AN ACT proposing to amend Sections 36 and 42 of the Constitution of Kentucky relating to sessions of the General Assembly.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

Section 1. It is proposed that Section 36 of the Constitution of Kentucky be amended to read as follows:

1. The General Assembly, in odd-numbered years, shall meet in regular session for a period not to exceed a total of thirty (30) legislative days, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, divided as follows: The General Assembly shall convene for the first part of the session on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January in odd-numbered years for the purposes of electing legislative leaders, adopting rules of procedure, organizing committees, and introducing and considering legislation. The General Assembly shall then adjourn. The General Assembly shall convene for the second part of the session on the first Tuesday in February of that year. Any legislation introduced but not enacted in the first part of the session shall be carried over into the second part of the session. In any part of the session in an odd-numbered year, no bill raising revenue or appropriating funds shall become a law unless it shall be agreed to by three-fifths of all the members elected to each House.

2. The General Assembly shall then adjourn until the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the following even-numbered years, at which time the General Assembly shall convene in regular session.

3. All sessions shall be held at the seat of government, except in case of war, insurrection or pestilence, when it may, by proclamation of the Governor, assemble, for the time being, elsewhere.

Section 2. It is proposed that Section 42 of the Constitution of Kentucky be amended to read as follows:

1. The members of the General Assembly shall severally receive from the State Treasury compensation for their services: Provided, No change to the compensation
of the members of the General Assembly shall take effect during the session at which it is made.

(b) No session occurring in odd-numbered years shall continue beyond thirty (30) legislative days; nor shall a session of the General Assembly occurring in even-numbered years continue beyond sixty (60) legislative days, except that a session may, by a vote of three-fifths of the members elected to each House, be extended by no more than ten legislative days with no legislative session under this section of the Constitution to extend beyond December 31. Members of the General Assembly shall receive no compensation for their services for any extended legislative session days. These limitations as to length of sessions shall not apply to the Senate when sitting as a court of impeachment. A legislative day shall be construed to mean a calendar day, exclusive of Sundays, legal holidays, or any day on which neither House meets.

Section 3. This amendment shall be submitted to the voters of the Commonwealth for their ratification or rejection at the time and in the manner provided for under Sections 256 and 257 of the Constitution and under KRS 118.415. The following shall be printed on the ballot:

"Are you in favor of amending Sections 36 and 42 of the Constitution of Kentucky to allow the General Assembly to extend a regular legislative session by no more than ten days if three-fifths of the members elected to each House agree and for which the members of the General Assembly will not be paid?

Section 36

(1) The General Assembly, in odd-numbered years, shall meet in regular session for a period not to exceed a total of thirty (30) legislative days, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, divided as follows: The General Assembly shall convene for the first part of the session on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January in odd-numbered years for the purposes of electing legislative leaders, adopting rules of procedure,
organizing committees, and introducing and considering legislation. The General Assembly shall then adjourn. The General Assembly shall convene for the second part of the session on the first Tuesday in February of that year. Any legislation introduced but not enacted in the first part of the session shall be carried over into the second part of the session. In any part of the session in an odd-numbered year, no bill raising revenue or appropriating funds shall become a law unless it shall be agreed to by three-fifths of all the members elected to each House.

(2) The General Assembly shall then adjourn until the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the following even-numbered years, at which time the General Assembly shall convene in regular session.

(3) All sessions shall be held at the seat of government, except in case of war, insurrection or pestilence, when it may, by proclamation of the Governor, assemble, for the time being, elsewhere.

Section 42

(a) The members of the General Assembly shall severally receive from the State Treasury compensation for their services: Provided, No change to the compensation of the members of the General Assembly shall take effect during the session at which it is made.

(b) No session occurring in odd-numbered years shall continue beyond thirty (30) legislative days; nor shall a session of the General Assembly occurring in even-numbered years continue beyond sixty (60) legislative days, except that a session may, by a vote of three-fifths of the members elected to each House, be extended by no more than ten legislative days with no extended session to extend beyond December 31. Members of the General Assembly shall receive no compensation for their services for any extended session days.

These limitations as to length of sessions shall not apply to the Senate when sitting as a court of impeachment. A legislative day shall be construed...
1 to mean a calendar day, exclusive of Sundays, legal holidays, or any day on which neither
2 House meets.".