's name and address and, as applicable, the name and address of the following:

1. If the vendor is a corporation, the officers, directors, and each stockholder in such corporation; except that, in the case of owners of
equity securities of a publicly traded corporation, only the names and
addresses of those known to the corporation to own beneficially five
percent (5%) or more of such securities need be disclosed;

2. If the vendor is a trust, the trustee and all persons entitled to receive
income or benefit from the trust;

3. If the vendor is an association, the members, officers, and directors; and

4. If the vendor is a partnership or joint venture, all of the general partners,
limited partners, or joint venturers.

(b) A disclosure of all the states and jurisdictions in which the vendor does
business, and the nature of the business for each such state or jurisdiction.

c) A disclosure of all the states and jurisdictions in which the vendor has
contracts to supply gaming goods or services, including, but not limited to,
lottery goods and services, and the nature of the goods or services involved for
each such state or jurisdiction.

d) A disclosure of all the states and jurisdictions in which the vendor has applied
for, has sought renewal of, has received, has been denied, has pending, or has
had revoked a gaming license of any kind, and the disposition of such in each
such state or jurisdiction. If any gaming license has been revoked or has not
been renewed or any gaming license application has been either denied or is
pending and has remained pending for more than six (6) months, all of the
facts and circumstances underlying the failure to receive such a license shall
be disclosed.

(e) A disclosure of the details of any finding of guilt, in a state or federal court,
against the vendor for any felony or any other criminal offense other than a
traffic violation.

(f) A disclosure of the details of any bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or
any pending litigation of the vendor.
(g) Such additional disclosures and information as the corporation may determine to be appropriate for the procurement involved. If the vendor subcontracts any substantial portion of the work to be performed under the contract to a subcontractor, the vendor shall disclose all of the information required by this subsection for the subcontractor as if the subcontractor were itself a vendor.

(3) (a) A contract for a procurement with any vendor subject to subsection (2) of this section who has not complied with the disclosure requirements described in subsection (2) of this section shall not be entered into, and any contract with such a vendor is unenforceable.

(b) A license for online poker services with any vendor subject to subsection (2) of this section who has not complied with the disclosure requirements described in subsection (2) of this section shall not be issued.

(c) Any contract or license with a vendor who does not comply with requirements for periodically updating disclosures during the tenure of the contract or license as may be specified in the contract or license shall be terminated by the corporation.

(d) This subsection and subsection (2) of this section shall be construed broadly and liberally to achieve the ends of full disclosure of all information necessary to allow for a full and complete evaluation by the corporation of the competence, integrity, background and character of vendors for major procurements or online poker services.

(4) A contract shall not be entered into with any vendor who has been found guilty of a felony committed within the preceding ten (10) years, unless the corporation determines that:

(a) The vendor has been pardoned or the vendor's civil rights have been restored; and

(b) Subsequent to such findings of guilt the vendor has engaged in the kind of
law-abiding commerce and good citizenship that would reflect well upon the integrity of the lottery; or

(c) If the vendor is a firm, association, partnership, trust, corporation or other entity, the vendor has terminated its relationship with the individual whose actions directly contributed to the vendor's guilt.

(5) Each vendor shall, at the execution of the contract with the corporation, post a performance bond or letter of credit from a bank acceptable to the corporation, in an amount equal to the full amount estimated to be paid annually to the vendor under the contract. In lieu of the bond, a vendor may, to assure the faithful performance of its obligations, deposit and maintain with the State Treasurer securities that are interest bearing or accruing and that, with the exception of those specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection, are rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest classifications by an established nationally recognized investment rating service. Securities eligible under this subsection are limited to:

(a) Certificates of deposit issued by solvent banks or savings associations organized and existing under the laws of this state or under the laws of the United States and having their principal place of business in this state;

(b) United States bonds, notes, and bills for which the full faith and credit of the government of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest;

(c) General obligation bonds and notes of any political subdivision of the state; or

(d) Corporate bonds of any corporation that is not an affiliate or subsidiary of the depositor. Such securities shall be held in trust and shall have at all times a market value at least equal to the full amount estimated to be paid annually to the lottery vendor under contract.

(6) Every contract entered into by the corporation pursuant to this section shall contain a provision for payment of liquidated damages to the corporation for any breach of
contract by the vendor.

(7) Each vendor shall be qualified to do business in this state and shall file appropriate tax returns as provided by the laws of this state. All contracts under this section shall be governed by the laws of this state.

Section 44. KRS 243.500 is amended to read as follows:

Any license may be revoked or suspended for the following causes:

(1) Conviction of the licensee or the licensee’s agent, servant, or employee for selling any illegal alcoholic beverages on the licensed premises.

(2) Making any false, material statements in an application or renewal application for a license or supplemental license.

(3) Conviction of the licensee or any of the licensee's agents, servants, or employees of:
   (a) Two (2) violations of the terms and provisions of KRS Chapters 241 to 244, or any act regulating the manufacture, sale, and transportation of alcoholic beverages within two (2) consecutive years;
   (b) Two (2) misdemeanors directly or indirectly attributable to the use of alcoholic beverages within two (2) consecutive years; or
   (c) Any felony.

(4) Failure or default of a licensee to pay an excise tax or any part of the tax or any penalties imposed by or under the provisions of any statutes, ordinances, or Acts of Congress relative to taxation, or for a violation of any related administrative regulations promulgated by the Department of Revenue.

(5) Revocation of any license or permit provided in KRS 243.060, 243.070, 243.600, and 243.610, or granted under any Act of Congress relative to the regulation of the manufacture, sale, and transportation of alcoholic beverages.

(6) Setting up, conducting, operating, or keeping, on the licensed premises, any gambling game, device, machine, contrivance, lottery, gift enterprise, handbook, or facility for betting or transmitting bets on horse races; or permitting to be set up,
conducted, operated, kept, or engaged in, on the licensed premises, any gambling
game, device, machine, contrivance, lottery, gift enterprise, handbook, or facility.
This subsection shall not apply to:
(a) The sale of lottery tickets sold under the provisions of KRS Chapter 154A;
(b) The operation of a pari-mutuel system for betting, or the operation of sports
wagering, where authorized by law;
(c) The conduct of charitable gaming by a charitable organization licensed or
permitted under KRS Chapter 238; or
(d) Special temporary raffles of alcoholic beverages under KRS 243.036; or
(e) The conduct of online poker licensed under Section 41 of this Act.
(7) Conviction of the licensee, the licensee's agents, servants, or employees for:
(a) The trafficking or possession upon the licensed premises of controlled or
illegal substances described in KRS Chapter 218A, including synthetic drugs;
(b) Knowingly permitting the trafficking or possession by patrons upon the
licensed premises of controlled or illegal substances described in KRS
Chapter 218A, including synthetic drugs; or
(c) Knowingly receiving stolen property upon the licensed premises.
(8) Failure to comply with the terms of a final order of the board.
Section 45. KRS 525.090 is amended to read as follows:
(1) A person is guilty of loitering when he or she:
(a) Loiters or remains in a public place for the purpose of gambling with cards,
dice, or other gambling paraphernalia, except that the provisions of this
section shall not apply if the person is participating in charitable gaming
defined by KRS 238.505, or is engaged in sports wagering licensed under
KRS Chapter 230 and Section 19 of this Act; or
(b) Loiters or remains in a public place for the purpose of unlawfully using a
controlled substance; or
(c) Loiters or remains in or about a school, college or university building or
grounds, not having any reason or relationship involving custody of or
responsibility for a pupil or student or any other specific legitimate reason for
being there and not having written permission from anyone authorized to grant
the same; or

(d) Loiters or remains in any transportation facility, unless specifically authorized
to do so, for the purpose of soliciting or engaging in any business, trade or
commercial transactions involving the sale of merchandise or services.

(2) Loitering is a violation.

Section 46. KRS 528.010 is amended to read as follows:

The following definitions apply in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Advancing gambling activity" -- A person "advances gambling activity" when,
acting other than as a player, he engages in conduct that materially aids any form of
gambling activity not authorized under KRS Chapter 154A, 230, or 239. The
conduct shall include, but is not limited to, conduct directed toward the
establishment of the particular game, contest, scheme, device, or activity involved;
toward the acquisition or maintenance of premises, paraphernalia, equipment, or
apparatus therefor; toward the solicitation or inducement of persons to participate
therein; toward the actual conduct of the playing phases thereof; toward the
arrangement of any of its financial or recording phases or toward any other phase of
its operation. A person who gambles at a social game of chance on equal terms with
other participants does not otherwise advance gambling activity by performing acts,
without remuneration or fee, directed toward the arrangement or facilitation of the
game as inviting persons to play, permitting the use of premises therefor and
supplying equipment used therein;

(2) "Bookmaking" means advancing gambling activity by unlawfully accepting bets
upon the outcome of future contingent events from members of the public as a
business not authorized under KRS Chapter 154A, 230, or 239;

(3) "Charitable gaming" means games of chance conducted by charitable organizations licensed and regulated under the provisions of KRS Chapter 238;

(4) (a) "Gambling" means staking or risking something of value upon the outcome of a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device which is based upon an element of chance, in accord with an agreement or understanding that someone will receive something of value in the event of a certain outcome. A contest or game in which eligibility to participate is determined by chance and the ultimate winner is determined by skill shall not be considered to be gambling.

(b) Gambling shall not mean charitable gaming which is licensed and regulated under the provisions of KRS Chapter 238, fantasy contest wagering authorized under KRS Chapter 239, or activities licensed under KRS Chapter 154A or 230;

(5) "Gambling device" means:

(a) Any so-called slot machine or any other machine or mechanical device an essential part of which is a drum or reel with insignia thereon, and which when operated may deliver, as a result of the application of an element of chance, any money or property, or by the operation of which a person may become entitled to receive, as the result of the application of an element of chance, any money or property;

(b) Any mechanical or electronic device permanently located in a business establishment, including a private club, that is offered or made available to a person to play or participate in a simulated gambling program in return for direct or indirect consideration, including but not limited to consideration paid for Internet access or computer time, or a sweepstakes entry, which when operated may deliver as a result of the application of an element of chance,
any money or property, or by the operation of which a person may become
entitled to receive, as the result of the application of an element of chance, any
money or property; or

(c) Any other machine or any mechanical or other device, including but not
limited to roulette wheels, gambling tables and similar devices, designed and
manufactured primarily for use in connection with gambling and which when
operated may deliver, as the result of the application of an element of chance,
any money or property, or by the operation of which a person may become
entitled to receive, as the result of the application of an element of chance, any
money or property;

(d) But, the following shall not be considered gambling devices within this
definition:

1. Devices dispensing or selling combination or French pools on licensed,
   regular racetracks during races on said tracks;

2. Devices dispensing or selling combination or French pools on historical
   races at licensed, regular racetracks as lawfully authorized by the
   Kentucky Horse Racing Commission;

3. Electro-mechanical pinball machines specially designed, constructed, set
   up, and kept to be played for amusement only. Any pinball machine
   shall be made to receive and react only to the deposit of coins during the
   course of a game. The ultimate and only award given directly or
   indirectly to any player for the attainment of a winning score or
   combination on any pinball machine shall be the right to play one (1) or
   more additional games immediately on the same device at no further
   cost. The maximum number of free games that can be won, registered,
   or accumulated at one (1) time in operation of any pinball machine shall
   not exceed thirty (30) free games. Any pinball machine shall be made to
discharge accumulated free games only by reactivating the playing
mechanism once for each game released. Any pinball machine shall be
made and kept with no meter or system to preserve a record of free
games played, awarded, or discharged. Nonetheless, a pinball machine
shall be a gambling device if a person gives or promises to give money,
tokens, merchandise, premiums, or property of any kind for scores,
combinations, or free games obtained in playing the pinball machine in
which the person has an interest as owner, operator, keeper, or
otherwise; or

4. Devices used in the conduct of charitable gaming;

5. Devices used in the conduct of fantasy contest wagering authorized
under KRS Chapter 239;

6. Devices used in the conduct of online poker licensed under KRS
Chapter 154A; or

7. Devices used in the conduct of sports wagering licensed under KRS
Chapter 230;

(6) "Lottery and gift enterprise" means:

(a) A gambling scheme in which:

1. The players pay or agree to pay something of value for chances,
represented and differentiated by numbers or by combinations of
numbers or by some other media, one (1) or more of which are to be
designated the winning ones; and

2. The ultimate winner is to be determined by a drawing or by some other
method based upon the element of chance; and

3. The holders of the winning chances are to receive something of value;
and

(b) A gift enterprise or referral sales plan which meets the elements of a lottery
listed in paragraph (a) of this subsection is to be considered a lottery under this chapter;

(7) "Mutuel" or "the numbers games" means a form of lottery in which the winning chances or plays are not determined upon the basis of a drawing or other act on the part of persons conducting or connected with the scheme, but upon the basis of the outcome or outcomes of a future contingent event or events otherwise unrelated to the particular scheme;

(8) "Player" means a person who engages in any form of gambling solely as a contestant or bettor, without receiving or becoming entitled to receive any profit therefrom other than personal gambling winnings, and without otherwise rendering any material assistance to the establishment, conduct, or operation of the particular gambling activity. A person who engages in "bookmaking" as defined in subsection (2) of this section is not a "player." The status of a "player" shall be a defense to any prosecution under this chapter;

(9) "Profiting from gambling activity" -- A person "profits from gambling activity" when, other than as a player, he or she accepts or receives or agrees to accept or receive money or other property pursuant to an agreement or understanding with any person whereby he or she participates or is to participate in the proceeds of gambling activity not authorized by KRS Chapter 154A, 230, or 239;

(10) "Simulated gambling program" means any method not authorized under KRS Chapter 154A, 230, or 239, which is intended to be used by a person playing, participating, or interacting with an electronic device that may, through the application of an element of chance, either deliver money or property or an entitlement to receive money or property; and

(11) "Something of value" means any money or property, any token, object, or article exchangeable for money or property, or any form of credit or promise directly or indirectly contemplating transfer of money or property or of any interest therein, or
involving extension of a service, entertainment, or a privilege of playing at a game
or scheme without charge.

Section 47. KRS 528.020 is amended to read as follows:

1 (1) A person is guilty of promoting gambling in the first degree when he or she
knowingly advances or profits from unlawful gambling activity not authorized by
KRS 154A, 230, or 239 by:

(a) Engaging in bookmaking to the extent that he or employs or utilizes three or
more persons in a bookmaking activity and receives or accepts in any one day
bets totaling more than $500; or

(b) Receiving in connection with a lottery or mutuel scheme or enterprise:

1. Money or written records from a person other than a player whose
   chances or plays are represented by such money or records; or

2. More than $500 in any one day of money played in the scheme or
   enterprise; or

(c) Setting up and operating a gambling device.

(2) Promoting gambling in the first degree is a Class D felony.

Section 48. KRS 528.070 is amended to read as follows:

1 (1) A person is guilty of permitting gambling when, having possession or control of
premises which he knows are being used to advance gambling activity not
authorized under KRS Chapter 154A, 230, or 239, he fails to halt or abate or
attempt to halt or abate such use within a reasonable period of time.

(2) Permitting gambling is a Class B misdemeanor.

Section 49. KRS 528.080 is amended to read as follows:

1 (1) A person is guilty of possession of a gambling device when, with knowledge of the
character thereof, he manufactures, sells, transports, places or possesses a gambling
device or conducts or negotiates any transaction affecting or designed to affect
ownership, custody or use of any gambling device not authorized under KRS
Chapter 154A, 230, or 239, believing that it is to be used in the advancement of unlawful gambling activity.

(2) Possession of a gambling device is a Class A misdemeanor.

Section 50. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.