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1	AN ACT relating to leave from employment.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→ Section 1. KRS 337.415 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1) As used in this section:
5	(a) "Crime" means an offense designated by law as a felony or misdemeanor;
6	(b) "Immediate family" means the parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, sibling,
7	spouse, grandparent, or legal guardian of the victim or any person involved
8	in an intimate relationship and residing in the same household with the
9	victim; and
10	<u>(c) ''Victim'':</u>
11	<u>1. Means any person who suffers direct or threatened physical,</u>
12	emotional, psychological, or financial harm as a result of the
13	commission or the attempted commission of a crime; and
14	2. Includes the immediate family of any victim who is a minor or
15	incompetent, or the immediate family of a homicide victim.
16	(2) $An[No]$ employer shall <u>not</u> discharge an employee for taking time off, as required
17	by law, to appear in any duly constituted local, state, or federal court or duly
18	constituted administrative tribunal or hearing[ if such employee, prior to taking
19	such time off, gives notice to the employer that he is required to serve by presenting
20	a copy of the court or administrative certificate to said employer].
21	(3) An employer shall not discharge or in any manner discriminate or retaliate
22	against an employee who is a victim of a crime because the employee takes leave
23	from work to attend court or other legal or investigative proceedings associated
24	with the prosecution of the crime.
25	(4) Before an employee may take leave from work pursuant to this section, the
26	employee shall give the employer reasonable notice of intent to take leave by
27	providing the employer with a copy of the notice of each scheduled hearing,

1		conference, or meeting that is provided to the employee by the court or agency			
2		responsible for providing notice to the employee unless prior notice by the			
3		employee is not practicable, in which case the employee shall provide			
4		documentation to the employer within two (2) business days after returning to			
5		work.			
6	<u>(5)</u>	If an employee acts in accordance with subsection (4) of this section, it shall be a			
7		violation of this section for an employer to deny leave to the employee.			
8	<u>(6)</u>	An employee who takes leave from work pursuant to this section may elect to use,			
9		or an employer may require the employee to use, the employee's accrued vacation			
10		time, personal leave time, compensatory time, or sick leave time. An employer			
11		shall have the discretion to determine whether to pay an employee for leave taken			
12		from work pursuant to this section if the employee has no accrued paid leave			
13		<u>time.</u>			
14	<u>(7)</u>	An employer shall maintain the confidentiality of any verbal communication,			
15		written document, or record submitted by an employee relative to the employee's			
16		request for leave pursuant to this section.			
17	<u>(8)</u>	Any employer who willfully and intentionally violates subsection (3) or (7) of this			
18		section shall, in addition to being assessed a civil penalty, give rise to a private			
19		right of action for any reputational or actual damages suffered by the employee.			
20	<u>(9)</u>	The penalty for [such ]unlawful discharge in violation of this section may			
21		include[,] but is not limited to[,] reemployment, assessment of court costs,			
22		appropriate attorney fees, and back pay as ordered by a court of competent			
23		jurisdiction.			
24		→ Section 2. KRS 337.990 is amended to read as follows:			
	The	following civil penalties shall be imposed by the Education and Labor Cabinet, in			
25					
25 26	acco	rdance with the provisions in KRS 336.985, for violations of the provisions of this			
	chap				

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(1) Any firm, individual, partnership, or corporation that violates KRS 337.020 shall be
 assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than
 one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense. Each failure to pay an employee the
 wages when due him under KRS 337.020 shall constitute a separate offense.

5 (2) Any employer who violates KRS 337.050 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
6 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

7 (3) Any employer who violates KRS 337.055 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
8 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
9 for each offense and shall make full payment to the employee by reason of the
10 violation. Each failure to pay an employee the wages as required by KRS 337.055
11 shall constitute a separate offense.

(4) Any employer who violates KRS 337.060 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
and shall also be liable to the affected employee for the amount withheld, plus
interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum.

16 (5) Any employer who violates the provisions of KRS 337.065 shall be assessed a civil
penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand
dollars (\$1,000) for each offense and shall make full payment to the employee by
reason of the violation.

20 (6) Any person who fails to comply with KRS 337.070 shall be assessed a civil penalty
21 of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars
22 (\$1,000) for each offense and each day that the failure continues shall be deemed a
23 separate offense.

(7) Any employer who violates any provision of KRS 337.275 to 337.325, KRS
337.345, and KRS 337.385 to 337.405, or willfully hinders or delays the
commissioner or the commissioner's authorized representative in the performance
of his or her duties under KRS 337.295, or fails to keep and preserve any records as

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required under KRS 337.320 and 337.325, or falsifies any record, or refuses to
make any record or transcription thereof accessible to the commissioner or the
commissioner's authorized representative shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
A civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) shall be assessed for
any subsequent violation of KRS 337.285(4) to (9) and each day the employer
violates KRS 337.285(4) to (9) shall constitute a separate offense and penalty.

8 (8) Any employer who pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the rate
9 applicable under KRS 337.275 and 337.285, or any wage order issued pursuant
10 thereto shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100)
11 nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

12 (9)Any employer who discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any 13 employee because the employee has made any complaint to his or her employer, to 14 the commissioner, or to the commissioner's authorized representative that he or she 15 has not been paid wages in accordance with KRS 337.275 and 337.285 or 16 regulations issued thereunder, or because the employee has caused to be instituted or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to KRS 17 18 337.385, or because the employee has testified or is about to testify in any such 19 proceeding, shall be deemed in violation of KRS 337.275 to 337.325, KRS 337.345, 20 and KRS 337.385 to 337.405 and shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than 21 one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(10) Any employer who violates KRS 337.365 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(11) A person shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars
(\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) when that person discharges or
in any other manner discriminates against an employee because the employee has:

27 (a) Made any complaint to his or her employer, the commissioner, or any other

1			person; or
2		(b)	Instituted, or caused to be instituted, any proceeding under or related to KRS
3			337.420 to 337.433; or
4		(c)	Testified, or is about to testify, in any such proceedings.
5	<u>(12)</u>	Any	employer who violates Section 1 of this Act shall be assessed a civil penalty
6		<u>of na</u>	ot less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars
7		<u>(\$1,0</u>	000) for each offense. Each day the employer fails to grant leave to an
8		<u>empl</u>	oyee as required under subsection (5) of Section 1 of this Act shall constitute
9		<u>a sep</u>	parate offense.