1	AN ACT relating to veterinarian licensing and making an appropriation therefor.	
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:	
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED 7	<b>O</b>
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:	
5	Vithin the context of veterinary practice:	
6	1) ''Telehealth'' means all uses of technology to remotely gather and deliver heal	<u>lth</u>
7	information, advice, education, and care. Veterinary telehealth is divided in	<u>ito</u>
8	categories based on who is involved in the communication. For communication	<u>0n</u>
9	between veterinarians and other persons, there are distinctions in practice relat	ed
10	to whether a VCPR, as defined in Section 11 of this Act, has been establish	<u>ed</u>
11	with the patient.	
12	2) (a) "Telemonitoring," also known as "mHealth" or "mobile health," mea	<u>ns</u>
13	remote monitoring of patients who are not at the same location as t	<u>he</u>
14	health care provider. Some mHealth applications and wearables a	i <u>re</u>
15	designed to augment animal health care within VCPRs, while others a	i <u>re</u>
16	designed and marketed directly to consumers for their education and f	or
17	animal monitoring without clinical input and outside the context of	<u>a</u>
18	<u>VCPR.</u>	
19	(b) "Telesupervision" means the supervision of individuals using media su	<u>ch</u>
20	as audio or audio/video conference, text messaging, and e-mail.	
21	3) Telehealth that provides the delivery of information specific to a particul	ar
22	patient shall be conducted within the context of an established VCPR to ensu	re
23	protection for the patient. Practitioners providing this type of telehealth	<u>to</u>
24	patients in the Commonwealth shall be licensed to practice by the board	<u>in</u>
25	Kentucky and shall comply with all state and federal statutes and regulation	<u>ıs.</u>
26	Telehealth that requires an established VCPR includes the following defin	<u>ed</u>
27	<u>terms:</u>	

1	(a) "Connected care" means the integration of digital technologies to enhance
2	and support the VCPR and facilitate proactive and ongoing care through
3	improved communication, diagnosis, and monitoring. It is an approach to
4	veterinary practice that is patient- and client-centered, and actively engages
5	the entire veterinary healthcare team; and
6	(b) "Telemedicine" means telehealth that involves use of a tool to exchange
7	medical information electronically from one site to another to improve a
8	patient's clinical health status, which may be utilized to augment the
9	practice of veterinary medicine. The appropriate application of telemedicine
10	can enhance animal care by facilitating communication, diagnostics,
11	treatments, client education, scheduling, and other tasks. Telemedicine
12	targeting patients in Kentucky shall only be conducted within an existing
13	VCPR as defined in Section 11 of this Act, with an exception for advice
14	given in an emergency care situation until a patient can be seen by or
15	transported to a veterinarian.
16	(4) Telehealth conducted without a VCPR may include only the delivery of general
17	advice, educational information, and teletriage. Telehealth which may be
18	conducted without a VCPR includes the following defined activities:
19	(a) "Teleadvice" means the provision of any health information, opinion,
20	guidance, or recommendation concerning prudent future actions that are
21	not specific to a particular patient's health, illness, or injury. This is general
22	advice that is not intended to diagnose, prognose, treat, correct, change,
23	alleviate, or prevent animal disease, illness, pain, deformity, defect, injury,
24	or other physical, dental, or mental conditions. If the practitioner providing
25	the teleadvice is a qualified veterinarian or veterinary technician, the
26	practitioner shall be required to hold a valid license from the Kentucky
27	board, except as authorized by Section 15 of this Act, and shall comply with

1	all state and federal statutes and regulations;
2	(b) "Teleconsulting" means telehealth in which a veterinarian uses telehealth
3	tools to communicate with a specialist to gain insights and advice on the
4	care of a patient; and
5	(c) "Teletriage" means the safe, appropriate, and timely assessment and
6	management of animal patients via electronic consultation with their
7	owners, regardless of whether there is an immediate referral to a
8	veterinarian, where a diagnosis is not rendered. In assessing patient
9	condition electronically, the assessor determines urgency and the need for
10	immediate referral to a veterinarian, based on the owner's or responsible
11	party's report of history and clinical signs, sometimes supplemented by
12	visual information, such as photographs or video. Practitioners providing
13	this type of telehealth to patients in the Commonwealth shall be licensed to
14	practice by the board in Kentucky, shall comply with all state and federal
15	statutes and regulations, and shall disclose the Kentucky license number to
16	the person receiving the assessment on behalf of the patient.
17	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
18	READ AS FOLLOWS:
19	(1) Each veterinarian who provides veterinary medical services shall maintain
20	accurate electronic or legibly written medical records that include the identity of
21	the veterinarian or authorized representative who makes the entry.
22	(2) Veterinary medical records are the property of the client. The veterinary practice
23	where the records were prepared shall be the official records custodian. Original
24	patient records shall be retained by the veterinary practice or veterinarian who
25	prepared them and be readily retrievable for a period of five (5) years following
26	the last patient encounter.
27	(3) The client is entitled to a copy of the veterinary medical records.

1		(a) The veterinarian may require that the request be in writing and may charge
2		a reasonable fee for copying or the staff time in preparing the requested
3		veterinary medical records.
4		(b) Copies of the records shall be provided to the client, designated
5		veterinarian, or duly authorized representative within seven (7) calendar
6		days after receipt of a proper request, or sooner in accordance with the
7		patient's medical condition.
8		(c) Failure to provide the medical records in a timely fashion upon proper
9		request shall be considered unprofessional conduct.
10	<u>(4)</u>	All records required by law to be kept by a veterinarian shall be open to
11		inspection by the board or its authorized representatives during a routine
12		inspection or investigation of a complaint, and a copy shall be provided
13		immediately upon request.
14	<u>(5)</u>	Veterinary medical records shall be safeguarded against loss, tampering, or use
15		by unauthorized persons, be readily available, and contain sufficient information
16		to permit any authorized veterinarian to proceed with the care and treatment of
17		the patient by reading the medical record. Veterinary medical records shall
18		include but are not limited to the following information:
19		(a) Patient or herd identification;
20		(b) Client identification;
21		(c) A record of every encounter and consultation regarding the patient;
22		(d) All written records and notes, including diagnosis, treatment, surgery,
23		prescriptions, or recommendations;
24		(e) Radiographs, sonographic images, video recordings, photographs, or other
25		imaging and laboratory reports;
26		(f) Any information received as the result of a consultation, including the date,
27		name, and contact information of the consultant; and

1	(g) Any authorizations, details of conversations, releases, waivers, patient
2	discharge instructions, or other related documents.
3	(6) A patient's veterinary medical record and medical condition is confidential and
4	may not be furnished to or discussed with any person other than the client or
5	other veterinarians, veterinary technicians, veterinary assistants, aides, veterinary
6	practice staff, or consultants involved in the care or treatment of the patient,
7	except upon authorization of the client or under the following circumstances:
8	(a) Access to the records is specifically required by law, or as described in
9	Sections 11 and 12 of this Act;
10	(b) In response to a court order or subpoena with notice given to the client or
11	the client's legal representative;
12	(c) For statistical and scientific research, if the information is abstracted in a
13	way as to protect the identity of the patient and the client;
14	(d) As part of an inspection or investigation conducted by the board or an agent
15	of the board;
16	(e) To verify the rabies vaccination status of an animal; and
17	(f) In the course of a consultation as defined in Section 10 of this Act.
18	(7) A veterinarian shall not intentionally create a false record, make a false
19	statement, or alter or modify any medical record, document, or report concerning
20	treatment of a patient. When correcting a medical record, the original content
21	should be readable, and the alteration shall be clearly identified with the
22	correction, reason for correction, date, and author's name.
23	→SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
24	READ AS FOLLOWS:
25	(1) Each person who is licensed as a veterinary technician shall submit a completed
26	renewal application by the renewal deadline and pay to the board an annual
27	renewal fee for the renewal of the person's license.

1	<u>(2)</u>	A sixty (60) day grace period shall be allowed after the renewal deadline, during
2		which time individuals may renew their licenses upon submission of a completed
3		renewal application and payment of the renewal fee plus a late fee to the board.
4		All licenses not renewed by the grace period deadline shall expire based on the
5		failure of the individual to renew in a timely manner. Upon expiration, the
6		veterinary technician licensee is no longer eligible to practice in the
7		<u>Commonwealth.</u>
8	<u>(3)</u>	After the sixty (60) day grace period, individuals with an expired veterinary
9		technician license may have their licenses reinstated upon submission of a
10		completed reinstatement application and payment of a reinstatement fee to the
11		board. No person who applies for reinstatement after expiration of the person's
12		license shall be required to submit to an examination as a condition for
13		reinstatement if a reinstatement application is made within five (5) years from the
14		date of expiration.
15	<u>(4)</u>	A suspended license is subject to expiration and termination and shall be renewed
16		as provided in this chapter. Renewal or reinstatement shall not entitle the licensee
17		to engage in the practice until the suspension has ended, or is otherwise removed
18		by the board and the right to practice is restored by the board.
19	<u>(5)</u>	A revoked license is subject to expiration or termination but may not be renewed.
20		If it is reinstated, the licensee shall pay the reinstatement fee.
21	<u>(6)</u>	A person who fails to reinstate a license within five (5) years after its expiration
22		or termination may not have it renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated. A
23		person may apply for and obtain a new license by meeting the requirements of
24		this chapter.
25	<u>(7)</u>	The board may require that a person applying for renewal or reinstatement of
26		licensure show evidence of completion of continuing education as prescribed by
27		the board in administrative regulation.

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1	<u>(8)</u>	The board may grant retired or inactive licensure status and may establish
2		conditions under which retired or inactive licenses may be renewed as set forth by
3		administrative regulations promulgated by the board.
4		→SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
5	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
6	<u>(1)</u>	Each person who is certified as an animal euthanasia specialist shall submit a
7		complete renewal application by the renewal deadline and pay to the board an
8		annual renewal fee for the renewal of the person's certificate.
9	<u>(2)</u>	Each animal shelter that is certified as an animal control agency shall submit a
10		completed renewal application by the renewal deadline and pay to the board an
11		annual renewal fee for the renewal of the animal control agency certificate.
12	<u>(3)</u>	A sixty (60) day grace period shall be allowed after the renewal deadline, during
13		which time individuals and agencies may renew their certificates upon
14		submission of a completed application, and payment of the renewal fee plus a late
15		renewal fee to the board. Any certificate that was not renewed prior to the grace
16		period deadline shall expire. Upon expiration, the holder of that certificate is no
17		longer eligible to practice animal euthanasia in the Commonwealth or maintain
18		a United States Drug Enforcement Administration controlled substances
19		registration.
20	<u>(4)</u>	After the sixty (60) day grace period, individuals and agencies with an expired
21		certificate may have their certificates reinstated upon submission of a completed
22		reinstatement application and payment of a reinstatement fee to the board if the
23		reinstatement application is made within five (5) years from the date of
24		expiration. Animal control agencies may be subject to inspection prior to
25		reinstatement.
26	<u>(5)</u>	A suspended certificate is subject to expiration and termination and shall be
27		renewed as provided in this chapter. Renewal or reinstatement shall not entitle

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1		the certificate holder to engage in the practice until the suspension has ended or
2		is otherwise removed by the board, and the right to practice is restored by the
3		board.
4	(6)	A revoked certificate is subject to expiration or termination but may not be
5		renewed. If it is reinstated, the certificate holder shall pay the reinstatement fee.
6	<u>(7</u> )	A person or agency that fails to reinstate its certificate within five (5) years after
7		its expiration or termination shall not have it renewed, restored, reissued, or
8		reinstated. A person or agency may apply for and obtain a new certificate by
9		meeting the requirements of this chapter.
10	<u>(8)</u>	The board may require that a person or agency applying for renewal or
11		reinstatement of the certificate show evidence of completion of additional
12		training or continuing education as promulgated in administrative regulation by
13		the board.
14	<u>(</u> 9)	The board may grant retired or inactive certificate status for certified animal
15		euthanasia specialists and may establish conditions under which retired or
16		inactive certificates may be renewed as set forth by administrative regulations
17		promulgated by the board.
18		→ SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
19	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
20	<u>(1</u> )	The board may obtain a fingerprint-supported criminal record check conducted
21		by the Department of Kentucky State Police or equivalent state police body in the
22		applicant's home state, and a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal record
23		check, on each applicant for initial licensing, certification, permitting, or
24		registration, and reinstatement of the credential to practice veterinary medicine,
25		to practice as a veterinary technician, or on individuals identified as veterinarian
26		managers at the time of notification of this designation to the board.
27	<u>(2)</u>	The board shall not grant a license to practice veterinary medicine or to practice

1		as a veterinary technician, or approve of the veterinarian manager until it has
2		received and reviewed the criminal background investigations by both the state
3		police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for that applicant.
4	<u>(3)</u>	For good cause shown, the board may require a fingerprint-supported criminal
5		record check conducted by the Department of Kentucky State Police or equivalent
6		state police body in the applicant's home state and the Federal Bureau of
7		Investigation, on a current or former licensee, certificate holder, permittee, or
8		registrant.
9	<u>(4)</u>	For good cause shown, the board may deny an applicant's petition for licensure,
10		certificate, permit, registration, or reinstatement based on the contents of the
11		background check results.
12	<u>(5)</u>	The board may exchange fingerprint data and other background check related
13		communications, including the transfer of results, directly with the Federal
14		Bureau of Investigation and state or local law enforcement.
15		→ SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
16	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
17	<u>(1)</u>	The board may obtain a fingerprint-supported criminal record check conducted
18		by the Department of Kentucky State Police or equivalent state police body in the
19		applicant's home state and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, on each
20		applicant for initial certification and reinstatement as a certified euthanasia
21		specialist, or on individuals identified as designated on-site managers at the time
22		of notification to the board.
23	<u>(2)</u>	The board shall not grant certification as a certified euthanasia specialist or
24		approve the designated on-site manager until it has received and reviewed the
25		criminal background investigations by both the state police and the Federal
26		Bureau of Investigation for that applicant.
27	<u>(3)</u>	For good cause shown, the board may require a fingerprint-supported criminal

1		record check conducted by the Department of Kentucky State Police or equivalent
2		state police body in the applicant's home state and the Federal Bureau of
3		Investigation, on a currently or formerly certified euthanasia specialist.
4	<u>(4)</u>	For good cause shown, the board may deny an applicant's petition for
5		certification or reinstatement based on the contents of the background check
6		<u>results.</u>
7	<u>(5)</u>	The board may exchange fingerprint data and other background check related
8		communications, including the transfer of results, directly with the Federal
9		Bureau of Investigation and state or local law enforcement.
10		→SECTION 7. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
11	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
12	(1)	The board may promulgate administrative regulations defining application and
13		renewal requirements and fees for veterinary facilities.
14	(2)	The board may promulgate administrative regulations defining minimum
15		standards for a veterinary facility and for mobile facilities, including
16		requirements for application, inspection, sanitation, and other factors.
17	<u>(</u> 3)	All existing veterinary facilities shall be registered with the board not later than
18		<u>June 30, 2027.</u>
19	<u>(4)</u>	After June 30, 2027, all new facilities shall submit a completed application for
20		registration to the board, including fees as promulgated by the board in
21		administrative regulation.
22		(a) A new veterinary facility shall not begin operation in the Commonwealth
23		until the completed application and fee have been accepted by the board.
24		(b) A new veterinary facility shall be inspected within the first one hundred
25		twenty (120) days of operation.
26	<u>(5)</u>	A mobile facility that is affiliated with a veterinary facility shall be exempted from
27		the requirement to register independently, provided the affiliated veterinary

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1		facility's registration identifies that unit as its affiliate.
2	<u>(6)</u>	Each application to register a veterinary facility shall identify the veterinarian
3		manager who is responsible for its operation, management, and meeting the
4		minimum requirements established by this chapter and by the board in
5		administrative regulation.
6	<u>(7)</u>	The veterinarian manager shall be a Kentucky-licensed veterinarian with an
7		active license in good standing with the board.
8	<u>(8)</u>	The veterinarian manager is responsible for notifying the board of any change in
9		the veterinarian manger's association with the veterinary facility within fourteen
10		(14) calendar days.
11	<b>(9</b> )	An application for registration renewal shall be completed and submitted to the
12		board periodically after the initial registration deadline in 2027, in accordance
13		with Section 8 of this Act and as defined in administrative regulations
14		promulgated by the board.
15	<u>(10)</u>	Veterinary facilities shall be inspected at least once every five (5) years by the
16		board to ensure compliance with this chapter. Veterinary facilities that maintain
17		current American Animal Hospital Association accreditation shall be exempted
18		from periodic board inspections. This subsection shall not prevent the board from
19		conducting inspections at the veterinary facility in response to a complaint or
20		upon suspicion of a violation of this chapter.
21	<u>(11)</u>	The board may revoke, suspend, or take other disciplinary action deemed
22		appropriate against the registration, including ordering closure of the veterinary
23		facility, in accordance with Sections 26 and 27 of this Act on any of the following
24		grounds:
25		(a) The board or its agents are denied access to conduct an inspection or
26		investigation;
27		(b) The holder of a registration does not pay all prescribed fees or monetary

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1	penalties;
2	(c) There is no veterinarian manager identified; or
3	(d) Failure to comply with minimum standards defined in administrative
4	regulation by the board for the veterinary facility.
5	→SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
6	READ AS FOLLOWS:
7	(1) Each veterinary facility registered with the board shall submit a completed
8	renewal application by the renewal deadline and pay a biennial renewal fee for
9	the renewal of the registration.
10	(2) A veterinary facility with an expired registration may have its registration
11	reinstated upon submission of a completed reinstatement application and
12	payment of a reinstatement fee to the board.
13	(3) A suspended veterinary facility registration is subject to expiration and
14	termination and shall be renewed as provided in this chapter. Renewal or
15	reinstatement shall not entitle the registrant to allow the practice of veterinary
16	medicine on the premises or from the mobile facility until the suspension has
17	ended, or is otherwise removed by the board, and the right to operate or practice
18	is restored by the board.
19	(4) A revoked registration is subject to expiration or termination but may not be
20	renewed. If it is reinstated, the registration holder shall pay the reinstatement fee
21	to the board.
22	(5) A veterinary facility that fails to reinstate its registration within five (5) years
23	after its expiration or termination shall not have it renewed, restored, reissued, or
24	reinstated. A veterinary facility may apply for and obtain a new registration by
25	meeting the requirements of this chapter.
26	(6) The board may require that a veterinary facility applying for renewal or
27	reinstatement of registration show evidence of completion of continuing

1	education by the veterinarian manager as prescribed by administrative regulation
2	of the board.
3	(7) The board may grant inactive registration status and may establish conditions
4	under which inactive registrations may be renewed and reinstated as set forth by
5	administrative regulations promulgated by the board.
6	→ Section 9. KRS 321.175 is amended to read as follows:
7	It is hereby declared that the <i>practices</i> [practice] of veterinary medicine, veterinary
8	technology, and animal euthanasia, and the operation of registered veterinary facilities
9	and board-certified animal control agencies, are privileges which are [ is a privilege
10	which is] granted by legislative authority in the interest of public health, safety, and
11	welfare, and are subject to regulation and control in the public interest. To protect the
12	public from being misled by incompetent, unscrupulous, and unauthorized practitioners,
13	and] from unprofessional or illegal practices by persons licensed to practice veterinary
14	medicine and veterinary technology, from substandard care, and from unlicensed
15	persons, this chapter is enacted in the interest of the health, safety, and welfare of the
16	animal population and the citizens of Kentucky.
17	(1) It is declared to be a matter of public interest and concern that the practices of
18	veterinary medicine, veterinary technology, and animal euthanasia, as described
19	in this chapter, merit and receive the confidence of the public and that only
20	qualified individuals be permitted to practice these professions in the
21	Commonwealth. This chapter shall be liberally construed to carry out these
22	objectives and purposes.
23	(a) It is further declared that the intent of this chapter is to regulate the
24	professions of veterinary medicine, veterinary technology, and animal
25	euthanasia, and establish standards for veterinary premises, both fixed and
26	mobile, and shall result in displacing competition by restricting licensure,
27	permitting, certification, and registration to practice these professions, as

1		this practice is defined and interpreted by the board, to persons and
2		premises determined by the board to be qualified under this chapter.
3		(b) It is further declared that any resulting restriction on competition is
4		outweighed by the broader interest in protection of the public health, safety,
5		and welfare. It is understood that the regulatory structure calls for
6		veterinarians, veterinary technicians, and citizens-at-large to serve on the
7		board and this chapter recognizes the need for professional expertise
8		provided by veterinarians and veterinary technicians serving the public
9		<u>interest.</u>
10	<u>(2)</u>	This chapter is intended to provide active oversight and supervision through its
11		legislative enactment, the promulgation of administrative regulations, the
12		appointment of board members by the Governor, legal representation of the
13		board by competent counsel, legislative appropriation of moneys and spending
14		authority to support the board, and engagement in the administrative regulation
15		review process under the auspices of the Legislative Research Commission.
16	<u>(3)</u>	It is the purpose of this chapter to promote, preserve, and protect the public
17		health, safety, and welfare by and through the licensure, permitting, certification,
18		registration, and regulation of individuals, whether physically located within or
19		outside of the Commonwealth, who practice veterinary medicine, veterinary
20		technology, and animal euthanasia within Kentucky, and the registration of
21		veterinary facility locations and mobile facilities where veterinary medicine is
22		being practiced. In furtherance of this purpose, this chapter creates the Kentucky
23		Board of Veterinary Examiners, whose members, functions, and procedures shall
24		be established in accordance with this chapter.
25	<u>(4)</u>	The purpose of this chapter is to establish a comprehensive scheme to fully
26		occupy the fields of veterinary medicine, veterinary technology, and animal
27		euthanasia, and provide a uniform regulatory scheme to be enforced by the

1		Kentucky Board of Veterinary Examiners as defined in the scopes of practice.
2		→SECTION 10. KRS 321.181 IS REPEALED AND REENACTED TO READ
3	AS I	FOLLOWS:
4		As used in this chapter:
5	<u>(1</u> )	"Animal" means any member of the animal kingdom other than humans,
6		whether living or dead;
7	<u>(2)</u>	"Animal shelter" means a public agency or private humane society, society for
8		the prevention of cruelty to animals, animal protection shelter or control agency,
9		or other facility that provides shelter and care for homeless, stray, unwanted, or
10		injured animals;
11	<u>(3)</u>	"Applicant" means a person who submits an application for licensure,
12		certification, permit, or registration, whether complete or not, to the board;
13	<u>(4)</u>	"Approved program of continuing education" means an educational program
14		approved by the board or offered by an approved provider of continuing
15		education;
16	<u>(5)</u>	"Approved provider of continuing education" means any person that has met the
17		requirements of the board to provide educational courses that are designed to
18		ensure continued competence in the practice of veterinary medicine or practice of
19		veterinary technology or animal euthanasia;
20	<u>(6)</u>	"Approved veterinary medical program" means a school of veterinary medicine
21		or a veterinary medical education program that has been approved by the board
22		under standards established by the board through the promulgation of an
23		administrative regulation;
24	<u>(7)</u>	"Approved veterinary technology program" means a school of veterinary
25		technology or a veterinary technology education program that has been approved
26		by the board under standards established by the board through the promulgation
27		of an administrative regulation;

1	(8) "Background check" means an inquiry within a system for the collection,
2	processing, preservation, or dissemination of criminal history records maintained
3	by one or more local, state, or federal agencies;
4	(9) "Board" means the Kentucky Board of Veterinary Examiners created under this
5	<u>chapter;</u>
6	(10) "Certificate holder" means a person duly certified by the board under this
7	<u>chapter;</u>
8	(11) "Certified animal control agency" means an animal shelter that is certified
9	under this chapter;
10	(12) "Certified animal euthanasia specialist" means a person employed by a certified
11	animal control agency who is authorized by the board, under this chapter, to
12	humanely euthanize animals by administering drugs designated by the board for
13	euthanasia and sedation of animals for euthanasia on animals owned by the
14	certified animal control agency or animals in emergency circumstances;
15	(13) "Chemical restraint" means the use of any controlled substance, prescription, or
16	legend drug that restrains or tranquilizes the animal;
17	(14) "Client" means a person, either the owner, owner's agent, or other person
18	presenting the patient for care, who has entered into an agreement with a
19	veterinarian on behalf of a patient for the purposes of obtaining veterinary
20	medical services in person or by any means of communication;
21	(15) "Compensation" includes any gift, bonus, fee, money, credit, or other thing of
22	<u>value;</u>
23	(16) "Complementary and alternative veterinary medicine therapies" means a
24	heterogeneous group of preventive, diagnostic, and therapeutic philosophies and
25	practices that are not considered part of conventional veterinary medicine. These
26	therapies include but are not limited to:
27	(a) Veterinary acupuncture, acutherapy, and acupressure;

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1	(b) Veterinary homeopathy;
2	(c) Veterinary manual or manipulative therapy, such as therapies based on
3	techniques practiced in osteopathy, chiropractic medicine, or physical
4	medicine and therapy;
5	(d) Veterinary nutraceutical therapy; and
6	(e) Veterinary phytotherapy;
7	(17) "Consent" means the veterinarian has informed the client, or the client's
8	authorized representative, in a manner understood by the client or the client's
9	authorized representative, of the diagnostic and treatment options, potential
10	outcomes, risk assessment, and prognosis, and the client has consented to the
11	recommended services or treatment;
12	(18) "Consultation" means a veterinarian's receipt of advice or assistance in person,
13	or by any method of communication, from a veterinarian or other person whose
14	expertise, in the opinion of the veterinarian, would benefit a patient. Under any
15	circumstance, the responsibility for the welfare of the patient remains with the
16	veterinarian receiving consultation;
17	(19) "Continuing education" means training that is designed to ensure continued
18	competence in the practice of veterinary medicine or the practice of veterinary
19	<u>technology;</u>
20	(20) "Continuing education contact hour" means a fifty (50) minute clock hour of
21	instruction, not including breaks or meals;
22	(21) "Conviction" means a formal declaration that someone is guilty of a crime by a
23	court of competent jurisdiction and shall include a finding or verdict of guilt, an
24	admission of guilt, a no contest plea, a plea of nolo contendere, or a guilty plea;
25	(22) "Credential holder" means a person who holds an approved credential issued by
26	the board in accordance with this chapter, which may be one (1) or more of the
27	<u>following:</u>

1	(a) Certificate;
2	(b) License;
3	(c) Permit;
4	(d) Registration; or
5	(e) Special permit;
6	(23) "Designated on-site manager" means a person who registers with the board to
7	assume responsibility for controlled substances at a board-certified animal
8	<u>control agency;</u>
9	(24) "Discipline" means any final order, settlement agreement, reprimand, fine, or
10	other adverse consequence assessed against a person by the board or any of its
11	counterparts in other jurisdictions;
12	(25) "Embryo transfer" means to remove any embryo from any animal for the
13	purpose of transplanting the embryo into another animal or for the purpose of
14	cryopreserving the embryo, or to implant the embryo into any animal, including
15	food and companion animals;
16	(26) "Emergency" means the animal has been placed in a life-threatening condition
17	and immediate treatment is necessary to sustain life or end suffering;
18	(27) "Examination" means a qualifying examination approved by the board as a
19	condition for certification, licensure, permit, or registration;
20	(28) "Expired" is a licensure status whereby the licensee or certificate holder failed to
21	renew the license or certificate in a timely manner, by the deadlines set by the
22	board through the promulgation of an administrative regulation;
23	(29) "Extralabel use" means actual use or intended use of a drug in an animal in a
24	manner that is not in accordance with the approved labeling. This includes but is
25	not limited to:
26	(a) Use in species or production class not listed in the labeling;
27	(b) Use for indications such as disease or other conditions not listed in the

1		<u>labeling;</u>
2		(c) Use at dosage levels, frequencies, or routes of administration other than
3		those stated in the labeling; and
4		(d) Deviation from the labeled withdrawal time based on these different uses;
5	<u>(30)</u>	"Felony" means a criminal act as defined by any jurisdiction or by definition
6		<u>under federal law;</u>
7	<u>(31)</u>	"Impaired" means that a credential holder, designated on-site manager, or
8		veterinarian manager is unable to perform that person's duties with reasonable
9		skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a
10		written determination from a competent authority or written consent based on
11		clinical evidence, including deterioration of mental capacity, loss of motor skills,
12		or substance use disorder of sufficient degree to diminish the person's ability to
13		deliver competent patient care;
14	<u>(32)</u>	"Jurisdiction" means any Commonwealth, state, or territory, including the
15		District of Columbia, of the United States of America, any province of Canada, or
16		a regulatory organization, including international bodies, which issues licenses,
17		registrations, permits, or certificates related to the professional fields of
18		veterinary medicine;
19	<u>(33)</u>	"Licensee" means a person duly licensed by the board under this chapter;
20	<u>(34)</u>	"Livestock" means cattle, horses, sheep, goats, swine, poultry, captured or
21		cultivated aquatic species, farm-raised cervidae and camelidae, bees, and any
22		other species used in the production of fiber, meat, eggs, honey, milk, and other
23		animal food products;
24	<u>(35)</u>	"Mobile facility" is described in Section 17 of this Act;
25	<u>(36)</u>	"Patient" means any animal or group of animals receiving veterinary care from
26		a veterinarian, veterinary technician, veterinary assistant, or animal euthanasia
27		<u>specialist;</u>

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1	(37) ''Permittee'' means a person permitted by the board under this chapter;
2	(38) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, association, joint venture,
3	cooperative, corporation, governmental body, or any other group, legal entity, or
4	combination acting in concert, and whether or not acting as a principal, trustee,
5	fiduciary, receiver, or as any kind of legal or personal representative, or as the
6	successor in interest, assignee, agent, factor, servant, employee, director, officer,
7	or any other representative of the person;
8	(39) "Practice of veterinary medicine" means any person who practices veterinary
9	medicine when performing any one (1) or more of the following on an animal:
10	(a) Directly or indirectly diagnoses, prognoses, corrects, changes, relieves,
11	prevents, supervises, recommends, or performs medical or surgical
12	treatment, including complementary and alternative veterinary medicine
13	therapies, obstetrics, dentistry, oral surgery, acupuncture, laser therapy,
14	manipulation, and all other branches or specialties of veterinary medicine,
15	for the diagnosis, prevention, cure, or relief of a wound, defect, deformity,
16	fracture, bodily injury, disease, or dental, physical, behavioral, or mental
17	<u>condition;</u>
18	(b) Prescribes, dispenses, or administers any drug, medicine, anesthetic,
19	biologic, appliance, apparatus, application, treatment, or other therapeutic
20	or diagnostic substance or technique for veterinary purposes, in accordance
21	with the applicable federal statutes and regulations governing controlled
22	prescription and legend drugs;
23	(c) Performs any manual procedure for the diagnosis, treatment, or both of
24	pregnancy, sterility, or infertility, including embryo transfer;
25	(d) Determines the health, fitness, or soundness of an animal;
26	(e) Represents oneself directly or indirectly, as engaging in the practice of
27	veterinary medicine; or

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1	(f) Uses any words, letters, or titles under the veterinary practice as to induce
2	the belief that the individual using them is authorized to practice veterinary
3	medicine under this chapter. This use shall be prima facie evidence of the
4	intention to represent oneself as engaged in the practice of veterinary
5	<u>medicine;</u>
6	(40) ''Practice of veterinary technology'' means:
7	(a) The practices of veterinary technology when performing patient care,
8	professional medical care, monitoring, treatment, or other services on an
9	animal that require a technical understanding of veterinary medicine on the
10	basis of written or oral instruction of a board-licensed veterinarian, or
11	under supervision of a board-licensed veterinarian;
12	(b) Representation of oneself directly or indirectly, as a licensed veterinary
13	technician or ''LVT''; or
14	(c) Use of any words, letters, or titles under the circumstances that would
15	induce the belief that the individual using them is authorized to practice as
16	a veterinary technician under this chapter. This use shall be prima facie
17	evidence of the intention to represent oneself as engaged in practice as a
18	board-licensed veterinary technician;
19	(41) "Premises" means any place where an animal is located when veterinary
20	medicine is being practiced;
21	(42) "Prescription" means an order for a drug or medicine, or combination or
22	mixture of drugs or medicines, or proprietary preparation, that is signed, given,
23	or authorized and intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,
24	or prevention of disease;
25	(43) "Registrant" means a person or premises duly permitted by the board under this
26	<u>chapter;</u>
27	(44) ''Registered veterinary facility'' means a veterinary facility that is registered with

1	the board under this chapter;
2	(45) "Supervision" pertains to any of the following:
3	<u>(a) ''Supervising veterinarian'' means a veterinarian who assumes</u>
4	responsibility for the veterinary care given to a patient by an individual
5	working under the veterinarian's direction. The supervising veterinarian
6	shall have examined the patient pursuant to currently acceptable standards
7	<u>of care;</u>
8	(b) "Immediate supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is physically
9	in the immediate area and within audible and visual range of the patient
10	and the individual treating the patient;
11	(c) "Direct supervision" means the supervising veterinarian is readily available
12	on the premises where the patient is being treated; and
13	(d) "Indirect supervision" means the supervising veterinarian need not be on
14	the premises but has given either written or oral instructions for the
15	treatment of the patient and is readily available for communication;
16	(46) ''Telehealth'' and associated terms are defined in Section 1 of this Act;
17	(47) "Veterinarian" means an individual who is licensed to engage in the practice of
18	veterinary medicine under this chapter;
19	(48) ''Veterinarian manager'' is a veterinarian who registers to assume responsibility
20	for the registration, management, and operation of a registered veterinary
21	<u>facility;</u>
22	(49) ''Veterinarian-client-patient relationship'' or ''VCPR'' is defined in Section 11 of
23	<u>this Act;</u>
24	(50) "Veterinary assistant" means a layperson who is employed by a licensed
25	veterinarian in accordance with Section 30 of this Act;
26	(51) "Veterinary facility" means any building, place, premises, mobile facility, or
27	mobile unit from which the practice of veterinary medicine and practice of

1	v	eterinary technology are conducted or performed, including but not limited to a
2	n	nobile clinic or facility, outpatient clinic, veterinary hospital or clinic, emergency
3	<u>.</u>	acility, specialty facility, referral facility, or center, temporary health clinic or
4	<u>s</u>	pay/neuter location, but does not include the premises of a veterinary client, a
5	<u>r</u>	esearch facility, a federal military base, or an American Veterinary Medical
6	A	Association-accredited college of veterinary medicine or veterinary technology;
7	<u>(52)</u> ′	'Veterinary specialist'' means a veterinarian that has been awarded and
8	<u>n</u>	naintains certification from an American Veterinary Medical Association-
9	<u>r</u>	ecognized veterinary specialty organization, program, or college, and is
10	<u>r</u>	registered in this specialty with the board;
11	<u>(53)</u> ′	'Veterinary student'' means:
12	<u>(</u>	a) A person enrolled in any veterinary school or college approved by the
13		American Veterinary Medical Association while pursuing a degree in
14		veterinary medicine; or
15	<u>(</u>	b) A person in a post-Doctor of Veterinary Medicine temporary private
16		internship, residency, or veterinary hospital-based program, not to exceed
17		thirty (30) days in a calendar year;
18	<u>(54)</u> '	'Veterinary technician'' means a person who has completed an approved
19	<u>v</u>	eterinary technology program, and who is licensed in accordance with this
20	<u>c</u>	hapter. The board may further define subcategories of veterinary technicians in
21	<u>a</u>	accordance with Section 29 of this Act;
22	<u>(55)</u> ′	'Veterinary wellness committee'' means a committee appointed by the board that
23	<u>s</u>	hall be composed of individuals who have expertise in the areas of alcohol
24	<u>a</u>	buse, chemical dependence, drug abuse, or physical or mental condition
25	d	lesignated by the board to perform activities related to the veterinary wellness
26	<u>p</u>	program; and
27	<u>(56)</u> '	'Veterinary wellness program'' means the board-sponsored program for the

1		identification, intervention, and monitoring of credential holders or applicants					
2		who may be impaired as a result of alcohol abuse, chemical dependence, drug					
3		<u>abus</u>	abuse, or any physical or mental condition.				
4		⇒s	ection 11. KRS 321.185 is amended to read as follows:				
5	(1)	In or	rder for a veterinarian to practice veterinary medicine, a relationship among the				
6		vete	rinarian, the client, and the patient shall be established and maintained.				
7		"Vet	terinarian-client-patient relationship" or "VCPR" is the basis for veterinary				
8		care	and means that:				
9		(a)	The veterinarian and the client or other caretaker of the patient both agree				
10			for the veterinarian to assume [has assumed the] responsibility for making				
11			medical judgments regarding the health of the animal [ and the need for				
12			veterinary treatment, and the client, whether owner or other caretaker, has				
13			agreed to follow the instructions of the veterinarian];				
14		(b)	There is sufficient knowledge of the animal by the veterinarian to initiate at				
15			least a general or preliminary diagnosis of the medical condition of the animal.				
16			This means that within the previous twelve (12) months the veterinarian				
17			either physically examined the animal or made a medically appropriate in-				
18			person visit [has recently seen and is personally acquainted with the keeping				
19			and care of the animal by virtue of an examination of the animal or by				
20			medically appropriate and timely visits] to the premises where the animal is				
21			kept; and				
22		(c)	The[ <u>practicing]</u> veterinarian <u>has assumed responsibility for providing</u>				
23			follow-up care to the patient, except in cases where the veterinarian has				
24			arranged for:				
25			1. Emergency or urgent care coverage by another veterinarian who has				
26			access to the patient's medical records or who can provide reasonable				
27			and appropriate medical care; or				

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1			2. Continuing care and treatment by another veterinarian who has
2			access to the patient's medical records or who can provide reasonable
3			and appropriate medical care [is readily available or shall provide
4			medical service for follow up in case of adverse reactions or failure of
5			the regimen of therapy. A new regimen of therapy shall be contingent
6			only upon cooperation of the client and availability of the subject
7			animal].
8	(2)	The	veterinarian shall maintain records which document patient visits, diagnosis,
9		treat	ment, and other relevant information, as required by Section 2 of this Act.
10	(3)	(a)	A veterinarian shall not violate the confidential relationship between the
11			veterinarian and the veterinarian's client. Consultation by the veterinarian
12			with another veterinarian or professional expert for the benefit of the
13			patient shall not constitute a violation of confidentiality.
14		(b)	A veterinarian shall not release information concerning a client or care of a
15			client's animal, except:
16			1. On the veterinarian's receipt of:
17			a. A written authorization or other form of waiver executed by the
18			client; or
19			b. An appropriate court order or subpoena; [ or]
20			2. In cases of animal abuse, pursuant to KRS 321.188 <u>; or</u>
21			3. In cases of reportable diseases as they relate to public health pursuant
22			to KRS 257.080 and 258.075 and the administrative regulations
23			promulgated under the authority of those statutes.
24		(c)	A veterinarian who releases information under paragraph (b) of this
25			subsection shall not be liable to any person, including the client, for an action
26			resulting from the disclosure.
27		(d)	The privilege provided by this subsection is waived by the client or the owner

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1		of an animal treated by the veterinarian to the extent the client or owner places
2		at issue in a civil or criminal proceeding:
3		1. The nature and extent of the animal's injuries; or
4		2. The care and treatment of the animal provided by the veterinarian.
5		(e) This subsection shall not apply to:
6		1. An inspection or investigation conducted by the board or an agent of the
7		board; or
8		2. The veterinary reporting requirements and regulatory authority of the
9		Kentucky Horse Racing Commission to inspect, investigate, and
10		supervise horses and other participants in horse racing as provided by
11		KRS Chapter 230 and the administrative regulations promulgated under
12		KRS Chapter 230, or any other law applicable to the regulation of horse
13		racing in the Commonwealth.
14	(4)	Veterinarians providing copies of records under this section may charge no more
15		than the actual cost of copying, including reasonable staff time.
16	(5)	A licensed veterinarian who in good faith engages in the practice of veterinary
17		medicine by rendering or attempting to render emergency or urgent care to an
18		animal when a client cannot be identified shall not be subject to penalty based
19		solely on the veterinarian's inability to establish a VCPR with an owner or the
20		owner's representative.
21	<u>(6)</u>	A VCPR cannot be established solely by telehealth means. Without a VCPR, any
22		advice provided through telehealth shall be general and not specific to a patient,
23		diagnosis, or treatment. Veterinary telemedicine shall only be conducted within
24		an existing VCPR, with the exception for advice given in an emergency until that
25		patient can be seen in person by a licensed veterinarian.
26		→Section 12. KRS 321.188 is amended to read as follows:
27	If a	veterinarian finds that an animal with which the veterinarian [he or she] has a

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1	vete	rinarian-client-patient relationship has been abused in violation of KRS 525.125,
2	525.	130, 525.135, or 525.137, the veterinarian may make a report to:
3	(1)	The Office of the State Veterinarian for any animal for which an on-farm livestock
4		or poultry care standard has been promulgated under KRS 257.196; or
5	(2)	Law enforcement for any other animal.
6		→SECTION 13. KRS 321.190 IS REPEALED AND REENACTED TO READ
7	AS I	FOLLOWS:
8	<u>(1)</u>	The practice of veterinary medicine and the practice of veterinary technology in
9		the Commonwealth are subject to enforcement by the board. Except as otherwise
10		provided in this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the
11		practice of veterinary medicine or the practice of veterinary technology in the
12		Commonwealth through any means, unless duly licensed under the applicable
13		provisions of this chapter, except as provided in Sections 15 and 30 of this Act.
14	<u>(2)</u>	(a) No person shall use the designation "veterinarian," "licensed
15		veterinarian," or any other designation indicating licensure status,
16		including abbreviations, or hold himself or herself out as a veterinarian
17		unless duly licensed for that profession.
18		(b) No person shall use the designation "veterinary technician," "licensed
19		veterinary technician," or any other designation indicating licensure status,
20		including abbreviations, or hold himself or herself out as a veterinary
21		technician unless duly licensed for that profession.
22	<u>(3)</u>	The practice of veterinary medicine by telephonic, videoconference, or other
23		means shall constitute the practice of veterinary medicine subject to licensure
24		and enforcement by the board.
25	<u>(4)</u>	A veterinarian shall utilize the services of a licensed veterinary technician or
26		veterinary assistant in accordance with this chapter and the administrative
27		regulations promulgated under the authority of this chapter. Unauthorized

1	utilization of any person's services in violation of this chapter shall be considered
2	as aiding and abetting any unlicensed person to practice veterinary medicine as
3	described in Section 26 of this Act.
4	(5) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent members of other
5	professions from performing functions for which they are duly licensed.
6	However, these persons shall not hold themselves out or refer to themselves by
7	any title or description stating or implying that they are licensed or otherwise
8	entitled to engage in the practice of veterinary medicine or the practice of
9	veterinary technology.
10	(6) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit any person who is not a
11	veterinarian to perform any of the following activities relating to animals:
12	(a) Surgery;
13	(b) Diagnosis;
14	(c) Prognosis; and
15	(d) Prescription.
16	→Section 14. KRS 321.193 is amended to read as follows:
17	The board shall issue a license as a "veterinarian" to an applicant who meets the
18	following requirements:
19	(1) <u>Has completed an application for licensure approved by the board in</u>
20	administrative regulation;
21	(2) Has paid the application fee and the appropriate examination fee;
22	(3) [(2)] Is a person of good moral character. As one (1) element of good moral
23	character, the board shall require each applicant for licensure to submit a full set
24	of the applicant's fingerprints for the purpose of obtaining criminal records
25	checks, pursuant to applicable law. All good moral character information,
26	including the information obtained through the criminal background checks,
27	shall be relevant to licensure eligibility determinations to the extent permitted by

1	<u>law</u>	;
2	<u>(4)[(3)]</u>	Has graduated and received a doctorate degree in veterinary medicine or
3	<u>equ</u>	ivalent degree in veterinary medicine from a board-approved veterinary
4	me	dical program[Has received a degree from a veterinary college approved by the
5	boa	<del>rd]</del> ;
6	<u>(5)</u> [(4)]	Has achieved a passing score[, as set by the board by administrative
7	reg	ulation,] on examinations required by administrative regulation promulgated by
8	the	board; <del>[ and]</del>
9	<u>(6) Ha</u>	s been approved for licensure by the board; and
10	<u>(7)</u> [(5)]	Has complied with any other requirement of the board by administrative
11	reg	ulation.
12	→9	Section 15. KRS 321.200 is amended to read as follows:
13	(1) No	provision of this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any of the following:
14	(a)	Any persons from gratuitously treating animals in cases of emergency,
15		provided they do not use the word "veterinarian," "veterinary," "veterinary"
16		technician," "veterinary nurse," or any title, words, abbreviation, or letters
17		in a manner or under circumstances which may induce the belief that the
18		person using them is qualified to <u>engage in the</u> practice <u>of</u> veterinary
19		medicine or the practice of veterinary technology as described in KRS
20		321.181 <del>[(5)]</del> ;
21	(b)	The owner of any animal or animals and the owner's full-time, or part-time,
22		regular employees from caring for and treating, including administering drugs
23		that are obtained and used in accordance with applicable state and federal
24		statutes and regulations to, any animals belonging to the owner. With the
25		exception of paragraph (c) of this subsection, treatment shall not include
26		surgery. Transfer of ownership or a temporary contract shall not be used for
27		the purpose of circumventing this provision;

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- (c) Any person from castrating <u>and dehorning</u> food animals[<u>and dehorning</u>
   cattle], as long as any drugs or medications are obtained and used in
   accordance with applicable <u>state and</u> federal statutes and regulations
   governing controlled <u>substances</u> and legend drugs;
- 5 (d) Any <u>veterinary</u> student as defined in KRS 321.181 from working under the
  6 direct supervision of a veterinarian who is duly licensed under <u>this</u>
  7 <u>chapter</u>[the laws of this Commonwealth];
- 8 (e) <u>Unlicensed</u>[Nonlicensed] graduate veterinarians in the United States Armed 9 Services or employees of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of 10 the United States Department of Agriculture or the Kentucky Department of 11 Agriculture, Division of Animal Health<u>, from engaging</u>[while engaged] in 12 the performance of their official duties[, or other lawfully qualified 13 veterinarians residing in other states, from meeting licensed veterinarians of 14 this Commonwealth in consultation];
- 15(f)Other lawfully qualified veterinarians residing in and duly licensed in other16jurisdictions, from discussing or meeting, either in person or virtually, with17licensed veterinarians of this Commonwealth in consultation about a18patient so long as the Kentucky-licensed veterinarian has established and
- 19 *maintains a current VCPR with the patient;*
- 20 (g) A trainer, sales agent, or herdsman from caring for animals, upon instruction
   21 from a Kentucky-licensed veterinarian, provided there is a <u>current</u>
   22 <u>VCPR[veterinary-client-patient relationship]</u>, as defined in KRS 321.185;
- 23 (h)[(g)] A university faculty member from teaching veterinary science or related
   24 courses, or a faculty member or staff member from engaging in veterinary
   25 research, including drug and drug testing research, provided that research is
   26 conducted in accordance with applicable <u>state and</u> federal statutes and
   27 regulations governing controlled <u>substances, prescription drugs,</u> and legend

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1			drugs;
2		<u>(i)</u> [(1	h)] Any person who holds a postgraduate degree in reproductive physiology
3			or a related field, and who has performed embryo transfers in Kentucky during
4			the five (5) years immediately preceding July 14, 1992, from performing
5			embryo transfers <u>on animals;</u>
6		<u>(i)</u> [(i	Volunteer health practitioners providing services under KRS 39A.350 to
7			39A.366; <del>[ or]</del>
8		<u>(k)</u> [(	j)] A retailer or its agent from providing information and suggestions
9			regarding the over-the-counter products it sells to treat animals so long as the
10			information and suggestions are consistent with the product label:
11		<u>(l)</u>	A Kentucky-licensed veterinarian from inspecting an animal, or an
12			animal's radiographs or other medical records, on behalf of a potential
13			buyer or potential seller, without regard to the existence of a VCPR;
14		<u>(m)</u>	Any persons from implanting a microchip in an animal for the purposes of
15			identification or the establishment of ownership; or
16		<u>(n)</u>	A veterinarian who is licensed in another jurisdiction, and is in good
17			standing in that jurisdiction, and meets the criteria for licensure in
18			Kentucky, and who has an active application on file with the board pending
19			for less than ninety (90) days, from working as a veterinarian in Kentucky
20			under the supervision of a Kentucky-licensed veterinarian while the board
21			application for licensure is being processed, so long as the place of
22			employment and contact information where the applicant works are
23			disclosed in the application.
24	(2)	(a)	An unlicensed veterinarian who does not qualify for licensure in Kentucky
25			and who is a nonresident of the United States may be employed in this
26			<u>Commonwealth[state]</u> to <u>engage in the</u> practice <u>of</u> veterinary medicine for
27			not more than thirty (30) days <i>in a calendar</i> [of each] year, provided <i>the</i>

1		<u>person</u> [he or she]:
2		1. Holds a valid, current license as a veterinarian in <u>the person's</u> [his or her]
3		home country;
4		2. Practices under the direct supervision of a veterinarian licensed in
5		Kentucky;
6		3. Registers with the board prior to commencing practice in the
7		<u>Commonwealth[state];</u> and
8		4. Agrees to practice and follow all the rules and administrative regulations
9		of this chapter and be subject to discipline for violations of those rules
10		and administrative regulations by the Kentucky Board of Veterinary
11		Examiners.
12		(b) This subsection shall not apply to a nonresident of the United States who is
13		otherwise eligible for a Kentucky license under this chapter.
14	(3)	Nothing in this chapter shall interfere with the professional activities of any licensed
15		pharmacist.
16		→Section 16. KRS 321.201 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1)	The board may issue a special permit to practice veterinary medicine to <u>an</u>
18		unlicensed [a nonlicensed] veterinarian who is a qualified applicant to become a
19		licensed veterinarian and who is awaiting the pending results of a board-approved
20		national examination or the final examination stage of a board-approved foreign
21		education equivalency program. [by examination,]
22	(2)	Individuals seeking to obtain a special permit shall apply to the board for
23		licensure and shall be [who is] employed by and working under the direct
24		supervision of a Kentucky-[-]licensed veterinarian. The application shall include a
25		letter of recommendation and acknowledgement of supervisory responsibilities
26		from the supervising licensed veterinarian.
27	<u>(3)</u>	The special permit shall <u>not</u> be issued <u>until[after]</u> the application has been

1		<u>submitted</u> [made] to take the next examination given by <u>a board-approved</u>
2		examination provider[the board and the required fees paid. A letter of
3		recommendation from the supervising licensed veterinarian shall be submitted with
4		the application].
5	<u>(4)</u>	The special permit shall expire <u>seven (7) business days</u> [the day] after the notice of
6		results of the first examination given after the permit was issued.
7	<u>(5)</u> [(	2)] A special permit <u>holder</u> may be subject to the disciplinary procedures as set
8		forth in KRS 321.351.
9		→ Section 17. KRS 321.205 is amended to read as follows:
10	<u>(1)</u>	A veterinarian may <i>utilize a ''mobile facility'' or ''mobile unit'' to conduct</i>
11		business and engage in the practice of veterinary medicine.
12	(2)	The mobile facility shall be registered under a current veterinary facility
13		registration with the Kentucky Board of Veterinary Examiners in accordance
14		with Sections 7 and 8 of this Act and the administrative regulations promulgated
15		under the authority of this chapter.
16	<u>(3)</u>	The mobile facility and its operators shall comply with all applicable local, state,
17		and federal laws.
18	<u>(4)</u>	The mobile facility may:
19		$(\underline{a})$ [(1)] Make farm or house calls in a motor vehicle or utilize a motor vehicle
20		equipped with special medical or surgical equipment if the veterinarian has a
21		permanent base of operations with a published address and telephone number{
22		recorded with the board] where the veterinarian may be contacted. The
23		published contact information shall be on file with the board;
24		$(\underline{b})$ [(2)] Apply the principles of environmental sanitation, food inspection,
25		animal nutrition, artificial insemination, environmental pollution control,
26		zoonotic disease control, and disaster medicine in the promotion and
27		protection of public health; and

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1		(c) [(3)] Engage in the collection of hazardous biological specimens and the use
2		of vaccine which may be injurious to humans, in accordance with applicable
3		state and federal statutes and regulations.
4		→Section 18. KRS 321.207 is amended to read as follows:
5	(1)	The <i>Kentucky</i> Board of Veterinary Examiners, upon submission of a complete
6		application and payment of a fee established by the board, shall issue to any animal
7		<u>shelter</u> [control agency] that it determines to be qualified, <u>an</u> authorization to apply
8		to the <u>United States[federal]</u> Drug Enforcement <u>Administration (DEA)[Agency,</u>
9		including any successor entity.] for a controlled substance registration[restricted]
10		controlled substance registration certificate] for the purchase, possession, storage,
11		and <i>administration</i> [use] of <i>the specific</i> [sodium pentobarbital or other] drugs
12		approved[as_authorized] by the board[_for_administration_by_a_certified_animal
13		euthanasia specialist] to euthanize or sedate animals for euthanasia for animals
14		owned by the board-certified animal control agency, or in the case of an
15		emergency, of injured, sick, or abandoned animals.
16		(a) A certified animal control agency that successfully obtains a DEA
17		controlled substance registration shall comply with all state and federal
18		laws related to the ordering, purchase, storage, tracking, and disposal of the
19		drugs obtained under the controlled substance registration.
20		(b) A certified animal control agency shall comply with certification renewal
21		requirements as set forth in Section 4 of this Act or the certificate shall
22		<u>expire.</u>
23	(2)	A certified animal control agency[To satisfy the board's authorization, the
24		applicant] shall comply with administrative regulations promulgated by the board
25		which contain standards for proper storage and handling of the drugs the board has
26		approved[authorized] for this use, and any other provisions as may be necessary to
27		ensure that the drugs are used safely and solely for the purpose set forth in this

1		section.
2	(3)	The requirements for inspections shall include the following:
3		(a) A certified animal control agency shall submit to periodic inspections to
4		ensure compliance with DEA controlled substance registration and board
5		<u>requirements;</u>
6		(b) An applicant for certification as a certified animal control agency shall
7		submit to an inspection prior to certification by the board to ensure
8		adequate security for controlled substances storage; and
9		(c) A previously certified animal control agency with an expired certificate
10		shall submit to inspections by the board to ensure proper log updates,
11		removal, and disposal of all drugs obtained under the DEA controlled
12		substance registration.
13	<u>(4)</u>	Upon submission of a complete application, payment of a fee established by the
14		board, and successful completion of a board-approved animal euthanasia specialist
15		training course by the applicant, the <i>Kentucky</i> Board of Veterinary Examiners shall
16		issue to $\underline{a}$ [any] person whom it determines to be qualified, a certificate for the
17		person to function as a certified animal euthanasia specialist, subject to the
18		following restrictions:
19		(a) A certified animal euthanasia specialist shall comply with certification
20		renewal requirements as set forth in Section 4 of this Act or the certificate
21		<u>shall expire;</u>
22		(b) A certified animal euthanasia specialist shall maintain an employment
23		relationship with a certified animal control agency to be qualified to
24		practice animal euthanasia;
25		(c) A certified animal euthanasia specialist is authorized to perform euthanasia
26		only on the premises of the certified animal control agency, except in case
27		<u>of an emergency;</u>

1	<u>(d)</u>	A certified animal euthanasia specialist shall euthanize only animals that
2		are owned by the certified animal control agency, or in cases of emergency.
3		Transfer of ownership or a temporary contract shall not be used for the
4		purpose of circumventing this subsection;
5	<u>(e)</u>	A certified animal euthanasia specialist shall not perform euthanasia at a
6		private residence; and
7	<u>(f)</u>	A certified animal euthanasia specialist shall not perform euthanasia for a
8		fee or other personal gain.
9	<u>(5)</u> [(4)]	Euthanasia of animals in a certified animal control agency shall only be
10	per	formed by <u>:</u>
11	<u>(a)</u>	A licensed veterinarian; [, including]
12	<u>(b)</u>	A licensed veterinary technician [ employed by and] functioning under the [
13		direct] supervision of a licensed veterinarian;[,] or
14	<u>(c)</u>	A certified animal euthanasia specialist as provided for in subsection $(4)$ [(3)]
15		of this section.
16	<u>(6)</u> A (	certified animal control agency that employs a certified animal euthanasia
17	spe	cialist may purchase, possess, and administer <i>the specific</i> [sodium pentobarbital
18	<del>or</del>	other] drugs approved by[that] the board[ approves] for the euthanasia or
19	sed	ation of animals for euthanasia. The specific[Sodium pentobarbital and other]
20	dru	gs approved by the board shall be the only drugs used by certified animal
21	euti	hanasia specialists for the euthanasia of animals or sedation of animals for
22	euti	hanasia in a certified animal control agency.
23	<u>(7)</u> [(5)]	Certified animal control agencies and certified animal euthanasia specialists
24	sha	Il be required to renew their certificates at intervals, upon conditions, and upon
25	the	payment of fees established by the board <i>through the promulgation of</i>
26	adn	ninistrative regulations.
27	<u>(8)</u> A v	eterinarian who is contracted or otherwise employed by an animal shelter
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1		shall not store drugs obtained under the veterinarian's DEA controlled substance
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2		registration in the same location where the drugs obtained under another DEA
3		controlled substance registration are stored.
4		(a) Separate and secure storage arrangements, drug logs, drug order forms,
5		and secure, limited access shall be required for each separate DEA
6		controlled substance registration.
7		(b) A veterinarian shall not store drugs ordered under the veterinarian's DEA
8		controlled substance registration at an animal shelter unless the DEA
9		controlled substance registration under which the drugs are ordered lists
10		the animal shelter address as the registrant address.
11		Section 19. KRS 321.211 is amended to read as follows:
12	(1)	Each person licensed as a veterinarian shall <i>biennially submit a completed renewal</i>
13		application and[, on or before September 30 of each even numbered year,] pay to
14		the board a renewal fee[ to be promulgated by administrative regulation of the
15		board] for the renewal of the person's [his] license [. All licenses not renewed by
16		September 30 of each even-numbered year shall expire based on the failure of the
17		individual to renew in a timely manner].
18	(2)	A sixty (60) day grace period shall be allowed after <i>the renewal date</i> [September
19		30, as required for renewal in subsection (1) of this section, during which time
20		individuals may renew their licenses upon submission of a completed renewal
21		application and payment of the renewal fee plus a late renewal fee[ as promulgated
22		by administrative regulation of the board]. All licenses not renewed by the grace
23		period deadline[November 30] shall expire[terminate] based on the failure of the
24		individual to renew in a timely manner. Upon <i>expiration</i> [termination], the licensee
25		is no longer eligible to practice in the Commonwealth.
26	(3)	After the sixty (60) day grace period, individuals with <u>an expired</u> [a terminated]
27		license may have their licenses reinstated upon submission of a completed

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1 <u>reinstatement application and</u> payment of[<u>the renewal fee plus</u>] a reinstatement 2 fee[<u>as promulgated by administrative regulation of the board</u>]. No person who 3 applies for reinstatement after <u>expiration</u>[termination] of <u>the person's</u> 4 <u>veterinarian</u>[his] license shall be required to submit to <u>an[any]</u> examination as a 5 condition for reinstatement, if <u>the</u> reinstatement application is made within five (5) 6 years from the date of <u>expiration[termination]</u>.

7 (4) A suspended <u>veterinarian</u> license is subject to expiration and termination and shall
8 be renewed as provided in this chapter. Renewal <u>or reinstatement</u> shall not entitle
9 the licensee to engage in the practice until the suspension has ended, or is otherwise
10 removed by the board and the right to practice is restored by the board.

11 (5) A revoked license is subject to expiration or termination but may not be renewed. If
12 it is reinstated, the licensee shall pay the reinstatement fee[as set forth in subsection
13 (3) of this section and the renewal fee as set forth in subsection (1) of this section].

- A person who fails to reinstate <u>the person's veterinarian</u>[his] license within five (5)
  years after its <u>expiration or</u> termination <u>shall[may]</u> not have it renewed, restored,
  reissued, or reinstated. A person may apply for and obtain a new license by meeting
  the[current] requirements of this chapter.
- 18 (7) The board may require that a person applying for renewal or reinstatement of
  19 licensure show evidence of completion of continuing education as prescribed by the
  20 board by administrative regulation.
- (8) The board may grant retired or inactive licensure status and may establish
  conditions under which retired or inactive licenses may be renewed *and reinstated*as set forth by *the board in* administrative regulations[ promulgated by the board].
- →Section 20. KRS 321.221 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board may issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who, upon
   *submitting a completed application*[applying] to the board and remitting a fee
   *established in administrative regulation*[set by the board], demonstrates to the

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1		board	that the applicant [he] has met the following requirements:
2		(a)	The applicant is a graduate of <u>an approved</u> [a] veterinary <u>medical</u>
3			<u>program</u> [college approved by the board];
4		(b)	The applicant is of good moral character. As one (1) element of good moral
5			character, the board shall require each applicant for licensure to submit a
6			full set of fingerprints for the purpose of obtaining criminal records checks,
7			pursuant to applicable law. All good moral character information,
8			including the information obtained through the criminal background
9			checks, shall be relevant to licensure eligibility determinations to the extent
10			<u>permitted by law;</u>
11		(c)	The applicant holds a valid license to practice veterinary medicine and has
12			engaged in the practice of [practiced] veterinary medicine in another state[ of
13			the United States], the District of Columbia,[-or] a territory of the United
14			States, or a province of Canada for at least one (1) year immediately
15			preceding application, if the requirements for licensure in the issuing state <u>or</u>
16			<i>province</i> are equal to or higher than the standards required for the issuance of
17			a new license under the provisions of this chapter; [ and]
18		(d)	The applicant has passed an examination given by the board on the laws and
19			administrative regulations of the Commonwealth [ of Kentucky] governing the
20			practice of veterinary medicine; and
21		<u>(e)</u>	The applicant has been approved for licensure by the board.
22	(2)	The b	board shall not issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who is under
23		inves	tigation in another state, territory, [or] the District of Columbia, Canadian
24		<u>provi</u>	nce, or any jurisdiction for an act which could result in disciplinary action in
25		that	jurisdiction until the investigation and disciplinary proceedings have been
26		comp	leted.
27		⇒Se	ction 21. KRS 321.230 is amended to read as follows:

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- There hereby is created a board to be known as the "Kentucky Board of Veterinary
   Examiners."
- 3 The board shall consist of *ten (10) members*: (1) 4 (a)Nine (9) members *shall be* appointed by the Governor, *as follows:*[and the Commissioner of Agriculture or the Commissioner's designee.] 5 Seven (7) members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth of 6 <u>1.</u> 7 Kentucky] and shall *be veterinarians*, each[ have been] lawfully 8 engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine in this Commonwealth 9 for at least two (2) years *immediately*[next] preceding the date of the 10 member's appointment;[.] One (1) member shall be a *citizen of the Commonwealth and shall be a* 11 <u>2.</u> 12 citizen at large who is not associated with or financially interested in the practice or business regulated; and[.] 13 14 *3*. One (1) member shall be a citizen of the Commonwealth and a licensed 15 veterinary technician who has been employed in the veterinary field in 16 the Commonwealth for at least two (2) years preceding the date of *the* 17 *member's* [his or her] appointment; and 18 **(b)** One (1) member shall be the Commissioner of Agriculture or designee. 19 (2) Whenever possible, the Governor shall ensure that appointments to the board 20 maintain a composition that includes diverse representation from each of the 21 following areas: 22 Species of animals served, including food animals, equines, small animals, (a)23 and other species; and 24 (b) Regional areas, including eastern Kentucky, western Kentucky, central 25 Kentucky, northern Kentucky, and all regional areas of the Commonwealth. All appointed members shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years and shall 26 (3) 27 serve until the member is reappointed or a *qualified* successor is appointed. The

1		terms shall be evenly staggered, so that no more than three (3) members are
2		appointed to full terms in any given calendar year.
3	<u>(4)</u>	Any vacancy in the appointed membership of the board shall be filled for the
4		unexpired term by appointment by the Governor.
5	<u>(5)</u>	Each member of the board shall receive one hundred dollars (\$100) per day for each
6		day or substantial part of a day of service actually given in carrying out the
7		member's[his] duties under this chapter, in addition to the member's[his] necessary
8		traveling, hotel, and contingent expenses incurred in attending the meetings of the
9		board and in the performance of <u>the member's[his]</u> duties.
10	<u>(6)</u>	Each member shall be required to swear the constitutional oath of office and sign
11		a board-adopted code of ethics agreement within six (6) months of initial
12		appointment, or the member may be removed.
13	<u>(7)</u>	A board member may be removed by the Governor, or removed by a three-fourths
14		(3/4) majority vote of the board upon one (1) or more of the following grounds:
15		(a) A poor attendance record, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office;
16		(b) The refusal or inability for any reason of a board member to perform the
17		duties as a member of the board in an efficient, responsible, and
18		professional manner;
19		(c) The misuse of office by a member of the board to obtain financial or
20		material gain or advantage personally or for another through the office;
21		(d) A final adjudication by a recognized body including the courts that the
22		board member is in violation of the laws governing the practice of
23		veterinary medicine or the practice of veterinary technology; or
24		(e) Other just and reasonable causes as determined solely by the board
25		pursuant to applicable law. In these cases, removal of a member of the
26		board shall be in accordance with KRS Chapters 13A and 13B, or other
27		applicable laws.

1	→SECTION 22. KRS 321.235 IS REPEALED AND REENACTED TO READ
2	AS FOLLOWS:
3	(1) The board shall:
4	(a) Administer and enforce this chapter and set and evaluate the qualifications
5	of applicants for licensure, certification, permitting, and registration;
6	(b) Promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter
7	13A to effectively carry out and enforce the provisions of this chapter;
8	(c) Promulgate administrative regulations to establish the fee amounts for all
9	fees required by this chapter. Fees may not exceed amounts necessary to
10	generate sufficient funds to effectively carry out and enforce the provisions
11	of this chapter, including costs related to administration, overhead, staffing,
12	information technology, investigations, inspections, supplies, equipment,
13	travel, and education and outreach efforts;
14	(d) Promulgate a code of conduct governing the practice of veterinary medicine
15	that shall be based upon generally recognized principles of professional
16	ethical conduct; and
17	(e) Maintain jurisdiction over persons and premises, regardless of their
18	licensure, certificate, permit, or registration status relative to acts,
19	omissions, complaints, and investigations which occurred during the
20	licensure, certification, permit, or registration period. The board shall also
21	maintain jurisdiction over registered facilities, irrespective of their
22	registration status, relative to acts, omissions, complaints, and
23	investigations which occurred during the registration period. This
24	jurisdiction shall be for purposes of enforcement of this chapter and any
25	administrative regulations promulgated under this chapter, including the
26	assessment and collection of fines, costs, and attorneys' fees. Jurisdiction of
27	the board shall also extend to persons engaging in the unauthorized

1			practice of veterinary medicine, unauthorized practice of veterinary
2			technology, or unauthorized practice of animal euthanasia. Licensees,
3			certificate holders, permittees, and registrants shall not divest the board of
4			jurisdiction by changing or relinquishing licensure, certificate, permit, or
5			registration status.
6	<u>(2)</u>	The	board may:
7		<u>(a)</u>	Issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, pay appropriate witness fees,
8			administer oaths, and investigate allegations of practices violating this
9			<u>chapter;</u>
10		<u>(b)</u>	Establish in administrative regulation and enforce standards or criteria of
11			programs or other mechanisms to ensure the continuing competence of
12			licensees, certificate holders, permittees, and registrants;
13		<u>(c)</u>	Establish in administrative regulation and enforce minimum standards and
14			codes of conduct for its licensees, certificate holders, permittees, and
15			<u>registrants;</u>
16		<u>(d)</u>	Establish in administrative regulation and enforce minimum standards for
17			the registration of veterinary facilities and mobile facilities;
18		<u>(e)</u>	Promulgate administrative regulations stating that certain practices or
19			procedures within the practice of veterinary medicine may be conducted by
20			non-veterinarian persons trained by board-approved programs in these
21			practices or procedures. The board shall establish in administrative
22			regulation minimum requirements, board oversight, and permitting and
23			renewal conditions;
24		<u>(f)</u>	Promulgate administrative regulations to establish:
25			<b><u>1.</u></b> Specific duties and responsibilities of the board;
26			2. Administration of licensure, certification, permitting, or registration;
27			and

1	3. Other matters pertaining to veterinarians, veterinary technicians,
2	animal control agencies, animal euthanasia specialists, veterinary
3	facilities, or unlicensed persons consistent with this chapter;
4	(g) Conduct investigations, inspections, and hearings, and keep records and
5	minutes necessary to carry out the function of this chapter;
6	(h) Inspect veterinary premises and equipment, including practice vehicles and
7	mobile facilities, at any time in accordance with protocols established in this
8	chapter and by the board in administrative regulation;
9	(i) Evaluate the qualifications for and authorize the issuance of licenses,
10	certifications, permits, and registrations to qualified candidates and
11	premises;
12	(j) Renew or deny licenses, certifications, permits, and registrations, require
13	continuing education as a condition for renewal, and promulgate
14	administrative regulations regarding the issuance and renewal of retired
15	and inactive licenses, certifications, permits, and registrations;
16	(k) Limit, reprimand, suspend, or revoke licenses, certificates, permits, and
17	registrations, or impose supervisory or probationary conditions upon
18	licensees, certificate holders, permittees, or registrants, or impose
19	administrative disciplinary fines, issue written reprimands, or any
20	combination thereof;
21	(1) Seek injunctive relief in Franklin Circuit Court to stop the unlawful
22	practice of veterinary medicine or practice of veterinary technology by
23	unlicensed persons, or against any person for the enforcement of this
24	chapter or any administrative regulations promulgated pursuant to this
25	<u>chapter;</u>
26	(m) Appoint from its own membership or staff one (1) or more members or
27	personnel to act as representatives of the board at any meeting within or

1		outside the Commonwealth; and
2		(n) Award scholarships or educational awards, as determined by the board, to a
3		person in the act of advancing toward, or having completed a degree in,
4		veterinary medicine or veterinary technology from an approved veterinary
5		medical program or approved veterinary technology program, and may take
6		any other appropriate action to effectuate the Veterinary Medicine Practice
7		Act. The board may contract with other state agencies and nonprofit
8		corporations for the endowment, management, and administration of
9		scholarships and educational awards. The requirements of these
10		scholarships and educational awards shall be determined by the board.
11		However, nothing contained in this section shall be construed as requiring
12		the board to endow or award any scholarship or educational award.
13	<u>(3)</u>	Members of the board, its agents, and employees shall be immune from personal
14		liability in any action, civil or criminal, which is based upon any official act or
15		acts performed by them in good faith.
16		Section 23. KRS 321.237 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1)	The board <u>may</u> [shall have the authority to] establish a veterinary wellness
18		committee to undertake the functions and responsibilities of a veterinary wellness
19		program. The functions and responsibilities may include any of the following:
20		(a) Receiving and evaluating reports of suspected impairment from any source;
21		(b) Issuing an order directing an applicant, certificate holder, licensee, on-site
22		<u>designated manager, permittee, registrant, or veterinarian manager to</u>
23		<u>undergo a mental or physical examination or chemical dependency</u>
24		evaluation, when probable cause exists that the credential holder has
25		engaged in conduct prohibited by this chapter or a statute or administrative
26		regulation enforced by the board. For the purpose of this section, every
27		credential holder is considered to have consented to undergo a mental or

2 3		do so, in writing, by the board and to have waived all objections to the
1		<u>admissibility of the examiner's or evaluator's testimony or reports on the</u>
4		grounds that the testimony or reports constitute a privileged
5		communication;
6		(c) Intervening in cases of verified impairment; or
7		(d)[(c)] Referring impaired <u>credential holders</u> , on-site designated managers,
8		veterinarian managers, or applicants [veterinarians] to treatment programs as
9		<u>a requirement of initial or continued licensure, certification, registration, or</u>
10		permitting.
11	(2)	Other provisions of law notwithstanding, all board and committee records
12		pertaining to the veterinary wellness program shall be kept confidential. No person
13		in attendance at any meeting of the committee shall be required to testify as to any
14		committee discussions or proceedings.
15	(3)	Other provisions of law notwithstanding, no member of the board or the veterinary
16		wellness committee shall be liable for damages to any person for any acts,
17		omissions, or recommendations made by the member in good faith while acting
18		within the scope of the member's responsibilities in accordance with this section.
19		→ Section 24. KRS 321.240 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	The board shall annually elect a chair and a vice chair from the appointed members
21		of the board. Officers of the board serve for terms of one (1) year and until a
22		successor is elected, without limitation on the number of terms an officer may
23		serve as long as he or she holds a current appointment to the board.
24	(2)	The board shall hold at least <u>five (5)[two (2)]</u> meetings annually and additional
25		meetings as the board may deem necessary. The additional meetings may be held
26		upon call of the chair or upon written request of three (3) members of the board.
27	<u>(3)</u>	Six (6)[Five (5)] members of the board shall constitute a quorum to conduct

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business.

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2	<u>(4)</u> [(	3)] The board may employ <i>its own executive director and staff, or employ</i> or
3		contract with any other persons it deems necessary to carry on the work of the board
4		and shall define their duties and fix their compensation. Should the board prefer
5		not to directly employ or contract with persons to serve as its executive director or
6		staff, the board may enter into a contract with another state agency in which the
7		board shall pay to the agency a sum sufficient to offset that agency's costs in the
8		salary and benefits of one (1) or more employees who will be assigned to serve the
9		board as its executive director and staff.
10	<del>[(4)</del>	Upon recommendation of the board, the Governor may remove any member of the
11		board for a poor attendance record, neglect of duty, or malfeasance in office.
12	(5)	The board shall promulgate administrative regulations as it may deem necessary and
13		proper to effectively carry out and enforce the provisions of this chapter, including
14		regulations to establish authorized fees. Fees may not exceed amounts necessary to
15		generate sufficient funds to effectively carry out and enforce the provisions of this
16		chapter.
17	<del>(6)</del>	The board shall promulgate a code of conduct governing the practice of veterinary
18		medicine which shall be based upon generally recognized principles of professional
19		ethical conduct.]
20		→ Section 25. KRS 321.320 is amended to read as follows:
21	<u>(1)</u>	All fees and other moneys received by the board pursuant to the provisions of this
22		chapter shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of a revolving fund for
23		the use of the board.
24	<u>(2)</u>	No part of this revolving fund shall revert to the general funds of this
25		Commonwealth.
26	<u>(3)</u>	All expenses incurred by the board shall be paid from this revolving fund,
27		including:

1 *(a)* The compensation of members of the board; 2 **(b)** *Salaries, wages, and benefits*[and all] of the employees of the board; 3 Payment of contractors hired by the board; (*c*) 4 (d)Administrative services provided to the board; and 5 Technology expenses related to administration of this chapter [and all (e) 6 expenses incurred by the board shall be paid from this revolving fund]. 7 Scholarships and other educational awards approved by the board for the (4) 8 purpose of promoting persons entering into the fields of veterinary medicine shall 9 be paid from this revolving fund. 10 The board may receive and expend funds, in addition to fees collected from (5) 11 parties other than applicants and credential holders, provided that these funds 12 shall be used in the pursuit of a specific objective that the board may accomplish by this chapter or which the board is qualified to accomplish by reason of its 13 14 jurisdiction or professional expertise. 15 → Section 26. KRS 321.351 is amended to read as follows: 16 (1)The board may refuse to issue a license, or may suspend, revoke, impose 17 probationary or supervisory conditions upon, impose an administrative fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation, issue a written reprimand, issue 18 19 a private admonishment, or any combination of actions regarding any licensee upon 20 proof that the licensee has: 21 (a) Committed any act of dishonesty or corruption, if in accordance with KRS 22 Chapter 335B. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal 23 proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon 24 conviction of the crime, the judgment and sentence are presumptive evidence 25 at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the licensee or applicant. 26 "Conviction," as used in this paragraph, shall include a finding or verdict of 27 guilt, an admission of guilt, or a plea of nolo contendere;

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1 Misrepresented or concealed a material fact in obtaining a license, or in (b) 2 reinstatement of a license: 3 Committed any unfair, false, misleading, or deceptive act or practice; (c) 4 (d) Been incompetent or negligent in the practice of veterinary medicine, the 5 practice of veterinary technology, or its associated professional activities; 6 Violated any[state] statute or administrative regulation governing the practice (e) 7 of veterinary medicine, the practice of veterinary technology, or its 8 associated professional activities or any activities undertaken by a 9 veterinarian]; 10 Failed to comply with an order issued by the board or an assurance of (f) 11 voluntary compliance; 12 Violated the code of ethical conduct as set forth by the board by (g) 13 administrative regulation; or 14 (h) Violated any applicable provision of any federal or state law or regulation 15 regarding the dispensing of controlled *substances* or legend drugs, if in 16 accordance with KRS Chapter 335B. 17 Five (5) years from the date of a revocation, any person whose license has been (2)18 revoked may petition the board for reinstatement. The board shall investigate the 19 petition and may reinstate the license upon a finding that the individual has 20 complied with any terms prescribed by the board and is again able to competently 21 engage in [ the] practice [ of veterinary medicine]. 22 (3) When in the judgment of the board, an alleged violation is not of a serious nature, 23 and the evidence presented to the board after the investigation and appropriate 24 opportunity for the licensee to respond, provides a clear indication that the alleged 25 violation did in fact occur, the board may issue a written reprimand to the licensee. 26 A copy of the reprimand shall be placed in the permanent file of the licensee. The 27 licensee shall have the right to file a response to the reprimand within thirty (30)

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1		days of its receipt and to have the response placed in the permanent licensure file.
2		The licensee may alternatively, within thirty (30) days of the receipt, file a request
3		for hearing with the board. Upon receipt of this request the board shall set aside the
4		written reprimand and set the matter for hearing.
5	(4)	At any time during the investigative or hearing processes, the board may enter into
6		an agreed order, settlement agreement, or accept an assurance of voluntary
7		compliance with the licensee which effectively deals with the complaint.
8	(5)	The board may reconsider, modify, or reverse its probation, reprimand,
9		suspensions, or other disciplinary action.
10	(6)	Private admonishment shall not be subject to disclosure to the public under KRS
11		61.878 and shall not constitute disciplinary action, but may be used by the board for
12		statistical purposes or in a subsequent disciplinary action against the licensee or
13		applicant.
14	<u>(7)</u>	For the purposes of this section, "license" means any license, certificate, permit,
15		registration, or other credential issued or approved by the board, or the
16		veterinarian manager designated on a veterinary facility registration, or on-site
17		designated manager designated for a certified animal control agency.
18	<u>(8)</u>	For the purposes of this section, "licensee" means a person who holds any
19		license, certificate, permit, registration, or other credential issued or approved by
20		the board, or is the veterinarian manager designated on a veterinary facility
21		registration, or on-site designated manager designated for a certified animal
22		<u>control agency.</u>
23		→Section 27. KRS 321.353 is amended to read as follows:
24	(1)	The board may, by a majority vote, issue an emergency order for the immediate,
25		temporary suspension of a license, certificate, permit, or registration against which

26 disciplinary action, an investigation, or initiating complaint is pending if the order is
27 necessary to protect the public.

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1	(2)	The emergency order shall be made in accordance with KRS 13B.125 and shall be
2		based upon a finding by the board that the emergency order is in the public interest
3		and that there is substantial evidence of immediate danger to the health, welfare,
4		and safety of the <i>credential holder's</i> [licensee's] clients, or the general
5		public.
6	(3)	A licensee, certificate holder, permittee, or registrant may appeal the emergency
7		order by filing a written request to the board for an emergency hearing in
8		accordance with KRS 13B.125 within thirty (30) days after receipt of the order.
9	(4)	The appeal of an emergency order shall address only the necessity for the action and
10		shall not constitute an appeal of the merits of the underlying complaint or charge.
11	(5)	The emergency order shall remain in effect until modified or vacated by the board
12		or hearing officer or superseded by final disciplinary action of the board or hearing
13		officer on the underlying complaint or charge.
14	(6)	The board shall expedite disciplinary hearings in which a licensee, certificate
15		holder, permittee, or registrant has been suspended under subsection (1) of this
16		section.
17	(7)	Any party aggrieved by a final order of the board may appeal to the Franklin Circuit
18		Court after a written decision is issued by the board in accordance with KRS
19		Chapter 13B.
20		→ Section 28. KRS 321.360 is amended to read as follows:
21	(1)	Except as provided in KRS 321.353, the board, before suspending, revoking,
22		imposing probationary or supervisory conditions upon, imposing an administrative
23		fine, or any combination of actions regarding any license, certificate, permit, or
24		registration, or regarding any veterinarian manager or on-site designated
25		manager under the provisions of this chapter, shall set the matter for hearing in
26		accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. After denying an application under the
27		provisions of this chapter, or issuing a written reprimand, the board shall grant a

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1		hearing	g in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B to the denied applicant only upon
2		written	request of the applicant made within thirty (30) days of the date of the letter
3		advisin	g of the denial or the reprimand.
4	(2)	Any pa	arty aggrieved by a final order of the board may appeal to Franklin Circuit
5		Court i	n accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
6		→ Sect	ion 29. KRS 321.441 is amended to read as follows:
7	(1)	The boa	ard shall issue a license as a veterinary technician to an applicant who:
8		(a) Is	s a graduate of an <u>approved[accredited program of]</u> veterinary technology
9		<u>p</u> 1	rogram [or its equivalent as approved by the board], with an associate or
10		ba	achelor's degree related to veterinary technology;
11		(b) O	Obtains a passing score on an examination as determined by the board to
12		as	ssess the qualifications and fitness of an applicant to engage in the practice;
13			nd]
14		(c) <u>Is</u>	s a person of good moral character. As one (1) element of good moral
15		<u>c</u> ]	haracter, the board shall require each applicant for licensure to submit a
16		<u>_fı</u>	ull set of the applicant's fingerprints for the purpose of obtaining criminal
17		<u>re</u>	ecords checks, pursuant to applicable law. All good moral character
18		in	nformation, including the information obtained through the criminal
19		ba	ackground checks, shall be relevant to licensure eligibility determinations
20		<u>to</u>	o the extent permitted by law;
21		<u>(d)</u> H	las met all the requirements of the board as established by administrative
22		re	egulation of the board: and
23		<u>(e)</u> H	las been approved for licensure by the board.
24	(2)	For t	he purpose of this chapter, ''veterinary technician,'' ''veterinary
25		technol	logist," "veterinary nurse," or any other category of veterinary technician
26		<u>definea</u>	l by the board in administrative regulation shall have the same meaning as
27		<u>''veteri</u>	nary technician'' under this chapter.

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1	<u>(3)</u>	The board shall promulgate administrative regulations for one (1) or more
2		categories of veterinary technicians defining the:
3		(a) Minimum qualifications required;
4		(b) Specific tasks that the licensee may perform under a veterinarian's
5		supervision; and
6		(c) Specific tasks that the licensee shall not perform.
7	<u>(4)</u>	The practice of veterinary technology by telephonic, videoconference, or other
8		means shall constitute the practice of veterinary technology subject to licensure
9		and enforcement by the board.
10	<u>(5)</u>	A veterinary technician who performs veterinary technology contrary to this
11		chapter shall be subject to disciplinary actions in a manner consistent with this
12		chapter applicable to licensed veterinarians[defining the scope of practice of the
13		veterinary technician as well as the delegable duties from a licensed veterinarian].
14	<u>(6)</u> [(	3)] Each veterinary technician licensed by the board shall pay an annual fee as
15		prescribed by the board.
16	<u>(7)</u>	Each veterinary technician licensed by the board shall <u>complete[attend]</u> annual
17		continuing education hours to renew the license as required by the board in
18		administrative regulation [to renew the license].
19	<u>(8)</u>	Failure to renew shall result in the <i>expiration</i> [termination] of the license[. If a
20		hearing is requested upon the rejection of an application, or upon the termination of
21		a license, a hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the KRS 321.360.
22	<del>(4)</del>	The services of a licensed veterinary technician shall be limited to the performance
23		of duties under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian, except for the
24		routine administration of drugs, vaccines, parasite control agents, and growth
25		stimulating implants for food animals prescribed by a veterinarian and under the
26		indirect supervision of a veterinarian where a veterinarian-client-patient relationship
27		exists. A licensed veterinary technician shall receive no fee or compensation for

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1	services other than salary or compensation paid by the establishment by which the		
2	licensed veterinary technician is employed. A licensed veterinary technician shall		
3	not participate in the operation of a branch office, clinic, or allied establishment		
4	unless a licensed veterinarian is on the premises. A licensed veterinary technician		
5	shall not diagnose, prescribe medication or treatment, or perform surgical		
6	procedures other than castrating and dehorning of food animals. A licensed		
7	veterinary technician may assist a veterinarian in all duties of veterinary medicine		
8	and surgery].		
9	(9) [(5)] A veterinarian shall utilize the services of a licensed veterinary technician in		
10	accordance with the terms and provisions of this chapter. Unauthorized utilization		
11	of licensed veterinary technicians by veterinarians shall be considered as aiding and		
12	abetting any unlicensed person to practice veterinary medicine as described in KRS		
13	321.351.		
14	(10) [(6)] Nothing in this section shall prohibit volunteer health practitioners from		
15	providing services under KRS 39A.350 to 39A.366.		
16	(11) Except as authorized by Section 15 of this Act, no person shall practice as a		
17	veterinary technician or perform any of the duties usually performed by a		
18	veterinary technician unless the person holds a license to practice as a veterinary		
19	technician issued and validly existing under the laws of this Commonwealth, as		
20	provided in the Kentucky Veterinary Medicine Practice Act.		
21	→ Section 30. KRS 321.443 is amended to read as follows:		
22	(1) A veterinary assistant <i>shall only work in the Commonwealth in the following</i>		
23	<u>circumstances:</u>		
24	(a) Under the supervision of a board-licensed veterinarian where a VCPR		
25	<u>exists; or</u>		
26	(b) Under the direct supervision of a board-licensed veterinary technician who		
27	is under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian where a VCPR		

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1		exists[may work only under the direct supervision of a veterinarian except for
2		the routine administration of drugs, vaccines, parasite control agents, and
3		growth stimulating implants for food animals prescribed by a veterinarian and
4		under the indirect supervision of a veterinarian where a veterinarian-client-
5		patient relationship exists].
6	(2)	Duties of a veterinary assistant shall exclude diagnosing, prescribing medication or
7		treatment, and performance of surgical procedures other than castrating and
8		dehorning of food animals.
9	(3)	A veterinary assistant and the veterinary assistant's employer shall not represent
10		the veterinary assistant as a veterinary technician.
11	<u>(4)</u>	A veterinary assistant who performs the duties of a veterinary assistant contrary
12		to this chapter or outside the scope defined by the board shall be subject to
13		disciplinary actions in a manner consistent with this chapter applicable to
14		licensed veterinarians.
15	<u>(5)</u>	A veterinarian shall utilize the service of a veterinary assistant in accordance with
16		the terms and provisions of this chapter. Unauthorized utilization of veterinary
17		assistants shall be considered as aiding and abetting an unlicensed person to practice
18		veterinary medicine as described in KRS 321.351.
19		→ Section 31. KRS 321.990 is amended to read as follows:
20	Any	person who violates or aids[shall violate or aid] in the violation of KRS 321.190
21	shal	be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than <u>one</u>
22	hun	dred[ten] dollars (\$100)[(\$10)] nor more than one thousand[five hundred] dollars
23	<u>(\$1,</u>	<u>000)</u> [(\$500)], or sentenced to jail for not less than ten (10) nor more than ninety (90)
24	days	, or both <i>per violation</i> so fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the jury.
25		→SECTION 32. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 321 IS CREATED TO
26	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
27	This	chapter shall be known as the Kentucky Veterinary Medicine Practice Act.

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Section 33. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person
or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
applications of the Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or
application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.