1 AN ACT relating to student health and safe
--

2	Be it enacted	by the	General	Assembly	of	the	Commonwealth o	of Kentuck	v:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 158.832 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 As used in KRS 158.830 to 158.838:
- 5 (1) "Anaphylaxis" means an allergic reaction resulting from sensitization following
- 6 prior contact with an antigen which can be a life-threatening emergency.
- Anaphylaxis may be triggered by, among other agents, foods, drugs, injections,
- 8 insect stings, and physical activity.
- 9 (2) "Bronchodilator rescue inhaler" means medication used to relieve asthma
- 10 <u>symptoms or an attack along with devices and device components needed to</u>
- 11 appropriately administer the medication.
- 12 (3) "Medications" means all medicines individually prescribed by a health care
- practitioner for the student that pertain to his or her asthma or <u>is</u> used to treat
- anaphylaxis, including but not limited to [EpiPen or other]auto-injectible
- 15 epinephrine *or bronchodilator rescue inhalers*;
- 16 (4)[(3)] "Health care practitioner" means a physician or other health care provider who
- has prescriptive authority;
- 18 (5) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ "Self-administration" means the student's use of his or her prescribed asthma
- or anaphylaxis medications, pursuant to prescription or written direction from the
- 20 health care practitioner; and
- 21 (6)[(5)] "Seizure action plan" means a written, individualized health plan designed to
- acknowledge and prepare for the health care needs of a student diagnosed with a
- seizure disorder that is prepared by the student's treating physician.
- → Section 2. KRS 158.836 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) Upon fulfilling the requirements of KRS 158.834, a student with asthma or a
- 26 student who is at risk of having anaphylaxis may possess and use medications to
- 27 treat the asthma or anaphylaxis when at school, at a school-sponsored activity,

BR100500.100 - 1005 - XXXX Jacketed

1	under the supervision of school personnel, or before and after normal school
2	activities while on school properties including school-sponsored child care or after-
3	school programs.

(2) A student who has a documented life-threatening allergy shall have:

- (a) An epinephrine auto-injector provided by his or her parent or guardian in his or her possession or in the possession of the school nurse, school administrator, or his or her designee in all school environments that the student may be in, including the classroom, the cafeteria, the school bus, and on field trips; and
 - (b) A written individual health care plan in place for the prevention and proactive management for the student in all school environments that the student may be in, including the classroom, the cafeteria, the school bus, and on field trips. The individual health care plan required under this paragraph may be incorporated in the student's individualized education program required under Pub. L. No. 94-142 or the student's 504 plan required under Pub. L. No. 93-112.
- (3) (a) Each school is encouraged to keep an epinephrine auto-injector in a minimum of two (2) locations in the school, including but not limited to the school office and the school cafeteria, so that epinephrine may be administered to any student believed to be having a life-threatening allergic or anaphylactic reaction. Schools electing to keep epinephrine auto-injectors shall maintain them in a secure, accessible, but unlocked location. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the extent that the epinephrine auto-injectors are donated to a school or a school has sufficient funding to purchase the epinephrine auto-injectors.
 - (b) <u>Each school is encouraged to keep a bronchodilator rescue inhaler in a</u> minimum of two (2) locations in the school, including but not limited to the

BR100500.100 - 1005 - XXXX Jacketed

1	school office and athletic office, so that bronchodilator rescue inhalers may
2	be administered to any student believed to be having asthma symptoms or
3	an attack. Schools electing to keep bronchodilator rescue inhalers shall
4	maintain them in a secure, accessible, but unlocked location. The
5	provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the extent that the
6	bronchodilator rescue inhalers are donated to a school or a school has
7	sufficient funding to purchase the bronchodilator rescue inhalers.
8	(c) Each school electing to keep epinephrine auto-injectors or bronchodilator
9	rescue inhalers shall implement policies and procedures for managing a
10	student's life-threatening allergic reaction, [or]anaphylactic reaction, or
11	<u>asthma</u> developed and approved by the local school board.
12	$\underline{(d)}$ [(e)] The Kentucky Department for Public Health shall develop clinical
13	protocols in the school health section of the Core Clinical Service Guide
14	manual that is maintained in the county or district public health department to
15	address epinephrine auto-injectors and bronchodilator rescue inhalers kept
16	by schools under this subsection and to advise on clinical administration of
17	the epinephrine auto-injectors and bronchodilator rescue inhalers. The
18	protocols shall be developed in collaboration with local health departments or
19	local clinical providers and local schools and local school districts.
20	(4) Any school employee authorized under KRS 156.502 to administer medication shall
21	not be liable for any civil damages for ordinary negligence in acts or omissions
22	resulting from the administration or the assistance in the administration of
23	epinephrine or a bronchodilator rescue inhaler to any student believed in good
24	faith to be having a life-threatening allergic or anaphylactic reaction or asthma
25	symptoms or an attack.
26	→ Section 3. KRS 311.645 is amended to read as follows:
27	As used in KRS 311.645 to 311.647:

Page 3 of 7

BR100500.100 - 1005 - XXXX

Jacketed

1	(1)	"Anaphylaxis" means an allergic reaction resulting from sensitization following
2		prior contact with an antigen which can be a life-threatening emergency, including
3		reactions triggered by, among other agents, foods, drugs, injections, insect stings,
4		and physical activity;
5	(2)	"Administer" means to directly apply an epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an
6		individual;
7	(3)	"Asthma" means a respiratory condition marked by coughing, wheezing, or
8		shortness of breath often triggered by allergies, exercise, or irritants;
9	<u>(4)</u>	"Authorized entity" means an entity that may at any time have allergens present that
10		are capable of causing a severe allergic reaction and has an individual who holds a
11		certificate issued under KRS 311.646 on the premises or officially associated with
12		the entity. The term includes but is not limited to licensed child-care centers and
13		certified family child-care homes, restaurants, recreation camps, youth sports
14		leagues, theme parks and resorts, and sports arenas;
15	<u>(5)</u>	"Bronchodilator rescue inhaler" means medication used to relieve asthma
16		symptoms or an attack along with devices and device components needed to
17		appropriately administer the medication;
18	<u>(6)</u> [(4)] "Certified individual" means an individual who successfully completes an
19		approved educational training program and obtains obtain a certificate, as
20		described in KRS 311.646;
21	<u>(7)</u> {(5)] "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device used to administer a
22		premeasured dose of epinephrine;
23	<u>(8)</u> [(6)] "Health-care practitioner" means a physician or other health-care provider
24		who has prescriptive authority; and
25	<u>(9)</u> [(7)] "Self-administration" means an individual's administration of an epinephrine
26		auto-injector or bronchodilator rescue inhaler on herself or himself.
27		→ Section 4. KRS 311.646 is amended to read as follows:

(1)	A nearth-care practitioner may prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors <u>ana</u>
	bronchodilator rescue inhalers in the name of an authorized entity or to a certified
	individual for use in accordance with this section.
(2)	A pharmacist may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors and bronchodilator rescue
	<u>inhalers</u> pursuant to a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity or to a
	certified individual.
(3)	The Department for Public Health, the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure, the
	Kentucky Board of Nursing, the American Red Cross, or other training programs
	approved by the Department for Public Health may conduct in-person or on-line
	training for administering lifesaving treatment to persons believed in good faith to
	be experiencing severe allergic reactions and asthma symptoms or an attack and
	issue a certificate of training to persons completing the training. The training shall
	include instructions for recognizing the symptoms of anaphylaxis and asthma and
	administering an epinephrine auto-injector or a bronchodilator rescue inhaler.
(4)	An individual who has a certificate issued under this section may:
	(a) Receive a prescription for epinephrine auto-injectors and bronchodilator
	<u>rescue inhalers</u> from a health-care practitioner;
	(b) Possess prescribed epinephrine auto-injectors and bronchodilator rescue
	<u>inhalers</u> ; and
	(c) In an emergency situation when a physician is not immediately available and
	the certified individual in good faith believes a person is experiencing a severe
	allergic reaction regardless of whether the person has a prescription for an
	epinephrine auto-injector or a bronchodilator rescue inhaler or has
	previously been diagnosed with an allergy:
	1. Administer an epinephrine auto-injector or a bronchodilator rescue
	<u>inhaler</u> to the person; and
	(2)

Page 5 of 7
BR100500.100 - 1005 - XXXX

27

2.

Provide an epinephrine auto-injector or a bronchodilator rescue inhaler

1		to the person for immediate self-administration.
2	(5)	An authorized entity that acquires and stocks a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors
3		or bronchodilator rescue inhalers with a valid prescription shall:
4		(a) Store the epinephrine auto-injectors <u>and bronchodilator rescue inhalers</u> in
5		accordance with manufacturer's instructions and with any additional
6		requirements established by the department; and
7		(b) Designate an employee or agent who holds a certificate issued under this
8		section to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, and general oversight
9		of epinephrine auto-injectors and bronchodilator rescue inhalers acquired by
10		the authorized entity.
11	(6)	Any individual or entity who administers or provides an epinephrine auto-injector to
12		a person who is experiencing a severe allergic reaction shall contact the local
13		emergency medical services system as soon as possible.
14	(7)	Any individual or entity who acquires and stocks a supply of epinephrine auto-
15		injectors in accordance with this section shall notify an agent of the local emergency
16		medical services system and the local emergency communications or vehicle
17		dispatch center of the existence, location, and type of the epinephrine auto-injectors
18		acquired if a severe allergic reaction has occurred.
19		→ Section 5. KRS 311.647 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	Any individual or entity who, in good faith and without compensation, renders
21		emergency care or treatment by the use of an epinephrine auto-injector or a

bronchodilator rescue inhaler shall be immune from civil liability for any personal injury as a result of the care or treatment, or as a result of any act or failure to act in providing or arranging further medical treatment, if the person acts as an ordinary, reasonable prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.
 The immunity from civil liability for any personal injury under subsection (1) of this

Page 6 of 7

BR100500.100 - 1005 - XXXX Jacketed

1		secti	ion includes:
2		(a)	A health-care practitioner who prescribes or authorizes the emergency use of
3			the epinephrine auto-injector or bronchodilator rescue inhaler;
4		(b)	A pharmacist who fills a prescription for the epinephrine auto-injector or
5			<u>bronchodilator rescue inhaler;</u>
6		(c)	A certified individual who provides or administers the epinephrine auto-
7			injector or bronchodilator rescue inhaler;
8		(d)	An authorized entity who stores or provides the epinephrine auto-injector or
9			bronchodilator rescue inhaler to a certified individual or authorized
10			noncertified individual; and
11		(e)	An individual trainer or training entity providing the certified individual.
12	(3)	The	immunity from civil liability under subsection (1) of this section shall not apply
13		if th	ne personal injury results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton
14		misc	conduct of the person rendering the emergency care.
15	(4)	The	requirements of KRS 311.646(6) shall not apply to any individual who provides
16		or a	dministers an epinephrine auto-injector or a bronchodilator rescue inhaler if
17		that	individual is acting as a Good Samaritan under KRS 313.035 and 411.148.