AN ACT relating to elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 67C.103 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) The legislative authority of a consolidated local government, except as otherwise
- 5 specified in KRS 67C.101 to 67C.137, shall be vested in a consolidated local
- 6 government council. The members of the council shall be nominated and elected by
- 7 district. There shall be only one (1) council member elected from each council
- 8 district.

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- 9 (2) There shall be twenty-six (26) council districts. The initial boundaries, population,
- and numerical designation of the council districts shall be as specified by KRS
- 11 67C.135. The population of the council districts shall be as nearly equal as is
- reasonably possible. For any newly consolidated local governments whose officials
- take office in 2003, upon taking office, the legislative council may take action to
- adjust the boundaries and population of the districts in order to equalize the
- population of the districts which may have changed as a result of recent census
- information. Any changes made to alter the boundaries of council districts shall be
- based on the population of the county as determined by the most recent United
- States Census or official census estimates as provided by the United States Bureau
- of the Census.
- 20 (3) Following the official publication of each decennial census by the United States
- Bureau of the Census for the area embraced by a consolidated local government, the
- council shall adopt an ordinance, if necessary, to redistrict the council districts. A
- redistricting ordinance shall provide for the distribution of population among the
- council districts as nearly equal as is reasonably possible. Every council district
- shall be compact and contiguous and shall respect existing neighborhood,
- community, and city boundaries whenever possible.
- 27 (4) The consolidated local government council members shall serve for a term of four

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(4) years beginning on the first Monday in January following their election, except
that the initial election of council members shall be in a manner as to provide for
staggered terms for council members. At the initial election of the members of a
consolidated local government council, those representing even-numbered districts
shall be elected for a two (2) year term. Those representing odd-numbered districts
shall be elected for a four (4) year term. Thereafter, all council members shall be
elected for four (4) year terms.

- The members of a consolidated local government council shall be nominated in a nonpartisan primary and elected in a nonpartisan election from the district in which they reside as provided under Section 3 of this Act[in partisan elections]. After the initial terms of office of the first elected council members, council members shall be elected in the same election years as other local government officials as regulated by the regular election laws of the Commonwealth and as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- No person shall be eligible to serve as a member of a consolidated local government (6) 16 council unless he or she is at least eighteen (18) years old, a qualified voter, and a resident within the territory of the consolidated local government and the district that he or she seeks to represent for at least one (1) year immediately prior to the person's election. A council member shall continue to reside within the district from which he or she was elected throughout the term of office.
 - (7)The presiding officer of a consolidated local government council shall be a president who shall be chosen annually by a majority vote of the entire council from among its members at the first meeting of the council in January. The council president has the right to introduce any resolution or recommend any ordinance and shall be entitled to vote on all matters.
- 26 (8)The consolidated local government council shall upon notice meet within seven (7) 27 days after its members have taken office, and shall thereafter hold at least one (1)

regular meeting per month. No newspaper notice shall be required for regular or
special meetings of the consolidated local government council. However, notice of
all meetings of the council and all meetings of committees of the council shall be
held pursuant to KRS 61.805 to 61.850.

- (9) A majority of the members of the consolidated local government council shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day. The consolidated local government council may enforce the attendance of members by rules or ordinances with appropriate fines. The mayor or two-thirds (2/3) of the entire membership of the council may call a special meeting at any time. Meetings shall be held in such places in the county as are provided by ordinance, and the place of meetings shall not be changed except by an ordinance for which two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the consolidated local government council have voted.
- (10) The council shall determine its own rules and order of business, and keep and provide a public record of its proceedings. The council shall provide for the publication of all ordinances in a composite code of ordinances.
- (11) Council ordinances that prescribe penalties for their violation shall be enforced through the entire area of the consolidated local government unless:
- (a) Otherwise provided by statute; or

- (b) The legislative body of any city within the consolidated local government area has adopted an ordinance pertaining to the same subject matter that is the same as or more stringent than the standards set forth in the consolidated local government's ordinance.
- (12) In the case of a vacancy on the consolidated local government council by reason of death, resignation, or removal, the council by majority vote of the membership of the council shall elect a qualified resident of the council district not later than thirty (30) days after the date the vacancy occurs. Should the council fail to elect, by majority vote of the membership of the council, a qualified person to fill the

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vacancy within thirty (30) days, the mayor of the consolidated local government

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2		shall	fill the vacancy by appointment of a qualified person for the unexpired term.
3	(13)	All	legislative powers of a consolidated local government are vested in the
4		cons	olidated local government council. The term "legislative power" is to be
5		cons	trued broadly and shall include the power to:
6		(a)	Enact ordinances, orders, and resolutions, and override a veto of the mayor by
7			a two-thirds (2/3) majority of the membership of the legislative council;
8		(b)	Review the budgets of and appropriate money to the consolidated local
9			government;
10		(c)	Adopt a budget ordinance;
11		(d)	Levy taxes, subject to the limitations of the Constitution and the laws of the
12			Commonwealth of Kentucky;
13		(e)	Establish standing and temporary committees; and
14		(f)	Make independent audits and investigations concerning the affairs of the
15			consolidated local government and any board or commission that:
16			1. Is composed of members who are appointed by the mayor and approved
17			by the legislative council; or
18			2. Has a budget that is equal to or greater than one million dollars
19			(\$1,000,000.00), except that this subparagraph shall not apply to any fee
20			officer elected within the consolidated local government.
21	(14)	(a)	The consolidated local government council shall establish a Government
22			Oversight and Audit Committee. This committee shall be:
23			1. Composed of members from each of the two (2) largest political
24			caucuses in the legislative council;
25			2. Appointed by the chairs of their respective caucuses; and
26			3. Composed on the basis of the proportion of each of the two (2) caucuses'
27			total membership as compared to the total membership of the legislative

council. Any fractional proportions shall be rounded in the favor of the smallest caucus' membership on the committee.

- (b) The committee shall have the power to:
 - 1. Compel testimony and the submission of work papers or documents;
 - 2. Issue subpoenas to compel any officer of or appointee to a board or commission described in subsection (13)(f) of this section or any department or division of the consolidated local government to appear before the committee and to compel the submission to the committee of any work papers or documents pertinent to an independent audit or investigation. Any subpoenas issued or testimony compelled shall be subject to any relevant statutes concerning privacy. Testimony subject to KRS 61.810 shall only be taken in executive session. The right to privacy or the requirement that testimony be taken in executive session may be waived by the person or entity being subpoenaed or compelled to testify;
 - 3. Petition the appropriate Circuit Court to compel obedience by proceedings for contempt as in the case of disobedience of a subpoena issued from the Circuit Court or a refusal to testify therein, if any officer or appointee fails or refuses to testify or furnish the work papers or documents subpoenaed;
 - 4. Administer oaths to witnesses appearing before the committee when the committee deems the administration of an oath necessary and advisable as provided by law. This decision to administer oaths shall be taken by a majority vote of the committee of the legislative council; and
 - 5. Recommend the removal of any appointee to a board or commission described in subsection (13)(f) of this section.
- (c) The legislative council of the consolidated local government shall adopt by

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1			resolution any process or procedures deemed necessary for the administration
2			of subpoenas and oaths.
3		(d)	The legislative council of the consolidated local government may only act to
4			remove an appointee to a board or commission described in subsection (13)(f)
5			of this section upon the recommendation of the Government Oversight and
6			Audit Committee.
7		(e)	The Government Oversight and Audit Committee shall have the power to
8			issue subpoenas or administer oaths. Except as provided in KRS 65.003(7),
9			the legislative council of the consolidated local government shall not delegate
10			those powers to any other entity or entities not a part of the legislative council
11			of the consolidated local government.
12	(15)	The	consolidated local government council shall be known as the legislative council
13		of .	
14		com	bination of the names of the largest city in existence in the county on the date of
15		the a	adoption of the consolidated local government and the county.
16		→ S	ection 2. KRS 67C.105 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1)	All	executive and administrative power of the government shall be vested in the
18		offic	ee of the mayor. The term "executive and administrative power" shall be
19		cons	strued broadly. The mayor shall be the chief executive of a consolidated local
20		gove	ernment formed under the provisions of KRS 67C.101 to 67C.137.
21	(2)	(a)	The mayor shall be nominated $\underline{in\ a\ nonpartisan\ primary}$ and elected in \underline{a}
22			nonpartisan election as provided under Section 3 of this Act [partisan
23			elections] for a term of four (4) years in the same election years as other local
24			government officials as regulated by the regular election laws of the
25			Commonwealth.
26		(b)	The mayor shall assume office on the first Monday in January following his or
27			her election. He or she shall serve until a successor qualifies.

1		(c) The mayor may serve for no more than three (3) consecutive terms, after					
2		which time he or she shall be prohibited from running for election or being					
3		appointed as mayor for a period of at least four (4) years.					
4	(3)	The mayor shall be at least twenty-one (21) years old, a qualified voter, [a member					
5		of his or her political party, land a resident of the territory encompassing the					
6		consolidated local government for a period of at least one (1) year prior to his or he					
7		election as mayor. The mayor shall continue to reside within the geograph					
8		boundary of the consolidated local government throughout his or her term of office					
9	(4)	Except as otherwise provided in KRS 67C.101 to 67C.137, the mayor shall have a					
10		the power and authority that the mayor of the city of the first class and the count					
11		judge/executive exercised under the Constitution and the general laws of the					
12		Commonwealth of Kentucky prior to the consolidation.					
13	(5)	The mayor is authorized to supervise, administer, and control all departments an					
14		agencies as may be created by KRS 67C.101 to 67C.137 or created by ordinance.					
15		The mayor shall appoint all department and agency directors. The appointees shall					
16		serve at the pleasure of the mayor. Specifically, the mayor shall:					
17		(a) Prepare and submit an annual report coinciding with the fiscal year, on the					
18		state of the consolidated local government, to be presented at a public meeting					
19		of the council;					
20		(b) Submit an annual budget no fewer than sixty (60) days prior to the end of the					
21		fiscal year;					
22		(c) Oversee the administration and implementation of the adopted budge					
23		ordinance;					
24		(d) Enforce the ordinances of the consolidated local government;					
25		(e) Supervise all officers, agents, employees, cabinets, departments, office					
26		agencies, functions, and duties of the consolidated local government;					
27		(f) Call special meetings of the consolidated local government council;					

1		(g)	Appoint and remove his or her own staff at his or her own pleasure;
2		(h)	Execute written contracts, subscriptions, agreements, or obligations of the
3			consolidated local government;
4		(i)	Approve or veto ordinances and resolutions adopted by the consolidated local
5			government council;
6		(j)	Submit any written contracts, subscriptions, agreements, or obligations
7			exceeding the small purchase amount established pursuant to KRS 45A.385 in
8			a resolution to the legislative council for its approval or its disapproval. Those
9			written contracts, subscriptions, agreements, or obligations awarded to the
10			lowest evaluated bid or proposal pursuant to KRS 45A.343 to 45A.460 shall
11			be excluded, unless the legislative council changes the threshold for
12			submission of a resolution. The legislative council may, by ordinance, set
13			threshold amounts other than those established by KRS 45A.385 for the small
14			purchases for submission of a resolution for its approval or disapproval; and
15		(k)	Appoint a deputy mayor within seven (7) days of the mayor taking the oath of
16			office and keep the office of deputy mayor filled throughout the mayor's term.
17			The deputy mayor shall:
18			1. Meet all the qualifications for mayor established pursuant to subsection
19			(3) of this section;
20			2. Serve at the mayor's pleasure and may be replaced by the mayor for any
21			cause; and
22			3. Have only the duties assigned to him or her by the mayor.
23	(6)	(a)	If the office of mayor becomes vacant by reason of death, resignation, or
24			removal:
25			1. The deputy mayor shall become the temporary mayor, inheriting all

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The deputy mayor shall serve as temporary mayor for no more than

powers and duties of the mayor;

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thirty (30) days until the council, by a majority vote of the members of the council, shall elect a resident of the consolidated local government who meets the qualifications for mayor established pursuant to subsection (3) of this section to serve as mayor. The council may select the temporary mayor for this position. If the legislative council fails to elect a person to fill the vacancy within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs, the Governor shall fill the vacancy in the office by appointment of a qualified person who is a resident of the consolidated local government and meets the qualifications for mayor established pursuant to subsection (3) of this section; and

- 3. The tenure of the gubernatorial appointment shall be governed by Section 152 of the Kentucky Constitution.
- (b) If the offices of both the mayor and deputy mayor become vacant by reason of death, resignation, or removal:
 - The presiding officer of the consolidated local government council shall become the temporary mayor, inheriting all powers and duties of the mayor;
 - The presiding officer shall serve as temporary mayor for no more than thirty (30) days until the council shall, by a majority vote of the members of the council, elect a resident of the consolidated local government who meets the qualifications for mayor established pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. The council may select the temporary mayor for this position. If the legislative council fails to elect a person to fill the vacancy within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs, the Governor shall fill the vacancy in the office by appointment of a qualified person who is a resident of the consolidated local government and meets the qualifications for mayor established pursuant to

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1		subsection (3) of this section; and
2		3. The tenure of the gubernatorial appointment shall be governed by
3		Section 152 of the Kentucky Constitution.
4	(7)	The mayor of a consolidated local government shall be known as the mayor of
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6		of the names of the largest city in existence in the county on the date of the adoption
7		of the consolidated local government and the county.
8		→ SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 67C IS CREATED TO
9	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
0	<u>(1)</u>	No council member or mayor of a consolidated local government shall be elected
1		to office without being nominated in the manner provided in this section at a
2		nonpartisan primary to be held at the time prescribed by KRS Chapter 118,
3		unless otherwise provided in this chapter. Nonpartisan primaries shall be
4		conducted by the same officers, chosen and acting in the same manner, with the
5		same rights and duties as in regular elections.
6	<u>(2)</u>	(a) Each candidate for nomination shall, not earlier than the first Wednesday
17		after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which
8		the office will appear on the ballot and not later than the last date
9		prescribed by the election law generally for filing notification and
20		declaration forms with the county clerk as provided in KRS 118.165, file a
21		petition of nomination, which shall be in the form prescribed by the State
22		Board of Elections in administrative regulations promulgated under KRS
23		Chapter 13A.
24		(b) For those candidates seeking nomination for the office of council member,
25		the petition for nomination shall be signed by the candidate and at least two
26		(2) registered voters of the district from which he or she seeks nomination.
27		For those candidates seeking nomination for the office of mayor, the

1		petition for nomination shall be signed by the candidate and at least two (2)
2		registered voters of the county containing the consolidated local
3		government.
4	<u>(3)</u>	The county clerk shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine
5		whether it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the county clerk shall notify
6		the candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing.
7	<u>(4)</u>	Immediately upon expiration of the time for filing petitions, the county clerk shall
8		have published in accordance with KRS Chapter 424 the names of the candidates
9		as they will appear before the voters at the primary.
10	<u>(5)</u>	Subsection (4) of this section shall not apply if it appears, immediately upon
11		expiration of the time for filing petitions, that there are not more than two (2)
12		candidates for nomination for each office to be filled.
13	<u>(6)</u>	The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position
14		has been designated by the county clerk.
15	<u>(7)</u>	If, before the time of certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any
16		candidate whose petition has been filed in the office of the county clerk dies or
17		notifies the clerk in writing, signed and properly notarized, that he or she will not
18		accept the nomination, the clerk shall not cause the candidate's name to be
19		printed on the ballot.
20	<u>(8)</u>	If, after the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any
21		candidate whose name appears thereon shall withdraw pursuant to KRS 118.212
22		or die:
23		(a) Neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall
24		tabulate or record the votes cast for the candidate;
25		(b) The county clerk shall provide notices to the precinct election officers who
26		shall see that a notice is conspicuously displayed at the polling place
27		advising voters of the change, and that votes for the candidate shall not be

1	tabulated or recorded. If the county clerk learns of the death or withdrawal
2	at least five (5) days prior to the election and provides the notices required
3	by this subsection and the precinct officers fail to post the notices at the
4	polling place, the officers shall be guilty of a violation; and
5	(c) In a primary, if there are only one (1) or two (2) remaining candidates on
6	the ballot for that office, following the withdrawal or death of the other
7	candidate or candidates, neither the precinct election officers nor the county
8	board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes for the remaining
9	candidate or candidates, and the officer with whom the remaining
10	candidate or candidates has filed his or her nomination papers shall
11	immediately issue and file in his or her office a certificate of nomination for
12	that remaining candidate or candidates and send a copy to the remaining
13	candidate or candidates.
14	(9) Names of candidates for each nomination shall be placed before the voters of the
15	county containing the consolidated local government. The voters shall be
16	instructed to vote for one (1) candidate. No party designation or emblem of any
17	kind nor any sign indicating any candidate's political belief or party affiliation
18	shall be used.
19	(10) Persons qualified to vote at a regular election shall be qualified to vote at a
20	nonpartisan primary and the law applicable to challenges made at a regular
21	election shall be applicable to challenges made at a nonpartisan primary.
22	(11) Votes shall be counted as provided in general election laws, under KRS Chapters
23	118 and 120, and the result shall be published as provided in KRS Chapter 424.
24	(12) The two (2) candidates receiving the highest number of votes for nomination for
25	each office shall be nominated. If two (2) or more candidates are found to have
26	received the highest and an equal number of votes for the same office, the
27	nomination shall be determined by lot in the manner the State Board of Elections

1		directs, in the presence of not less than three (3) persons.
2	<u>(13)</u>	At the regular election following a nonpartisan primary, the names of the
3		successful nominees shall be placed before the voters.
4	<u>(14)</u>	A candidate for a consolidated local government office who is defeated in a
5		nonpartisan primary shall be ineligible as a candidate for the same office in the
6		regular election.
7	<u>(15)</u>	The certificate of election for a consolidated local government office shall be
8		issued to the candidate receiving the highest number of votes, except that if two
9		(2) or more candidates are found to have received the highest and an equal
10		number of votes for the same office, the election shall be determined by lot in the
11		manner the State Board of Elections directs, in the presence of not less than three
12		(3) other persons.
13	<u>(16)</u>	KRS Chapters 117, 118, 119, 120, and 121 prescribing duties of county clerks and
14		other public officers in the conduct of elections shall be applicable in all respects
15		to nonpartisan consolidated local government elections, except no election officer
16		or other person within a polling place shall tell or indicate to a voter, by word of
17		mouth or otherwise, the political affiliation of any candidate for office.
18		→ Section 4. KRS 83A.045 is amended to read as follows:
19	(1)	[Except as provided in KRS 83A.047, partisan elections of city officers shall be
20		governed by the following provisions, regardless of the form of government or
21		classification of the city:
22	(a)	A candidate for party nomination to city office shall file his or her nomination
23		papers with the county clerk of the county not earlier than the first Wednesday after
24		the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office
25		will appear on the ballot and not later than the first Friday following the first
26		Monday in January before the day fixed by KRS Chapter 118 for holding a primary
27		for the office sought. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the

	document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in
	November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the
	ballot. All nomination papers shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time when
	filed on the last day on which the papers are permitted to be filed;
(b)	An independent candidate for nomination to city office shall not participate in a

- primary, but shall file his or her nomination papers with the county clerk of the county not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot and not later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June before the day fixed by KRS Chapter 118 for holding a regular election for the office. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. All nomination papers shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time when filed on the last day on which the papers are permitted to be filed; and
- (c) A candidate for city office who is defeated in a partisan primary shall be ineligible as a candidate for the same office in the regular election. However, if a vacancy occurs in the party nomination for which he or she was an unsuccessful candidate in the primary, his or her name may be placed on the voting machines for the regular election as a candidate of that party if he or she has been duly made the party nominee after the vacancy occurs, as provided in KRS 118.105.
- including mayors and members of any city legislative body, shall be nonpartisan and shall be governed by KRS [83A.050,] 83A.170, 83A.175, the general election laws as provided in KRS Chapters 116 to 121, and the following provisions, regardless of the form of government or classification of the city:
- (a) A candidate for city office shall file his or her nomination papers with the

county clerk of the county not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot and not later than the first Friday following the first Monday in January before the day fixed by KRS Chapter 118 for holding a primary for nominations for the office. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. All nomination papers shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time when filed on the last day on which the papers are permitted to be filed;

- (b) Any city of the home rule class may by ordinance provide that the nomination and election of candidates for city office in a nonpartisan election shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of this subsection:
 - 1. A city may forgo conducting a nonpartisan primary for the nomination of candidates to city office, regardless of the number of candidates running for each office, and require all candidates to file their nomination papers with the county clerk of the county not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot and not later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June before the day fixed by KRS Chapter 118 for holding a regular election for the office. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot;
 - 2. All nomination papers shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time when filed on the last day on which the papers are permitted to be filed;

1			3.	If a city does not conduct a primary pursuant to this subsection, the
2				election of candidates to city office shall be governed by the provisions
3				of this subsection, KRS 83A.175(2) to (6), and KRS Chapters 116 to
4				121;
5			4.	In the absence of a primary pursuant to this subsection, the number of
6				candidates equal to the number of city offices to be filled who receive
7				the highest number of votes cast in the regular election for each city
8				office shall be elected;
9			5.	Candidates shall be subject to all other applicable election laws pursuant
10				to this chapter and KRS Chapters 116 to 121;
11			6.	If a vacancy occurs in a candidacy for city office in any city which has
12				not held a primary pursuant to this subsection after the expiration of
13				time for filing nomination papers, or if there are fewer candidates than
14				there are offices to be filled, the vacancy in candidacy shall be filled by
15				write-in voting; and
16			7.	At the regular election, the voters shall be instructed to vote for one (1)
17				candidate, except when there is more than one (1) candidate for which
18				voters may vote, the instruction "vote for up to candidates" shall be
19				used on the ballot; and
20		(c)	A ca	andidate for city office who is defeated in a nonpartisan primary shall be
21			ineli	igible as a candidate for the same office in the regular election.
22		→ S	ection	5. KRS 83A.165 is amended to read as follows:
23	(1)	A ca	andida	ate running to fill the unexpired term of any city office shall file his or her
24		nom	ninatio	on papers in accordance with the provisions of KRS 83A.045, 118.365

temporarily by appointment shall be governed by the provisions of KRS 83A.040

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Vacancies in the office of mayor or city legislative body that are to be filled

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118.375, and 83A.047.

1	and	Section 152 of the Kentucky Constitution.
2	(3) [Va	cancies in the office of mayor or city legislative body that are to be filled by
3	par	tisan election shall be governed by the following provisions:
4	(a)	Vacancies in candidacy shall be governed by KRS 118.105;
5	(b)	Nominations for unexpired terms shall be governed by KRS 118.115 and
6		Section 152 of the Kentucky Constitution; and
7	(c)	Independent candidates filing to fill a vacancy shall be governed by KRS
8		118.375.
9	(4)] Va	cancies in the office of mayor or city legislative body that are to be filled by
10	nor	partisan election shall be governed by the following provisions:
11	(a)	If the vacancy occurs not less than one hundred sixty (160) days before a May
12		primary, candidates to fill the vacancy shall be nominated at that primary in
13		the manner prescribed in KRS 83A.170;
14	(b)	If the vacancy occurs on or after the one hundred sixtieth day before a May
15		primary or at any time before the time prescribed in KRS 118.365 for filing
16		petitions of nomination, the election to fill the unexpired term shall be held
17		without a primary in the manner prescribed in Section 152 of the Kentucky
18		Constitution. Petitions of nomination for candidates to fill the vacancy shall
19		be filed at the time and place prescribed in KRS 118.365;
20	(c)	If the vacancy occurs after the time prescribed in KRS 118.365 for filing
21		petitions of nomination, but not less than three (3) months before the regular
22		election, petitions of nomination for candidates to fill the vacancy shall be
23		filed not later than the second Tuesday in August preceding the regular
24		election for the office sought; and
25	(d)	Vacancies in candidacy in any city that has eliminated the nonpartisan primary
26		election pursuant to KRS 83A.045 shall be governed by the provisions of
27		subsection (1)(b)6. of Section 4 of this Act[KRS 83A.045(2)(b)6].

1 → Section 6. KRS 83A.170 is amended to read as follo	follows:	to read a	amended to	.170 is	83A	KRS	Section 6.	1 🚽
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2 (1) [In any city which has under the provisions of KRS 83A.045 or 83A.050 required
3 nonpartisan city elections,]No person shall be elected to city office except as
4 provided in this section or as otherwise provided in this chapter relating to
5 nonpartisan elections.

- (2) No person shall be elected to city office without being nominated in the manner provided in this section at a nonpartisan primary to be held at the time prescribed by KRS <u>Chapter 118</u>[Chapters 116 to 121], except as otherwise provided in this chapter. Nonpartisan primaries shall be conducted by the same officers, chosen and acting in the same manner, with the same rights and duties as in regular elections.
- 11 (3) Each applicant for nomination shall, not earlier than the first Wednesday after the 12 first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will 13 appear on the ballot and not later than the last date prescribed by the election law 14 generally for filing notification and declaration forms with the county clerk as 15 provided in KRS 83A.045 and 83A.047, file a petition of nomination, which shall 16 be in the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections in administrative 17 regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A, and signed by at least two (2) registered voters in the city. Each voter may sign individual petitions equal to the 18 19 number of offices to be filled. If a voter signs petitions for more candidates than he 20 or she is authorized, he or she shall be counted as a petitioner for the candidate 21 whose petition is filed first.
- 22 (4) The county clerk shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine whether 23 it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the county clerk shall notify the 24 candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing.
- 25 (5) Immediately upon expiration of the time for filing petitions, the county clerk shall have published in accordance with KRS Chapter 424 the names of the applicants as they will appear before the voters at the primary.

(6)	Subsection (5) of this section shall not apply if it appears, immediately upon
	expiration of the time for filing petitions, that there are not more than two (2)
	applicants for nomination for each city office to be filled, or, when the nominations
	are for city legislative body members in cities electing legislative body members at
	large, and there are no more than twice the number of applicants for nomination for
	the number of offices to be filled. In that case, the applicants for nomination shall
	thereby be nominated and $\underline{neither\ a}[no]$ drawing for ballot position nor \underline{a} primary
	election] shall be held for that office.

- 9 (7) The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has been designated by the county clerk.
- 11 (8) If, before the time of certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any
 12 candidate whose petition has been filed in the office of the county clerk dies or
 13 notifies the clerk in writing, signed and properly notarized, that he or she will not
 14 accept the nomination, the clerk shall not cause the candidate's name to be printed
 15 on the ballot.
- 16 (9) If, after the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any candidate 17 whose name appears thereon shall withdraw pursuant to KRS 118.212 or die:
 - (a) Neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes cast for the candidate;
 - (b) The county clerk shall provide notices to the precinct election officers who shall see that a notice is conspicuously displayed at the polling place advising voters of the change, and that votes for the candidate shall not be tabulated or recorded. If the county clerk learns of the death or withdrawal at least five (5) days prior to the election and provides the notices required by this subsection and the precinct officers fail to post the notices at the polling place, the officers shall be guilty of a violation; and
 - (c) In a primary, if there are only one (1) or two (2) remaining candidates on the

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ballot for that office, following the withdrawal or death of the other candidate or candidates, neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes for the remaining candidate or candidates, and the officer with whom the remaining candidate or candidates has filed his or her nomination papers shall immediately issue and file in his or her office a certificate of nomination for that remaining candidate or candidates and send a copy to the remaining candidate or candidates.

- (10) Names of applicants for each nomination shall be placed before the voters of the city. The voters shall be instructed to vote for one (1) candidate, except when there is more than one (1) candidate for which voters may vote, the instruction "vote for up to candidates" shall be used on the ballot. No party designation or emblem of any kind nor any sign indicating any applicant's political belief or party affiliation shall be used.
- 14 (11) Persons qualified to vote at a regular election shall be qualified to vote at a 15 nonpartisan primary and the law applicable to challenges made at a regular election 16 shall be applicable to challenges made at a nonpartisan primary.
- 17 (12) Votes shall be counted as provided in general election laws, pursuant to KRS 18 Chapters 116 to 121, and the result shall be published as provided in KRS Chapter 19 424.
- 20 (13) The two (2) applicants receiving the highest number of votes for nomination for each city office shall be nominated; or where the nominations are for city legislative 22 body members in cities electing legislative body members at large, there shall be 23 nominated the number of applicants receiving the highest number of votes equal to 24 twice the number of offices to be filled. If two (2) candidates are tied for the second 25 highest number of votes in a mayoral election, the names of those two (2) 26 candidates, plus the name of the candidate receiving the highest number of votes, 27 shall be placed upon the ballot.

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1 (14) At the regular election following a nonpartisan primary, the names of the successful
2 nominees and candidates who have filed a petition of candidacy as provided in this
3 chapter to fill a vacancy shall be placed before the voters.

- 4 (15) The nominee or candidate receiving the greater number of votes cast for each city office shall be elected.
- 6 (16) KRS Chapters 116 to 121 prescribing duties of county clerks and other public
 7 officers in the conduct of elections shall be applicable in all respects to nonpartisan
 8 city elections, except no election officer or other person within a polling place shall
 9 tell or indicate to a voter, by word of mouth or otherwise, the political affiliation of
 10 any candidate for city office.
- → Section 7. KRS 83A.175 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) The election to fill the regular term of a nonpartisan city office shall be conducted in
 13 the manner prescribed in KRS 83A.165 when, in a regular election for nonpartisan
 14 city office no candidates nominated to an office as provided in KRS 83A.170 are
 15 available due to death, incapacity, or withdrawal, or when city legislative body
 16 members are to be elected at large and there are fewer nominees than there are
 17 offices to be filled, or when a city has eliminated the primary pursuant to KRS
 18 83A.045.
- 19 (2) Each candidate shall, not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in 20 November of the year before the year in which the office will appear on the ballot 21 and not later than the last date prescribed by the election law generally for filing 22 petitions of nomination with the county clerk as provided in KRS 83A.045 and 23 83A.047, file a petition for candidacy. The petition shall be on a form prescribed 24 and furnished by the State Board of Elections in administrative regulations 25 promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A, and shall be signed by at least two (2) 26 registered voters in the city. Each voter may sign individual petitions equal to the 27 number of offices to be filled. If a voter signs petitions for more candidates than he

or she is authorized, he or she shall be counted as a petitioner for the candidate whose petition is filed first.

- The county clerk shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine whether it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the county clerk shall notify the candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing.
- 6 (4) The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has
 7 been designated by the county clerk.
- 8 (5) If, before the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any candidate
 9 whose petition has been filed in the office of the county clerk, dies or notifies the
 10 clerk in writing, signed and properly notarized, that he or she will not accept the
 11 election, the clerk shall not cause his or her name to be printed on the ballot.
- 12 (6) If, after the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any candidate 13 whose name appears thereon shall withdraw pursuant to KRS 118.212 or die:

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- (a) Neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes cast for the candidate;
- (b) The county clerk shall provide notices to the precinct election officers who shall see that a notice is conspicuously displayed at the polling place advising voters of the change, and that votes for the candidate shall not be tabulated or recorded. If the county clerk learns of the death or withdrawal at least five (5) days prior to the election and provides the notices required by this subsection and the precinct officers fail to post the notices at the polling place, the officers shall be guilty of a violation;
- (c) If there is only one (1) remaining candidate on the ballot for that office in a primary, following the withdrawal or death of the other candidate or candidates, neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes for the remaining candidate, and the officer with whom the remaining candidate has filed his or her nomination

papers shall immediately issue and file in his or her office a certificate of nomination for that remaining candidate and send a copy to the remaining candidate.

→ Section 8. KRS 118.367 is amended to read as follows:

(1)

- An independent, or political organization, or political group candidate required to file nomination papers pursuant to KRS 118.365(5) shall be required to file a statement-of-candidacy form with the same office at which nomination papers are filed. Candidates for federal office and candidates for mayor or legislative body in cities of the home rule class[participating in partisan elections] shall not be required to file a statement-of-candidacy form. The statement-of-candidacy form shall be filed not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot and not later than the last Tuesday in January preceding the day fixed by law for holding of regular elections for the offices sought. The statement-of-candidacy form shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time when filed on the last day on which papers are permitted to be filed. No person shall file a statement-of-candidacy form for more than one (1) public office during an election cycle.
- (2) The statement-of-candidacy form shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections. The statement-of-candidacy form shall be signed by the candidate upon filing. No charge shall be assessed for the filing of a statement-of-candidacy form. The Secretary of State and county clerks shall examine the statement-of-candidacy form of each candidate who files the form to determine if there is an error. If an error has occurred, the candidate shall be notified by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours.
- **→** Section 9. KRS 83A.040 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) A mayor shall be elected by the voters of each city at a regular election. A candidate 27 for mayor shall be a resident of the city for not less than one (1) year prior to his or

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her election. His term of office shall begin on the first day of January following his election and shall be for four (4) years and until his successor qualifies. If a person is elected or appointed as mayor in response to a vacancy and serves less than four (4) calendar years, then that period of service shall not be considered for purposes of re-election a term of office. A mayor shall be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, shall be a qualified voter in the city, and shall reside in the city throughout his term of office.

- 8 (2) If a vacancy occurs in the office of mayor, the following provisions shall apply:
- 9 (a) The legislative body of the city shall fill the vacancy within thirty (30) days.
 - (b) A member of the legislative body in any city organized and governed under the commission plan as provided by KRS 83A.140 or city manager plan as provided by KRS 83A.150 may vote for himself.
 - (c) A member of the legislative body in any city organized and governed under the mayor-council plan as provided by KRS 83A.130 and in any city of the first class organized under the mayor-alderman plan as provided by KRS Chapter 83 shall not vote for himself.
 - (d) The legislative body shall elect from among its members an individual to preside over meetings of the legislative body during any vacancy in the office of mayor in accordance with the provisions of KRS 83A.130 to 83A.150.
- 20 (3) When voting to fill the vacancy created by a resignation of a mayor the resigning mayor shall not vote on his successor.

1 throughout his term of office.

(5) If one (1) or more vacancies on a legislative body occur in a way that one (1) or more members remain seated, the remaining members shall within thirty (30) days fill the vacancies one (1) at a time, giving each new appointee reasonable notice of his selection as will enable him to meet and act with the remaining members in making further appointments until all vacancies are filled. If vacancies occur in a way that all seats become vacant, the Governor shall appoint qualified persons to fill the vacancies sufficient to constitute a quorum. Remaining vacancies shall be filled as provided in this section.

- (6) If for any reason, any vacancy in the office of mayor or the legislative body is not filled within thirty (30) days after it occurs, the Governor shall promptly fill the vacancy by appointment of a qualified person who shall serve for the same period as if otherwise appointed.
- 14 (7) No vacancy by reason of voluntary resignation in the office of mayor or on a
 15 legislative body shall occur unless a written resignation which specifies a
 16 resignation date is tendered to the legislative body. The resignation shall be
 17 effective at the next regular or special meeting of the city legislative body occurring
 18 after the date specified in the written letter of resignation.
- 19 (8) Pursuant to KRS 118.305(7), if a vacancy occurs which is required by law to be
 20 filled temporarily by appointment, the legislative body or the Governor, whichever
 21 is designated to make the appointment, shall immediately notify in writing both the
 22 county clerk and the Secretary of State of the vacancy.
 - (9) Except in cities of the first class, any elected officer, in case of misconduct, incapacity, or willful neglect in the performance of the duties of his office, may be removed from office by a unanimous vote of the members of the legislative body exclusive of any member to be removed, who shall not vote in the deliberation of his removal. No elected officer shall be removed without having been given the

1 right to a full public hearing. The officer, if removed, shall have the right to appeal 2 to the Circuit Court of the county and the appeal shall be on the record. No officer 3 so removed shall be eligible to fill the office vacated before the expiration of the 4 term to which originally elected.

- (10) Removal of an elected officer in cities of the first class shall be governed by the provisions of KRS 83.660.
- 7 → Section 10. KRS 118.225 is amended to read as follows:

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- (1) For the purpose of determining the order in which the names of candidates or slates of candidates to be voted for by the electors of the entire state shall be certified and printed on the ballots with the designation of the respective offices, the Secretary of State shall prepare lists of the counties of each congressional district of the state. The Secretary of State shall arrange the surnames of all candidates or slates of candidates for each office in alphabetical order for the First Congressional District, and the names shall be certified in this order to the county clerks of all the counties comprising that district. For each succeeding congressional district, taken in numerical order, the name appearing first for each office in the last preceding district shall be placed last, and the name appearing second in the last preceding district shall be placed first, and each other name shall be moved up one (1) place. The lists shall be certified accordingly.
- 20 (2)For all other offices for which nomination papers and petitions are filed with the Secretary of State, the order of names of candidates for each office shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing deadline for the primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060 or the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the regular 26 election.
 - For all offices for which nomination papers and petitions are filed in the office of (3)

the county clerk, the order in which the names of candidates for each office are to
be printed on the ballot shall be determined by lot at a public drawing in the office
of the county clerk at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing
deadline for the primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060 or
the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding
the regular election.

- 7 (4) For all offices for which the deadline for filing nomination papers and petitions is governed by KRS 83A.165(3)[(4)](c) or 118.375(2), the order in which the names of candidates for each office are to be printed shall be determined by lot at a public drawing in the office at the place of filing at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the second Tuesday in August preceding the regular election.
- 12 (5) If the number of certified candidates or slates of candidates cannot be placed on a 13 ballot which can be accommodated on voting machines currently in use in the 14 county, the county clerk shall notify the State Board of Elections, as provided in 15 KRS 118.215.
- Section 11. The provisions of this Act shall become effective November 4, 2020.
- → Section 12. The following KRS section is repealed:

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19 83A.050 General election laws to govern election of city officers unless changed by ordinance.