AN ACT relating to education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

Section 1. KRS 157.350 is amended to read as follows:

Each district which meets the following requirements shall be eligible to share in the distribution of funds from the fund to support education excellence in Kentucky:

(1) Employs and compensates all teachers for not less than one hundred eighty-five (185) days. The Kentucky Board of Education, upon recommendation of the commissioner of education, shall prescribe procedures by which this requirement may be reduced during any year for any district which employs teachers for less than one hundred and eighty-five (185) days, in which case the eligibility of a district for participation in the public school fund shall be in proportion to the length of time teachers actually are employed;

(2) Operates all schools for a minimum school term as provided in KRS 158.070 and administrative regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education. If the school term is less than one hundred eighty-five (185) days, including not less than one hundred seventy (170) student attendance days as defined in KRS 158.070 or one thousand sixty-two (1,062) hours of instructional time, for any reason not approved by the Kentucky Board of Education on recommendation of the commissioner, the eligibility of a district for participation in the public school fund shall be in proportion to the length of term the schools actually operate;

(3) Compensates all teachers on the basis of a single salary schedule and in conformity with the provisions of KRS 157.310 to 157.440;

(4) Includes no nonresident pupils in its average daily attendance, except:

   (a) 1. Until July 1, 2022, pupils listed under a written agreement, which may be for multiple years, with the district of the pupils' legal residence.

   2. If an agreement cannot be reached, either board may appeal to the commissioner for settlement of the dispute.
3. The commissioner shall have thirty (30) days to resolve the dispute. Either board may appeal the commissioner's decision to the Kentucky Board of Education.

4. The commissioner and the Kentucky Board of Education shall consider the factors affecting the districts, including but not limited to academic performance and the impact on programs, school facilities, transportation, and staffing of the districts.

5. The Kentucky Board of Education shall have sixty (60) days to approve or amend the decision of the commissioner;[and]

(b) **Beginning July 1, 2022, those nonresident pupils admitted pursuant to district nonresident pupil policies adopted under Section 2 of this Act; and**

(c) A nonresident pupil who attends a district in which a parent of the pupil is employed. All tuition fees required of a nonresident pupil may be waived for a pupil who meets the requirements of this paragraph.

This subsection does not apply to those pupils enrolled in an approved class conducted in a hospital and pupils who have been expelled for behavioral reasons who shall be counted in average daily attendance under KRS 157.320;

(5) Any secondary school which maintains a basketball team for boys for other than intramural purposes, shall maintain the same program for girls;

(6) Any school district which fails to comply with subsection (5) of this section shall be prohibited from participating in varsity competition in any sport for one (1) year. Determination of failure to comply shall be made by the Department of Education after a hearing requested by any person within the school district. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. A district under this subsection shall, at the hearing, have an opportunity to show inability to comply.

Section 2. KRS 158.120 is amended to read as follows:

(1) **By July 1, 2022, a board of education shall adopt a nonresident pupil policy to**
govern the terms under which the district shall allow enrollment of nonresident pupils. Upon allowing nonresident pupil enrollment, the policy shall allow nonresident children to be eligible to enroll in any public school located within the district. The policy shall not discriminate between nonresident pupils, but may recognize enrollment capacity, as determined by the local school district. The nonresident pupil policy and any subsequent changes adopted by a board of education shall be filed with the Kentucky Department of Education no later than thirty (30) days following their adoption.

(2) Any board of education may charge a reasonable tuition fee per month for each child attending its schools whose parent, guardian, or other legal custodian is not a bona fide resident of the district. Any controversy as to the fee shall be submitted to the Kentucky Board of Education for final settlement. The fee shall be paid by the board of education of the school district in which the pupil resides, except in cases where the board makes provision for the child's education within his district. If a board of education is required to pay a pupil's tuition fee, the pupil shall be admitted to a school only upon proper certificate of the board of education of the district in which he resides.

(3) When it appears to the board of education of any school district that it is convenient for a pupil of any grade residing in that district to attend an approved public school in another district, the board of education may enter into a tuition contract with the public school authorities of the other school district for that purpose, but before a contract is entered into with public school authorities in another state the school shall have been approved by the state school authorities of that state through the grades in which the pupil belongs. When a district undertakes, under operation of a tuition contract or of law, to provide in its school for pupils residing in another district, the district of their residence shall share the total cost of the school, including transportation when furnished at public expense, in proportion
to the number of pupils or in accordance with contract agreement between the two
(2) boards.

Section 3. KRS 156.070 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The Kentucky Board of Education shall have the management and control of the
common schools and all programs operated in these schools, including
interscholastic athletics, the Kentucky School for the Deaf, the Kentucky School for
the Blind, and community education programs and services.

(2) The Kentucky Board of Education may designate an organization or agency to
manage interscholastic athletics in the common schools, provided that the rules,
regulations, and bylaws of any organization or agency so designated shall be
approved by the board, and provided further that any administrative hearing
conducted by the designated managing organization or agency shall be conducted in
accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.

(a) The state board or its designated agency shall assure through promulgation of
administrative regulations that if a secondary school sponsors or intends to
sponsor an athletic activity or sport that is similar to a sport for which
National Collegiate Athletic Association members offer an athletic
scholarship, the school shall sponsor the athletic activity or sport for which a
scholarship is offered. The administrative regulations shall specify which
athletic activities are similar to sports for which National Collegiate Athletic
Association members offer scholarships.

(b) Beginning with the 2003-2004 school year, the state board shall require any
agency or organization designated by the state board to manage interscholastic
athletics to adopt bylaws that establish as members of the agency's or
organization's board of control one (1) representative of nonpublic member
schools who is elected by the nonpublic school members of the agency or
organization from regions one (1) through eight (8) and one (1) representative
of nonpublic member schools who is elected by the nonpublic member
schools of the agency or organization from regions nine (9) through sixteen
(16). The nonpublic school representatives on the board of control shall not be
from classification A1 or D1 schools. Following initial election of these
nonpublic school representatives to the agency's or organization's board of
control, terms of the nonpublic school representatives shall be staggered so
that only one (1) nonpublic school member is elected in each even-numbered
year.

(c) The state board or any agency designated by the state board to manage
interscholastic athletics shall not promulgate rules, administrative regulations,
or bylaws that prohibit pupils in grades seven (7) to eight (8) from
participating in any high school sports except for high school varsity soccer
and football, or from participating on more than one (1) school-sponsored
team at the same time in the same sport. The Kentucky Board of Education, or
an agency designated by the board to manage interscholastic athletics, may
promulgate administrative regulations restricting, limiting, or prohibiting
participation in high school varsity soccer and football for students who have
not successfully completed the eighth grade.

(d) 1. The state board or any agency designated by the state board to manage
interscholastic athletics shall allow a member school's team or students
to play against students of a non-member at-home private school, or a
team of students from non-member at-home private schools, if the non-
member at-home private schools and students comply with this
subsection.

2. A non-member at-home private school's team and students shall comply
with the rules for student athletes, including rules concerning:
   a. Age;
b. School semesters;

c. Scholarships;

d. Physical exams;

e. Foreign student eligibility; and

f. Amateurs.

3. A coach of a non-member at-home private school's team shall comply
   with the rules concerning certification of member school coaches as
   required by the state board or any agency designated by the state board
   to manage interscholastic athletics.

4. This subsection shall not allow a non-member at-home private school's
   team to participate in a sanctioned:

   a. Conference;

   b. Conference tournament;

   c. District tournament;

   d. Regional tournament; or

   e. State tournament or event.

5. This subsection does not allow eligibility for a recognition, award, or
   championship sponsored by the state board or any agency designated by
   the state board to manage interscholastic athletics.

6. A non-member at-home private school's team or students may
   participate in interscholastic athletics permitted, offered, or sponsored by
   the state board or any agency designated by the state board to manage
   interscholastic athletics.

   (e) Every local board of education shall require an annual medical examination
   performed and signed by a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice
   registered nurse, or chiropractor, if performed within the professional's scope
   of practice, for each student seeking eligibility to participate in any school
athletic activity or sport. The Kentucky Board of Education or any
organization or agency designated by the state board to manage interscholastic
athletics shall not promulgate administrative regulations or adopt any policies
or bylaws that are contrary to the provisions of this paragraph.

(f) Any student who turns nineteen (19) years of age prior to August 1 shall not
be eligible for high school athletics in Kentucky. Any student who turns
nineteen (19) years of age on or after August 1 shall remain eligible for that
school year only. An exception to the provisions of this paragraph shall be
made, and the student shall be eligible for high school athletics in Kentucky if
the student:

1. Qualified for exceptional children services and had an individual
   education program developed by an admissions and release committee
   (ARC) while the student was enrolled in the primary school program;

2. Was retained in the primary school program because of an ARC
   committee recommendation; and

3. Has not completed four (4) consecutive years or eight (8) consecutive
   semesters of eligibility following initial promotion from grade eight (8)
   to grade nine (9).

(g) 1. The state board or any agency designated by the state board to manage
   interscholastic athletics shall promulgate administrative regulations that
   permit a school district to employ or assign nonteaching or noncertified
   personnel or personnel without postsecondary education credit hours to
   serve in a coaching position. The administrative regulations shall give
   preference to the hiring or assignment of certified personnel in coaching
   positions.

2. A person employed in a coaching position shall be a high school
   graduate and at least twenty-one (21) years of age and shall submit to a
criminal background check in accordance with KRS 160.380.

3. The administrative regulations shall specify post-hire requirements for persons employed in coaching positions.

4. The regulations shall permit a predetermined number of hours of professional development training approved by the state board or its designated agency to be used in lieu of postsecondary education credit hour requirements.

5. A local school board may specify post-hire requirements for personnel employed in coaching positions in addition to those specified in subparagraph 3. of this paragraph.

(h) Any student who transfers enrollment from a district of residence to a nonresident district under subsection (4)(b) of Section 1 of this Act shall be ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics for one (1) calendar year from the date of the transfer.

(3) (a) The Kentucky Board of Education is hereby authorized to lease from the State Property and Buildings Commission, or others, whether public or private, any lands, buildings, structures, installations, and facilities suitable for use in establishing and furthering television and related facilities as an aid or supplement to classroom instruction, throughout the Commonwealth, and for incidental use in any other proper public functions. The lease may be for any initial term commencing with the date of the lease and ending with the next ensuing June 30, which is the close of the then-current fiscal biennium of the Commonwealth, with exclusive options in favor of the board to renew the same for successive ensuing bienniums, July 1 in each even year to June 30 in the next ensuing even year; and the rentals may be fixed at the sums in each biennium, if renewed, sufficient to enable the State Property and Buildings Commission to pay therefrom the maturing principal of and interest on, and
provide reserves for, any revenue bonds which the State Property and
Buildings Commission may determine to be necessary and sufficient, in
agreement with the board, to provide the cost of acquiring the television and
related facilities, with appurtenances, and costs as may be incident to the
issuance of the bonds.

(b) Each option of the Kentucky Board of Education to renew the lease for a
succeeding biennial term may be exercised at any time after the adjournment
of the session of the General Assembly at which appropriations shall have
been made for the operation of the state government for such succeeding
biennial term, by notifying the State Property and Buildings Commission in
writing, signed by the chief state school officer, and delivered to the secretary
of the Finance and Administration Cabinet as a member of the commission.
The option shall be deemed automatically exercised, and the lease
automatically renewed for the succeeding biennium, effective on the first day
thereof, unless a written notice of the board's election not to renew shall have
been delivered in the office of the secretary of the Finance and Administration
Cabinet before the close of business on the last working day in April
immediately preceding the beginning of the succeeding biennium.

(c) The Kentucky Board of Education shall not itself operate leased television
facilities, or undertake the preparation of the educational presentations or
films to be transmitted thereby, but may enter into one (1) or more contracts to
provide therefor, with any public agency and instrumentality of the
Commonwealth having, or able to provide, a staff with proper technical
qualifications, upon which agency and instrumentality the board, through the
chief state school officer and the Department of Education, is represented in
such manner as to coordinate matters of curriculum with the curricula
prescribed for the public schools of the Commonwealth. Any contract for the
operation of the leased television or related facilities may permit limited and
special uses of the television or related facilities for other programs in the
public interest, subject to the reasonable terms and conditions as the board and
the operating agency and instrumentality may agree upon; but any contract
shall affirmatively forbid the use of the television or related facilities, at any
time or in any manner, in the dissemination of political propaganda or in
furtherance of the interest of any political party or candidate for public office,
or for commercial advertising. No lease between the board and the State
Property and Buildings Commission shall bind the board to pay rentals for
more than one (1) fiscal biennium at a time, subject to the aforesaid renewal
options. The board may receive and may apply to rental payments under any
lease and to the cost of providing for the operation of the television or related
facilities not only appropriations which may be made to it from state funds,
from time to time, but also contributions, gifts, matching funds, devises, and
bequests from any source, whether federal or state, and whether public or
private, so long as the same are not conditioned upon any improper use of the
television or related facilities in a manner inconsistent with the provisions of
this subsection.

(4) The state board may, on the recommendation and with the advice of the chief state
school officer, prescribe, print, publish, and distribute at public expense such
administrative regulations, courses of study, curriculums, bulletins, programs,
outlines, reports, and placards as each deems necessary for the efficient
management, control, and operation of the schools and programs under its
jurisdiction. All administrative regulations published or distributed by the board
shall be enclosed in a booklet or binder on which the words "informational copy"
shall be clearly stamped or printed.

(5) Upon the recommendation of the chief state school officer or his designee, the state
board shall establish policy or act on all matters relating to programs, services,
publications, capital construction and facility renovation, equipment, litigation,
contracts, budgets, and all other matters which are the administrative responsibility
of the Department of Education.

➤ Section 4. By November 1, 2021, the Kentucky Department of Education shall
submit a report to the Legislative Research Commission and the Interim Joint Committee
on Education with options on how to ensure the equitable transfer of education funds so
that funds follow a nonresident student to a school district of enrollment from a school
district of residence. The report shall include recommendations on how the amount
should be calculated and what mechanism should be used to conduct the transfer.

➤ SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

There is hereby established the Education Opportunity Account Program, also known
as the EOA program. The purpose of the EOA program is to give more flexibility and
choices in education to Kentucky residents and to address disparities in educational
options available to students.

➤ SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

As used in Sections 5 to 19 of this Act:

(1) "Account-granting organization" or "AGO" means a nonprofit organization
that complies with the requirements of Sections 5 to 19 of this Act and:
(a) Receives contributions, allocates funds, and administers EOAs; or
(b) Is an intermediary organization;

(2) "Contribution" means a donation in the form of cash or marketable securities
that is eligible for the tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act;

(3) "Curriculum" means a complete course of study for a particular content area or
grade level:
(4) "Education opportunity account" or "EOA" means the account to which funds are allocated by an AGO to the parent of an EOA student in order to pay for expenses to educate the EOA student pursuant to the requirements of Sections 5 to 19 of this Act;

(5) "Education service provider" means a person or organization that receives payments from an EOA to provide educational materials and services to EOA students;

(6) "Eligible student" means a resident of Kentucky who:

(a) is a member of a household with an annual household income at the time of initially applying for an EOA from an AGO under this section of not more than one hundred seventy-five percent (175%) of the amount of household income necessary to establish eligibility for reduced-price meals based on size of household as determined annually by the United States Department of Agriculture applicable to the Commonwealth, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. secs. 1751 to 1789;

(b) has previously received an EOA from an AGO under this section; or

(c) is a member of the household of an eligible student that currently has an EOA from an AGO under this section;

(7) "Eligible taxpayer" means an individual or business, including but not limited to a corporation, S corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or sole proprietorship subject to tax imposed under KRS 141.020, 141.040, or 141.0401;

(8) "EOA student" means an eligible student who is participating in the EOA program;

(9) "Income" has the same meaning as in the United States Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Child Nutrition Programs, Income Eligibility Guidelines, Federal Register Vol. 83, No. 89, published May 8, 2018, and as updated annually as authorized by 42 U.S.C. sec. 1758(b)(1)(A);
"Intermediary organization" means a nonprofit organization that complies with the requirements of Sections 5 to 19 of this Act and receives contributions to fund AGOs; and

"Parent" means a biological or adoptive parent, legal guardian, custodian, or other person with legal authority to act on behalf of an EOA student.

SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) Each AGO shall create a uniform process for determining the amount allocated to each eligible student’s EOA with the following limitations:

(a) For eligible students that intend to use the funds in the EOA to pay tuition at a nonpublic school or tuition as described in subsection (2) of Section 2 of this Act, the EOA funds shall not exceed the lesser of:

1. Their parents’ demonstrated financial need as determined by an independent financial analysis performed by an organization that is:
   a. Experienced in evaluating a student's need for financial aid; and
   b. Included on the department’s list of approved organizations as required by subsection (2)(a) of Section 12 of this Act; or

2. The actual amount of tuition and required fees charged by the school to students who do not receive assistance under this program;

(b) For all other eligible students, the EOA funds shall not exceed the lesser of:

1. The expected cost of educational services to be provided during the succeeding school year; or

2. The Commonwealth’s guaranteed SEEK base amount for the immediately preceding school year reduced by the percentage equal to one-fourth (1/4) of the percentage by which the applicant’s household income exceeds the applicable federal reduced lunch household income threshold; and
(c) For students in the foster care system, the AGO shall assume that the
student’s parents have no income or ability to pay for educational services
for the purposes of prioritizing the students and determining the amount of
assistance provided under this program.

(2) (a) The funds in an EOA shall not be used for athletics or any associated fees
and shall only be used to pay for the tuition and fee expenses permitted by
paragraph (b) of this subsection and the following qualifying expenses if
covered by the AGO and incurred for the purpose of educating an EOA
student:

1. Tuition or fees to attend a prekindergarten to grade twelve (12) public
   school;

2. Tuition or fees for online learning programs;

3. Tutoring services provided by an individual or a tutoring facility;

4. Services contracted for and provided by a public school, including but
   not limited to individual classes and extracurricular activities and
   programs;

5. Textbooks, curriculum, or other instructional materials, including but
   not limited to any supplemental materials or associated online
   instruction required by either a curriculum or an education service
   provider;

6. Computer hardware or other technological devices that are primarily
   used to help meet an EOA student’s educational needs;

7. Educational software and applications;

8. School uniforms;

9. Fees for nationally standardized assessments, advanced placement
   examinations, examinations related to college or university admission,
   and tuition or fees for preparatory courses for these;
10. Tuition or fees for summer education programs and specialized after-
school education programs, excluding after-school childcare;

11. Tuition, fees, instructional materials, and examination fees at a career
or technical school;

12. Educational services and therapies, including but not limited to
occupational, behavioral, physical, speech-language, and audiology
therapies provided by a licensed professional;

13. Tuition and fees at an institution of higher education for dual credit
courses; and

14. Fees for transportation paid to a fee-for-service transportation
provider for the student to travel to and from an education service
provider.

(b) In addition to the variety of education-related expenses for public and
nonpublic schools in the Commonwealth as provided by paragraph (a) of
this subsection, EOA students that are residents of counties with a
population of ninety thousand (90,000) or more, as determined by the 2010
decennial report of the United States Census Bureau, shall be permitted to
use funds received through the EOA program for tuition and fees to attend
nonpublic schools, because students in these counties have access to
substantial existing nonpublic school infrastructure and there is capacity in
these counties to either grow existing tuition assistance programs or form
new nonprofits from existing networks that can provide tuition assistance to
students over the course of the pilot program. Pursuant to Section 17 of this
Act, the General Assembly shall assess whether the purposes of the EOA
program are being fulfilled.

(3) EOA funds shall not be refunded, rebated, or shared with a parent or EOA
student in any manner. Any refund or rebate for materials or services purchased
(4) Parents may make payments for the costs of educational materials and services not covered by the funds in their student’s EOA, but personal deposits into an EOA shall not be permitted.

(5) Funds allocated to an EOA shall not constitute taxable income to the parent or the EOA student.

(6) (a) An EOA shall remain in force, unless the EOA is closed because of a substantial misuse of funds, and any unused funds shall roll over from quarter to quarter and from year to year until:

1. The parent withdraws the EOA student from the EOA program;
2. The EOA student receives a high school diploma or equivalency certificate; or
3. The end of the school year in which the student reaches twenty-one (21) years of age;

whichever occurs first.

(b) When an EOA is closed, any unused funds shall revert to the AGO that granted the EOA and be allocated by that AGO to fund other EOAs. If the AGO that granted the EOA is no longer operating, the funds shall be transferred to another AGO operating in good standing with the Commonwealth.

(7) An AGO shall first prioritize funding EOAs for students, their siblings, and foster children living in the same household who received an EOA in the previous academic year and then to first-time applicants in accordance with subsection (8) of this section.

(8) For first-time applicants, an AGO shall prioritize awarding EOAs to the applicants as follows:

(a) A majority of funds available for first-time applicants shall be reserved for
students whose household income does not exceed that necessary to establish eligibility for reduced-price meals based on size of household as determined annually by the United States Department of Agriculture applicable to the Commonwealth, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. secs. 1751 to 1789. Within in this group of applicants, the funds shall be further prioritized to fund EOAs in the order of the applicants with the most demonstrated financial need; and

(b) The remaining unfunded first-time applicants shall be selected for funding based on a random lottery until all remaining funds are allocated to EOAs.

(9) An AGO may define and limit the services that the EOA funds may cover.

(10) An AGO shall not accept a contribution from an eligible taxpayer if the eligible taxpayer designates that the contribution shall be used to award an EOA to a particular student.

(11) Dependents of the AGO’s board of directors, its staff, and its donors are ineligible to receive an EOA.

SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) To establish an EOA for an eligible student, the parent shall submit an application to an AGO.

(2) The AGO shall approve an application for an EOA if:

(a) An AGO verifies that the student on whose behalf the parent is applying is an eligible student;

(b) Funds are available for the EOA; and

(c) The parent signs an agreement with the AGO:

1. To use the funds in the EOA only for the covered qualifying expenses;

2. Not to establish any other EOA for the eligible student with any other AGO;
3. To comply with the rules and requirements of the EOA program; and

4. Not to use EOA funds to cover the cost of educational materials or services if they are currently receiving the same types of materials or services through the school district in which the student is enrolled.

(3) The AGO shall annually renew a student’s EOA if funds are available unless the student’s family income has increased above two hundred fifty percent (250%) of the amount of household income necessary to establish eligibility for reduced-price meals based on size of household as determined annually by the United States Department of Agriculture applicable to the Commonwealth, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. secs. 1751 to 1789.

(4) In the event that an eligible student becomes ineligible for reasons other than fraud or misuse of funds, the AGO may cease funding for the student’s EOA provided that:

(a) The AGO immediately suspends payment of additional funds into the student’s EOA. For EOAs that have been open for at least one (1) full school year, the EOA shall remain open and active for the parent to make qualifying expenditures to educate the student from funds remaining in the EOA. When no funds remain in the student’s EOA, the AGO may close the EOA;

(b) If a parent reappears to the AGO and signs a new written agreement, payments into the student’s existing EOA may resume if the EOA is still open and active. A new EOA may be established if the student’s EOA was closed; and

(c) An AGO shall adopt policies to provide the least disruptive process possible for EOA students desiring to leave the EOA program.

SECTION 9. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
(1) Prior to making a contribution to an AGO, the taxpayer or an AGO acting on behalf of the taxpayer shall apply to the department for preapproval of the tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act in a manner prescribed by the department. Each application shall be submitted separately and shall provide the total amount of proposed contributions and the year or years in which the contributions will be made, whether the proposed contributions will be in the form of cash or marketable securities, and the name of the AGO to which the contributions will be made.

(2) Subject to the annual tax credit cap established by Section 16 of this Act, the department shall preliminarily approve the amount of tax credit within ten (10) business days of receipt of the application and shall notify the taxpayer and the AGO. The notification shall include the amount of the tax credit preliminarily approved, the name of the AGO to which contributions may be made, and any other information the department deems necessary.

(3) If a taxpayer applies or the AGO applies on behalf of the taxpayer for preapproval when no amount of tax credit remains for allocation, but a portion of the total amount of tax credit available is pending verification, the department shall notify the taxpayer and the AGO that the application is being held in abeyance and will be funded on a first-come, first-served basis or will be denied if all preapproved contributions are timely made.

(4) (a) The taxpayer shall make the preapproved contribution to the AGO no later than the earlier of:

1. Fifteen (15) business days following the date of the department's preapproval notice, excluding weekends and holidays; or

2. June 30 of the fiscal year of the preapproval.

(b) If the preapproved contribution is in the form of marketable securities, the AGO shall monetize the securities within five (5) business days of receipt.
excluding weekends and holidays, and notify the department within ten (10) business days of the monetization of the securities. If the monetized value of the marketable securities is less than the amount of the proposed contribution reflected on the application, the taxpayer shall supplement the contribution with additional cash to equal the amount of contribution reflected on the application. The taxpayer shall not receive preapproval for a tax credit in excess of the amount of proposed contribution reflected on the application form.

(5) (a) The AGO shall certify to the department the name of the taxpayer, amount of the contribution made, and the date on which the contribution was made within ten (10) days of when the contribution has been made.

(b) Upon receipt of certification that the contribution has been made or the expiration of the ten (10) day period without certification, whichever occurs first, the department shall modify the amount of credit pending certification, the amount of credit allocated to taxpayers, and the remaining credit available for allocation, as applicable.

SECTION 10. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) An organization that seeks to become an AGO shall apply for initial certification or renewal of certification from the department.

(2) An application for initial certification as an AGO shall include:

(a) A copy of the AGO’s incorporation documents;

(b) A copy of the AGO’s Internal Revenue Service determination letter as a Section 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization;

(c) A description of the methodology the AGO will use to evaluate whether a student is eligible to establish an EOA;

(d) A description of the application process the AGO will use for parents and
eligible students;

(e) A description of the methodology the AGO will use to establish, fund, and manage EOAs;

(f) A description of the process the AGO will use to approve education service providers;

(g) A description of how the AGO will inform parents of approved education service providers; and

(h) A description of the AGO’s procedures for crediting refunds from an education service provider back to a student’s EOA.

(3) An application for renewal of certification as an AGO shall include:

(a) The AGO’s completed Internal Revenue Service Form 990, submitted no later than November 30 of the year before the academic year that the AGO intends to fund EOAs;

(b) A copy of any audit that may be required by the department; and

(c) 1. An annual report that includes:

a. The number of applications the AGO received during the previous academic year, by county and by grade level;

b. The name and address of all students that received EOA funds from the AGO during the previous academic year;

c. When the AGO is an intermediary organization, the name and address of all AGOs that received funds from the intermediary organization during the last fiscal year;

d. The total number of EOAs the AGO maintains;

e. The amount of funds the AGO:

i. Received to fund EOAs during the last fiscal year;

ii. Distributed into EOAs during the last fiscal year;

iii. Has remaining after the distribution into EOAs and any
obligations to fund EOAs in the future;

iv. Spent on administrative expenses and an accounting thereof during the last fiscal year; and

v. Spent on fees to private financial management firms or other organizations to maintain records and process transactions of the EOAs;

f. When the AGO is an intermediary organization, the amount of funds the intermediary organization:

i. Received to distribute to AGOs during the last fiscal year;

ii. Distributed to each AGO during the last fiscal year;

iii. Has remaining after the distribution into AGOs and any obligations to distribute to AGOs in the future;

iv. Spent on administrative expenses and an accounting thereof during the last fiscal year; and

v. Spent on fees to private financial management firms or other organizations to maintain records and process transactions;

g. A list of the AGO’s approved education service providers; and

h. A description of how the AGO has complied with the operational requirements and responsibilities of Sections 5 to 19 of this Act.

2. The annual report shall also:

a. Comply with uniform financial accounting standards;

b. Be attested to by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with procedures promulgated by the department; and

c. Be free of material misstatements or exceptions.

(4) The department shall only certify an AGO or renew an AGO’s certification if the organization meets the requirements established by Sections 5 to 19 of this Act.
The department shall issue initial certifications within sixty (60) days of receiving the application and renew certifications within thirty (30) days of receiving the application.

(5) Upon application for renewal, an AGO shall demonstrate that:

(a) It is an intermediary organization that collects contributions exclusively for the use by AGOs; or

(b) It includes two (2) or more education service providers in its EOA program and has awarded at least fifty (50) EOAs aggregating a minimum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) in the previous year and is expected to award at least fifty (50) EOAs aggregating a minimum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) in the succeeding year.

SECTION 11. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) An AGO shall ensure that at least ninety percent (90%) of the total annual contributions received are allocated to EOAs no later than the last day of the AGO's immediately succeeding calendar year or fiscal year, as applicable, unless the current year's total annual contributions received by the AGO exceed an amount equal to the average of the total annual contributions received in the immediately preceding three (3) years by more than fifteen percent (15%), in which case the excess amount may be carried forward and expended for EOAs in three (3) equal installments over the immediately succeeding three (3) years.

(2) An AGO shall maintain separate accounts for EOA funds and operating funds.

(3) Any interest that accrues from contributions that are eligible for the tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act shall be allocated by the AGO to fund EOAs.

(4) An AGO shall create a standard application process for parents to establish their student's eligibility for an EOA. An AGO shall ensure that the application is readily available to interested families and may be submitted through various
sources, including the Internet.

(5) An AGO shall provide parents with a written explanation of the allowable uses of EOA funds, the responsibilities of parents, and the duties of the AGO and the role of any private financial management firms or other organizations that the AGO may contract with to process EOA transactions or maintain records for other aspects of the EOA program.

(6) (a) An AGO may transfer funds to another AGO if additional funds are required to meet EOA demands at the receiving AGO or if the transferring AGO determines it cannot continue to operate due to any reason.

(b) If funds are transferred for the purpose of meeting EOA demands, no more than a combined aggregate of ten percent (10%) of the AGOs' total annual contributions received may be retained by the AGOs for administrative expenses.

(c) All transferred funds shall be allocated by the receiving AGO to its account for EOAs.

(d) All transferred amounts received by an AGO shall be separately disclosed in the receiving AGO's annual report for certification renewal pursuant to Section 10 of this Act.

(e) An AGO that receives a transfer of funds from an AGO that has determined it will not continue to operate shall agree to fund the EOAs established by the transferring AGO to the extent funds are available. The receiving AGO shall also prioritize the funding of transferred EOAs before funding new EOA applicants.

(7) An AGO may accept donations that are not eligible for the tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act, gifts, and grants to cover administrative costs, to inform the public about the EOA program, to fund additional EOAs or to offer assistance outside of the EOA program. Donations that are not eligible for the tax
credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act shall not be subject to Sections 5 to 19 of this Act.

SECTION 12. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) To administer the tax credit and the total annual tax credit cap established in Section 16 of this Act, the department shall:

(a) Create the tax credit application form, the forms to be used by the department to notify the taxpayer and the AGO of preapproval or denial of the credit, and the educational materials to be distributed by the AGO;

(b) Create a Web site listing the amount of the total credit pending verification, the amount of the total credit allocated to date, and the remaining credit available to taxpayers making contributions to AGOs;

(c) Notify the taxpayer and the AGO of the amount of credit allocated to the taxpayer upon certification that the contribution has been made by the issuance of a tax credit allocation letter, which the taxpayer shall submit with the taxpayer's return when claiming the credit; and

(d) Collect necessary data to provide the report required by subsection (3) of this section.

(2) On or before January 1 of each year, the department shall publish on its Web site:

(a) A list of organizations that have been approved by the department to perform independent financial analyses of parents' demonstrated financial needs; and

(b) A list of AGOs.

1. If an AGO fails to meet the requirements of this section, the department shall not include the organization on the list of AGOs the following calendar year.
2. Only contributions to AGOs on the list maintained by the department for each calendar year shall be recognized for tax credits awarded under Section 16 of this Act.

(3) The department shall produce and publish on its Web site an annual report that aggregates the data obtained from the annual reports submitted by AGOs for the renewal of their certification pursuant to Section 10 of this Act. The department's report shall not include any identifying information of EOA students or AGOs that would violate the confidentiality requirements in subsection (1) of Section 21 of this Act.

SECTION 13. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) The department may conduct an audit of an AGO or contract for the auditing of an AGO.

(2) (a) In the event that the department determines that there has been a violation of Sections 5 to 19 of this Act by an AGO, the department shall send written notice to the AGO.

(b) The AGO that receives written notice of a violation will have sixty (60) days from receipt of notice to correct the violation identified by the department.

(c) If the AGO fails or refuses to comply after sixty (60) days, the department may revoke the AGO's certification to participate in the EOA program.

(3) An AGO whose certificate has been revoked under this section:

(a) May appeal the revocation of its certification to the Kentucky Claims Commission pursuant to KRS 49.220;

(b) Shall continue administering EOAs that were donated prior to the date of notice stated on the revocation;

(c) Shall not accept any further contributions for the purpose of funding EOAs on or after the date of notice stated on the revocation; and
(d) Shall refund any contributions that were received for the purpose of funding EOAs on or after the date of notice stated on the revocation.

SECTION 14. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) (a) Each AGO shall implement a commercially viable, cost-effective, and parent-friendly system for payment of services from EOAs to education service providers.

(b) The AGO shall not adopt a system that relies exclusively on requiring parents to be reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses, but shall provide maximum flexibility to parents by facilitating direct payments to education service providers or requests for preapproval of and reimbursements for qualifying expenses.

(c) An AGO may contract with private financial management firms or other organizations to develop the payment system.

(2) An AGO may contract with private financial management firms or other organizations to maintain records and process transactions of the EOAs.

(3) If funding is available, an AGO shall continue making payments into an EOA until:

(a) The parent does not renew the EOA;

(b) The AGO determines that the EOA student’s family income has increased above two hundred fifty percent (250%) of the amount of household income necessary to establish eligibility for reduced-price meals based on size of household as determined annually by the United States Department of Agriculture applicable to the Commonwealth, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. secs. 1751 to 1789;

(c) The AGO determines that there was substantial misuse of the funds in the EOA; or
(d) The EOA student receives a high school diploma or equivalency certificate.

(4) Each AGO shall establish a process for approving education service providers.

(5) An AGO may approve education service providers on their own initiative, at the request of parents, or upon request from prospective education service providers.

⇒ SECTION 15. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) Nothing in Sections 5 to 19 of this Act shall be deemed to limit the independence or autonomy of an education service provider or to make the actions of an education service provider the actions of the state government.

(2) Nothing in Sections 5 to 19 of this Act shall be construed to expand the regulatory authority of the state, its officers, or any county school district to impose any additional regulation of education service providers beyond those necessary to enforce the requirements of the EOA Program.

(3) An education service provider that accepts payment from an EOA pursuant to Sections 5 to 19 of this Act is not an agent of the state or federal government.

(4) An education service provider shall not be required to alter its creed, practices, admissions policy, or curriculum in order to accept payments from an EOA.

⇒ SECTION 16. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) (a) Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, but before January 1, 2026, a nonrefundable, nontransferable tax credit shall be permitted against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and 141.0401, with the ordering of credit as provided in Section 20 of this Act, as applicable, for contributions made during a taxable year to one (1) or more AGOs in accordance with the EOA program. To qualify for this credit, a taxpayer filing as an individual shall elect to claim a federal and Kentucky contribution deduction associated with the contributions made to
an AGO that does not exceed an amount equal to the total contribution for the taxable year less the amount of credit allowed by this section for the taxable year.

(b) If the taxpayer is a pass-through entity, the taxpayer shall apply the credit against the limited liability entity tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, and shall also pass the credit through to its members, partners, or shareholders in the same proportion as the distributive share of income or loss is passed through.

(2) The aggregate value of the total annual tax credit cap awarded shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars ($25,000,000).

(3) The credit amount awarded per taxpayer per taxable year shall be no more than the lesser of:

(a) Ninety-five percent (95%) of the total contributions made to an AGO, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section; or

(b) One million dollars ($1,000,000).

(4) (a) The taxpayer may elect to pledge a contribution for multiple taxable years, not to exceed a total of four (4) taxable years.

(b) If the multi-year pledge is made by the taxpayer and the amount of the contributions for each of the multiple taxable years is equal to or more than the amount of contributions made to the AGO in the taxable year within which the pledge is made, the amount of allowable credit shall be increased by two (2) percentage points to ninety-seven percent (97%) in the taxable year within which the pledge is made and for each pledged year.

(c) If the taxpayer does not remit the pledged amount of contributions during any taxable year for which a multi-year pledge is made, the taxpayer shall repay the portion of the credit resulting from the increase allowed by this subsection.
(5) Any tax credit awarded under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in the current taxable year may be carried forward for up to five (5) succeeding taxable years until the tax credit has been utilized.

(6) Tax credits under this section shall be awarded on a first-come, first-served basis each fiscal year within the limitations set forth in this section. The date and time stamp from each application for preapproval shall establish the order in which the application was received. For contributions pledged for multiple tax years, the contribution shall be considered the first in line for the years subsequent to the initial year of the pledge.

SECTION 17. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

The department shall provide the following information to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue no later than November 1, 2022, and no later than November 1 of each year thereafter as long as the tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act is taken:

(1) All information contained in each annual report filed by an AGO as required by Section 10 of this Act and the administrative regulations promulgated thereunder, with each eligible student's identifying information removed and replaced with an assigned unique identification number;

(2) The number and total amount of EOAs awarded by AGOs to EOA students reported by household income range intervals of five thousand dollars ($5,000);

(3) The number and total amount of EOAs awarded by AGOs to EOA students:
   (a) Who are currently in the Commonwealth's foster care program;
   (b) Who have previously received an EOA under this section; and
   (c) Who are members of a household in which a student has previously received an EOA under this section; and

(4) Any other information that may be necessary to assist the members of the
General Assembly in determining that the purposes of this tax credit are being fulfilled.

SECTION 18. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

If any part of Sections 5 to 19 of this Act is challenged in state court as violating either the state or federal constitutions, parents of students who would meet the criteria for being eligible students as defined by Section 6 of this Act shall be permitted to intervene as of right in such lawsuit for the purposes of defending the EOA program’s constitutionality.

SECTION 19. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Sections 5 to 19 of this Act may be cited as the "Education Opportunity Account Act" or "EOA Act."

SECTION 20. KRS 141.0205 is amended to read as follows:

If a taxpayer is entitled to more than one (1) of the tax credits allowed against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020, 141.040, and 141.0401, the priority of application and use of the credits shall be determined as follows:

1. The nonrefundable business incentive credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 shall be taken in the following order:

   (a) The limited liability entity tax credit permitted by KRS 141.0401;
   (b) The economic development credits computed under KRS 141.347, 141.381, 141.384, 141.3841, 141.400, 141.401, 141.403, 141.407, 141.415, 154.12-207, and 154.12-2088;
   (c) The qualified farming operation credit permitted by KRS 141.412;
   (d) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.397(1)(a);
   (e) The health insurance credit permitted by KRS 141.062;
   (f) The tax paid to other states credit permitted by KRS 141.070;
(g) The credit for hiring the unemployed permitted by KRS 141.065;
(h) The recycling or composting equipment credit permitted by KRS 141.390;
(i) The tax credit for cash contributions in investment funds permitted by KRS 154.20-263 in effect prior to July 15, 2002, and the credit permitted by KRS 154.20-258;
(j) The research facilities credit permitted by KRS 141.395;
(k) The employer High School Equivalency Diploma program incentive credit permitted under KRS 151B.402;
(l) The voluntary environmental remediation credit permitted by KRS 141.418;
(m) The biodiesel and renewable diesel credit permitted by KRS 141.423;
(n) The clean coal incentive credit permitted by KRS 141.428;
(o) The ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4242;
(p) The cellulosic ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4244;
(q) The energy efficiency credits permitted by KRS 141.436;
(r) The railroad maintenance and improvement credit permitted by KRS 141.385;
(s) The Endow Kentucky credit permitted by KRS 141.438;
(t) The New Markets Development Program credit permitted by KRS 141.434;
u) The distilled spirits credit permitted by KRS 141.389;
v) The angel investor credit permitted by KRS 141.396;
w) The film industry credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved on or after April 27, 2018;
x) The inventory credit permitted by KRS 141.408; and
(y) The renewable chemical production credit permitted by KRS 141.4231.

(2) After the application of the nonrefundable credits in subsection (1) of this section, the nonrefundable personal tax credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 shall be taken in the following order:
(a) The individual credits permitted by KRS 141.020(3);
(b) The credit permitted by KRS 141.066;
(c) The tuition credit permitted by KRS 141.069;
(d) The household and dependent care credit permitted by KRS 141.067; \[and\]
(e) The income gap credit permitted by KRS 141.066; \[and\]
(f) The Education Opportunity Account Program tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act.

(3) After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the refundable credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 shall be taken in the following order:

(a) The individual withholding tax credit permitted by KRS 141.350;
(b) The individual estimated tax payment credit permitted by KRS 141.305;
(c) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.3961 and 171.397(1)(b); and
(d) The film industry tax credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018.

(4) The nonrefundable credit permitted by KRS 141.0401 shall be applied against the tax imposed by KRS 141.040.

(5) The following nonrefundable credits shall be applied against the sum of the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 after subtracting the credit provided for in subsection (4) of this section, and the tax imposed by KRS 141.0401 in the following order:

(a) The economic development credits computed under KRS 141.347, 141.381, 141.384, 141.3841, 141.400, 141.401, 141.403, 141.407, 141.415, 154.12-207, and 154.12-2088;
(b) The qualified farming operation credit permitted by KRS 141.412;
(c) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.397(1)(a);
(d) The health insurance credit permitted by KRS 141.062;
(e) The unemployment credit permitted by KRS 141.065;
The recycling or composting equipment credit permitted by KRS 141.390;

The coal conversion credit permitted by KRS 141.041;

The enterprise zone credit permitted by KRS 154.45-090, for taxable periods ending prior to January 1, 2008;

The tax credit for cash contributions to investment funds permitted by KRS 154.20-263 in effect prior to July 15, 2002, and the credit permitted by KRS 154.20-258;

The research facilities credit permitted by KRS 141.395;

The employer High School Equivalency Diploma program incentive credit permitted by KRS 151B.402;

The voluntary environmental remediation credit permitted by KRS 141.418;

The biodiesel and renewable diesel credit permitted by KRS 141.423;

The clean coal incentive credit permitted by KRS 141.428;

The ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4242;

The cellulosic ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4244;

The energy efficiency credits permitted by KRS 141.436;

The ENERGY STAR home or ENERGY STAR manufactured home credit permitted by KRS 141.437;

The railroad maintenance and improvement credit permitted by KRS 141.385;

The railroad expansion credit permitted by KRS 141.386;

The Endow Kentucky credit permitted by KRS 141.438;

The New Markets Development Program credit permitted by KRS 141.434;

The distilled spirits credit permitted by KRS 141.389;

The film industry credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved on or after April 27, 2018;

The inventory credit permitted by KRS 141.408; and

The renewable chemical production tax credit permitted by KRS 141.4231;

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(aa) The Education Opportunity Account Program tax credit permitted by Section 16 of this Act.

(6) After the application of the nonrefundable credits in subsection (5) of this section, the refundable credits shall be taken in the following order:
(a) The corporation estimated tax payment credit permitted by KRS 141.044;
(b) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.3961 and 171.397(1)(b); and
(c) The film industry tax credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018.

Section 21. KRS 131.190 is amended to read as follows:

(1) No present or former commissioner or employee of the department, present or former member of a county board of assessment appeals, present or former property valuation administrator or employee, present or former secretary or employee of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, former secretary or employee of the Revenue Cabinet, or any other person, shall intentionally and without authorization inspect or divulge any information acquired by him of the affairs of any person, or information regarding the tax schedules, returns, or reports required to be filed with the department or other proper officer, or any information produced by a hearing or investigation, insofar as the information may have to do with the affairs of the person's business.

(2) The prohibition established by subsection (1) of this section shall not extend to:
(a) Information required in prosecutions for making false reports or returns of property for taxation, or any other infraction of the tax laws;
(b) Any matter properly entered upon any assessment record, or in any way made a matter of public record;
(c) Furnishing any taxpayer or his properly authorized agent with information
respecting his own return;

(d) Testimony provided by the commissioner or any employee of the department in any court, or the introduction as evidence of returns or reports filed with the department, in an action for violation of state or federal tax laws or in any action challenging state or federal tax laws;

(e) Providing an owner of unmined coal, oil or gas reserves, and other mineral or energy resources assessed under KRS 132.820, or owners of surface land under which the unmined minerals lie, factual information about the owner's property derived from third-party returns filed for that owner's property, under the provisions of KRS 132.820, that is used to determine the owner's assessment. This information shall be provided to the owner on a confidential basis, and the owner shall be subject to the penalties provided in KRS 131.990(2). The third-party filer shall be given prior notice of any disclosure of information to the owner that was provided by the third-party filer;

(f) Providing to a third-party purchaser pursuant to an order entered in a foreclosure action filed in a court of competent jurisdiction, factual information related to the owner or lessee of coal, oil, gas reserves, or any other mineral resources assessed under KRS 132.820. The department may promulgate an administrative regulation establishing a fee schedule for the provision of the information described in this paragraph. Any fee imposed shall not exceed the greater of the actual cost of providing the information or ten dollars ($10);

(g) Providing information to a licensing agency, the Transportation Cabinet, or the Kentucky Supreme Court under KRS 131.1817;

(h) Statistics of gasoline and special fuels gallonage reported to the department under KRS 138.210 to 138.448;

(i) Providing any utility gross receipts license tax return information that is
necessary to administer the provisions of KRS 160.613 to 160.617 to
applicable school districts on a confidential basis;

(j) Providing documents, data, or other information to a third party pursuant to an
order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction; or

(k) Providing information to the Legislative Research Commission under:

1. KRS 139.519 for purposes of the sales and use tax refund on building
   materials used for disaster recovery;
2. KRS 141.436 for purposes of the energy efficiency products credits;
3. KRS 141.437 for purposes of the ENERGY STAR home and the
   ENERGY STAR manufactured home credits;
4. KRS 148.544 for purposes of the film industry incentives;
5. KRS 154.26-095 for purposes of the Kentucky industrial revitalization
tax credits and the job assessment fees;
6. KRS 141.068 for purposes of the Kentucky investment fund;
7. KRS 141.396 for purposes of the angel investor tax credit;
8. KRS 141.389 for purposes of the distilled spirits credit;
9. KRS 141.408 for purposes of the inventory credit;
10. KRS 141.390 for purposes of the recycling and composting credit;
11. KRS 141.3841 for purposes of the selling farmer tax credit;
12. KRS 141.4231 for purposes of the renewable chemical production tax
    credit; and

13. Section 17 of this Act for purposes of the Education Opportunity
    Account Program tax credit.

(3) The commissioner shall make available any information for official use only and on
a confidential basis to the proper officer, agency, board or commission of this state,
any Kentucky county, any Kentucky city, any other state, or the federal government,
under reciprocal agreements whereby the department shall receive similar or useful
information in return.

(4) Access to and inspection of information received from the Internal Revenue Service is for department use only, and is restricted to tax administration purposes. Information received from the Internal Revenue Service shall not be made available to any other agency of state government, or any county, city, or other state, and shall not be inspected intentionally and without authorization by any present secretary or employee of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, commissioner or employee of the department, or any other person.

(5) Statistics of crude oil as reported to the department under the crude oil excise tax requirements of KRS Chapter 137 and statistics of natural gas production as reported to the department under the natural resources severance tax requirements of KRS Chapter 143A may be made public by the department by release to the Energy and Environment Cabinet, Department for Natural Resources.

(6) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning with mine-map submissions for the 1989 tax year, the department may make public or divulge only those portions of mine maps submitted by taxpayers to the department pursuant to KRS Chapter 132 for ad valorem tax purposes that depict the boundaries of mined-out parcel areas. These electronic maps shall not be relied upon to determine actual boundaries of mined-out parcel areas. Property boundaries contained in mine maps required under KRS Chapters 350 and 352 shall not be construed to constitute land surveying or boundary surveys as defined by KRS 322.010 and any administrative regulations promulgated thereto.