21 RS BR 931

- 1 AN ACT relating to fairness for licensees and businesses during the Coronavirus 2 response and declaring an emergency.
- 3 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
- 4

→ Section 1. KRS 217.125 is amended to read as follows:

5 (1)The authority to promulgate regulations for the efficient administration and 6 enforcement of KRS 217.005 to 217.215 is hereby vested in the secretary. The 7 secretary may make the regulations promulgated under KRS 217.005 to 217.215 8 consistent with those promulgated under the federal act and the Fair Packaging and 9 Labeling Act. Regulations promulgated may require permits to operate and include 10 provisions for regulating the issuance, suspension, and reinstatement of permits. 11 The authority to promulgate regulations pursuant to KRS 217.005 to 217.205 is 12 restricted to the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.

13 (2)No person shall operate a food processing establishment, food storage warehouse, 14 salvage distributor, or salvage processing plant without having obtained an annual 15 permit to operate from the cabinet. An application for the permit to operate shall be 16 made to the cabinet upon forms provided by it and shall be accompanied by the 17 required fee as shall be provided by regulation. The secretary shall promulgate 18 administrative regulations to establish a fee schedule not to exceed costs of the 19 program to the cabinet. Fees collected by the cabinet shall be deposited in the State 20 Treasury and credited to a revolving fund account for use by the cabinet in carrying 21 out the provisions of KRS 217.025 to 217.390 and the regulations adopted by the 22 secretary pursuant thereto. The balance of the account shall lapse to the general fund 23 at the end of each biennium.

(3) No person shall operate a retail food establishment without having obtained a
permit to operate from the cabinet. An application for a permit to operate any retail
food establishment shall be made to the cabinet upon forms provided by it and shall
contain the information the cabinet may reasonably require.

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1	(4)	(a)	Except as otherwise provided in subsection (11) of this section, each
2			application for a temporary food service establishment or for an annual permit
3			to operate a retail food establishment shall be accompanied by the required
4			fee. The secretary shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish a
5			fee schedule not to exceed costs to the cabinet.
6		(b)	The total fees for permitting and inspection:
7			1. Shall be the total of the operational and administrative costs of the
8			programs to the cabinet and to agencies as defined in KRS 211.185;
9			2. Beginning on March 17, 2020, until December 31, 2020, shall not
10			increase more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the fee amount on
11			March 17, 2020; and
12			3. Beginning on or after January 1, 2021, shall not increase more than five
13			percent (5%) for each year thereafter.
14	(5)	Exce	ept as otherwise provided in subsection (11) of this section, each application for
15		a far	mers market temporary food service establishment shall be accompanied by the
16		requ	ired fee of at least fifty dollars (\$50). The secretary shall establish a fee
17		sche	dule by promulgation of administrative regulation. Fees collected by the cabinet
18		shall	be used to carry out duties related to farmers market temporary food service
19		estal	blishments, including but not limited to inspections and the issuance of permits.
20	(6)	An	applicant for a permit to operate a farmers market temporary food service
21		estal	blishment must provide documentation of successful completion of a food
22		safet	y training program offered by either the state, a local health department, or
23		othe	r entity approved by the cabinet to conduct food safety training. Each
24		certi	fication of food safety training shall expire after a period of twenty-four (24)
25		mon	ths from the date of issuance. Permits issued shall be posted in a conspicuous
26		plac	e in the establishment, and a person who has completed the food safety training
27		for t	farmers market temporary food service establishments shall be present at all

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- 1 times during the operation of the establishment.
- 2 (7) Upon expiration of a temporary food service establishment permit, any subsequent
 3 permits shall not be issued to the same operator to operate at the same location until
 4 a period of thirty (30) days has elapsed.
- 5 Upon receipt of an application for a permit to operate a food processing (8) 6 establishment, food storage warehouse, salvage distributor, or salvage processing 7 plant or a retail food establishment accompanied by the required fee, the cabinet 8 shall issue a permit if the establishment meets the requirements of KRS 217.005 to 9 217.215 and regulations adopted by the cabinet. Retail food establishments holding 10 a valid and effective permit on January 1, 1973, even though not fully meeting the 11 construction requirements of KRS 217.005 to 217.215 and the regulations adopted 12 pursuant thereto, may continue to be eligible for permit renewal if in good repair 13 and capable of being maintained in a safe and sanitary manner.
- 14 (9) Permits shall not be issued to operate a temporary food service establishment and a
 15 farmers market temporary food service establishment simultaneously at the same
 16 location and by the same operator.
- (10) In all instances of permit issuance for either a temporary food service establishment
 permit or a farmers market temporary food service establishment permit, any
 subsequent permits shall not be issued until a period of thirty (30) days has elapsed.
- (11) Private, parochial, and public school cafeterias or lunchroom facilities through the
 twelfth grade, charitable food kitchens, and all facilities operated by the Cabinet for
 Health and Family Services or Department of Corrections shall be exempt from the
 payment of fees, but shall comply with all other provisions of KRS 217.005 to
 217.215 and the state retail food establishment code. For this subsection, the term
 "charitable food kitchens" means a not-for-profit, benevolent food service
 establishment where more than one-half (1/2) of the employees are volunteers.
- 27 (12) Each annual permit to operate a food processing establishment, food storage

warehouse, salvage distributor, or salvage processing plant or a retail food
establishment, unless previously suspended or revoked, shall expire on December
31 following its date of issuance, and be renewable annually upon application
accompanied by the required fee, except as otherwise provided in subsection (11) of
this section, and if the establishment is in compliance with KRS 217.005 to 217.215
and regulations of the cabinet.

7 (13) Each permit to operate a food processing establishment, food storage warehouse,
8 salvage distributor, salvage processing plant, or a retail food establishment shall be
9 issued only for the premises and person named in the application and shall not be
10 transferable. Permits issued shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the
11 establishment.

- (14) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no permit under this
 chapter shall be denied, revoked, or suspended, either before or after
 passage of this Act, because the establishment, or its operators, failed to
- 15comply with any executive order, guidance, directive, or emergency16regulation issued by the Governor or the Cabinet for Health and Family
- 17Services, which was related to COVID-19, or for failing to comply with any18orders of a local health department related to COVID-19.
- 19(b) Any permit suspended by reason of the foregoing shall be immediately20restored to such person upon passage of this Act without the need for any21additional payment.
- 22(c) Any person who has had a permit denied, revoked, or suspended under this23subsection may maintain an action in the Circuit Court of the county where
- 24 their facility is located for declaratory and injunctive relief to have the
- 25 permit reissued without the need to show irreparable harm, and, upon
- 26 prevailing, shall be awarded reasonable attorney fees and costs, which shall
- 27 be paid from the appropriations to operate the Office of the Governor or to

1		operate the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.			
2	<u>(d)</u>	The Circuit Court shall prioritize such matters upon its docket and shall			
3		issue temporary restraining orders or temporary injunctions upon a prima			
4		facie showing of a violation.			
5	→SE	ECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 243 IS CREATED TO			
6 READ AS FOLLOWS:					
7	<u>(1) (a)</u>	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no license under this			
8		chapter shall be denied, revoked, or suspended by the Department of			
9		Alcoholic Beverage Control because the establishment, or its operators,			
10		failed to comply with any executive order guidance, directive, or emergency			
11		regulation, issued by the Governor or the Cabinet for Health and Family			
12		Services, which was related to COVID-19, or for failing to comply with any			
13		orders of a local health department related to same, either before, or after,			
14		passage of this Act.			
15	<u>(b)</u>	Any permit suspended or revoked, by reason of the foregoing shall be			
16		immediately restored to such person upon passage of this Act, without the			
17		need for any additional payment.			
18	<u>(c)</u>	Any person who has a permit denied, revoked, or suspended under this			
19		subsection may maintain an action in the Circuit Court of the county where			
20		their facility is located for declaratory and injunctive relief to have the			
21		permit reissued without the need to show irreparable harm, and upon			
22		prevailing, shall be awarded their reasonable attorney fees and costs, which			
23		shall be paid from the appropriations to operate the Office of the Governor			
24		or to operate the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.			
25	<u>(d)</u>	The Circuit Court shall prioritize such matter upon its docket and shall			
26		issue temporary restraining orders or temporary injunctions upon a prima			
27		facie showing of a violation.			

1	→SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 336 IS CREATED TO
2	READ AS FOLLOWS:
3	(1) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the secretary and
4	officials of the Labor Cabinet shall not have jurisdiction over and shall not
5	enforce any executive order, guidance, directive, or emergency regulation,
6	issued by the Governor or the Cabinet for Health and Family Services,
7	which was related to COVID-19, or any orders of a local health department
8	related to same, either before, or after, passage of this Act. To the extent the
9	secretary or other officials of the Labor Cabinet have issued any order
10	closing, or otherwise enforcing any of the foregoing orders, they shall
11	immediately rescind those orders.
12	(b) Any person who has had a permit denied, revoked, or suspended, or has
13	been ordered to close or restrict their business by the secretary or other
14	officials of the Labor Cabinet may maintain an action in the Circuit Court
15	of the county where their facility is located for declaratory and injunctive
16	relief to have the permit reissued without the need to show irreparable
17	harm, and, upon prevailing, shall be awarded their reasonable attorney fees
18	and costs, which shall be paid from the appropriations to operate the Office
19	of the Governor or to operate the Labor Cabinet.
20	(c) The Circuit Court shall prioritize such matter upon its docket and shall
21	issue temporary restraining orders to temporary injunctions upon a prima
22	facie showing of a violation.
23	→Section 4. This Act shall be known as the "Ensuring Business Fairness During
24	COVID-19 Response Act."
25	Section 5. For the avoidance of all doubt, it is the intention of the General \bullet
26	Assembly to make this Act have retroactive application.
27	\Rightarrow Section 6. Whereas, the Governor has issued crippling restrictions on

businesses, and has crippled small business in particular, creating an existential human and economic emergency throughout the Commonwealth, and the constitutional and statutory rights of Kentucky citizens are compelling and immediate needs, an emergency is declared to exist, and this act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming law.