1		AN ACT relating to elections.			
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:				
3		Section 1. KRS 116.013 is amended to read as follows:			
4	<u>As u</u>	As used in this chapter unless context otherwise requires:			
5	<u>(1)</u>	[Unless the context otherwise requires,] The word "voter" means any name			
6	cont	ained in any registration list <u>:</u>			
7	<u>(2)</u>	The word "election" means any primary, runoff primary, regular election, or			
8	spec	ial election.			
9		Section 2. KRS 116.055 is amended to read as follows:			
10	(1)	Before a person shall be qualified to vote in a primary, he or she:			
11		(a) Shall possess all the qualifications required of voters in a regular election;			
12		(b) Shall have been a registered member of the party in whose primary he or she			
13		seeks to vote on December 31 immediately preceding the primary; and			
14		(c) Shall have remained continuously registered as a member of that party in			
15		whose primary he or she seeks to vote between December 31 immediately			
16		preceding the primary and the date set for the primary.			
17	(2)	In the case of a new registration made after December 31 immediately preceding the			
18		primary, a voter shall have registered and remained continuously registered as a			
19		member of the party in whose primary he or she seeks to vote from the date of			
20		registration until the date set for the primary.			
21	(3)	Any voter who withdraws his or her registration after December 31 immediately			
22		preceding the primary, and reregisters as a voter with a different party affiliation,			
23		during those periods that the registration books are open immediately preceding the			
24		primary, shall not be eligible to vote in the upcoming primary.			
25	(4)	No person shall be allowed to vote for any party candidates or slates of candidates			
26		other than that of the party of which he or she is a registered member.			
27	(5)	The qualifications shall be determined as of the date of the primary, without regard			

1 to the qualifications or disqualifications as they may exist at the succeeding regular 2 election, except that minors seventeen (17) years of age who will become eighteen 3 (18) years of age on or before the day of the regular election shall be entitled to vote 4 in the primary if otherwise qualified. However, any registered voter, whether 5 registered as a member of a party, political organization, political group, or as an 6 independent, shall be qualified to vote in a primary for candidates listed in all 7 nonpartisan races. Any voter eligible to vote in a primary shall also be eligible to vote in a subsequent runoff primary if one (1) shall be necessary. 8 9 → SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 117 IS CREATED TO 10 **READ AS FOLLOWS:** 11 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the word "election" 12 means any primary, runoff primary, regular election, or special election. 13 → Section 4. KRS 117.085 is amended to read as follows: 14 (1)All requests for an application for a mail-in absentee ballot may be transmitted by 15 telephone, facsimile machine, by mail, by electronic mail, or in person. The county

16 clerk shall transmit all applications for a mail-in absentee ballot to the voter by 17 mail, electronic mail, or in person at the option of the voter, except as provided in 18 paragraph (b) of this subsection. Except as otherwise provided in KRS 117.077, the 19 mail-in absentee ballot application may be requested by the voter or the spouse, 20 parents, or children of the voter, but shall be restricted to the use of the voter.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in KRS 117.077, a qualified voter may apply to
cast his or her vote by mail-in absentee ballot if the completed application is
received not later than the close of business hours seven (7) days before the
election, and if the voter is:

- A resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS
   117A.010;
- 27
- 2. A student who temporarily resides outside the county of his or her

1			residence;
2		3.	Incarcerated in jail and charged with a crime, but has not been convicted
3			of the crime;
4		4.	Changing or has changed his or her place of residence to a different state
5			while the registration books are closed in the new state of residence
6			before an election of electors for President and Vice President of the
7			United States, in which case the voter shall be permitted to cast a mail-in
8			absentee ballot for electors for President and Vice President of the
9			United States only;
10		5.	Temporarily residing outside the state but still eligible to vote in this
11			state;
12		6.	Prevented from voting in person at the polls on election day and from
13			casting an in-person absentee ballot[ in the county clerk's office] on all
14			days in-person absentee voting is conducted because his or her
15			employment location requires him or her to be absent from the county of
16			his or her residence all hours and all days in-person absentee voting is
17			conducted [ in the county clerk's office];
18		7.	A participant in the Secretary of State's crime victim address
19			confidentiality protection program as authorized by KRS 14.312; or
20		8.	Not able to appear at the polls on election day or during the dates and
21			times in-person absentee voting is being conducted due to [on the
22			account of] age, disability, or illness, and who has not been declared
23			mentally disabled by a court of competent jurisdiction.
24 (	(b)	Resi	dents of Kentucky who are covered voters as defined in KRS 117A.010
25		may	apply for a mail-in absentee ballot by means of the federal post-card
26		appli	ication, which may be transmitted to the county clerk's office by mail, by
27		facsi	mile machine, or by means of the electronic transmission system

established under KRS 117A.030(4). The federal post-card application may be
used to register, reregister, and to apply for a mail-in absentee ballot. If the
federal post-card application is received at any time not less than seven (7)
days before the election, the county clerk shall affix his or her seal to the
application form upon receipt.

- 6 In-person absentee voting shall be conducted in the county clerk's office or (c) 7 other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the 8 State Board of Elections [ during normal business hours] for at least the six 9 (6)[twelve (12)] working days and two (2) Saturdays before the election. A 10 county board of elections may permit in-person absentee voting to be 11 conducted on a voting machine for a period longer than the six (6)[twelve 12 (12)] working days and two Saturdays before the election. In-person absentee voting shall begin at 8 a.m., and continue for be no less than seven 13 14 (7) hours, but no more than nine (9) hours each day in-person absentee 15 voting is being conducted.
- 16(d) A qualified voter may <u>choose</u>, at any time[<u>during normal business hours on</u>17those days] in-person absentee voting is conducted\_[<u>in the county clerk's</u>18office, make application in person to the county clerk] to vote on a voting19machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county20board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections, if the voter21provides proof of identification as defined in KRS 117.375 or meets the22requirements of KRS 117.228 and 117.229[, and the voter:
- Is a resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS
   117A.010, who will be absent from the county of his or her residence on
   any election day;
- 26 2. Is a student who temporarily resides outside the county of his or her
   27 residence;

1		3. Has surgery, or whose spouse has surgery, scheduled that will require
2		hospitalization on election day;
3		4. Temporarily resides outside the state, but is still eligible to vote in this
4		state and will be absent from the county of his or her residence on any
5		election day;
6		5. Is a resident of Kentucky who is a uniformed service voter as defined in
7		KRS 117A.010 confined to a military base on election day, learns of that
8		confinement within seven (7) days or less of an election, and is not
9		eligible for a mail-in absentee ballot under this subsection;
10		6. Is in her last trimester of pregnancy at the time she wishes to vote under
11		this paragraph. The application form for a voter under this subparagraph
12		shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections, which shall contain
13		the woman's sworn statement that she is in fact in her last trimester of
14		pregnancy at the time she wishes to vote;
15		7. Has not been declared mentally disabled by a court of competent
16		jurisdiction and, on account of age, disability, or illness, is not able to
17		appear at the polls on election day; or
18		8. Is not permitted to vote by a mail-in absentee ballot under paragraph (a)
19		of this subsection, but who will be absent from the county of his or her
20		residence on election day].
21	(e)	Voters who change their place of residence to a different state while the
22		registration books are closed in the new state of residence before a presidential
23		election shall be permitted to cast an in-person absentee ballot for President
24		and Vice President only[, by making application in person to the county clerk
25		to vote on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place
26		designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board
27		of Elections,] up to the close of normal business hours on the day before the

21 RS BR 1691

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primary or election.

2	(f)	[Any member of the county board of elections, any precinct election officer
3		appointed to serve in a precinct other than that in which he or she is registered,
4		any alternate precinct election officer, any deputy county clerk, any staff for
5		the State Board of Elections, and any staff for the county board of elections
6		may vote on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place
7		designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board
8		of Elections, up to the close of normal business hours on the day before the
9		election. The application form for those persons shall be prescribed by the
10		State Board of Elections and, in the case of application by precinct election
11		officers, shall contain a verification of appointment signed by a member of the
12		county board of elections. If an alternate precinct election officer or a precinct
13		election officer appointed to serve in a precinct other than that in which he or
14		she is registered receives his or her appointment while in person absentee
15		voting is being conducted in the county, the officer may vote on a voting
16		machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county
17		board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections, up to the
18		close of normal business hours on the day before the election. Precinct
19		election officers' verification of appointment shall also contain the date of
20		appointment. The applications shall be restricted to the use of the voter only.
21	<del>(g)</del>	
22		equal representation of both political parties may serve as precinct election
23		officers, without compensation, for all in-person absentee voting[ performed
24		on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by
25		the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections]. If
26		the members of the county board of elections or their designees serve as
27		precinct election officers for the in-person absentee voting, they shall perform

1 the same duties and exercise the same authority as precinct election officers 2 who serve on the day of an election. If the members of the county board of 3 elections or their designees do not serve as precinct election officers for in-4 person absentee voting, the county clerk or deputy county clerks shall 5 supervise the in-person absentee voting.

6 (g)[(h)] Any individual qualified to appoint challengers for the day of an election 7 may also appoint challengers to observe all in-person absentee voting 8 performed at the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county 9 board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections], and those 10 challengers may exercise the same privileges as challengers appointed for 11 observing voting on the day of <u>a primary or</u> an election[<u>at a regular polling</u> 12 place].

13 (2)The county clerk shall type the name of the voter permitted to vote by mail-in 14 absentee ballot on the mail-in absentee ballot application form for that person's use 15 and no other. The mail-in absentee ballot application form shall be in the form 16 prescribed by the State Board of Elections, which shall include the voter affirmation 17 form as prescribed in KRS 117.228(1)(c), shall bear the seal of the county clerk, and 18 shall contain the following information: name, residential address, precinct, party 19 affiliation, statement of the reason the person cannot vote in person on election day 20 or during the dates and time in-person absentee voting is being conducted, 21 statement of where the voter shall be on election day or during the dates and times 22 in-person absentee voting is being conducted, statement of compliance with 23 residency requirements for voting in the precinct, an instructional statement 24 prescribing the requirements for providing a copy of the voter's proof of 25 identification or voter affirmation when applicable, and the voter's mailing address 26 for a mail-in absentee ballot. The mail-in absentee ballot application form shall be 27 verified and signed by the voter, and the voter shall provide a copy of his or her

proof of identification, as defined in KRS 117.375, or the executed voter
affirmation as described in KRS 117.228(1)(c). A notice of the actual penalty
provisions in KRS 117.995(2) and (5) shall be printed on the mail-in absentee ballot
application form.

(3) (a) If the county clerk finds that the voter is properly registered as stated in his or
her mail-in absentee ballot application form and qualifies to receive a mail-in
absentee ballot[ by mail], he or she shall mail to the voter a mail-in absentee
ballot, two (2) official envelopes for returning the mail-in absentee ballot, and
instructions for voting.

10 The county clerk shall complete a postal form for a certificate of mailing for (b) 11 mail-in absentee ballots mailed within the fifty (50) states, and it shall be 12 stamped by the postal service when the mail-in absentee ballots are mailed. A 13 mail-in absentee ballot may be transmitted by facsimile machine or by the 14 electronic transmission system established under KRS 117A.030(4) to a 15 covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010. The covered voter shall be 16 notified of the options for transmittal of the mail-in absentee ballot, and the 17 mail-in absentee ballot shall be transmitted by the method chosen for receipt 18 by the resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter.

(4) Mail-in absentee ballots which are requested prior to the printing of the mail-in absentee ballots shall be mailed or otherwise transmitted as provided in subsection
(3) of this section by the county clerk to the voter within three (3) days of the receipt of the printed ballots. Mail-in absentee ballots requested after the receipt of the ballots by the county clerk shall be mailed or otherwise transmitted as provided in subsection (3) of this section to the voter within three (3) days of the receipt of the subsection (3) of this section to the voter within three (3) days of the receipt of the request.

26 (5) The county clerk shall cause mail-in absentee ballots to be printed:

27 (a) Fifty (50) days prior to each primary or regular election; [, and ]

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- (b) Forty-five (45) days prior to a special election; and
- (c) Fifteen (15) days prior to a runoff primary.
- 3 The *mail-in absentee ballot* outer envelope shall bear the words "Absentee Ballot" (6) 4 and the address and official title of the county clerk and shall provide space for the voter's signature, voting address, precinct number, and signatures of two (2) 5 6 witnesses if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's 7 signature. A detachable flap on the secrecy envelope shall provide space for the 8 voter's signature, voting address, precinct number, signatures of two (2) witnesses if 9 the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature and 10 notice of penalty provided in KRS 117.995(5). The county clerk shall type the 11 voter's address and precinct number in the upper left hand corner of the outer 12 envelope and of the detachable flap on the secrecy envelope immediately below the 13 blank space for the voter's signature. The secrecy envelope shall be blank. The 14 county clerk shall retain the voter's mail-in ballot application form, which shall 15 include the photographed copy of the voter's proof of identification or the voter 16 affirmation as prescribed by KRS 117.228(1)(c), and the postal form required by 17 subsection (3) of this section for twenty-two (22) months after the primary or 18 election.
- 19 (7)*Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section*, any person who has received a 20 mail-in absentee ballot by mail but who knows at least seven (7) days before the date of the election that he or she will be in his or her county of residence on 21 22 election day and] who has not voted pursuant to the mail-in absentee ballot 23 provisions of KRS 117.086, and who elects to vote in person on election day or 24 during the times in-person absentee voting is being conducted, shall cancel his or 25 her mail-in absentee ballot and vote in person. The voter shall return the mail-in 26 absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before the day the voter votes in-27 *person, but* no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of the election. Upon the

return of the mail-in absentee ballot, the county clerk shall mark on the outer
envelope of the sealed ballot or the unmarked ballot the words "Canceled because
voter appeared to vote in person." Sealed envelopes so marked shall not be opened.
The county clerk shall remove the voter's name from the list of persons who were
sent mail-in absentee ballots, and the voter may vote *in-person absentee* in the
precinct in which he or she is properly registered.

7 Any voter qualified for a mail-in absentee ballot who does not receive a requested (8) 8 mail-in absentee ballot within a reasonable amount of time shall contact the county 9 clerk, who shall reissue a second mail-in absentee ballot. The county clerk shall 10 keep a record of the mail-in absentee ballots issued and returned by mail, the in-11 person absentee voting and federal in-person provisional absentee voting that is 12 performed on the voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place 13 designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of 14 Elections,] to verify that only the first voted ballot to be returned by the voter is 15 counted. Upon the return of any mail-in absentee ballot after the first mail-in 16 absentee ballot is returned, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the 17 sealed ballot the words "Canceled because ballot reissued."

18 (9) Any covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010 who has received a mail-in 19 absentee ballot but who knows that he or she will be in the county on election day or during the dates and times in-person absentee voting is being conducted, and 20 21 who has not voted pursuant to the provisions of KRS 117.086, shall cancel his or 22 her mail-in absentee ballot and vote in person. The voter shall return the mail-in 23 absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before the day the voter votes in 24 *person*[election day]. Upon the return of the mail-in absentee ballot, the county 25 clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed mail-in absentee ballot or the 26 unmarked mail-in absentee ballot the words "Canceled because voter appeared to 27 vote in person." Sealed envelopes so marked shall not be opened. If the covered

21 RS BR 1691

voter is unable to return the mail-in absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before <u>the day the voter</u>[election day, at the time he or she] votes in person, he or she shall sign a written oath as to his or her qualifications on the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections pursuant to KRS 117.245. The county clerk shall remove the voter's name from the list of persons who were sent mail-in absentee ballots <u>and[,]</u> provide the voter with written authorization to vote[<u>at the precinct</u>, and the voter may vote in the precinct in which he or she is properly registered].

8 (10) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 9 61.884, the information contained in an application for a mail-in absentee ballot 10 shall not be made public until after the close of business hours on the election day 11 for which the application applies. This subsection shall not prohibit at any time the 12 disclosure, upon request, of the total number of applications for mail-in absentee 13 ballots that have been filed, or the disclosure to the Secretary of State or the State 14 Board of Elections, if requested or if otherwise required by law, of any information 15 in an application for a mail-in absentee ballot.

16 → Section 5. KRS 117.066 is amended to read as follows:

17 In the case of a precinct comprised of a small number of registered voters, the (1)18 county board of elections may, pursuant to KRS 117.055, utilize the facilities of 19 another precinct as a voting location. Additionally, the county board of elections 20 may petition the State Board of Elections to allow the precinct election officers of 21 the larger precinct to serve as precinct election officers for the precinct that is the 22 subject of the petition. The petition shall designate both the smaller precinct and the 23 larger precinct with which it is to be included, the type of voting machine or 24 machines to be used, and whether supplemental paper ballots are to be used. The 25 petition shall contain a full explanation of the reasons why inclusion is desirable.

26 (2) If the petition submitted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section is approved by the
27 State Board of Elections, the election shall be conducted according to the following

21 RS BR 1691

- 1 provisions:
- 2 (a) One voting machine may be utilized for both precincts if the State Board of 3 Elections certifies that separate ballots may be placed upon the voting 4 machine to be used without endangering the integrity of the ballots or without 5 violating any other election law. Otherwise, separate voting machines shall be 6 used for each precinct. In the instance of a precinct which has a small number 7 of voters such that the use of a separate voting machine would be cost-8 prohibitive, the county clerk may make application to the State Board of 9 Elections to use supplemental paper ballots under KRS 118.215 to conduct the 10 voting for the small precinct on election day. If the use of supplemental paper 11 ballots is approved by the State Board of Elections, at the close of voting on 12 election day, the locked supplemental paper ballot box shall be transported to 13 the county board of elections along with the federal provisional ballot 14 receptacle, and ballots shall be counted by the county board of elections as 15 provided by subsections 11 to 15 of Section 10 of this Act[KRS 117.275(10) 16 to (14)];
- 17 (b) Separate precinct voter rosters shall be maintained for each precinct, and steps
  18 shall be taken to insure that voters cast their ballot in their duly authorized
  19 precinct; and
- 20 (c) A separate set of elections forms and reports required by this chapter and the
  21 State Board of Elections shall be maintained for each precinct.

22 → Section 6. KRS 117.086 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) The voter returning his or her absentee ballot by mail shall mark his or her
  ballot, seal it in the secrecy envelope, and then seal the outer envelope, and
  mail it to the county clerk as provided in this chapter.
- (b) The voter shall sign the detachable flap and the outer envelope in order to
  validate the ballot. A person having power of attorney for the voter and who

21 RS BR 1691

1 signs the detachable flap and outer envelope for the voter shall complete the 2 voter assistance form as required by KRS 117.255. The signatures of two (2) 3 witnesses are required if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark 4 instead of the voter's signature. A resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter 5 as defined in KRS 117A.010 who has received an absentee ballot transmitted 6 by facsimile machine or by means of the electronic transmission system 7 established under KRS 117A.030(4) shall transmit the voted ballot to the 8 county clerk by mail only, conforming with ballot security requirements that 9 may be promulgated by the State Board of Elections by administrative 10 regulation under KRS Chapter 13A. In order to be counted, the ballots shall be 11 received by the county clerk by at least the time established by the election 12 laws generally for the closing of the polls, which time shall not include the 13 extra hour during which those voters may vote who were waiting in line to 14 vote at the scheduled poll closing time.

15 (2)[Any voter who shall be absent from the county on election day, but who does not 16 qualify to receive a mail-in absentee ballot under the provisions of KRS 117.085, 17 and All voters qualified to vote *in-person absentee* prior to the election under the 18 provisions of KRS 117.085, shall vote at the main office of the county clerk or other 19 place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board 20 of Elections, prior to the day of election. The county clerk may provide for such 21 voting by the voting equipment in general use in the county<del>[ either at the precinct,</del> 22 the equipment as may be used to tabulate absentee ballots,] or any other voting 23 equipment approved by the State Board of Elections for use in Kentucky, except as 24 follows:

(a) Any voter qualifying to vote[<u>in the county clerk's office or other place</u>
 designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board
 of Elections,] who receives assistance to vote shall complete the voter

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assistance form required by KRS 117.255;

- (b) Any voter qualifying to vote[<u>in the county clerk's office or other place</u>
  designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board
  of Elections,] whose qualifications are challenged on grounds other than
  inability to provide proof of identification by any clerk or deputy shall
  complete an "Oath of Voter" affidavit; and
- (c) Any voter qualifying to vote[<u>in the county clerk's office or other place</u>
  designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board
  of Elections,] who is unable to provide proof of identification as defined in
  KRS 117.375, may cast an in-person absentee ballot or federal provisional inperson absentee ballot in accordance with KRS 117.228 or 117.229.
- When the county clerk uses general voting equipment as provided for in subsection
   (2) of this section, each voter casting his <u>or her</u> vote[ at the county clerk's office or
   other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State
   Board of Elections,] shall sign an "<u>In-Person</u> Absentee Ballot Signature Roster."
- 16 (4) The county clerk shall designate a location within his or her office where the *in*-17 *person absentee* ballots shall be cast secretly. The county clerk, with the approval 18 of the State Board of Elections, may establish locations other than his or her main 19 office in which the voters may execute their *in-person absentee* ballots. Public notice of the locations shall be given pursuant to KRS Chapter 424, and similar 20 21 notice by mail shall be given to the county chairs of the two (2) political parties 22 whose candidates polled the largest number of votes in the county at the last regular 23 election.

# (5) The State Board of Elections shall promulgate administrative regulations under KRS Chapter 13A to provide for casting ballots in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

(6) The county clerk shall deposit all of the mail-in absentee ballots in a locked ballot

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1		box immediately upon receipt without opening the outer envelope. The ballot box
2		shall be locked with three (3) locks. The keys to the box shall be retained by the
3		three (3) members of the central absentee ballot counting board, if one is appointed,
4		or by the members of the board of elections, and the box shall remain locked until
5		the ballots are counted. All voting equipment on which ballots are cast as permitted
6		in subsection (2) of this section shall also remain locked and the keys shall be
7		retained by the three (3) members of the central absentee ballot counting board, if
8		one is appointed, or by the members of the board of elections, and the equipment
9		shall remain locked until the ballots are counted.
10	(7)	The county clerk shall keep separate lists for each election of all persons who:
11		(a) Return their absentee ballots by mail;
12		(b) Cast their <u>absentee</u> ballots <u>in-person</u> [in the county clerk's office or other place
13		designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board
14		of Elections]; and
15		(c) Cast their federal provisional in-person absentee ballots under subsection
16		(2)(c) of this section.
17		The county clerk shall send a copy of each list to the State Board of Elections after
18		any primary or election day. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Kentucky Open
19		Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, each list of all persons who return their
20		absentee ballots by mail or who cast their <i>in-person absentee</i> ballots {in the clerk's
21		office or other designated and approved place] shall not be made public until after
22		the close of business hours on the primary or election day for which the list applies.
23		The county clerk and the Secretary of State shall keep a record of the number of
24		votes cast by each method listed in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, which
25		are cast in any primary or election as a part of the official returns of the primary or
26		election.

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The county board of elections shall report to the State Board of Elections within ten (8)

(10) days after any primary or regular election as to the number of rejected absentee
 ballots, including rejected mail-in absentee ballots and ballots cast under subsection
 (2) of this section, and the reasons for rejecting the ballots on a form prescribed and
 furnished by the State Board of Elections in administrative regulations promulgated
 under KRS Chapter 13A.

6  $\rightarrow$  Section 7. KRS 117.087 is amended to read as follows:

7 (1) The challenge of an absentee ballot returned by mail shall be in writing and in the
8 hands of the county clerk before 8 a.m. on election day.

9 (2)The county board of elections shall count the absentee ballots returned by mail and 10 the *in-person absentee* votes cast on the voting machine in the county clerk's office 11 or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State 12 Board of Elections]. Federal provisional in-person absentee ballots shall be 13 processed in accordance with KRS 117.229. The board may appoint a central ballot 14 counting board of not less than three (3) members, who shall be qualified voters and 15 no more than two-thirds (2/3) of whom shall be members of the same political 16 party, to count the ballots at the direction of the county board of elections.

17 Beginning at 8 a.m. on election day, the board shall meet at the county clerk's office (3) 18 to count the absentee ballots returned by mail and the *in-person absentee* ballots 19 cast on the voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections]. 20 21 Candidates or their representatives shall be permitted to be present. The county 22 board of elections shall authorize representatives of the news media to observe the 23 counting of the ballots. The board shall open the boxes containing absentee ballots 24 returned by mail and remove the envelopes one (1) at a time. As each envelope is 25 removed, it shall be examined to ascertain whether the outer envelope and the 26 detachable flap are in proper order and have been signed by the voter. A person 27 having power of attorney for the voter and who signs the detachable flap and outer

21 RS BR 1691

1 envelope for the voter shall complete the voter assistance form required by KRS 2 117.255. The signatures of two (2) witnesses are required if the voter signs the form 3 with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature. All unsigned mail-in 4 absentee ballots shall be rejected automatically. The chair of the county board of 5 elections shall compare the signatures on the outer envelope, the detachable flap 6 with the signature of the voter that appears on the registration card. If the outer 7 envelope and the detachable flap are found to be in order, the chair shall read aloud 8 the name of the voter. If the vote of the voter is not rejected on a challenge then 9 made as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the chair shall remove the 10 detachable flap and place the secrecy envelope unopened in a ballot box which has 11 been provided for the purpose.

12 (4)When the name of a voter who cast a mail-in absentee ballot is read aloud by the 13 chair, the vote of the voter may be challenged by any board member or by the 14 written challenge provided in subsection (1) of this section and the challenge may 15 be determined and the vote accepted or rejected by the board as if the voter was 16 present and voting in person; but if the outer envelope and the detachable flap are 17 regular, and each substantially comply with the provisions of this chapter, they shall 18 be considered as showing that the voter is prima facie entitled to vote. If the vote of 19 a voter is rejected pursuant to the challenge, the secrecy envelope shall not be 20 opened, but returned to the outer envelope upon which the chair shall write on the 21 envelope the word "rejected."

After the challenges have been made and all the blank secrecy envelopes have been
placed in a ballot box, the box shall be thoroughly shaken to redistribute the
absentee ballots in the box. The board shall open the ballot box, remove the
absentee ballots from the secrecy envelopes, and count the ballots.

26 (6) The board shall unlock any voting equipment used to cast *in-person absentee* 27 ballots[ in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of

Page 17 of 68

1		elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections,] as provided for in KRS
2		117.086, and a total of all <i>in-person absentee</i> ballots shall be made and recorded on
3		the form provided by the State Board of Elections.
4	(7)	The county board of elections, the county clerk, and all individuals permitted to be
5		present for the counting of absentee ballots pursuant to subsection (2) of this section
6		shall not make public the absentee ballot results determined as provided in this
7		section until after 6 p.m. prevailing time.
8		Section 8. KRS 117.088 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1)	For purposes of this section, "blind or visually impaired individual" means an
10		individual who:
11		(a) Has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with correcting lenses or
12		has a limited field of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field
13		subtends an angle no greater than twenty (20) degrees;
14		(b) Has a medically indicated expectation of visual deterioration;
15		(c) Has a medically diagnosed limitation in visual functioning that restricts the
16		individual's ability to read and write standard print at levels expected of
17		individuals of comparable ability;
18		(d) Has been certified as requiring permanent assistance to vote under KRS
19		117.255(5) for reason of blindness; or
20		(e) Qualifies to receive assistance to vote under KRS 117.255(2) for reason of
21		blindness.
22	(2)	For purposes of this section, "pilot program" means a program in a county
23		containing a consolidated local government or containing a city of the first class for
24		unassisted voting by blind or visually impaired individuals.
25	(3)	A county board of elections in a county containing a consolidated local government
26		or containing a city of the first class may establish a pilot program. As part of this
27		pilot program, the State Board of Elections shall approve the use of voting

equipment under KRS 117.379 that is designed to permit blind and visually
 impaired individuals to vote without assistance, for use beginning in the 2002
 *regular*[general] election. No county board of elections in a county containing a
 consolidated local government or containing a city of the first class shall be required
 to operate a pilot program.

6 (4) The State Board of Elections, if it approves the voting equipment under KRS
7 117.379, may approve the use of voting equipment designed to permit blind and
8 visually impaired individuals to vote without assistance in as many locations within
9 a county containing a consolidated local government or containing a city of the first
10 class as are designated by the county board of elections.

11 (5) A county board of elections in a county containing a consolidated local government
12 or containing a city of the first class shall provide a report to the State Board of
13 Elections after every primary or <u>regular[general]</u> election regarding the number of
14 blind or visually impaired individuals that have utilized the voting equipment
15 during the pilot program.

16 (6)Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 116.025, or any other statute to the 17 contrary, a blind or visually impaired voter residing in a county containing a 18 consolidated local government or containing a city of the first class that is operating 19 a pilot program shall be permitted to vote at a location outside the precinct of his or 20 her registration by voting at a location within the county of his or her registration on 21 a voting machine designed to permit blind or visually impaired individuals to vote 22 without assistance, which may include voting at the county clerk's office, or other 23 place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board 24 of Elections.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 117.085, 117.086, or 117.0863 or any other
 statute to the contrary, a blind or visually impaired individual residing in a county
 containing a consolidated local government or containing a city of the first class that

Page 19 of 68

21 RS BR 1691

1 is operating a pilot program shall be permitted to vote in the location within the 2 county of his or her registration as provided under subsection (6) of this section, on 3 a voting machine designed to permit blind or visually impaired individuals to vote 4 without assistance, at any time during which absentee voting is conducted in the 5 elerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections during 6 normal business hours] on at least any of the six (6)[twelve (12)] working days and 7 two (2) Saturdays before the election, and the county board of elections may permit 8 the voting to be conducted on a voting machine for a period longer than the six 9 (6)[twelve (12)] working days and two (2) Saturdays, before the election prescribed 10 above. An application for those blind or visually impaired individuals wishing to 11 vote on a voting machine approved for use by blind or visually impaired individuals 12 shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections and shall include the individual's 13 sworn statement that the individual is blind or visually impaired.

14 (8) Notwithstanding the requirements of KRS 117.381, or any other statute to the
15 contrary, the State Board of Elections may certify, as a part of the pilot project of a
16 county containing a consolidated local government or containing a city of the first
17 class, voting equipment which utilizes audio recordings, voice-activated technology,
18 or vocal recognition technology to record a vote, and may require such
19 accommodations as would permit a blind or visually impaired voter to cast a vote in
20 secret.

(9) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 117.255, a blind or visually impaired voter
residing in a county containing a consolidated local government or containing a city
of the first class that is operating a pilot project may cast his or her vote alone and
without assistance on a voting machine approved for use by blind or visually
impaired individuals. However, the blind or visually impaired voter shall be
instructed by the officers of election, with the aid of the instruction cards and the
model, in the use of the machine, if the voter so requests.

Page 20 of 68

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- (10) Nothing in this section shall impair the right of any qualified voter under KRS 117.255 to receive assistance and vote according to the procedures specified in that section.
- Section 9. KRS 117.145 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 (1)At least *forty-five*[fifteen (15)] days before any special election,[ and] at least fifty 6 (50) days before *the day of* any primary or regular election, *and fifteen (15) days* 7 before any runoff primary, the county clerk of each county shall cause to be printed 8 and ready for use ballot labels for each candidate who, and each question which, is 9 entitled to be voted upon in such election. The ballot labels shall be printed on clear 10 white paper or other material which shall be furnished by the printer. They shall be 11 printed in black ink, in plain, clear type clearly legible to a person with normal 12 vision, and shall be of a size to fit the ballot frames. The labels shall include the 13 necessary party designations.
- 14 (2)Each county clerk shall have printed a sufficient number of *mail-in*[paper] absentee 15 ballots, voter affirmations, and election official affirmations. [ The voter affirmation, 16 if applicable, and the absentee ballot shall be used for voting by absent voters; by 17 precinct officers who have been assigned to a precinct other than their own; by 18 members of a county board of elections; by voters so disabled by age, infirmity, or 19 illness as to be unable to appear at the polls; and for voting in an emergency 20 situation.] The ballot stubs shall be consecutively numbered and the county board 21 shall keep a record, by number, of all *mail-in* absentee ballots *issued*[used for any 22 of the purposes listed in this subsection].
- (3) Each county clerk shall have printed a sufficient number of federal provisional
  ballots, which, except for the candidates listed, shall have the same form as the
  absentee ballots. A federal provisional ballot shall indicate that the ballot is a
  federal provisional ballot. The federal provisional ballot stubs shall be
  consecutively numbered, and the county board of elections shall keep a record, by

- number, of all federal provisional ballots used for votes cast by provisional voters in
   federal elections.
- (4) No later than the Friday preceding a special or regular election, the county clerk
  shall equip the voting machines with the necessary supplies for the purpose of
  write-in votes. The county clerk shall also attach a pencil or pen to the voting
  machine for write-in purposes. *The county clerk shall equip the in-person absentee voting machine with the necessary supplies, including attaching a pencil or pen to the voting machine for the purpose of write-in votes, at least five (5)*days before the in-person absentee voting begins.
- 10 (5) If supplemental paper ballots have been approved as provided in KRS 118.215, the
  11 county clerk shall cause to be printed a sufficient number of paper ballots for the
  12 registered voters of each precinct. The paper ballots shall have stubs which are
  13 numbered consecutively. The quality of paper on which the supplemental paper
  14 ballots are printed shall be determined by administrative regulations promulgated
  15 under KRS Chapter 13A by the secretary of the Finance and Administration
  16 Cabinet.

17 → Section 10. KRS 117.275 is amended to read as follows:

18 (1) At the count of the votes in any precinct, any candidate or slate of candidates and
any representatives to witness and check the count of the votes therein, who are
authorized to be appointed as is provided in subsection (9) of this section, shall be
admitted and be permitted to be present and witness the count.

- (2) As soon as the polls are closed, and the last voter has voted, the judges shall
  immediately lock and seal the voting equipment so that the voting and counting
  mechanism will be prevented from operation, and they shall sign a certificate
  stating:
- 26 (a) That the voting equipment has been locked against voting and sealed;
- 27 (b) The number of voters, as shown on the public counters;

1		(c)	The number registered on the protective or accumulative counter or device, if
2			any; and
3		(d)	The number or other designation of the voting equipment, which certificate
4			shall be returned by the judges of election to the officials authorized by law to
5			receive it. The judges shall compare the number of voters, as shown by the
6			counter of the voting equipment, with the number of those who have voted as
7			shown by the protective or accumulative counter or device, if any.
8	(3)	Whe	ere voting equipment is used which does not print the candidates' names along
9		with	the total votes received on a general return sheet or record for that equipment,
10		the j	procedure to be followed shall be as follows:
11		(a)	The judges, in the presence of the representatives mentioned in subsection (1)
12			of this section, if any, and of all other persons who may be lawfully within the
13			polling place, shall give full view of all the counter numbers;
14		(b)	The judges shall enter, in ink, the total votes cast for each candidate, and slate
15			of candidates, and for and against each question on the return sheets; and
16		(c)	Each precinct election officer shall sign the return sheets, and a copy of the
17			return sheets shall be posted on the precinct door.
18	(4)	Whe	ere voting equipment is used that prints the candidates' names along with the
19		total	l votes received on a return sheet or record for that equipment, the precinct
20		elec	tion officers shall sign the return sheets or record for the voting equipment,
21		whie	ch shall be posted on the door of the precinct.
22	(5)	If ar	ny officer shall decline to sign the return sheets, he or she shall state the reason
23		in v	writing, and a copy thereof, signed by the officer, shall be enclosed with the
24		retu	rn sheets.
25	(6)	Eacl	h of the return sheets, if applicable, and the record of the voting equipment shall
26		be e	inclosed in an envelope. One (1) copy of the return sheets, if applicable, one (1)
27		copy	y of the record of the voting equipment, and the write-in roll, if any write-in

Page 23 of 68

21 RS BR 1691

1 votes were cast in the precinct, shall be directed to the county board of elections of 2 the county in which the election is being held. One (1) copy of the return sheets or 3 record of the voting equipment shall be given to the county clerk of the county in 4 which the election is being held and to each of the local governing bodies of the two 5 (2) dominant political parties, but a local governing body of a dominant political 6 party may decline a copy of the precinct election return by filing a written 7 declination with the county board of elections prior to the election, and upon this 8 declination, a printed copy shall not be issued to the political party so declining. The 9 declination on file shall be effective for that election and any subsequent elections 10 until revoked by the local governing body of a dominant political party by filing a 11 written revocation with the county board of elections. The envelope shall have 12 endorsed thereon a certificate of the election officers, stating the number of the 13 machine, the precinct where it has been used, the number on the seal, and the 14 number on the protective or accumulative counter or device at the close of the polls. 15 Following the tabulation of all votes cast in the election, including absentee votes (7)16 and write-in votes, the county board shall mail a copy of the precinct-by-precinct 17 summary of the tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct to the State 18 Board of Elections and the county clerk shall mail or deliver the precinct signature 19 rosters from each precinct to the State Board of Elections during the period 20 established by KRS 117.355(3). 21 In a primary where each party's slates of candidates seeking the nomination of (8)

- 22 their parties for Governor and Lieutenant Governor are voted on, the Secretary of
   23 State, upon receiving the certified results of voting from each county's precincts,
- 24 <u>shall determine whether a runoff primary shall be necessary for either or both</u>
- 25 *parties pursuant to KRS 118.425. The Secretary of State shall, within twenty four*
- 26 (24) hours of making his or her determination, inform the affected slates of
- 27 <u>candidates, the county clerks, the county boards of elections, the State Board of</u>

1Elections, the Registry of Election Finance, and the news media of his or her2determination, and the date of the runoff primary, which shall be subject to3change pursuant to Section 13 of this Act if an election contest or vote recount4shall be requested.

5 (9) As soon as possible after the completion of the count, the two (2) judges shall return 6 to the county board of elections the keys to the voting machine received and 7 receipted for by them, and the county clerk in which the precinct is located shall 8 have the voting machine properly boxed or securely covered and removed to a 9 proper and secure place of storage.

10 (10)[(9)] In primaries, each candidate or group of candidates may designate to the 11 county board of elections a representative to witness and check the vote count. In 12 regular elections, the governing authority of each political party, each candidate for 13 member of board of education, nonpartisan candidate, independent candidate, or 14 independent ticket may designate a representative to the county board of elections to 15 witness and check the vote count. The county board of elections shall authorize 16 representatives of the news media to witness the vote count.

17 (11) [(10)] For all federal provisional ballots, if applicable, and supplemental paper 18 ballots if approved as provided in KRS 118.215, after the polls are closed, the two 19 (2) judges shall return to the county clerk's office the locked federal provisional 20 ballot receptacle and the supplemental paper ballot box, all ballot stubs, spoiled 21 ballots, and unvoted ballots at the same time as the tabulation of votes from the 22 voting machine is delivered. The county clerk shall issue a receipt for the number of 23 ballot stubs, unvoted ballots, spoiled ballots, and the ballot boxes or ballot 24 receptacle.

(12)[(11)] The county board of elections, or its designee, shall count and tally the
 supplemental paper ballots manually or with the use of tabulating equipment which
 does not involve an additional voting system. The results of the vote tally shall be

Page 25 of 68

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certified by the county board of elections to the county clerk and to the Secretary of State.

(13)[(12)] The county board of elections shall tabulate the valid federal provisional
 ballots. The results of the vote tally shall be certified by the county board of
 elections to the county clerk and to the Secretary of State. The county board shall
 mail a copy of the precinct-by-precinct summary of the valid federal provisional
 ballot tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct to the State Board of
 Elections.

9 (<u>14)</u>[(13)] The county board of elections shall authorize the candidates, slates of
 10 candidates, or their representatives, and representatives of the news media to be
 11 present during the counting of the supplemental and federal provisional paper
 12 ballots.

13 (15) [(14)] Except as otherwise required in this chapter that certain records and papers 14 relating to specified elections be retained for twenty-two (22) months, the county 15 clerk shall retain the voted federal provisional ballots, voter affirmations, election 16 official affirmations, and the supplemental paper ballots for twenty-two (22) months 17 and the unvoted federal provisional ballots, the voter affirmations, election official 18 affirmations, and the supplemental paper ballots for sixty (60) days after each 19 election day, after which time they shall be destroyed in a manner to render them 20 unreadable by the county board of elections if no contest or recount action has been 21 filed.

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Section 11. KRS 117.295 is amended to read as follows:  $\blacksquare$ 

(1) For a period of ten (10) days following any primary election, and for a period of
thirty (30) days following any general or special election, the voting machine shall
remain locked against voting and the ballot boxes containing all paper ballots shall
remain locked, except that the voting machines and the ballot boxes may be opened
and all the data and figures therein examined, upon the order of any court of

1 competent jurisdiction, or judge thereof, or by direction of any legislative 2 committee authorized and empowered to investigate and report upon contested 3 elections, and all the data and figures shall be examined by the court, judge, or 4 committee in the presence of the officer having the custody of the machine and ballot boxes. In the event of a contest of election, the court in which the contest is 5 6 pending or the committee before which the contest is being heard may, upon motion 7 of any party to the contest, issue an order requiring that the voting machines and 8 ballot boxes shall remain continuously locked for further time as may be reasonable 9 or necessary, with due regard for the preparation of the machines for a succeeding 10 primary, regular, or special election, but in no event shall the order compel that the 11 machines remain locked to a time within thirty (30) days next preceding any 12 approaching primary, *runoff primary*, regular, or special election.

13 (2) During the period when the machine and the ballot boxes are required to be kept
14 locked, the keys thereto shall remain in the possession of the county board of
15 elections. After that period, it shall be the duty of the county board of elections to
16 return the keys to the custody of the county clerk.

17 → SECTION 12. A NEW SECTION OF ARTICLE 025 OF KRS CHAPTER 118
18 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

19 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the word "election"

- 20 means any primary, runoff primary, regular election, or special election.
- →Section 13. KRS 118.025 is amended to read as follows:

22 (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, voting in all primaries and elections shall be
23 by secret ballot on voting machines.

(2) The general laws applying to primaries, <u>*runoff primary*</u>, regular, and special elections shall apply to primaries, regular, and special elections conducted with the use of voting machines, and all provisions of the general laws applying to the custody of ballot boxes shall apply, as far as applicable, to the custody of the voting

1		machine.
2	(3)	Primaries for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at the next regular
3		election shall be held on the last[first] Tuesday[ after the third Monday] in
4		<u>June[May]</u> of each year.
5	(4)	The election of all officers of all governmental units shall be held on the first
6		Tuesday after the first Monday in November.
7	(5)	If the law authorizes the calling of a special election on a day other than the day of
8		the regular election in November, the election shall be held on a Tuesday.
9	(6)	If the law requires that a special election be held within a period of time during
10		which the voting machines must be locked as required by KRS 117.295, the special
11		election shall be held on the fourth Tuesday following the expiration of the period
12		during which the voting machines are locked.
13	<u>(7)</u>	A runoff primary shall be held thirty-five (35) days after the date of the June
14		primary, if it shall be necessary, pursuant to Section 19 of this Act. If the date to
15		hold the runoff primary falls on a holiday, the runoff primary shall be held on
16		the succeeding Tuesday. If either a primary is contested or a recount of the votes
17		cast in a primary is requested, a runoff primary shall be held on the first Tuesday
18		following the thirty-fifth day at the conclusion of any contest proceeding or
19		recount, unless that date falls on a holiday; in that case, a runoff primary shall
20		be held on the succeeding Tuesday.
21		Section 14. KRS 118.035 is amended to read as follows:
22	(1)	The polls shall be opened on the day of a primary, <i><u>runoff primary</u></i> , special election,
23		or regular election at 6 a.m., prevailing time, and shall remain open until each voter
24		who is waiting in line at the polls at $\underline{Z[6]}$ p.m., prevailing time, has voted. At $\underline{Z[6]}$
25		p.m., prevailing time, if voters are waiting at the polls to vote, the precinct election

sheriff shall announce that a voter wishing to vote must immediately get in line.When all voters waiting at the polls at that time are in line, the precinct election

21 RS BR 1691

1 sheriff shall then determine which voter is the last in line, and that voter shall be the 2 last voter permitted to vote. The precinct election sheriff shall wait in line with the 3 last voter who shall be permitted to vote until that voter has voted and shall inform 4 a voter who subsequently arrives at the polls that no one shall be permitted to vote 5 after the last voter in line at  $\underline{Z[6]}$  p.m., prevailing time. After the last voter waiting 6 in line at  $\underline{Z[6]}$  p.m., prevailing time, has voted, the polls shall then be closed.

7 As provided in Section 148 of the Constitution of Kentucky, any person entitled to a (2)8 vote at any election in this state shall, if he *or she* has made application for leave 9 prior to the day he *or she* appears before the county clerk to request an application 10 for or to execute an absentee ballot, be entitled to absent himself or herself from 11 any services or employment in which he or she is then engaged or employed for a 12 reasonable time, but not less than four (4) hours on the day he or she appears before the county clerk to request an application for a mail-in absentee ballot or to 13 14 execute an *in-person* absentee ballot *during the in-person absentee voting period*, 15 during normal business hours of the office of the clerk] or to cast his ballot or on 16 the day of the election between the time of opening and closing the polls. The 17 employer may specify the hours during which an employee may absent himself or 18 herself.

(3) No person shall be penalized for taking a reasonable time off to vote, unless, under
circumstances which did not prohibit him <u>or her</u> from voting, he <u>or she</u> fails to
vote. Any qualified voter who exercises his <u>or her</u> right to voting leave under this
section but fails to cast his <u>or her</u> vote, under circumstances which did not prohibit
him <u>or her</u> from voting, may be subject to disciplinary action.

(4) Any person selected to serve as an election officer shall be entitled to absent himself
 *or herself* from any services or employment in which he *or she* is then engaged or
 employed for a period of an entire day to attend training or to serve as an election
 officer. The person shall not, because of so absenting himself *or herself*, be liable to

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any penalty. The employer may specify the hours during which the employee may
 absent himself *herself*. No person shall refuse an employee the privilege hereby
 conferred, or discharge or threaten to discharge an employee or subject an employee
 to a penalty, because of the exercise of the privilege.

 $\rightarrow$  Section 15. KRS 118.215 is amended to read as follows:

6 After the order of the names has been determined as provided in KRS 118.225, the (1)7 Secretary of State shall certify, to the county clerks of the respective counties 8 entitled to participate in the nomination or election of the respective candidates, the 9 name, place of residence, and party of each candidate or slate of candidates for each 10 office, as specified in the nomination papers or certificates and petitions of 11 nomination filed with him or her, and shall designate the device with which the 12 candidate groups, slates of candidates, or lists of candidates of each party shall be 13 printed, in the order in which they are to appear on the ballot, with precedence to be 14 given to the party that polled the highest number of votes at the preceding election 15 for presidential electors, followed by the political party which received the second 16 highest number of votes, with the order of any other political parties and 17 independents to be determined by lot. Candidates for county offices and local state 18 offices shall be listed in the following order: Commonwealth's attorney, circuit 19 clerk, property valuation administrator, county judge/executive, county attorney, 20 county clerk, sheriff, jailer, county commissioner, coroner, justice of the peace, and 21 constable. The names of candidates for President and Vice President shall be 22 certified in lieu of certifying the names of the candidates for presidential electors. 23 The names shall be certified as follows:

(a) Not later than the second Monday after the filing deadline for the primary as
established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060;

- 26 (b) *Not less than twenty-five (25) days before a runoff primary;*
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Page 30 of 68

Not later than the second Monday following the filing deadline for the regular

21 RS BR 1691

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(d)[(c)] Not later than the Monday after the Friday following the first Tuesday in September preceding a regular election, for those years in which there is an election for President and Vice President of the United States.

election, except as provided in paragraph (d) [(c)] of this subsection; and

5 (2)Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, all independent 6 candidates or slates of candidates whose nominating petitions are filed with the 7 county clerk or the Secretary of State shall be listed under the title and device 8 designated by them as provided in KRS 118.315, or if none is designated, under the 9 word "independent," and shall be placed on the ballot in a separate column or 10 columns or in a separate line or lines according to the office which they seek. The 11 order in which independent candidates or slates of candidates shall appear on the 12 ballot shall be determined by lot by the county clerk. If the same device is selected 13 by two (2) groups of petitioners, it shall be given to the first selecting it and the 14 county clerk shall permit the other group to select a suitable device. This section 15 shall not apply to candidates for municipal offices which come under subsection (3) 16 of this section.

17 (3)The ballots used at any election in which city officers are to be elected as provided 18 in subsection (2) of this section shall contain the names of candidates for the city 19 offices grouped according to the offices they seek, and the candidates shall be 20 immediately arranged with and designated by the title of office they seek. The order 21 in which the names of the candidates for each office are to be printed on the ballot 22 shall be determined by lot. Each group of candidates for each separate office for 23 which the candidates are to be elected shall be clearly separated from other groups 24 on the ballot and spaced to avoid confusion on the part of the voter.

(4) The Secretary of State shall not knowingly certify to the county clerk of any county
 the name of any candidate or slate of candidates who has not filed the required
 nomination papers, nor knowingly fail to certify the name of any candidate or slate

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of candidates who has filed the required nomination papers.

2 If the county clerk determines that the number of certified candidates or slates of (5)3 candidates cannot be placed on a ballot which can be accommodated by the voting 4 machines currently in use by the county, he or she shall so notify the State Board of 5 Elections not later than the last Tuesday in February preceding the primary or the 6 last Tuesday in August preceding the regular election. The State Board of Elections 7 shall meet within five (5) days of the notice, review the ballot conditions, and 8 determine whether supplemental paper ballots are necessary for the election. Upon 9 approval of the State Board of Elections, supplemental paper ballots may be used 10 for nonpartisan candidates or slates of candidates for an office or offices and public 11 questions submitted for a yes or no vote. All candidates or slates of candidates for 12 any particular office shall be placed either on the machine ballot or on the paper 13 ballot. Supplemental paper ballots may also be used to conduct the voting, in the 14 instance of a small precinct as provided in KRS 117.066.

15 (6) The ballot position of a candidate or slate of candidates shall not be changed after16 the ballot position has been designated by the county clerk.

17 → Section 16. KRS 118.225 is amended to read as follows:

18 (1)For the purpose of determining the order in which the names of candidates or slates 19 of candidates to be voted for by the electors of the entire state shall be certified and printed on the ballots with the designation of the respective offices, the Secretary of 20 21 State shall prepare lists of the counties of each congressional district of the state. 22 The Secretary of State shall arrange the surnames of all candidates or slates of 23 candidates for each office in alphabetical order for the First Congressional District, 24 and the names shall be certified in this order to the county clerks of all the counties 25 comprising that district. For each succeeding congressional district, taken in 26 numerical order, the name appearing first for each office in the last preceding 27 district shall be placed last, and the name appearing second in the last preceding

21 RS BR 1691

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district shall be placed first, and each other name shall be moved up one (1) place. The lists shall be certified accordingly.

3 (2) For all other offices for which nomination papers and petitions are filed with the
4 Secretary of State, the order of names of candidates for each office shall be
5 determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of
6 State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing deadline for the
7 primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060, *twenty-six (26)*8 *days before a runoff primary*, or the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the
9 first Monday in June preceding the regular election.

10 (3) For all offices for which nomination papers and petitions are filed in the office of
11 the county clerk, the order in which the names of candidates for each office are to
12 be printed on the ballot shall be determined by lot at a public drawing in the office
13 of the county clerk at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the filing
14 deadline for the primary as established in KRS 83A.045, 118.165, and 118A.060 or
15 the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding
16 the regular election.

17 (4) For all offices for which the deadline for filing nomination papers and petitions is
governed by KRS 83A.165(4)(c) or 118.375(2), the order in which the names of
candidates for each office are to be printed shall be determined by lot at a public
drawing in the office at the place of filing at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday
following the second Tuesday in August preceding the regular election.

- (5) If the number of certified candidates or slates of candidates cannot be placed on a
  ballot which can be accommodated on voting machines currently in use in the
  county, the county clerk shall notify the State Board of Elections, as provided in
  KRS 118.215.
- 26 → Section 17. KRS 118.315 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) A candidate for any office to be voted for at any regular election may be nominated

21 RS BR 1691

1 by a petition of electors qualified to vote for him or her, complying with the 2 provisions of subsection (2) of this section. No person whose registration status is 3 as a registered member of a political party shall be eligible to election as an 4 independent, or political organization, or political group candidate, nor shall any 5 person be eligible to election as an independent, or political organization, or 6 political group candidate whose registration status was as a registered member of a 7 political party on January 1 immediately preceding the regular election for which 8 the person seeks to be a candidate. This restriction shall not apply to candidates to 9 those offices specified in KRS 118.105(7), for supervisor of a soil and water 10 conservation district, for candidates for mayor or legislative body in cities of the 11 home rule class, or to candidates participating in nonpartisan elections.

12 (2)The form of the petition shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections. It shall 13 be signed by the candidate and by registered voters from the district or jurisdiction 14 from which the candidate seeks nomination. The petition shall include a declaration, 15 sworn to by the candidate, that he or she possesses all the constitutional and 16 statutory requirements of the office for which the candidate has filed. Signatures for 17 a petition of nomination for a candidate seeking any office[, excluding President of 18 the United States in accordance with KRS 118.591(1),] shall not be affixed on the 19 document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in 20 November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the 21 ballot. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be 22 filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year 23 preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. A petition of 24 nomination for a state officer, or any officer for whom all the electors of the state 25 are entitled to vote, shall contain five thousand (5,000) petitioners; for a 26 representative in Congress from any congressional district, or for any officer from 27 any other district except as herein provided, four hundred (400) petitioners; for a

21 RS BR 1691

1 county officer, member of the General Assembly, or Commonwealth's attorney, one 2 hundred (100) petitioners; for a soil and water conservation district supervisor, 3 twenty-five (25) petitioners; for a city officer or board of education member, two (2) 4 petitioners; and for an officer of a division less than a county, except as herein 5 provided, twenty (20) petitioners. It shall not be necessary that the signatures of the 6 petition be appended to one (1) paper. Each petitioner shall include the date he or 7 she affixes the signature, address of residence, and date of birth. Failure of a voter to include the signature affixation date, date of birth, and address of residence shall 8 9 result in the signature not being counted. If any person joins in nominating, by 10 petition, more than one (1) nominee for any office to be filled, he or she shall be 11 counted as a petitioner for the candidate whose petition is filed first, except a 12 petitioner for the nomination of candidates for soil and water conservation district 13 supervisors may be counted for every petition to which his or her signature is 14 affixed.

15 (3) Titles, ranks, or spurious phrases shall not be accepted on the filing papers and shall
16 not be printed on the ballots as part of the candidate's name; however, nicknames,
17 initials, and contractions of given names may be accepted as the candidate's name.

18 (4) The Secretary of State and county clerks shall examine the petitions of all
19 candidates who file with them to determine whether each petition is regular on its
20 face. If there is an error, the Secretary of State or the county clerk shall notify the
21 candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing.

- A judge who elected to retire as a Senior Status Special Judge in accordance with
  KRS 21.580 shall not become a candidate or a nominee for any elected office
  during the five (5) year term prescribed in KRS 21.580(1)(a)1., regardless of the
  number of days served by the judge acting as a Senior Status Special Judge.
- 26 → Section 18. KRS 118.555 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 [(1)] The state executive committee of each political party shall, pursuant to its party's

rules,[\_determine\_whether\_to] distribute its party's authorized delegate votes for presidential candidates at its party's national convention based on the results of a party caucus[, a presidential preference primary, or a combination of the two (2) methods. Each state executive committee shall notify the State Board of Elections of its decision not later than the December 31 preceding the day for conducting a presidential preference primary as set by KRS 118.561.

7 (2) If a state executive committee determines that its party's authorized delegate votes
8 for presidential candidates at its party's national convention shall be distributed
9 based on the results of a party caucus, a presidential preference primary shall not be
10 conducted for that political party, and the provisions of KRS 118.561 to 118.651
11 shall not apply]. The distribution of delegates among the presidential candidates
12 shall be determined by party rule.

13 [(3) If a state executive committee determines that its party's authorized delegate votes 14 for presidential candidates at its party's national convention shall be distributed 15 based on the results of both a party caucus and a presidential preference primary, the 16 formula for distribution of authorized delegate votes based on the results of a party 17 caucus shall be determined by party rule. The distribution of delegates based on the 18 results of a presidential preference primary shall be in accordance with the 19 provisions of KRS 118.641(1). Regardless of the method by which the authorized 20 delegate votes are distributed,] The casting of votes on the first ballot at each party's 21 national convention shall be in accordance with the provisions of KRS 118.641(2).

→ Section 19. KRS 118.245 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The candidate for office, other than the offices of Governor and Lieutenant
   Governor, receiving the highest number of votes in a primary for the office for
   which he or she is a candidate shall be the nominee of his or her party for that office
   and shall receive the certificate of nomination.
- 27 (2) A slate of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor that receives more
| 1  |               | than fifty percent (50%) of its party's votes cast shall be the nominee of its party    |  |  |  |
|----|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| 2  |               | for those offices and that slate of candidates shall receive the certificate of         |  |  |  |
| 3  |               | nomination, except that if two (2) slates of candidates receive more than fifty         |  |  |  |
| 4  |               | percent (50%) of his or her party's votes, the slate receiving the higher number of     |  |  |  |
| 5  |               | votes shall be its party's nominee, and no runoff primary shall be conducted.           |  |  |  |
| 6  | <u>(3)</u>    | A slate of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor that receives the            |  |  |  |
| 7  |               | highest number of its party's votes but which number is less than fifty percent         |  |  |  |
| 8  |               | (50%) of the votes cast for all slates of candidates of that party, shall be required   |  |  |  |
| 9  |               | to participate in a runoff primary with the slate of candidates of the same party       |  |  |  |
| 10 |               | receiving the second highest number of votes.   |  |  |  |
| 11 | <u>(4)</u>    | The slate of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor receiving the              |  |  |  |
| 12 |               | highest number of votes in a runoff primary shall be the nominees of that party         |  |  |  |
| 13 |               | for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, and that slate of candidates shall receive        |  |  |  |
| 14 |               | the certificate of nomination.  |  |  |  |
| 15 | <u>(5)</u> [( | 2)] Subject to the foregoing provisions relating to a runoff primary, if two (2) or     |  |  |  |
| 16 |               | more candidates in a <i>runoff primary or</i> primary are found to have received the    |  |  |  |
| 17 |               | highest and an equal number of votes for nomination to the same office, the election    |  |  |  |
| 18 |               | shall be determined by lot in the manner the board directs, in the presence of not      |  |  |  |
| 19 |               | less than three (3) other persons. This section does not apply to presidential          |  |  |  |
| 20 |               | primaries.  |  |  |  |
| 21 |               | → Section 20. KRS 118A.060 is amended to read as follows:                               |  |  |  |
| 22 | (1)           | Except as provided in KRS 118A.100, no person's name shall appear on a ballot           |  |  |  |
| 23 |               | label or absentee ballot for an office of the Court of Justice without first having     |  |  |  |
| 24 |               | been nominated as provided in this section.   |  |  |  |
| 25 | (2)           | Each candidate for nomination shall file a petition for nomination with the Secretary   |  |  |  |
| 26 |               | of State not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of     |  |  |  |
| 27 |               | the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot and not later |  |  |  |

Page 37 of 68

21 RS BR 1691

1 than the first Friday following the first Monday in January preceding the day fixed 2 by law for holding the primary for the office. The petition shall be sworn to before 3 an officer authorized to administer an oath by the candidate and by not less than two 4 (2) registered voters from the district or circuit from which he or she seeks 5 nomination. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document 6 to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the 7 year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. The petition 8 shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the 9 last date on which the papers are permitted to be filed.

10 (3) The petition for nomination shall be in the form prescribed by the State Board of 11 Elections. The petition shall include a declaration sworn to by the candidate, that he 12 or she possesses all the constitutional and statutory requirements of the office for 13 which the candidate has filed. Titles, ranks, or spurious phrases shall not be 14 accepted on the petition and shall not be printed on the ballots as part of the 15 candidate's name; however, nicknames, initials, and contractions of given names 16 may be acceptable as the candidate's name.

17 The Secretary of State shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine (4) 18 whether it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the Secretary of State shall 19 notify the candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing. The 20 order of names on the ballot for each district or circuit, and numbered division if 21 divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the 22 office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following 23 the filing deadline for the primary as established in this section and in KRS 24 83A.045 and 118.165.

(5) Not later than the date set forth in KRS 118.215[(1)(a)] preceding the primary, and
after the order of names on the ballot has been determined as required in subsection
(4) of this section, the Secretary of State shall:

Page 38 of 68

- (a) Certify to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in
   the election of the various candidates, the name and place of residence of each
   candidate for each office, by district or circuit, and numbered division if
   divisions exist, as specified in the petitions for nomination filed with him or
   her; and
- 6 (b) Designate for the county clerks the office of the Court of Justice with which
  7 the names of candidates shall be printed and the order in which they are to
  8 appear on the ballot.

9 (6) The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has
10 been designated by the Secretary of State.

- 11 (7) The county clerks of each county shall cause to be printed on the ballot labels for
  12 the voting machines and on the special ballots for the primary the names of the
  13 candidates for offices in the Court of Justice.
- 14 (8) The names of the candidates shall be placed on the voting machine in a separate
  15 column or columns or in a separate line or lines and identified by the words
  16 "Judicial Ballot." The words "Vote for one," or "Vote for one in each division,"
  17 shall be printed on the ballot in an appropriate location. The office, numbered
  18 division if divisions exist, and the candidates shall be clearly labeled. No party
  19 designation or emblem of any kind, nor any sign indicating any candidate's political
  20 belief or party affiliation, shall be used on voting machines or special ballots.
- (9) The two (2) candidates receiving the highest number of votes for nomination for
  justice or judge of a district or circuit, or numbered division if divisions exist, shall
  be nominated. Certificates of nomination shall be issued as provided in KRS
  118A.190.
- (10) If it appears after expiration of the time for filing petitions for nomination that there
   are not more than two (2) candidates who have filed the necessary petitions for a
   place on the ballot in the regular election, no drawing for ballot position shall be

21 RS BR 1691

1		held and the Secretary of State shall immediately issue and file in the Secretary's			
2		office certificates of nomination, and send copies to the candidates.			
3		→ Section 21. KRS 118A.090 is amended to read as follows:			
4	(1)	For the regular election, the order of names on the ballot for each district or circuit,			
5		and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public			
6		drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on			
7		the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding			
8		the regular election, except as provided in KRS 118A.100(6).			
9	(2)	Not later than the date set forth in KRS $118.215\frac{(1)(b)}{(1)(b)}$ after the filing deadline for			
10		the regular election in a year in which there is no election for President and Vice			
11		President of the United States, or not later than the date set forth in KRS			
12		118.215 $\frac{(1)(c)}{c}$ preceding a regular election in a year in which there is an election			
13		for President and Vice President of the United States, and after the order of names			
14		on the ballot has been determined as required in subsection (1) of this section, the			
15		Secretary of State shall:			
16		(a) Certify to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in			
17		the election of the various candidates, the name and place of residence of each			
18		candidate for each office, by district or circuit, and numbered division if			
19		divisions exist, as certified under KRS 118A.060; and			
20		(b) Designate for the county clerks the office of the Court of Justice with which			
21		the names of candidates shall be printed and the order in which they are to			
22		appear on the ballot.			
23	(3)	The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has			
24		been designated by the Secretary of State. The county clerks of each county shall			
25		cause to be printed on the ballot labels for the voting machines and on the special			
26		ballots for the regular elections the names of the candidates for offices of the Court			
27		of Justice.			

Page 40 of 68

1 (4) The names of the candidates shall be placed on the voting machine in a separate 2 column or columns or in a separate line or lines and identified by the words 3 "Judicial Ballot," and in such a manner that the casting of a vote for all of the 4 candidates of a political party will not operate to cast a vote for judicial candidates. The words "Vote for one" or "Vote for one in each division," shall be printed on the 5 6 ballot in an appropriate location. The office, numbered division thereof if divisions 7 exist, and the candidates therefor shall be clearly labeled. No party designation or emblem of any kind, nor any sign indicating any candidate's political belief or party 8 9 affiliation, shall be used on voting machines or special ballots. 10 The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast at the regular election for a (5) 11 district or circuit, or for a numbered division thereof if divisions exist, shall be 12 elected. 13 → Section 22. KRS 121.015 is amended to read as follows: 14 As used in this chapter: 15 "Registry" means the Kentucky Registry of Election Finance; (1)16 (2)"Election" means any primary, *runoff primary*, regular, or special election to fill 17 vacancies regardless of whether a candidate or slate of candidates is opposed or

unopposed in an election. Each primary, *runoff primary*, regular, or special election
shall be considered a separate election;

20 (3) "Committee" includes the following:

(a) "Campaign committee," which means one (1) or more persons who receive
contributions and make expenditures to support or oppose one (1) or more
specific candidates or slates of candidates for nomination or election to any
state, county, city, or district office, but does not include an entity established
solely by a candidate which is managed solely by a candidate and a campaign
treasurer and whose name is generic in nature, such as "Friends of (the
candidate)," and does not reflect that other persons have structured themselves

1		as a committee, designated officers of the committee, and assigned
2		responsibilities and duties to each officer with the purpose of managing a
3		campaign to support or oppose a candidate in an election;
4	(b)	"Caucus campaign committee," which means members of one (1) of the
5		following caucus groups who receive contributions and make expenditures to
6		support or oppose one (1) or more specific candidates or slates of candidates
7		for nomination or election, or a committee:
8		1. House Democratic caucus campaign committee;
9		2. House Republican caucus campaign committee;
10		3. Senate Democratic caucus campaign committee;
11		4. Senate Republican caucus campaign committee; or
12		5. Subdivisions of the state executive committee of a minor political party,
13		which serve the same function as the above-named committees, as
14		determined by regulations promulgated by the registry;
15	(c)	"Political issues committee," which means three (3) or more persons joining
16		together to advocate or oppose a constitutional amendment or public question
17		which appears on the ballot if that committee receives or expends money in
18		excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000);
19	(d)	"Permanent committee," which means a group of individuals, including an
20		association, committee, or organization, other than a campaign committee,
21		political issues committee, inaugural committee, caucus campaign committee,
22		or party executive committee, which is established as, or intended to be, a
23		permanent organization having as a primary purpose expressly advocating the
24		election or defeat of one (1) or more clearly identified candidates, slates of
25		candidates, or political parties, which functions on a regular basis throughout
26		the year;
27	(e)	An executive committee of a political party; and

Page 42 of 68

1 (f) "Inaugural committee," which means one (1) or more persons who receive 2 contributions and make expenditures in support of inauguration activities for 3 any candidate or slate of candidates elected to any state, county, city, or 4 district office;

5 (4) "Contributing organization" means a group which merely contributes to candidates,
6 slates of candidates, campaign committees, caucus campaign committees, or
7 executive committees from time to time from funds derived solely from within the
8 group, and which does not solicit or receive funds from sources outside the group
9 itself. However, any contributions made by the groups in excess of one hundred
10 dollars (\$100) shall be reported to the registry;

(5) "Testimonial affair" means an affair held in honor of a person who holds or who is
or was a candidate for nomination or election to a political office in this state
designed to raise funds for any purpose not charitable, religious, or educational;

14 (6) "Contribution" means any:

15 (a) Payment, distribution, loan, deposit, or gift of money or other thing of value, 16 to a candidate, his or her agent, a slate of candidates, its authorized agent, a 17 committee, or contributing organization. As used in this subsection, "loan" 18 shall include a guarantee, endorsement, or other form of security where the 19 risk of nonpayment rests with the surety, guarantor, or endorser, as well as 20 with a committee, contributing organization, candidate, slate of candidates, or 21 other primary obligor. No person shall become liable as surety, endorser, or 22 guarantor for any sum in any one (1) election which, when combined with all 23 other contributions the individual makes to a candidate, his or her agent, a 24 slate of candidates, its agent, a committee, or a contributing organization, 25 exceeds the contribution limits provided in KRS 121.150;

(b) Payment by any person other than the candidate, his or her authorized
treasurer, a slate of candidates, its authorized treasurer, a committee, or a

Page 43 of 68

- contributing organization, of compensation for the personal services of
   another person which are rendered to a candidate, slate of candidates,
   committee, or contributing organization, or for inauguration activities;
- 4 (c) Goods, advertising, or services with a value of more than one hundred dollars 5 (\$100) in the aggregate in any one (1) election which are furnished to a 6 candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing organization or for 7 inauguration activities without charge, or at a rate which is less than the rate 8 normally charged for the goods or services; or
- 9 (d) Payment by any person other than a candidate, his or her authorized treasurer, 10 a slate of candidates, its authorized treasurer, a committee, or contributing 11 organization for any goods or services with a value of more than one hundred 12 dollars (\$100) in the aggregate in any one (1) election which are utilized by a 13 candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing organization, or for 14 inauguration activities;

# 15 (7) Notwithstanding the foregoing meanings of "contribution," the word shall not beconstrued to include:

- 17 (a) Services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion
  18 or all of their time on behalf of a candidate, a slate of candidates, committee,
  19 or contributing organization;
- (b) A loan of money by any financial institution doing business in Kentucky made
  in accordance with applicable banking laws and regulations and in the
  ordinary course of business; or
- 23

(c) An independent expenditure by any individual or permanent committee;

(8) "Candidate" means any person who has received contributions or made
expenditures, has appointed a campaign treasurer, or has given his or her consent
for any other person to receive contributions or make expenditures with a view to
bringing about his or her nomination or election to public office, except federal

1 office;

2 (9) "Slate of candidates" means:

- 3 (a) Between the time a certificate or petition of nomination has been filed for a
  4 candidate for the office of Governor under KRS 118.365 and the time the
  5 candidate designates a running mate for the office of Lieutenant Governor
  6 under KRS 118.126, a slate of candidates consists of the candidate for the
  7 office of Governor; and
- 8 (b) After that candidate has designated a running mate under KRS 118.126, that 9 same slate of candidates consists of that same candidate for the office of 10 Governor and the candidate's running mate for the office of Lieutenant 11 Governor. Unless the context requires otherwise, any provision of law that 12 applies to a candidate shall also apply to a slate of candidates;
- (10) "Knowingly" means, with respect to conduct or to a circumstance described by a
  statute defining an offense, that a person is aware or should have been aware that
  his or her conduct is of that nature or that the circumstance exists;

(11) "Fundraiser" means an individual who directly solicits and secures contributions on
behalf of a candidate or slate of candidates for a statewide-elected state office or an
office in a jurisdiction with a population in excess of two hundred thousand
(200,000) residents;

20 (12) "Independent expenditure" means the expenditure of money or other things of value 21 for a communication which expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly 22 identified candidate or slate of candidates, and which is made without any 23 coordination, consultation, or cooperation with any candidate, slate of candidates, 24 campaign committee, or any authorized person acting on behalf of any of them, and 25 which is not made in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of any candidate, 26 slate of candidates, campaign committee, or any authorized person acting on behalf 27 of any of them;

(13) "Electronic reporting" means the use of technology, having electrical, digital,
 magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities, by which an
 individual or other entity submits, compiles, or transmits campaign finance reports
 to the registry, or by which the registry receives, stores, analyzes, or discloses the
 reports;

6 (14) "Security procedure" means a procedure employed for the purpose of verifying that
7 an electronic signature, record, or performance is that of a specific person or for
8 detecting changes or errors in the information in an electronic record. The term
9 includes a procedure that requires the use of algorithms or other codes, identifying
10 words or numbers, encryption, or callback or other acknowledgment procedures;

(15) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or
logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the
intent to sign the record;

14 (16) "Filer" means any candidate, a slate of candidates, committee, or other individual or
15 entity required to submit financial disclosure reports to the registry; and

16 (17) "Filer-side software" means software provided to or used by the filer that enables
17 transmittal of financial reports to the registry.

18 → Section 23. KRS 121.150 is amended to read as follows:

19 (1)No contribution shall be made or received, directly or indirectly, other than an 20 independent expenditure, to support inauguration activities or to support or defeat a 21 candidate, slate of candidates, constitutional amendment, or public question which 22 will appear on the ballot in an election, except through the duly appointed campaign 23 manager, or campaign treasurer of the candidate, slate of candidates, or registered 24 committee. Any person making an independent expenditure, shall report these expenditures when the expenditures by that person exceed five hundred dollars 25 26 (\$500) in the aggregate in any one (1) election, on a form provided or using a format 27 approved by the registry and shall sign a statement on the form, under penalty of

1 2 perjury, that the expenditure was an actual independent expenditure and that there was no prior communication with the campaign on whose behalf it was made.

2 (2) Except as provided in KRS 121.180(10), the solicitation from and contributions by
campaign committees, caucus campaign committees, political issues committees,
permanent committees, and party executive committees to any religious, charitable,
civic, eleemosynary, or other causes or organizations established primarily for the
public good is expressly prohibited; except that it shall not be construed as a
violation of this section for a candidate or a slate of candidates to contribute to
religious, civic, or charitable groups.

10 No candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing organization, nor (3)11 anyone acting on their behalf, shall accept any anonymous contribution in excess of 12 one hundred dollars (\$100), and all anonymous contributions in excess of one 13 hundred dollars (\$100) shall be returned to the donor, if the donor can be 14 determined. If no donor is found, the contribution shall escheat to the state. No 15 candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing organization, nor anyone 16 acting on their behalf shall accept anonymous contributions in excess of two 17 thousand dollars (\$2,000) in the aggregate in any one (1) election. Anonymous 18 contributions in excess of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in the aggregate which are 19 received in any one (1) election shall escheat to the state.

20 (4) No candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing organization, nor 21 anyone on their behalf, shall accept a cash contribution in excess of one hundred 22 dollars (\$100) in the aggregate from each contributor in any one (1) election. No 23 candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing organization, nor anyone 24 on their behalf, shall accept a cashier's check or money order in excess of the 25 maximum cash contribution limit unless the instrument clearly identifies both the 26 payor and the payee. A contribution made by cashier's check or money order which 27 identifies both the payor and payee shall be treated as a contribution made by check

21 RS BR 1691

- for purposes of the contribution limits contained in this section. No person shall
   make a cash contribution in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) in the aggregate in
   any one (1) election to a candidate, slate of candidates, committee, or contributing
   organization, nor anyone on their behalf.
- 5 (5) No candidate, slate of candidates, committee, contributing organization, nor anyone
  6 on their behalf, shall accept any contribution in excess of one hundred dollars
  7 (\$100) from any person who shall not become eighteen (18) years of age on or
  8 before the day of the next general election.
- 9 (6) Except as provided in subsection (22) of this section, no candidate, slate of 10 candidates, campaign committee, nor anyone acting on their behalf, shall accept a 11 contribution of more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000)as indexed for inflation 12 every odd-numbered year using the preceding year's percent increase in the non-13 seasonally adjusted annual average Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers 14 (CPI-U), U.S. City Average, All Items, for that year as published by the United 15 States Bureau of Labor Statistics and rounded to the nearest hundred dollars, from 16 any person, permanent committee, or contributing organization in any one (1) 17 election. No person, permanent committee, or contributing organization shall 18 contribute more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) as indexed for inflation every 19 odd-numbered year using the preceding year's percent increase in the non-seasonally 20 adjusted annual average Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U), 21 U.S. City Average, All Items, as published by the United States Bureau of Labor 22 Statistics and rounded to the nearest hundred dollars, to any one (1) candidate, 23 campaign committee, nor anyone acting on their behalf, in any one (1) election.
- 24 (7) Permanent committees or contributing organizations affiliated by bylaw structure or
  25 by registration, as determined by the Registry of Election Finance, shall be
  26 considered as one (1) committee for purposes of applying the contribution limits of
  27 subsection (6) of this section.

(8) No permanent committee shall contribute funds to another permanent committee for
 the purpose of circumventing contribution limits of subsection (6) of this section.

- 3 (9) No person shall contribute funds to a permanent committee, political issues
  4 committee, or contributing organization for the purpose of circumventing the
  5 contribution limits of subsection (6) of this section.
- 6 (10) No person shall contribute more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000)as indexed for
  7 inflation every odd-numbered year using the preceding year's percent increase in the
  8 non-seasonally adjusted annual average Consumer Price Index for all Urban
  9 Consumers (CPI-U), U.S. City Average, All Items, for that year as published by the
  10 United States Bureau of Labor Statistics and rounded to the nearest hundred dollars,
  11 to a permanent committee or contributing organization in any one (1) year.
- (11) (a) No person shall contribute more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to the
  state executive committee of a political party in any one (1) year. The
  contribution limit in this paragraph shall not apply to a contribution
  designated exclusively for a state executive committee's building fund account
  established under KRS 121.172.
- 17 (b) No person shall contribute more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to a
  18 subdivision or affiliate of a state political party in any one (1) year.
- 19 (c) No person shall contribute more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to a
  20 caucus campaign committee in any one (1) year.
- (12) No person shall make a payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of
  money to another person to contribute to a candidate, a slate of candidates,
  committee, contributing organization, or anyone on their behalf. No candidate, slate
  of candidates, committee, contributing organization, nor anyone on their behalf
  shall accept a contribution made by one (1) person who has received a payment,
  distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money from another person to
  contribute to a candidate, a slate of candidates, committee, contributing

- 1 organization, or anyone on their behalf.
- (13) Subject to the provisions of subsection (18)[(17)] of this section, no candidate or
  slate of candidates for nomination to any state, county, city, or district office, nor
  their campaign committees, nor anyone on their behalf, shall solicit or accept
  contributions for primary election expenses after the date of the primary. No person
  other than the candidate or slate of candidates shall contribute for primary election
  expenses after the date of the primary.
- 8 (14) Subject to the provisions of subsection (18) of this section, no slate of candidates
- 9 for nomination for election to the offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor,
- 10 nor its campaign committees, nor anyone on their behalf, shall solicit or accept
- 11 contributions for runoff primary election expenses after the date of the runoff
- 12 primary. No person other than the slated candidates shall contribute for runoff
- 13 primary election expenses after the date of the runoff primary.
- 14 (15)[(14)] Subject to the provisions of subsection (18)[(17)] of this section, no candidate 15 or slate of candidates for any state, county, city, or district office at a regular 16 election, nor their campaign committees, nor anyone on their behalf, shall solicit or 17 accept contributions for regular election expenses after the date of the regular 18 election. No person other than the candidate or slate of candidates shall contribute 19 for regular election expenses after the date of the regular election.
- (16)[(15)] Subject to the provisions of subsection (18)[(17)] of this section, no candidate
   or slate of candidates for nomination or election to any state, county, city, or district
   office, nor their campaign committees, nor anyone on their behalf, shall solicit or
   accept contributions for special election expenses after the date of the special
   election. No person other than the candidate or slate of candidates shall contribute
   for special election expenses after the date of the special election.
- 26 (17)[(16)] The provisions of subsections (13) and (15)[(13) and (14)] of this section
   27 shall apply only to those candidates in a primary or regular election which shall be

21 RS BR 1691

conducted subsequent to January 1, 1989. The provisions of <u>subsections (16) and</u>
 (<u>17)[subsection (15)]</u> of this section shall apply only to those candidates or slates of
 candidates in a <u>runoff primary or</u> special election which shall be conducted
 subsequent to January 1, 1993.

5 (18) (17) A candidate, slate of candidates, or a campaign committee may solicit and 6 accept contributions after the date of a primary election, runoff primary, regular 7 election, or special election to defray necessary expenses that arise after the date of the election associated with election contests, recounts, and recanvasses of a 8 9 specific election, complaints regarding alleged campaign finance violations that are 10 filed with the registry pertaining to a specific election, or other legal actions 11 pertaining to a specific election to which a candidate, slate of candidates, or 12 campaign committee is a party, and for repayment of debts and obligations owed by 13 the campaign. Reports of contributions received and expenditures made after the 14 date of the specific election shall be made in accordance with KRS 121.180.

(19)[(18)] No candidate, slate of candidates, committee, except a political issues
 committee, or contributing organization, nor anyone on their behalf, shall
 knowingly accept a contribution from a corporation, directly or indirectly, except to
 the extent that the contribution is designated to a state executive committee's
 building fund account established under KRS 121.172.

20 (20)[(19)] Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the ability of a
 21 corporation to administer its permanent committee insofar as its actions can be
 22 deemed not to influence an election as prohibited by KRS 121.025.

(21)[(20)] No candidate, slate of candidates, or committee, nor anyone on their behalf,
 shall solicit a contribution of money or services from a state employee, whether or
 not the employee is covered by the classified service provisions of KRS Chapter
 18A. However, it shall not be a violation of this subsection for a state employee to
 receive a solicitation directed to him as a registered voter in an identified precinct as

Page 51 of 68

1 part of an overall plan to contact voters not identified as state employees. 2 (22) (21) No candidate or slate of candidates for any office in this state shall accept a 3 contribution, including an in-kind contribution, which is made from funds in a 4 federal campaign account. No person shall make a contribution, including an in-5 kind contribution, from funds in a federal campaign account to any candidate or 6 slate of candidates for any office in this state. 7 (23) [(22)] It shall be permissible for a married couple to make a contribution with one 8 (1) check that reflects the combined individual contribution limits of each 9 individual spouse per election, as set forth in subsection (6) of this section, for all 10 elections in a calendar year and the following shall be required to be written on the 11 check: 12 (a) The signatures of both spouses on the signature line of the check; and 13 (b) The designation of each contribution amount and the election or elections to 14 which they apply shall be memorialized on the memo line of the check. 15 → Section 24. KRS 121.180 is amended to read as follows: 16 (1)(a) Any candidate, slate of candidates, or political issues committee shall be 17 exempt from filing any campaign finance reports required by subsections (3) and (4) of this section if the candidate, slate of candidates, or political issues 18 19 committee chair files a form prescribed and furnished by the registry stating that currently no contributions have been received and that contributions will

20that currently no contributions have been received and that contributions will21not be accepted or expended in excess of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in22any one (1) election. A separate form shall be required for each primary,23*runoff primary*, regular, or special election in which the candidate or slate of24candidates participates or in which the public question appears on the ballot,25unless the candidate, slate of candidates, or political issues committee chair26indicates on a request for exemption that the request will be applicable to27more than one (1) election. The form shall be filed with the same office with

1 2 which a candidate or slate of candidates files nomination papers or, in the case of a political issues committee, with the registry.

For a primary, a candidate or slate of candidates shall file a request for 3 (b) 4 exemption not later than the deadline for filing nomination papers and, except 5 as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this subsection, shall be 6 bound by its terms unless it is rescinded in writing not later than thirty (30) 7 days preceding the primary. *For a runoff primary, a slate of candidates shall* file its request for exemption not later than five (5) days after the date of the 8 9 preceding primary and shall be bound by its terms unless rescinded in 10 writing not later than ten (10) days after the date of the preceding primary. 11 For a regular election, a candidate or slate of candidates shall file or rescind in 12 writing a request for exemption not later than sixty (60) days preceding the 13 regular election, except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this 14 subsection. For a special election, a candidate or slate of candidates shall file a 15 request for exemption not later than ten (10) days after the candidate or slate 16 of candidates is nominated for a special election and shall be bound by its 17 terms unless it is rescinded in writing not later than thirty (30) days preceding 18 the special election. A political issues committee chair shall file a request for 19 exemption when the committee registers with the registry and shall be bound 20 by its terms unless it is rescinded in writing not later than thirty (30) days 21 preceding the date the issue appears on the ballot.

(c) 1. A candidate or slate of candidates that revokes a request for exemption
in a timely manner shall file all reports required of a candidate intending
to raise or spend in excess of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in an
election. To revoke the request for an exemption, the candidate or slate
of candidates shall file the appropriate form with the registry not later
than the deadline for filing a revocation.

1 2.	A candidate or slate of candidates that is exempted from campaign
2	finance reporting requirements pursuant to paragraph (a) of this
3	subsection but who accepts contributions or makes expenditures in
4	excess of the exempted amount in an election, shall file all applicable
5	reports required for the remainder of that election, based upon the
6	amount of contributions or expenditures the candidate or slate of
7	candidates accepts or receives in that election. The filing of applicable
8	required reports by a candidate or slate of candidates after the exempted
9	amount is exceeded shall serve as notice to the registry that the initial
10	exemption has been rescinded. No further notice to the registry shall be
11	required and no penalty for exceeding the initial exempted amount shall
12	be imposed against the candidate or slate of candidates, except for
13	failure to file applicable reports required after the exempted amount is
14	exceeded.

15 Any candidate or slate of candidates that is subject to a June or August filing (d) 16 deadline and that intends to execute a request for exemption shall file the 17 appropriate request for exemption not later than the filing deadline and, except 18 as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this subsection, shall be 19 bound by its terms unless it is rescinded in writing not later than sixty (60) 20 days preceding the regular election. A candidate or slate of candidates that is 21 covered by this paragraph shall have the same reversion rights as those 22 provided in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (c) of this subsection.

(e) Any candidate or slate of candidates that will appear on the ballot in a regular
election that has signed a request for exemption for that election may exercise
the reversion rights provided in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (c) of this
subsection if a candidate or slate of candidates that is subject to a June or
August filing deadline subsequently files in opposition to the candidate or

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21 RS BR 1691

slate of candidates. Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this subsection, a candidate or slate of candidates covered by this paragraph shall comply with the deadline for rescission provided in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (c) of this subsection.

5 (f) Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this subsection, any 6 candidate or slate of candidates that has filed a request for exemption for a 7 regular election that later is opposed by a person who has filed a declaration of 8 intent to receive write-in votes may rescind the request for exemption and 9 exercise the reversion rights provided in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (c) of 10 this subsection.

11 Any candidate or slate of candidates that has filed a request for exemption (g) 12 may petition the registry to determine whether another person is campaigning 13 as a write-in candidate prior to having filed a declaration of intent to receive 14 write-in votes, and, if the registry determines upon a preponderance of the 15 evidence that a person who may later be a write-in candidate is conducting a 16 campaign, the candidate or slate of candidates, except as provided in 17 subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this subsection, may petition the registry 18 to permit the candidate or slate of candidates to exercise the reversion rights 19 provided in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (c) of this subsection.

(h) If the opponent of a candidate or slate of candidates is replaced due to his or
her withdrawal because of death, disability, or disqualification, the candidate
or slate of candidates, except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c)
of this subsection, may exercise the reversion rights provided in subparagraph
1. of paragraph (c) of this subsection not later than fifteen (15) days after the
party executive committee nominates a replacement for the withdrawn
candidate or slate of candidates.

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(i) A person intending to be a write-in candidate for any office in a regular or

21 RS BR 1691

1 special election may execute a request for exemption under paragraph (a) of 2 this subsection and shall be bound by its terms unless it is rescinded in writing 3 not later than fifteen (15) days preceding the regular or special election. A 4 person intending to be a write-in candidate who revokes a request for 5 exemption in a timely manner shall file all reports required of a candidate 6 intending to raise or spend in excess of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in an 7 election. Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this 8 subsection, a person intending to be a write-in candidate who revokes a 9 request for exemption shall file the appropriate form with the registry.

10 (j) Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this subsection, the 11 campaign committee of any candidate or slate of candidates that has filed a 12 request for exemption or a political issues committee whose chair has filed a 13 request for exemption shall be bound by its terms unless it is rescinded in a 14 timely manner.

- 15 (k) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this 16 subsection, any candidate, slate of candidates, or political issues 17 committee that is exempt from filing campaign finance reports pursuant to paragraph (a), (d), or (i) of this subsection that accepts contributions 18 19 or makes expenditures, or whose campaign treasurer accepts 20 contributions or makes expenditures, in excess of the applicable limit in 21 any one (1) election without rescinding the request for exemption in a 22 timely manner shall comply with all applicable reporting requirements 23 and, in lieu of other penalties prescribed by law, pay a fine of not less 24 than five hundred dollars (\$500).
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  2. Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of paragraph (c) of this
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1				reports pursuant to paragraph (a), (d), or (i) of this subsection that
2				knowingly accepts contributions or makes expenditures in excess of the
3				applicable spending limit in any one (1) election without rescinding the
4				request for exemption in a timely manner shall comply with all
5				applicable reporting requirements and shall be guilty of a Class D
6				felony.
7	(2)	(a)	State	e and county executive committees, and caucus campaign committees
8			shall	make a full report, upon a prescribed form, to the registry, of all money,
9			loan	s, or other things of value, received from any source, and expenditures
10			auth	orized, incurred, or made, since the date of the last report, including:
11			1.	For each contribution of any amount made by a permanent committee,
12				the name and business address of the permanent committee, the date of
13				the contribution, the amount contributed, and a description of the major
14				business, social, or political interest represented by the permanent
15				committee;
16			2.	For other contributions in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100), the full
17				name, address, age if less than the legal voting age, the date of the
18				contribution, the amount of the contribution, and the employer and
19				occupation of each contributor. If the contributor is self-employed, the
20				name under which he or she is doing business shall be listed;
21			3.	The total amount of cash contributions received during the reporting
22				period; and
23			4.	A complete statement of expenditures authorized, incurred, or made.
24				The complete statement of expenditures shall include the name and
25				address of each person to whom an expenditure is made in excess of
26				twenty-five dollars (\$25), and the amount, date, and purpose of each
27				expenditure.

Page 57 of 68

1	(b)	In addition to the reporting requirements in paragraph (a) of this subsection,
2		the state executive committee of a political party that has established a
3		building fund account under KRS 121.172 shall make a full report, upon a
4		prescribed form, to the registry, of all contributions received from any source,
5		and expenditures authorized, incurred, or made, since the date of the last
6		report for the separate building fund account, including:
7		1. For each contribution of any amount made by a corporation, the name
8		and business address of the corporation, the date of the contribution, the
9		amount contributed, and a description of the major business conducted
10		by the corporation;
11		2. For other contributions in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100), the full
12		name and address of the contributor, the date of the contribution, the
13		amount of the contribution, and the employer and occupation of each
14		contributor. If the contributor is self-employed, the name under which he
15		or she is doing business shall be listed;
16		3. The total amount of cash contributions received during the reporting
17		period; and
18		4. A complete statement of expenditures authorized, incurred, or made.
19		The complete statement of expenditures shall include the name and
20		address of each person to whom an expenditure is made in excess of
21		twenty-five dollars (\$25), and the amount, date, and purpose of each
22		expenditure.
23	(c)	The report required by paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be made on a
24		semiannual basis and shall be received by the registry by January 31 and by
25		July 31. The January report shall cover the period from July 1 to December
26		31. The July report shall cover the period from January 1 to June 30. If an
27		individual gives a reportable contribution to a caucus campaign committee or

21 RS BR 1691

1 to a state or county executive committee with the intention that the 2 contribution or a portion of the contribution go to a candidate or slate of 3 candidates, the name of the contributor and the sum shall be indicated on the 4 committee report. The report required by paragraph (b) of this subsection 5 relating to a state executive committee's building fund account shall be 6 received by the registry within two (2) business days after the close of each 7 calendar quarter. The receipts and expenditures of funds remitted to each 8 political party under KRS 141.071 to 141.073 shall be separately accounted 9 for and reported to the registry in the manner required by KRS 121.230. The 10 separate report may be made a separate section within the report required by 11 this subsection to be received by the registry by January 31.

12 (3) Except for candidates or slates of candidates, campaign committees, or (a) 13 political issues committees exempted from reporting requirements pursuant to 14 subsection (1) of this section, each campaign treasurer of a candidate, slate of 15 candidates, campaign committee, or political issues committee who accepts 16 contributions or expends, expects to accept contributions or expend, or 17 contracts to expend more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in any one (1) 18 election, and each fundraiser who secures contributions in excess of three 19 thousand dollars (\$3,000) in any one (1) election, shall make a full report to 20 the registry, on a form provided or using a format approved by the registry, of 21 all money, loans, or other things of value, received from any source, and 22 expenditures authorized, incurred, and made, since the date of the last report, 23 including:

For each contribution of any amount made by a permanent committee,
 the name and business address of the permanent committee, the date of
 the contribution, the amount contributed, and a description of the major
 business, social, or political interest represented by the permanent

committee;

- 2 2. For each contribution in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) made to a 3 candidate or slate of candidates for a statewide-elected state office, or to 4 a campaign committee for a candidate or slate of candidates for a statewide-elected state office, the date, name, address, occupation, and 5 6 employer of each contributor and the spouse of the contributor or, if the 7 contributor or spouse of the contributor is self-employed, the name under which he or she is doing business, and the amount contributed by 8 9 each contributor;
- 103.For each contribution in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) made to11any candidate or campaign committee other than those specified in12subparagraph 2. of this paragraph or a political issues committee, the full13name, address, age if less than the legal voting age, the date of the14contribution, the amount of the contribution, and the employer and15occupation of each other contributor. If the contributor is self-employed,16the name under which he or she is doing business shall be listed;
- 17 4. The total amount of cash contributions received during the reporting18 period; and
- 195.A complete statement of all expenditures authorized, incurred, or made.20The complete statement of expenditures shall include the name, address,21and occupation of each person to whom an expenditure is made in22excess of twenty-five dollars (\$25), and the amount, date, and purpose of23each expenditure.
- (b) Reports of all candidates, slates of candidates, campaign committees, political
  issues committees, and registered fundraisers shall be made as follows:
- Candidates as defined in KRS 121.015(8), slates of candidates,
   candidate-authorized and unauthorized campaign committees, political

21 RS BR 1691

1		issues committees, and fundraisers which register in the year before the
2		year an election in which the candidate, a slate of candidates, or public
3		question shall appear on the ballot, shall file financial reports with the
4		registry at the end of the first calendar quarter after persons become
5		candidates or slates of candidates, or following registration of the
6		committee or fundraiser, and each calendar quarter thereafter, ending
7		with the last calendar quarter of that year. Candidates, slates of
8		candidates, committees, and registered fundraisers shall make all reports
9		required by this section during the year in which the election takes place;
10	2.	All candidates, slates of candidates, candidate-authorized and
11		unauthorized campaign committees, political issues committees, and
12		registered fundraisers shall make reports on the sixtieth day preceding a
13		regular election, including all previous contributions and expenditures;
14	3.	All candidates, slates of candidates, candidate-authorized and
15		unauthorized campaign committees, political issues committees, and
16		registered fundraisers shall make reports on the thirtieth day preceding
17		an election, including all previous contributions and expenditures;
18	4.	All candidates, slates of candidates, candidate-authorized and
19		unauthorized campaign committees, political issues committees, and
20		registered fundraisers shall make reports on the fifteenth day preceding
21		the date of the election; and
22	5.	All reports to the registry shall cover campaign activity during the entire
23		reporting period and must be received by the registry within two (2)
24		business days after the date the reporting period ends to be deemed
25		timely filed.
26	(4) Except for	or candidates, slates of candidates, and political issues committees,

Page 61 of 68

21 RS BR 1691

funds received or expended, candidate-authorized and unauthorized campaign committees, political issues committees, and registered fundraisers shall make postelection reports within thirty (30) days after the election. All post-election reports to the registry shall cover campaign activity during the entire reporting period and must be received by the registry within two (2) business days after the date the reporting period ends to be deemed timely filed.

7 In making the preceding reports, the total gross receipts from each of the following (5)8 categories shall be listed: proceeds from the sale of tickets for events such as 9 testimonial affairs, dinners, luncheons, rallies, and similar fundraising events, mass 10 collections made at the events, and sales of items such as campaign pins, buttons, 11 hats, ties, literature, and similar materials. When any individual purchase or the 12 aggregate purchases of any item enumerated above from a candidate or slate of 13 candidates for a statewide-elected state office or a campaign committee for a 14 candidate or slate of candidates for a statewide-elected state office exceeds one 15 hundred dollars (\$100), the purchaser shall be identified by name, address, age, if 16 less than the legal voting age, occupation, and employer and the employer of the 17 spouse of the purchaser or, if the purchaser or the spouse of the purchaser is self-18 employed, the name under which he or she is doing business, and the amount of the 19 purchase. When any individual purchase or the aggregate purchases of any item 20 enumerated above from any candidate or campaign committee other than a 21 candidate or slate of candidates for a statewide-elected state office or campaign 22 committee for a candidate or slate of candidates for a statewide-elected state office 23 exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100), the purchaser shall be identified by name, 24 address, age if less than the legal voting age, occupation, and employer, or if the 25 purchaser is self-employed, the name under which he or she is doing business, and 26 the amount of the purchase. The lists shall be maintained by the campaign treasurer, 27 political issues committee treasurer, registered fundraiser, or other sponsor for

Page 62 of 68

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21 RS BR 1691

inspection by the registry for six (6) years following the date of the election.

2 (6) Each permanent committee, except a federally registered permanent committee,
3 inaugural committee, or contributing organization shall make a full report to the
4 registry, on a form provided or using a format approved by the registry, of all
5 money, loans, or other things of value, received by it from any source, and all
6 expenditures authorized, incurred, or made, since the date of the last report,
7 including:

8 (a) For each contribution of any amount made by a permanent committee, the 9 name and business address of the permanent committee, the date of the 10 contribution, the amount contributed, and a description of the major business, 11 social, or political interest represented by the permanent committee;

12 (b) For other contributions in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100), the full name, 13 address, age if under the legal voting age, the date of the contribution, the 14 amount of the contribution, and the employer and occupation of each 15 contributor. If the contributor is self-employed, the name under which he or 16 she is doing business shall be listed;

17 (c) An aggregate amount of cash contributions, the amount contributed by each18 contributor, and the date of each contribution; and

19 (d) A complete statement of all expenditures authorized, incurred, or made, 20 including independent expenditures. This report shall be made by a permanent 21 committee, inaugural committee, or contributing organization to the registry 22 on the last day of the first calendar quarter following the registration of the 23 committee with the registry and on the last day of each succeeding calendar 24 quarter until such time as the committee terminates. A contributing 25 organization shall file a report of contributions received and expenditures on a 26 form provided or using a format approved by the registry not later than the last 27 day of each calendar quarter in which contributions are received or 1 2

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expenditures are made. All reports to the registry shall be received on or before each filing deadline, and any report received by the registry within two (2) business days after each filing deadline shall be deemed timely filed.

4 (7)If the final statement of a candidate, campaign committee, or political issues 5 committee shows an unexpended balance of contributions, continuing debts and 6 obligations, or an expenditure deficit, the campaign treasurer shall file with the 7 registry a supplemental statement of contributions and expenditures not more than 8 thirty (30) days after the deadline for filing the final statement. Subsequent 9 supplemental statements shall be filed annually, to be received by the registry by 10 December 1 of each year, until the account shows no unexpended balance, 11 continuing debts and obligations, expenditures, or deficit, or until the year before 12 the candidate or a slate of candidates seeks to appear on the ballot for the same 13 office for which the funds in the campaign account were originally contributed, in 14 which case the candidate or a slate of candidates shall file the supplemental annual 15 report by December 1 of that year or at the end of the first calendar quarter of that 16 year after the candidate or slate of candidates files nomination papers for the next 17 year's primary or regular election. All post-election reports to the registry shall 18 cover campaign activity during the entire reporting period and must be received by 19 the registry within two (2) business days after the date the reporting period ends to 20 be deemed timely filed. All contributions shall be subject to KRS 121.150 as of the 21 date of the election in which the candidate appeared on the ballot.

22 (8) All reports filed under the provisions of this chapter shall be a matter of public
23 record open to inspection by any member of the public immediately upon receipt of
24 the report by the registry.

(9) A candidate or slate of candidates is relieved of the duty personally to file reports
and keep records of receipts and expenditures if the candidate or slate states in
writing or on forms provided by the registry that:

21 RS BR 1691

1 (a) Within five (5) business days after personally receiving any contributions, the 2 candidate or slate of candidates shall surrender possession of the contributions 3 to the treasurer of their principal campaign committee without expending any 4 of the proceeds thereof. No contributions shall be commingled with the 5 candidate's or slated candidates' personal funds or accounts. Contributions 6 received by check, money order, or other written instrument shall be endorsed 7 directly to the campaign committee and shall not be cashed or redeemed by 8 the candidate;

9 (b) The candidate or slate of candidates shall not make any unreimbursed 10 expenditure for the campaign, except that this paragraph does not preclude a 11 candidate or slate from making an expenditure from personal funds to the 12 designated principal campaign committee, which shall be reported by the 13 committee as a contribution received; and

14 (c) The waiver shall continue in effect as long as the candidate or slate of
15 candidates complies with the conditions under which it was granted.

16 (10) No candidate, slate of candidates, campaign committee, political issues committee, 17 or contributing organization shall use or permit the use of contributions or funds solicited or received for the person or in support of or opposition to a public issue 18 19 which will appear on the ballot to further the candidacy of the person for a different 20 public office, to support or oppose a different public issue, or to further the 21 candidacy of any other person for public office; except that nothing in this 22 subsection shall be deemed to prohibit a candidate or slate of candidates from using 23 funds in the campaign account to purchase admission tickets for any fundraising 24 event or testimonial affair for another candidate or slate of candidates if the amount 25 of the purchase does not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200) per event or affair. Any 26 funds or contributions solicited or received by or on behalf of a candidate, slate of 27 candidates, or any committee, which has been organized in whole or in part to

21 RS BR 1691

1 further any candidacy for the same person or to support or oppose the same public 2 issue, shall be deemed to have been solicited or received for the current candidacy 3 or for the election on the public issue if the funds or contributions are solicited or 4 received at any time prior to the regular election for which the candidate, slate of 5 candidates, or public issue is on the ballot. Any unexpended balance of funds not 6 otherwise obligated for the payment of expenses incurred to further a political issue 7 or the candidacy of a person shall, in whole or in part, at the election of the 8 candidate or committee, escheat to the State Treasury, be returned pro rata to all 9 contributors, or, in the case of a partisan candidate, be transferred to a caucus 10 campaign committee, or to the state or county executive committee of the political 11 party of which the candidate is a member except that a candidate, committee, or an 12 official may retain the funds to further the same public issue or to seek election to 13 the same office or may donate the funds to any charitable, nonprofit, or educational 14 institution recognized under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue 15 Code of 1986, as amended, and any successor thereto.

(11) If adequate and appropriate agency funds are available to implement this subsection,
 electronic reporting shall be made available by the registry to all candidates, slates
 of candidates, committees, contributing organizations, registered fundraisers, and
 persons making independent expenditures. The electronic report submitted to the
 registry shall be the official campaign finance report for audit and other legal
 purposes, whether mandated or filed by choice.

- (12) Filers not required to file reports electronically, as set forth in this section, arestrongly encouraged to do so voluntarily.
- (13) The date that an electronic or on-line report shall be deemed to have been filed with
  the registry shall be the date on which it is received by the registry.
- 26 (14) All electronic or online filers shall affirm, under penalty of perjury, that the report
  27 filed with the registry is complete and accurate.

Page 66 of 68

21 RS BR 1691

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(15) Filers who submit electronic campaign finance reports which are not readable, or cannot be copied, or are not accompanied by any requisite paper copy shall be deemed to not be in compliance with the requirements set forth in this section.

- 4 (16) Beginning with the primary scheduled in calendar year 2020, and for each
  5 subsequent election scheduled thereafter, reports required to be submitted to the
  6 registry involving candidates, slates of candidates, committees, contributing
  7 organizations, and independent expenditures shall be reported electronically.
- 8 (17) (a) On each paper and electronic form that the registry supplies for the reports
  9 required under subsections (2), (3), and (6) of this section, the registry shall
  10 include an entry reading, "No change since last report."
- 11 (b) If a person or entity that is required to report under subsection (2), (3), or (6) 12 of this section has received no money, loans, or other things of value from any 13 source since the date of its last report and has not authorized, incurred, or 14 made any expenditures since that date, the person or entity may check or 15 otherwise designate the entry that reads, "No change since last report." A 16 person or entity designating this entry in a report shall state the balance carried 17 forward from the last report but need not specify receipts or expenditures in further detail. 18
- 19 → Section 25. The following KRS sections are repealed:
- 20 118.551 Definition of political party.
- 21 118.561 Presidential preference primary election.
- 22 118.571 Voter qualification.
- 23 118.581 Nomination of candidates by State Board of Elections.
- 24 118.591 Nomination of presidential preference primary candidate by petition 25 Qualification of candidate through filing of notice of candidacy.
- 26 118.601 Notification of nominees by Secretary of State -- Order of names on ballot 27 Certification of candidates.

- 118.611 Candidates required to make deposit with Secretary of State -- Refund Escheat to Commonwealth.
- 3 118.621 Secretary of State to place candidates' names on ballot -- Provisions for casting
  4 uncommitted vote.
- 5 118.631 Certification of results of preference primary.
- 6 118.641 Distribution of authorized delegate vote among party candidates.
- 7 118.651 Notice to political party's national committee.