1 AN ACT relating to driving under the influence.

## 2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 189A.010 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) A person shall not operate or be in physical control of a motor vehicle anywhere in this state:
- 6 (a) Having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more as measured by a
  7 scientifically reliable test or tests of a sample of the person's breath or blood
  8 taken within two (2) hours of cessation of operation or physical control of a
  9 motor vehicle;
- 10 (b) While under the influence of alcohol;

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- 11 (c) While under the influence of any other substance or combination of 12 substances which impairs one's driving ability;
  - (d) While the presence of a controlled substance listed in subsection (12) of this section is detected in the blood, as measured by a scientifically reliable test, or tests, taken within two (2) hours of cessation of operation or physical control of a motor vehicle;
  - (e) While under the combined influence of alcohol and any other substance which impairs one's driving ability; or
- 19 (f) Having an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more as measured by a 20 scientifically reliable test or tests of a sample of the person's breath or blood 21 taken within two (2) hours of cessation of operation or physical control of a 22 motor vehicle, if the person is under the age of twenty-one (21).
- 23 (2) With the exception of the results of the tests administered pursuant to KRS 189A.103(7):
- 25 (a) If the sample of the person's blood or breath that is used to determine the 26 alcohol concentration thereof was obtained more than two (2) hours after 27 cessation of operation or physical control of a motor vehicle, the results of the

test or tests shall be inadmissible as evidence in a prosecution under subsection (1)(a) or (f) of this section. The results of the test or tests, however, may be admissible in a prosecution under subsection (1)(b) or (e) of this section; or

- (b) If the sample of the person's blood that is used to determine the presence of a controlled substance was obtained more than two (2) hours after cessation of operation or physical control of a motor vehicle, the results of the test or tests shall be inadmissible as evidence in a prosecution under subsection (1)(d) of this section. The results of the test or tests, however, may be admissible in a prosecution under subsection (1)(c) or (e) of this section.
- (3) In any prosecution for a violation of subsection (1)(b) or (e) of this section in which the defendant is charged with having operated or been in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, the alcohol concentration in the defendant's blood as determined at the time of making analysis of his *or her* blood or breath shall give rise to the following presumptions:
  - (a) If there was an alcohol concentration of less than 0.04 based upon the definition of alcohol concentration in KRS 189A.005, it shall be presumed that the defendant was not under the influence of alcohol; and
  - (b) If there was an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater but less than 0.08 based upon the definition of alcohol concentration in KRS 189A.005, that fact shall not constitute a presumption that the defendant either was or was not under the influence of alcohol, but that fact may be considered, together with other competent evidence, in determining the guilt or innocence of the defendant.

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any other competent evidence bearing upon the questions of whether the defendant was under the influence of alcohol or other substances, in any

prosecution for a violation of subsection (1)(b) or (e) of this section.

2 (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the fact that any person charged with violation of subsection (1) of this section is legally entitled to use any substance, including alcohol, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violation of subsection (1) of this section.

- (b) A laboratory test or tests for a controlled substance shall be inadmissible as evidence in a prosecution under subsection (1)(d) of this section upon a finding by the court that the defendant consumed the substance under a valid prescription from a practitioner, as defined in KRS 218A.010, acting in the course of his or her professional practice. However, a laboratory test for a controlled substance may be admissible as evidence in a prosecution under subsection (1)(c) or (e) of this section.
- (5) Any person who violates the provisions of paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subsection (1) of this section shall:
  - (a) For the first offense within a ten (10) year period, be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than forty-eight (48) hours nor more than thirty (30) days, or both. Following sentencing, the defendant may apply to the judge for permission to enter a community labor program for not less than forty-eight (48) hours nor more than thirty (30) days in lieu of fine or imprisonment, or both. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (11) of this section are present while the person was operating or in physical control of a motor vehicle, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be four (4) days, which term shall not be suspended, probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of early release;
  - (b) For the second offense within a ten (10) year period, be fined not less than

three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than seven (7) days nor more than six (6) months and, in addition to fine and imprisonment, may be sentenced to community labor for not less than ten (10) days nor more than six (6) months. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (11) of this section are present, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be fourteen (14) days, which term shall not be suspended, probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of early release;

- (c) [For a third offense within a ten (10) year period, be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than twelve (12) months and may, in addition to fine and imprisonment, be sentenced to community labor for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than twelve (12) months. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (11) of this section are present, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be sixty (60) days, which term shall not be suspended, probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of early release;
- (d) For a *third*[fourth] or subsequent offense within a ten (10) year period, be guilty of a Class D felony. If any of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (11) of this section are present, the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be two hundred forty (240) days, which term shall not be suspended, probated, conditionally discharged, or subject to any other form of release; and

 $(\underline{d})$  For purposes of this subsection, prior offenses shall include all convictions in this state, and any other state or jurisdiction, for operating or

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being in control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or other substances that impair one's driving ability, or any combination of alcohol and such substances, or while having an unlawful alcohol concentration, or driving while intoxicated, but shall not include convictions for violating subsection (1)(f) of this section. A court shall receive as proof of a prior conviction a copy of that conviction, certified by the court ordering the conviction.

- (6) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (1)(f) of this section shall be fined no less than one hundred dollars (\$100) and no more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or sentenced to twenty (20) hours of community service in lieu of a fine. A person subject to the penalties of this subsection shall not be subject to the penalties established in subsection (5) of this section or any other penalty established pursuant to KRS Chapter 189A, except those established in KRS 189A.040(1) and KRS 189A.070.
- 15 (7) If the person is under the age of twenty-one (21) and there was an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or greater based on the definition of alcohol concentration in KRS 189A.005, the person shall be subject to the penalties established pursuant to subsection (5) of this section.
- 19 (8)For a second or third offense within a ten (10) year period, the minimum sentence 20 of imprisonment or community labor shall not be suspended, probated, or subject to 21 conditional discharge or other form of early release. For a third fourth or 22 subsequent offense under this section, the minimum term of imprisonment shall be 23 one hundred twenty (120) days, and this term shall not be suspended, probated, or 24 subject to conditional discharge or other form of early release. For a second or 25 subsequent offense, at least forty-eight (48) hours of the mandatory sentence shall 26 be served consecutively.
- 27 (9) When sentencing persons under subsection (5)(a) of this section, at least one (1) of

1		the p	penalties shall be assessed and that penalty shall not be suspended, probated, or		
2		subj	ect to conditional discharge or other form of early release.		
3	(10)	In d	etermining the ten (10) year period under this section, the period shall be		
4		meas	sured from the dates on which the offenses occurred for which the judgments of		
5		conv	viction were entered.		
6	(11)	For 1	purposes of this section, aggravating circumstances are any one (1) or more of		
7		the f	the following:		
8		(a)	Operating a motor vehicle in excess of thirty (30) miles per hour above the		
9			speed limit;		
10		(b)	Operating a motor vehicle in the wrong direction on a limited access highway;		
11		(c)	Operating a motor vehicle that causes an accident resulting in death or serious		
12			physical injury as defined in KRS 500.080;		
13		(d)	Operating a motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration in the operator's		
14			blood or breath is 0.15 or more as measured by a test or tests of a sample of		
15			the operator's blood or breath taken within two (2) hours of cessation of		
16			operation of the motor vehicle;		
17		(e)	Refusing to submit to any test or tests of one's blood, breath, or urine		
18			requested by an officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person was		
19			operating or in physical control of a motor vehicle in violation of subsection		
20			(1) of this section, except it shall not be considered an aggravating		
21			circumstance for a first offense under subsection (5)(a) of this section; and		
22		(f)	Operating a motor vehicle that is transporting a passenger under the age of		
23			twelve (12) years old.		
24	(12)	The	substances applicable to a prosecution under subsection (1)(d) of this section		
25		are:			
26		(a)	Any Schedule I controlled substance except marijuana;		
27		(b)	Alprazolam;		

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1 (c) Amphetamine; 2 (d) Buprenorphine; 3 Butalbital; (e) 4 (f) Carisoprodol; Cocaine; 5 (g) 6 (h) Diazepam; 7 (i) Hydrocodone; 8 (j) Meprobamate; 9 (k) Methadone; 10 (1) Methamphetamine; 11 (m) Oxycodone; 12 Promethazine; (n) 13 Propoxyphene; and (0)14 Zolpidem. (p) 15 → Section 2. KRS 189A.110 is amended to read as follows: 16 Any person who is arrested for a violation of KRS 189A.010 [and who, upon breath 17 analysis testing, shows an alcohol concentration reading of .15 percent or more |shall be 18 detained in custody at least *eight* (8)[four (4)] hours following his or her arrest. 19 → Section 3. KRS 189A.040 is amended to read as follows: 20 In addition to any other penalty prescribed by KRS 189A.010(5)(a) or (6), the court 21 shall sentence the person to attend an alcohol or substance abuse education or 22 treatment program subject to the following terms and conditions for a first offender 23 or a person convicted under KRS 189A.010(1)(f): 24 The treatment or education shall be for a period of ninety (90) days and the (a) 25 program shall provide an assessment of the defendant's alcohol or other 26 substance abuse problems, which shall be performed at the start of the

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program;

1		(b)	Each defendant shall pay the cost of the education or treatment program up to
2			his <u>or her</u> ability to pay but no more than the actual cost of the treatment;
3		(c)	Upon written report to the court by the administrator of the program that the
4			defendant has completed the program recommended by the administrator
5			based upon the assessment of the defendant, the defendant shall be released
6			prior to the expiration of the ninety (90) day period; and
7		(d)	Failure to complete the education or treatment program or to pay the amount
8			specified by the court for education or treatment shall constitute contempt,
9			and the court shall, in addition to any other remedy for contempt, reinstitute
10			all penalties which were previously imposed but suspended or delayed
11			pending completion of the education or treatment program.
12	(2)	In ac	ddition to any other penalty prescribed by KRS 189A.010(5)(b), the court shall
13		sente	ence the person to an alcohol or substance abuse treatment program subject to
14		the f	Collowing terms and conditions for a second offender:
15		(a)	The sentence shall be for a period of one (1) year and the program shall
16			provide an assessment of the defendant's alcohol or other substance abuse
17			problems, which shall be performed at the start of the program;
18		(b)	Each defendant shall pay the cost of the treatment program up to his or her
19			ability to pay but no more than the actual cost of the treatment;
20		(c)	Upon written report to the court by the administrator of the program that the
21			defendant has completed the program recommended by the administrator
22			based upon the assessment of the defendant, the defendant may be released
23			prior to the expiration of the one (1) year period; and
24		(d)	Failure to complete the treatment program or to pay the amount specified by
25			the court for treatment shall constitute contempt of court and the court shall,

in addition to any other remedy for contempt, reinstitute all penalties which

were previously imposed but suspended or delayed pending the completion of

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(3) In addition to any other penalty prescribed by KRS 189A.010(5)(c)[-or (d)], the court shall sentence the person to an alcohol or substance abuse treatment program subject to the following terms and conditions for a third or subsequent offender:

- (a) The sentence shall be for a period of one (1) year and the program shall provide an assessment of the defendant's alcohol or other substance abuse problems, which shall be performed at the start of the program. The program may be an inpatient or residential-type program;
- (b) Each defendant shall pay the cost of the treatment program up to his *or her* ability to pay but no more than the actual cost of the program;
- (c) A defendant, upon written recommendation to the court by the administrator of the program, may be released from the inpatient or residential program prior to the expiration of one (1) year but shall be retained in the program on an outpatient basis for the remainder of the year period; and
- (d) Failure to complete the treatment program or to pay the amount specified by the court for treatment shall constitute contempt of court, and the court shall, in addition to any other remedy for contempt, reinstitute all penalties which were previously imposed but suspended or delayed pending completion of the treatment program.
- (4) Costs of treatment or education programs which are paid from the service fee established by KRS 189A.050, or from state or federal funds, or any combination thereof, shall be deducted from the amount which the defendant must pay.
  - (5) For defendants who are Medicaid-eligible, alcohol or substance abuse treatment under this section shall be authorized by the Department for Medicaid Services and its contractors as Medicaid-eligible services and shall be subject to the same medical necessity criteria and reimbursement methodology as for all other covered behavioral health services.

For the purposes of this section, "treatment" means service in an alcohol or substance abuse education or treatment program or facility licensed, regulated, and monitored by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services for services as required under this section.

- (7) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall promulgate administrative regulations for the licensure of education and treatment facilities and programs for offenders receiving education or treatment under this section. The criteria developed by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall include:
- 9 (a) Manner of assessment;

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- 10 (b) Appropriate education and treatment plans; and
- 11 (c) Referrals to other treatment providers.
- 12 (8) The participating facilities and programs shall be required to abide by these 13 standards and shall report completion to the Transportation Cabinet. Upon request, 14 the facility or program shall report to the courts regarding the progress of offenders 15 being treated pursuant to this section.
- 16 (9) Administrative decisions regarding the licensure of education and treatment 17 facilities and programs may be appealed, and upon appeal an administrative hearing 18 shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- → Section 4. KRS 189A.200 is amended to read as follows:
- 20 (1) The court shall at the arraignment or as soon as such relevant information becomes available suspend the motor vehicle operator's license and motorcycle operator's license and driving privileges of any person charged with a violation of KRS 189A.010(1) who:
- 24 (a) Has refused to take an alcohol concentration or substance test as reflected on the uniform citation form;
- 26 (b) Has been convicted of one (1) or more prior offenses as described in KRS 189A.010(5)(d)(e) or has had his or her operator's license suspended on one

1		(1) or more occasions for refusing to take an alcohol concentration or
2		substance test, in the ten (10) year period immediately preceding his or her
3		arrest; or
4		(c) Was involved in an accident that resulted in death or serious physical injury as
5		defined in KRS 500.080 to a person other than the defendant.
6	(2)	Persons whose licenses have been suspended pursuant to this section may file a
7		motion for judicial review of the suspension, and the court shall conduct the review
8		in accordance with this chapter within thirty (30) days after the filing of the motion.
9		The court shall, at the time of the suspension, advise the defendant of his or her
10		rights to the review.
11	(3)	When the court orders the suspension of a license pursuant to:
12		(a) Subsection (1)(a) of this section, the court may, in addition to any other
13		conditions the court may order, require that the person apply to the
14		Transportation Cabinet for issuance of an ignition interlock license under
15		KRS 189A.340 for the period of the suspension;
16		(b) Subsection (1)(b) or (c) of this section, the court shall, in addition to any other
17		conditions the court may order, require that the person apply to the
18		Transportation Cabinet for issuance of an ignition interlock license under
19		KRS 189A.340 for the period of suspension; and
20		(c) Subsection (1) of this section and the person is required to apply for an
21		ignition interlock license pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection,
22		the person shall present the completed ignition interlock license application to
23		the court.
24	(4)	When the court orders the suspension of a license pursuant to this section, the
25		defendant shall immediately surrender his or her license to operate a motor vehicle
26		or motorcycle to the court. Should the defendant fail to surrender his or her license

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to the court, the court shall issue an order directing the sheriff or any other peace

1		offic	er to seize the license forthwith and deliver it to the court. If the license is
2		curre	ently under suspension, the provisions of this subsection shall not apply.
3	(5)	The	Circuit Court Clerk shall forthwith transmit to the Transportation Cabinet:
4		(a)	Any license surrendered pursuant to this section; and
5		(b)	If the court ordered a person to apply for an ignition interlock device under
6			subsection (3) of this section, notification of the order.
7	(6)	Lice	nses suspended under this section shall remain suspended until:
8			(a) The person is acquitted;
9			(b) All pending or current charges relating to a violation of KRS 189A.010
10			have been dismissed; or
11			(c) The person is convicted and the Transportation Cabinet has suspended
12			his or her license pursuant to KRS 189A.070;
13			but in no event for a period longer than the license suspension period
14			applicable to the person under KRS 189A.070 or 189A.107.
15	(7)	Any	person whose operator's license has been suspended pursuant to this section
16		shall	be given credit for all pretrial suspension time against the period of suspension
17		impo	sed under KRS 189A.070.
18		<b>→</b> Se	ection 5. KRS 189A.240 is amended to read as follows:
19	In a	ny judi	icial review of a pretrial suspension imposed under KRS 189A.200(1)(b), if the
20	cour	t deter	rmines by a preponderance of the evidence that:
21	(1)	The	person was charged and arrested by a peace officer with a violation of KRS
22		189 <i>A</i>	A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e);
23	(2)	The j	peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person was operating a
24		moto	or vehicle in violation of KRS 189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e);

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189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) as charged; and

There is probable cause to believe that the person committed the violation of KRS

The person has been convicted of one (1) or more prior offenses as described in

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1	KRS $189A.010(5)(\underline{d})(e)$ or has had his or her motor vehicle operator's license
2	suspended on one (1) or more occasions for refusing to take an alcohol
3	concentration or substance test, in the ten (10) year period immediately preceding
4	his or her arrest;
5	then the court shall continue to suspend the person's operator's license or privilege to
6	operate a motor vehicle, but in no event for a period longer than the license suspension
7	period applicable to the person under KRS 189A.070 and 189A.107. The provisions of
8	this section shall not be construed as limiting the person's ability to challenge any prior
9	convictions or license suspensions or refusals.
10	→ Section 6. KRS 281A.2102 is amended to read as follows:
11	In addition to the penalties established by this chapter for driving a commercial motor
12	vehicle under the influence of alcohol:
13	(1) Any person convicted of driving a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol
14	concentration of the person's blood or breath is four hundredths (0.04) to eight
15	hundredths (0.08) shall be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) and not more
16	than fifty dollars (\$50).
17	(2) Any person convicted of driving a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol

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concentration of the person's blood or breath is greater than eight hundredths (0.08)

shall be fined under the provisions of KRS 189A.010(5)(a) to (c)[(d)].