1	AN ACT relating to financial assistance and making an appropriation therefor.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 224A IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	(1) In furtherance of the goal of making access to potable water and wastewater
6	treatment available to all Kentuckians, the General Assembly finds and declares
7	that governmental agencies should provide to water and wastewater systems the
8	requisite financial resources to:
9	(a) Develop the technical, managerial, and operational expertise needed to
10	properly operate and maintain their drinking water and wastewater systems;
11	(b) Conserve, protect, and maximize the resources needed to offer drinking
12	water and wastewater systems and services;
13	(c) Upgrade drinking water and wastewater systems and services to prevent
14	water loss from degrading infrastructure; and
15	(d) Leverage existing finance with anticipated federal dollars or with other
16	sources as may be available from time to time to create a larger pool of
17	finance for water and wastewater systems to make improvements while
18	keeping customer rates affordable.
19	(2) The Kentucky Infrastructure Authority shall implement a program to assist
20	governmental agencies that provide drinking water and wastewater services with
21	the financial resources for both capital and non-capital expenses, including but
22	not limited to:
23	(a) Developing technical, operational, and maintenance resources and
24	expertise;
25	(b) Improving utility infrastructure planning, repair, maintenance, renovation,
26	and management of plants and assets;
27	(c) Obtaining technical expertise in areas of rate-setting, cost-of-service, and

1		proper utility accounting standards for the utility type;
2	<u>(d)</u>	Performing and correcting deficiencies from drinking water, wastewater,
3		and financial audits;
4	<u>(e)</u>	Providing finance for financial inadequacies, including debt service
5		coverage through relief or refinance of the drinking water or wastewater
6		system's debt;
7	<u>(f)</u>	Payment assistance for other financial inadequacies such as excessive
8		maintenance costs, fines and penalties from past violations, or consultants;
9		<u>and</u>
10	<u>(g)</u>	Extending finance for inadequately maintained distribution, collection, or
11		treatment works, including service extensions to unserved or underserved
12		areas and the renovation of treatment works to conserve resources.
13	→	SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 224A IS CREATED TO
14	READ A	AS FOLLOWS:
15	(1) Th	e water management assistance fund shall be established in the State Treasury
16	and	d shall be administered by the authority.
17	(2) Th	e fund shall be a dedicated fund, and all moneys in the fund shall be allocated
18	<u>for</u>	and dedicated to providing financial assistance for both capital and non-
19	<u>ca</u> p	oital expenses for governmental agencies that:
20	<u>(a)</u>	Provide public drinking water or wastewater services to ratepayers in the
21		Commonwealth; and
22	<u>(b)</u>	Are considered financially at risk.
23	(2) Th	e fund may receive donations and gifts, state and federal appropriations,
24	<u>fed</u>	eral grants or loans, and revenues or proceeds from the sale of bonds or from
25	<u>oth</u>	er financial instruments. The fund may receive proceeds from the authority's
26	<u>rev</u>	olving fund, as available, and if not contrary to the requirements which
27	est	ablish and govern the management and use of those funds.

1	<u>(3)</u>	Moneys in the fund shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to the next fiscal
2		year and used solely for the stated purposes in this section and Section 1 of this
3		Act.
4		→ Section 3. KRS 91A.040 is amended to read as follows:
5	(1)	Except as provided in subsections (2) to (4) of this section, each city shall, after the
6		close of each fiscal year, cause each fund of the city to be audited by the Auditor of
7		Public Accounts or a certified public accountant. The audit shall be completed by
8		February 1 immediately following the fiscal year being audited. The city shall
9		forward an electronic copy of the audit report to the Department for Local
10		Government for information purposes by no later than March 1 immediately
11		following the fiscal year being audited.
12	(2)	In lieu of the annual audit requirements in subsection (1) of this section, a city with
13		a population equal to or less than one thousand (1,000) based upon the most recent
14		federal decennial census may elect to have an audit performed every other fiscal
15		year in the following manner:
16		(a) After the close of each odd-numbered fiscal year, the city shall for that odd-
17		numbered year cause each fund of the city to be audited by the Auditor of
18		Public Accounts or a certified public accountant. The audits shall be
19		completed by February 1 immediately following the fiscal year to be audited.
20		The city shall forward an electronic copy of the audit report to the Department
21		for Local Government for information purposes by no later than March 1
22		immediately following the fiscal year being audited; and
23		(b) After the close of each even-numbered fiscal year, the city shall not be
24		required to complete an annual audit but shall forward an electronic copy of
25		its financial statement prepared in accordance with KRS 424.220 to the
26		Department for Local Government by no later than October 1 immediately
27		following the close of the even-numbered fiscal year.

(3) In lieu of the annual audit requirements in subsection (1) of this section, a city with a population of more than one thousand (1,000) but less than two thousand (2,000) based upon the most recent federal decennial census may elect to have an audit performed every other fiscal year to cover the two (2) fiscal years occurring since the prior audit in the following manner:

- (a) After the close of each odd-numbered fiscal year, the city shall cause each fund of the city to be audited by the Auditor of Public Accounts or a certified public accountant. The audit shall include both fiscal years since the prior audit and shall be completed by February 1 immediately following the fiscal years to be audited. The city shall forward an electronic copy of the audit report to the Department for Local Government for information purposes by no later than March 1 immediately following the fiscal years being audited; and
- (b) After the close of each even-numbered fiscal year, the city shall not be required to complete an annual audit but shall forward an electronic copy of its financial statement prepared in accordance with KRS 424.220 to the Department for Local Government by no later than October 1 immediately following the close of the even-numbered fiscal year.
- (4) Any city, which for any fiscal year receives and expends, from all sources and for all purposes, less than seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000), and which has no long-term debt, whether general obligation or revenue debt, shall not be required to audit each fund of the city for that particular fiscal year. Each city exempted in accordance with this subsection shall annually prepare a financial statement in accordance with KRS 424.220 and shall, not later than October 1 following the conclusion of the fiscal year, forward one (1) electronic copy to the Department for Local Government for information purposes.
- 27 (5) If a city is required by another provision of law to audit its funds more frequently or

1		more	e stringently than is required by this section, the city shall also comply with the
2		prov	risions of that law.
3	(6)	The	Department for Local Government shall, upon request, make available
4		elect	tronic copies of the audit reports and financial statements received by it under
5		subs	ections (1) to (4) of this section to the Legislative Research Commission to be
6		used	for the purposes of KRS 6.955 to 6.975 or to the Auditor of Public Accounts.
7	(7)	Each	n city required by this section to conduct an annual or biennial audit shall enter
8		into	a written contract with the selected auditor. The contract shall set forth all
9		term	as and conditions of the agreement which shall include but not be limited to
10		requ	irements that:
11		(a)	The auditor be employed to examine the basic financial statements, which
12			shall include the government-wide and fund financial statements;
13		(b)	The auditor shall include in the annual or biennial city audit report an
14			examination of local government economic assistance funds granted to the
15			city under KRS 42.450 to 42.495. The auditor shall include a certification
16			with the annual or biennial audit report that the funds were expended for the
17			purpose intended;
18		(c)	All audit information be prepared in accordance with generally accepted
19			governmental auditing standards which include tests of the accounting records
20			and auditing procedures considered necessary in the circumstances. Where the
21			audit is to cover the use of state or federal funds, appropriate state or federal
22			guidelines shall be utilized;
23		(d)	The auditor shall prepare a typewritten or printed report embodying:
24			1. The basic financial statements and accompanying supplemental and
25			required supplemental information;

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an opinion cannot be expressed; and

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The auditor's opinion on the basic financial statements or reasons why

1			3. Findings required to be reported as a result of the audit;
2		(e)	The completed audit and all accompanying documentation shall be presented
3			to the city legislative body at a regular or special meeting; and
4		(f)	Any contract with a certified public accountant for an audit shall require the
5			accountant to forward a copy of the audit report and management letters to the
6			Auditor of Public Accounts upon request of the city or the Auditor of Public
7			Accounts, and the Auditor of Public Accounts shall have the right to review
8			the certified public accountant's work papers upon request.
9	(8)	A c	opy of an audit report which meets the requirements of this section shall be
10		cons	sidered satisfactory and final in meeting any official request to a city for
11		fina	ncial data, except for statutory or judicial requirements, or requirements of the
12		Leg	slative Research Commission necessary to carry out the purposes of KRS 6.955
13		to 6	975.
14	(9)	Eacl	n city shall, within thirty (30) days after the presentation of an audit to the city
15		legis	slative body, publish an advertisement in accordance with KRS Chapter 424
16		cont	aining:
17		(a)	The auditor's opinion letter;
18		(b)	The "Budgetary Comparison Schedules-Major Funds," which shall include the
19			general fund and all major funds;
20		(c)	A statement that a copy of the complete audit report, including financial
21			statements and supplemental information, is on file at city hall and is available
22			for public inspection during normal business hours;
23		(d)	A statement that any citizen may obtain from city hall a copy of the complete
24			audit report, including financial statements and supplemental information, for
25			his personal use;
26		(e)	A statement which notifies citizens requesting a personal copy of the city
27			audit report that they will be charged for duplication costs at a rate that shall

not exceed twenty-five cents (\$0.25) per page; and

(f) A statement that copies of the financial statement prepared in accordance with KRS 424.220, when a financial statement is required by KRS 424.220, are available to the public at no cost at the business address of the officer responsible for preparation of the statement.

(10) Any resident of the city or owner of real property within the city may bring an action in the Circuit Court to enforce the provisions of this section. Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition, any officer who fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section shall, for each failure, be subject to a forfeiture of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), in the discretion of the court, which may be recovered only once in a civil action brought by any resident of the city or owner of real property within the city. The costs of all proceedings, including a reasonable fee for the attorney of the resident or property owner bringing the action, shall be assessed against the unsuccessful party.

(11) In the event of extenuating circumstances that prevent a city from completing and submitting a required audit or financial statement in compliance with the applicable deadlines in subsections (1) to (4) of this section, the city may submit a written request for an extension of time to the Department for Local Government on a form prescribed by the Department for Local Government. The Department for Local Government shall approve the request if it is submitted on or before the applicable deadline and, in the judgment of the Department for Local Government, the request is warranted by extenuating circumstances beyond the control of the city. Extensions granted under this subsection shall not exceed nine (9) months from the original due date of the audit or financial statement. If the Department for Local Government approves an extension for a city and the city fails to complete and

submit the required audit or financial statement in compliance with that extended deadline, then the provisions of subsection (12) of this section shall apply.

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- (12) If a city fails to complete an audit or financial statement and submit it to the Department for Local Government as required in subsections (1) to (4) and (11) of this section, the Department for Local Government shall notify the Finance and Administration Cabinet that the city has failed to comply with the audit requirements of this section, and that any funds in the possession of any agency, entity, or branch of state government may[shall] be withheld from the city until further notice. The Department for Local Government shall immediately notify the Finance and Administration Cabinet when the city complies with the requirements of subsections (1) to (4) and (11) of this section for all prior fiscal years it has failed to comply with the audit requirements of this section, and the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall direct the reinstatement of payments to the city, including any funds that were withheld due to the noncompliance.
- (13) Within a reasonable time after the completion of a special audit or examination conducted pursuant to KRS 43.050, the Auditor shall bill the city for the actual expense of the audit or examination conducted. The actual expense shall include the hours of work performed on the audit or examination as well as reasonable associated costs, including but not limited to travel costs. The bill submitted to the city shall include a statement of the hourly rate, total hours, and total costs for the entire audit or examination.
- → Section 4. KRS 224A.011 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 24 (1) "Administrative fee" means a fee assessed and collected by the authority from 25 borrowers and applicants under assistance agreements, to be used for operational 26 expenses of the authority;
- 27 (2) "Applicable interest rate" means the rate of interest which shall be used as part of

Page 8 of 19 XXXX

1		the repayment criteria for an assistance agreement between a governmental agency
2		and the authority, and shall be determined by the authority pertinent to the source of
3		funds from which the assistance agreement is funded;
4	(3)	"Applicant" means a governmental agency or private sector entity that has
5		submitted an application to the authority for a grant from the broadband deployment
6		fund;
7	(4)	"Application" means an application submitted by an applicant for a grant from the
8		broadband deployment fund;
9	(5)	"Assistance agreement" means the agreement to be made and entered into by and
10		between a governmental agency or a private entity and the authority, as authorized
11		by this chapter, providing for a lease, loan, services, or grant to a governmental
12		agency or a private entity or for the purchase of obligations issued by the
13		governmental agency, and for the repayment thereof to the authority by the
14		governmental agency or a private entity;
15	(6)	"Authority" means the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority, which is created by this
16		chapter;
17	(7)	"Authority revenues" means the totality of all:
18		(a) Service charges;
19		(b) Utility tax receipts, to the extent not otherwise committed and budgeted by the
20		authority during any fiscal period of the authority;
21		(c) Any gifts, grants, or loans received, to the extent not otherwise required to be
22		applied;
23		(d) Any and all appropriations made to the authority by the General Assembly of
24		the Commonwealth of Kentucky, to the extent not otherwise required to be
25		applied;
26		(e) All moneys received in repayment of and for interest on any loans made by the

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authority to a governmental agency, except as provided in KRS 224A.111,

1		224A.1115, and 224A.112, or as principal of and interest on any obligations
2		issued by a governmental agency and purchased by the authority, or as receipts
3		under any assistance agreement;
4		(f) The proceeds of bonds or long-term debt obligations of governmental
5		agencies pledged to the payment of bond anticipation notes issued by the
6		authority on behalf of the said governmental agency to provide interim
7		construction financing; and
8		(g) Payments under agreements with any agencies of the state and federal
9		government;
10	(8)	"Borrower or borrowing entity" means any agency of the state or its political
11		subdivisions, any city, or any special district created under the laws of the state
12		acting individually or jointly under interagency or interlocal cooperative agreements
13		to enter into assistance agreements with the authority;
14	(9)	"Broadband" means any wireline or fixed terrestrial technology having a capacity to
15		transmit data from or to the Internet with a minimum speed of twenty-five (25)
16		megabits per second downstream and three (3) megabits per second upstream as
17		defined by the Federal Communications Commission or the United States
18		Department of Agriculture and any amendments to those definitions. If the agencies
19		use different speed definitions, the faster speed definition shall apply to KRS
20		224A.110, 224A.112, and 224A.1121;
21	(10)	"Broadband deployment fund" means a fund to assist with the construction,
22		development, or improvement of broadband infrastructure, broadband services, or
23		technologies that constitute a part of, or are related to, broadband infrastructure or
24		broadband services, to provide for broadband service in underserved or unserved
25		areas of the Commonwealth;
26	(11)	"Broadband deployment project" means a proposed deployment of broadband
27		service infrastructure set forth in an application for grant funding under KRS

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- 2 (12) "Broadband deployment project area" means a geographic area determined by 3 census block or shapefile geospatial data for which grant funding has been
- 4 authorized under this section and KRS 224A.110, 224A.112, and 224A.1121;
- 5 (13) "Census block" means the smallest geographic unit used by the United States
 6 Census Bureau that is reported on the Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
- Form 477 relating to fixed broadband deployment data;
- 8 (14) "Community flood damage abatement project" means any structural or nonstructural study, plan, design, construction, development, improvement, or other activity to provide for flood control;
- 11 (15) "Construction" means and includes but is not limited to:
- 12 (a) Preliminary planning to determine the economic and engineering feasibility of
 13 infrastructure projects, the engineering, architectural, legal, fiscal, and
 14 economic investigations, and studies necessary thereto, and surveys, designs,
 15 plans, working drawings, specifications, procedures, and other actions
 16 necessary to the construction of infrastructure or solid waste projects;
 - (b) The erection, building, acquisition, alteration, remodeling, improvement, or extension of infrastructure or solid waste projects; and
 - (c) The inspection and supervision of the construction of infrastructure or solid waste projects and all costs incidental to the acquisition and financing of same. This term shall also relate to and mean any other physical devices or appurtenances in connection with, or reasonably attendant to, infrastructure or solid waste projects;
- 24 (16) "Dams" means any artificial barrier, including appurtenant works, which does or 25 can impound or divert water, and which either:
- 26 (a) Is or will be twenty-five (25) feet or more in height from the natural bed of the stream or watercourse at the downstream toe of the barrier, as determined by

1		the Energy and Environment Cabinet; or
2		(b) Has or will have an impounding capacity at maximum water storage elevation
3		of fifty (50) acre feet or more;
4	(17)	"Distribution facilities" means all or any part of any facilities, devices, and systems
5		used and useful in obtaining, pumping, storing, treating, and distributing water for
6		agricultural, industrial, commercial, recreational, public, and domestic use;
7	(18)	"Energy and Environment Cabinet" means the Kentucky Energy and Environment
8		Cabinet, or its successor, said term being meant to relate specifically to the state
9		agency which is designated as the water pollution agency for the Commonwealth of
10		Kentucky, for purposes of the federal act;
11	(19)	"Federal act" means the Federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. secs. 1251 et seq.) as
12		said federal act may be amended from time to time in the future, or any other
13		enactment of the United States Congress providing funds that may assist in carrying
14		out the purposes of the authority;
15	(20)	"Federally assisted wastewater revolving fund" means that fund which will receive
16		federal and state funds or the proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds of the
17		authority for the purpose of providing loans to finance construction of publicly
18		owned treatment works as defined in Section 212 of the federal act and for the
19		implementation of a management program established under Section 319 of the
20		federal act and for the development and implementation of a conservation and
21		management plan under Section 320 of the federal act;
22	(21)	"Governmental agency" means any incorporated city or municipal corporation, or
23		other agency, or unit of government within or a department or a cabinet of the
24		Commonwealth of Kentucky, now having or hereafter granted, the authority and
25		power to finance, acquire, construct, or operate infrastructure or solid waste
26		projects. This definition shall specifically apply but not by way of limitation to

incorporated cities; counties, including any counties containing a metropolitan

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sewer district; sanitation districts; water districts; water associations[if these
associations are permitted to issue interest bearing obligations which interest would
be excludable from gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986 as amended]; sewer construction districts; metropolitan sewer districts;
sanitation taxing districts; a regional wastewater commission established under
KRS 65.8901 to 65.8923; and any other agencies, commissions, districts, or
authorities (either acting alone, or in combination with one another in accordance
with any regional or area compact, or intergovernmental cooperative agreements),
now or hereafter established in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of
Kentucky having and possessing the described powers described in this subsection;
"Industrial waste" means any liquid, gaseous, or solid waste substances resulting
from any process of industry, manufacture, trade, or business, or from the mining or
taking, development, processing, or recovery of any natural resources, including
heat and radioactivity, together with any sewage as is present therein, which
pollutes the waters of the state, and specifically, but not by way of limitation, means
heat or thermal differentials created in the waters of the state by any industrial
processing, generating, or manufacturing processes;
"Infrastructure project" means any construction or acquisition of treatment works,
facilities related to the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater as
defined in KRS 65.8903, distribution facilities, or water resources projects instituted
by a governmental agency or an investor-owned water utility which is approved by
the authority and, if required, by the Energy and Environment Cabinet, Public
Service Commission, or other agency; solid waste projects; dams; storm water
control and treatment systems; gas or electric utility; broadband deployment project;
or any other public utility or public service project which the authority finds would
assist in carrying out the purposes set out in KRS 224A.300;

(24) "Infrastructure revolving fund" means that fund which will receive state funds, the

1	proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds of the authority or other moneys earmarked
2	for that fund for the purpose of providing loans or grants to finance construction or
3	acquisition of infrastructure projects as defined in this section;

- 4 (25) "Loan or grant" means moneys to be made available to governmental agencies by
 5 the authority for the purpose of defraying all or any part of the total costs incidental
 6 to construction or acquisition of any infrastructure project;
- 7 (26) "Market interest rate" means the interest rate determined by the authority under 8 existing market conditions at the time the authority shall provide financial 9 assistance to a governmental agency;
- 10 (27) "Obligation of a governmental agency" means a revenue bond, bond anticipation 11 note, revenue anticipation note, lease, or other obligation issued by a governmental 12 agency under KRS 58.010 et seq. or other applicable statutes;
- 13 (28) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation, or 14 governmental agency;
- 15 (29) "Pollution" means the placing of any noxious or deleterious substances
 16 ("pollutants"), including sewage and industrial wastes, in any waters of the state or
 17 affecting the properties of any waters of the state in a manner which renders the
 18 waters harmful or inimical to the public health or to animal or aquatic life, or to the
 19 use, present or future, of these waters for domestic water supply, industrial or
 20 agricultural purposes, or recreational purposes;
- 21 (30) "Prioritization schedules" means the list of wastewater treatment works, distribution
 22 facilities and water resources projects which the Energy and Environment Cabinet
 23 has evaluated and determined to be of priority for receiving financial assistance
 24 from the federally assisted wastewater revolving fund and the federally assisted
 25 drinking water revolving fund, or the list of infrastructure projects which the
 26 authority has evaluated and determined to be of priority for receiving financial aid
 27 from the infrastructure revolving fund. The evaluation by the authority of

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infrastructure projects for water systems shall be undertaken with input from the appropriate area development district;

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- (31) "Recovered material" means those materials which have known current use, reuse, or recycling potential, which can be feasibly used, reused, or recycled, and which have been diverted or removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether or not requiring subsequent separation and processing but does not include materials diverted or removed for purposes of energy recovery or combustion except refuse-derived fuel (RDF), which shall be credited as a recovered material in an amount equal to that percentage of the municipal solid waste received on a daily basis at the processing facility and processed into RDF; but not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total amount of the municipal solid waste received at the processing facility on a daily basis;
- 13 (32) "Recovered material processing facility" means a facility engaged solely in the 14 storage, processing, and resale or reuse of recovered material but does not mean a 15 solid waste facility if solid waste generated by a recovered material processing 16 facility is managed in accordance with KRS Chapter 224 and administrative 17 regulations adopted by the cabinet;
- 18 (33) "Revenue bonds" means special obligation bonds issued by the authority as
 19 provided by the provisions of this chapter, which are not direct or general
 20 obligations of the state, and which are payable only from a pledge of, and lien upon,
 21 authority revenues as provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the
 22 bonds, and shall include revenue bond anticipation notes;
- 23 (34) "Service charge" means any monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual charge to be 24 imposed by a governmental agency, or by the authority, for any infrastructure 25 project financed by the authority, which service charge arises by reason of the 26 existence of, and requirements of, any assistance agreement;
- 27 (35) "Sewage" means any of the waste products or excrements, or other discharges from

1 the bodies of human beings or animals, which pollute the waters of the state;

2 (36) "Shapefile" means a file format for storing, depicting, and analyzing geospatial data 3 showing broadband coverage;

- 4 (37) "Solid waste" means "solid waste" as defined by KRS 224.1-010(30)(a);
- 5 (38) "Solid waste facility" means any facility for collection, handling, storage,
- 6 transportation, transfer, processing, treatment, or disposal of solid waste, whether
- 7 the facility is associated with facilities generating the waste or otherwise, but does
- 8 not include a container located on property where the waste is generated and which
- 9 is used solely for the purpose of collection and temporary storage of that solid waste
- prior to off-site disposal, or a recovered material processing facility;
- 11 (39) "Solid waste project" means construction, renovation, or acquisition of a solid waste
- facility which shall be instituted and owned by a governmental agency;
- 13 (40) "Solid waste revolving fund" means that fund which shall receive state funds, the
- proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds of the authority, or other moneys
- 15 earmarked for the purpose of providing loans or grants to finance solid waste
- projects defined in this section;
- 17 (41) "State" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
- 18 (42) "System" means the system owned and operated by a governmental agency with
- respect to solid waste projects, treatment works, or infrastructure projects financed
- as provided by the assistance agreement between the governmental agency and the
- 21 authority;
- 22 (43) "Treatment works" or "wastewater treatment works" means all or any part of any
- facilities, devices, and systems used and useful in the storage, treatment, recycling,
- and reclamation of wastewater or the abatement of pollution, including facilities for
- 25 the treatment, neutralization, disposal of, stabilization, collecting, segregating, or
- holding of wastewater, including without limiting the generality of the foregoing,
- intercepting sewers, outfall sewers, pumping power stations, and other equipment

1		and their appurtenances; extensions, improvements, remodeling, additions, and
2		alterations thereof, and any wastewater treatment works, including site acquisition
3		of the land that will be an integral part of the wastewater treatment process, or is
4		used for ultimate disposal of residues resulting from wastewater treatment, together
5		with any other facilities which are deemed to be treatment works in accordance with
6		the federal act;
7	(44)	"Underserved area" means any project area where fixed, terrestrial broadband
8		service with a minimum twenty-five (25) megabits per second downstream and
9		three (3) megabits per second upstream is not available;
10	(45)	"Unserved area" means any project area where fixed, terrestrial broadband service
11		with a minimum ten (10) megabits per second downstream and one (1) megabit per
12		second upstream is not available;
13	(46)	"Utility tax" means the tax which may be imposed by the authority on every
14		purchase of water or sewer service in the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
15	(47)	"Variable rate revenue bonds" means revenue bonds the rate of interest on which
16		fluctuates either automatically by reference to a predetermined formula or index or
17		in accordance with the standards set forth in KRS 224A.120;
18	(48)	"Wastewater" means any water or liquid substance containing sewage, industrial
19		waste, or other pollutants or contaminants derived from the prior use of these
20		waters;
21	(49)	"Water resources" means all waters of the state occurring on the surface, in natural
22		or artificial channels, lakes, reservoirs, or impoundments, and in subsurface
23		aquifers, which are available, or which may be made available to agricultural,
24		industrial, commercial, recreational, public, and domestic users;
25	(50)	"Water resources project" means any structural or nonstructural study, plan, design,
26		construction, development, improvement, or any other activity including programs
27		for management, intended to conserve and develop the water resources of the state

1		and shall include all aspects of water supply, facilities to collect, transport, and treat
2		wastewater as defined in KRS 65.8903, flood damage abatement, navigation, water-
3		related recreation, and land conservation facilities and measures; and
4	(51)	"Waters of the state" means all streams, lakes, watercourses, waterways, ponds,
5		marshes, wells, springs, irrigation systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or
6		accumulations of water, surface and underground, natural or artificial, which are
7		situated wholly or partly within, or border upon, this state, or are within its
8		jurisdiction, except those private waters which do not combine or effect a junction
9		with natural, surface, or underground waters.
10		→ Section 5. KRS 224A.035 is amended to read as follows:
11	<u>(1)</u>	The Kentucky Infrastructure Authority is created solely to perform essential
12		governmental functions and to serve the public purpose of engaging in a program of
13		assistance to governmental agencies in the state with respect to the:
14		(a) Construction, [and] acquisition, and maintenance of infrastructure projects;
15		<u>and</u>
16		(b) Technical, managerial, and operational capacity of the agency's public
17		drinking water and wastewater systems.
18	<u>(2)</u>	In accomplishing <u>these</u> [such] purposes, the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority shall
19		be and constitute a de jure municipal corporation and political subdivision of the
20		state.
21		→ Section 6. KRS 224A.040 is amended to read as follows:
22	The	authority may, pursuant to the terms, conditions, restrictions and requirements of this
23	chap	ter, assist with the construction or acquisition of infrastructure projects or with the
24	<u>impr</u>	ovement of the technical, managerial, or operational capacity of public drinking
25	<u>wate</u>	r and wastewater systems by:
26	<u>(1)</u>	<u>Leasing</u> [lease] an infrastructure project; or
27	(2)	Making[make] loans or grants as funds are available, to any governmental

Page 18 of 19
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financial assistance supplied to the governmental agency, as defined in Se of this Act, will not cause the interest on current or future state age authority obligations, if excludable from gross income for federal tax purpo	1		agency <u>:[,]</u> or
of this Act, will not cause the interest on current or future state age authority obligations, if excludable from gross income for federal tax purpo be included in gross income for federal tax purposes to assist the govern	2	<u>(3)</u>	Purchasing[purchase] obligations of a governmental agency, provided that any
5 authority obligations, if excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes 6 be included in gross income for federal tax purposes to assist the govern	3		financial assistance supplied to the governmental agency, as defined in Section 4
6 be included in gross income for federal tax purposes [to assist the govern	4		of this Act, will not cause the interest on current or future state agency or
	5		authority obligations, if excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes, to
7 agency to carry out the construction or acquisition of infrastructure projects].	6		be included in gross income for federal tax purposes [to assist the governmental
	7		agency to carry out the construction or acquisition of infrastructure projects].