1		AN.	ACT relating to emergencies and declaring an emergency.
2	Be it	enac	ted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3		→ Se	ection 1. KRS 39A.090 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	The	Governor may make, amend, and rescind any executive actions as deemed
5		nece	ssary to carry out the provisions of KRS Chapters 39A to 39F.
6	(2)	(a)	Executive orders, administrative regulations, or other directives issued under
7			this chapter by the Governor shall be in effect no longer than two hundred
8			seventy (270)[thirty (30)] days unless an extension, modification, or
9			termination is approved by the General Assembly prior to the extension of any
10			executive order or directive that:
11			1. Places restrictions on the in-person meeting or places restrictions on the
12			functioning of the following:
13			a. Elementary, secondary, or postsecondary educational institutions;
14			b. Private businesses or nonprofit organizations;
15			c. Political, religious, or social gatherings;
16			d. Places of worship; or
17			e. Local governments; or
18			2. Imposes mandatory quarantine or isolation requirements.
19		(b)	All other executive orders, administrative regulations, or directives that are
20			not described in paragraph (a) of this subsection may exceed two hundred
21			seventy (270) days [thirty (30) days if requested by a chief executive officer or
22			a legislative body of a local government only for that local government and
23			only for the period of time requested by the chief executive officer or a
24			legislative body. The chief executive officer or a legislative body may make a
25			written request for extensions or early termination of the executive order].

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(3)

Upon the expiration of an executive order or other directive described in subsection

(2)(a) of this section declaring an emergency or other implementation of powers

1	ι	under	this chapter, the Governor shall not declare a new emergency or continue to
2	i	implen	nent any of the powers enumerated in this chapter based upon the same or
3	5	substa	ntially similar facts and circumstances as the original declaration or
4	i	implen	nentation without the prior approval of the General Assembly.
5	[(4)	The C	General Assembly, by joint resolution, may terminate a declaration of
6	•	emerge	ency at any time.
7	(5)	The C	ommonwealth waives immunity for prospective equitable and declaratory
8	1	relief (only, under the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States
9	4	f or cas	es brought against it in federal jurisdictions pursuant to KRS 446.350 during
10	•	emerge	encies declared under KRS Chapters 39A to 39F. No award of monetary
11	•	damag	es, costs, or attorney fees is waived or authorized under this subsection.]
12		Sec	tion 2. KRS 39A.100 is amended to read as follows:
13	(1)	In the	event of the occurrence or threatened or impending occurrence of any of the
14	5	situatio	ons or events enumerated in KRS 39A.010, 39A.020, or 39A.030, the
15	(Gover	nor may declare, in writing, that a state of emergency exists. The Governor
16	5	shall h	ave and may exercise the following emergency powers during the period in
17	•	which	the state of emergency exists:
18	((a) T	To enforce all laws, and administrative regulations relating to disaster and
19		e	mergency response and to assume direct operational control of all disaster
20		a	nd emergency response forces and activities in the Commonwealth;
21	((b) 1	To require state agencies and to request local governments, local agencies, and

(c) To seize, take, or condemn property, for the duration of the emergency, and only for public use as defined in KRS 416.675, excluding firearms and ammunition, components of firearms and ammunition, or a combination thereof, for the protection of the public or at the request of the President, the

special districts to respond to the emergency or disaster in the manner

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I		Armed Forces, or the Federal Emergency Management Agency of the United
2		States, including:
3		1. All means of transportation and communication;
4		2. All stocks of fuel of whatever nature;
5		3. Food, clothing, equipment, materials, medicines, and all supplies; and
6		4. Facilities, including buildings and plants.
7		Compensation for property seized, taken, or condemned under this paragraph
8		shall be determined using the process in KRS 416.540 to 416.670 to
9		determine value;
10	(d)	To sell, lend, give, or distribute any of the property under paragraph (c) of this
11		subsection among the inhabitants of the Commonwealth and to account to the
12		State Treasurer for any funds received for the property;
13	(e)	To make compensation for the property seized, taken, or condemned under
14		paragraph (c) of this subsection;
15	(f)	To exclude all nonessential, unauthorized, disruptive, or otherwise
16		uncooperative personnel from the scene of the emergency, and to command
17		those persons or groups assembled at the scene to disperse. A person who
18		refuses to leave an area in which a written order of evacuation has been issued
19		in accordance with a written declaration of emergency or a disaster may be
20		forcibly removed to a place of safety or shelter, or may, if this is resisted, be
21		arrested by a peace officer. Forcible removal or arrest shall not be exercised as
22		options until all reasonable efforts for voluntary compliance have been
23		exhausted;
24	(g)	To declare curfews and establish their limits;
25	(h)	To prohibit or limit the sale or consumption of goods, in the event of a
26		shortage of goods, excluding firearms and ammunition, components of
27		firearms and ammunition, or a combination thereof, or commodities for the

duration of the emerg	gency;
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- 2 (i) To grant emergency authority to pharmacists pursuant to KRS 315.500, for the duration of the emergency;
 - (j) To request any assistance from agencies of the United States as necessary and appropriate to meet the needs of the people of the Commonwealth;
 - (k) Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of State, to declare by executive order a different time or place for holding elections in an election area for which a state of emergency has been declared for part or all of the election area. The election shall be held within thirty-five (35) days from the date of the suspended or delayed election. The executive order shall remain in effect until the date of the suspended or delayed election regardless of the time limitations in KRS 39A.090 and shall not be changed except by action of the General Assembly. The State Board of Elections shall establish procedures for election officials to follow. Any procedures established under this paragraph shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of State and the Governor by respective executive orders; and
 - (1) Except as prohibited by this section or other law, to perform and exercise other functions, powers, and duties deemed necessary to promote and secure the safety and protection of the civilian population [to take action necessary to execute those powers enumerated in paragraphs (a) to (k) of this subsection].
 - (2) [Within thirty (30) days of a declared emergency, and every thirty (30) days thereafter, the Governor shall report to the General Assembly, if in session, or to the Legislative Research Commission if the General Assembly is not in session, on a form provided by the Commission detailing:
- 26 (a) All expenditures relating to contracts issued during the emergency under KRS
 27 45A.085 or 45A.095, or under any provision for which a state agency does not

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(b) All revenues received from the federal government in response to the declared emergency, any expenditures or expenditure plan for the federal funds by federal program, the state agency or program that was allocated the federal funds, and any state fund expenditures required to match the federal funds.

- (3) In the event of the occurrence or threatened or impending occurrence of any of the situations or events contemplated by KRS 39A.010, 39A.020, or 39A.030, which in the judgment of a local chief executive officer is of such severity or complexity as to require the exercise of extraordinary emergency measures, the county judge/executive of a county other than an urban-county government, or mayor of a city or urban-county government, or chief executive of other local governments or their designees as provided by ordinance of the affected county, city, or urbancounty may declare in writing that a state of emergency exists, and thereafter, subject to any orders of the Governor, shall have and may exercise for the period as the state of emergency exists or continues, the following emergency powers:
 - (a) To enforce all laws and administrative regulations relating to disaster and emergency response and to direct all local disaster and emergency response forces and operations in the affected county, city, urban-county, or charter county;
 - To exclude all nonessential, unauthorized, disruptive, or uncooperative (b) personnel from the scene of the emergency, and to command persons or groups of persons at the scene to disperse. A person who refuses to leave an area in which a written order of evacuation has been issued in accordance with a written declaration of emergency or a disaster may be forcibly removed to a place of safety or shelter, or may, if this is resisted, be arrested by a peace officer. Forcible removal or arrest shall not be exercised as options until all reasonable efforts for voluntary compliance have been exhausted;

1	(c)	To declare curfews and establish their limits;
2	(d)	To order immediate purchase or rental of, contract for, or otherwise procure,
3		without regard to procurement codes or budget requirements, the goods and
4		services essential for protection of public health and safety or to maintain or to
5		restore essential public services; and
6	(e)	To request emergency assistance from any local government or special district
7		and, through the Governor, to request emergency assistance from any state
8		agency and to initiate requests for federal assistance as are necessary for
9		protection of public health and safety or for continuation of essential public
10		services.
11	<u>(3)</u> [(4)]	Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow any governmental entity to
12	<u>restr</u>	cict the free exercise of religion, to abridge the freedom of speech or the press,
13	or to	o abridge the right to peaceably assemble or petition the government for a
14	<u>redr</u>	ess of grievances [impose additional restrictions on:
15	(a)	The lawful possession, transfer, sale, transport, carrying, storage, display, or
16		use of firearms and ammunition or components of firearms and ammunition;
17	(b)	The right of the people to exercise free speech, freedom of the press, to
18		petition their government for redress of injuries, or to peaceably assemble; or
19	(e)	The right of the people to worship, worship in person, or to act or refuse to act
20		in a manner motivated by a sincerely held religious belief.
21	(5) Notl	ning in this section shall be construed to allow any governmental entity to
22	impo	ose restrictions on the right of the people to:
23	(a)	Peaceably assemble; or
24	(b)	Worship, worship in person, or to act or refuse to act in a manner motivated
25		by a sincerely held religious belief].
26	→ S	ection 3. KRS 39A.180 is amended to read as follows:
27	(1) The	political subdivisions of the state and other agencies designated or appointed by

the Governor may make, amend, and rescind orders and promulgate administrative
regulations necessary for disaster and emergency response purposes, and to
supplement the carrying out of the provisions of this chapter, if not inconsistent
with any orders or administrative regulations promulgated by the Governor or by
any state agency exercising a power delegated to it by the Governor.
(2) (a) All written orders and administrative regulations promulgated by the
Governor, the director, or by any political subdivision or other agency
authorized by KRS Chapters 39A to 39F to make orders and promulgate
administrative regulations, shall have the full force of law and, if promulgated

authorized by KRS Chapters 39A to 39F shall be filed with the Legislative Research Commission. *All existing laws, ordinances, and administrative*

14 regulations inconsistent with KRS Chapters 39A to 39F, or any order or

administrative regulation issued under the authority of KRS Chapters 39A

to 39F, shall be suspended during the period of time and to the extent that

as administrative regulations, shall follow the requirements for promulgating

administrative regulations under KRS Chapter 13A. All written orders

the conflict exists.

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(b) [The Governor may suspend a statute by executive order when an emergency is declared under this chapter if:

1. The statute is specifically enumerated by the Governor in the executive order; and

2. The executive order specifying the suspension is approved by the Attorney General in writing.

(e) A statute suspension authorized in paragraph (\underline{a}) of this subsection shall only be in effect while the emergency executive order is in effect.

[(d) Any existing administrative regulation that conflicts with a written order issued under this chapter shall be amended, withdrawn, or repealed in

1		accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to conform with the written order.
2		(e) When a written order ends, any administrative regulation promulgated under
3		the authority of this section shall:
4		1. Become void; and
5		2. Be withdrawn, amended, or repealed in accordance with KRS Chapter
6		13A.]
7	(3)	Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, the Governor shall not suspend any
8		laws in KRS Chapters 39A to 39F, Chapter 13A, 446.350, 527.020, 311.710 to
9		311.820, or any other statutes related to abortion.
10	(4)	The law enforcement authorities of the state and of its counties, urban-counties,
11		charter counties, and cities shall enforce the written orders and administrative
12		regulations issued pursuant to KRS Chapters 39A to 39F.
13		→ Section 4. KRS 214.020 is amended to read as follows:
14	(1)	When the Cabinet for Health and Family Services determines that an infectious or
15		contagious disease will invade this state, it shall take necessary action and
16		promulgate administrative regulations under KRS Chapter 13A to prevent the
17		introduction or spread of such infectious or contagious disease or diseases within
18		this state.
19	(2)	Any administrative regulation promulgated under the authority of this section shall:
20		(a) [Be in effect no longer than thirty (30) days if the administrative regulation:
21		1. Places restrictions on the in-person meeting or functioning of the
22		following:
23		a. Elementary, secondary, or postsecondary educational institutions;
24		b. Private businesses or non-profit organizations;
25		c. Political, religious, or social gatherings;
26		d. Places of worship; or
27		e. Local governments; or

1	Imposes mandatory quarantine or isolation requirements;
2	(b) Include the penalty, appeal, and due process rights for violations of the
3	administrative regulation; and
4	(b) [(c)] Contain the public hearing and written comment period notice required
5	by KRS 13A.270.