1	AN ACT relating to solar energy.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 96 IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	(1) As used in this section:
6	(a) "Eligible electric generating facility" has the same meaning as in KRS
7	<u>278.465;</u>
8	(b) "Merchant electric generating facility" has the same meaning as in KRS
9	<u>278.700;</u>
10	(c) ''Net metering'' has the same meaning as in KRS 278.465; and
11	(d) 1. "Solar electric generating facility" means any:
12	a. Solar powered merchant electric generating facility;
13	b. Solar powered electric generating facility that is owned or
14	operated by a municipality or combined water and electric plant
15	board operating under this chapter; and
16	c. Solar powered electric generating facility that is owned or
17	operated by a utility or electric cooperative regulated by the
18	Public Service Commission under KRS Chapter 278 or 279.
19	2. "Solar electric generating facility" does not include any eligible
20	electric generating facility used for net metering.
21	(2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no utility operating under
22	the provisions of this chapter shall construct a facility that generates electricity
23	using solar energy if constructing the facility would result in more than one
24	percent (1%) of the total land area of any county where the proposed construction
25	is to be located being occupied by solar electric generating facilities.
26	→Section 2. KRS 278.020 is amended to read as follows:
27	(1) (c) No person portroughing while on private comparation or combination thereof

27 (1) (a) No person, partnership, public or private corporation, or combination thereof

1		shall commence providing utility service to or for the public or begin the
2		construction of any plant, equipment, property, or facility for furnishing to the
3		public any of the services enumerated in KRS 278.010, except:
4		1. Retail electric suppliers for service connections to electric-consuming
5		facilities located within its certified territory;
6		2. Ordinary extensions of existing systems in the usual course of business;
7		or
8		3. A water district created under KRS Chapter 74 or a water association
9		formed under KRS Chapter 273 that undertakes a waterline extension or
10		improvement project if the water district or water association is a Class
11		A or B utility as defined in the uniform system of accounts established
12		by the commission according to KRS 278.220 and:
13		a. The water line extension or improvement project will not cost
14		more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000); or
15		b. The water district or water association will not, as a result of the
16		water line extension or improvement project, incur obligations
17		requiring commission approval as required by KRS 278.300.
18		In either case, the water district or water association shall not, as a result
19		of the water line extension or improvement project, increase rates to its
20		customers;
21		until that person has obtained from the Public Service Commission a
22		certificate that public convenience and necessity require the service or
23		construction.
24	(b)	Upon the filing of an application for a certificate, and after any public hearing
25		which the commission may in its discretion conduct for all interested parties,
26		the commission may issue or refuse to issue the certificate, or issue it in part
27		and refuse it in part, except that the commission shall not refuse or modify an

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- application submitted under KRS 278.023 without consent by the parties to
 the agreement.
- 3 (c) The commission, when considering an application for a certificate to construct
 4 a base load electric generating facility, may consider the policy of the General
 5 Assembly to foster and encourage use of Kentucky coal by electric utilities
 6 serving the Commonwealth.
- 7 (d) The commission, when considering an application for a certificate to construct
 8 an electric transmission line, may consider the interstate benefits expected to
 9 be achieved by the proposed construction or modification of electric
 10 transmission facilities in the Commonwealth.
- 11 (e) Unless exercised within one (1) year from the grant thereof, exclusive of any 12 delay due to the order of any court or failure to obtain any necessary grant or 13 consent, the authority conferred by the issuance of the certificate of 14 convenience and necessity shall be void, but the beginning of any new 15 construction or facility in good faith within the time prescribed by the 16 commission and the prosecution thereof with reasonable diligence shall 17 constitute an exercise of authority under the certificate.
- 18 (2) For the purposes of this section, construction of any electric transmission line of
 19 one hundred thirty-eight (138) kilovolts or more and of more than five thousand
 20 two hundred eighty (5,280) feet in length shall not be considered an ordinary
 21 extension of an existing system in the usual course of business and shall require a
 22 certificate of public convenience and necessity. However, ordinary extensions of
 23 existing systems in the usual course of business not requiring such a certificate shall
 24 include:
- 25 (a) The replacement or upgrading of any existing electric transmission line; or
- (b) The relocation of any existing electric transmission line to accommodate
 construction or expansion of a roadway or other transportation infrastructure;

or

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2 (c) An electric transmission line that is constructed solely to serve a single
3 customer and that will pass over no property other than that owned by the
4 customer to be served.

Prior to granting a certificate of public convenience and necessity to construct 5 (3)6 facilities to provide the services set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(f), the commission 7 shall require the applicant to provide a surety bond, or a reasonable guaranty that 8 the applicant shall operate the facilities in a reasonable and reliable manner for a 9 period of at least five (5) years. The surety bond or guaranty shall be in an amount 10 sufficient to ensure the full and faithful performance by the applicant or its 11 successors of the obligations and requirements of this chapter and of all applicable 12 federal and state environmental requirements. However, no surety bond or guaranty 13 shall be required for an applicant that is a water district or water association or for 14 an applicant that the commission finds has sufficient assets to ensure the continuity 15 of sewage service.

16 (4) No utility shall exercise any right or privilege under any franchise or permit, after
17 the exercise of that right or privilege has been voluntarily suspended or
18 discontinued for more than one (1) year, without first obtaining from the
19 commission, in the manner provided in subsection (1) of this section, a certificate of
20 convenience and necessity authorizing the exercise of that right or privilege.

(5) No utility shall apply for or obtain any franchise, license, or permit from any city or
other governmental agency until it has obtained from the commission, in the
manner provided in subsection (1) of this section, a certificate of convenience and
necessity showing that there is a demand and need for the service sought to be
rendered.

26 (6) No person shall acquire or transfer ownership of, or control, or the right to control,
27 any utility under the jurisdiction of the commission by sale of assets, transfer of

stock, or otherwise, or abandon the same, without prior approval by the
 commission. The commission shall grant its approval if the person acquiring the
 utility has the financial, technical, and managerial abilities to provide reasonable
 service.

No individual, group, syndicate, general or limited partnership, association, 5 (7)6 corporation, joint stock company, trust, or other entity (an "acquirer"), whether or 7 not organized under the laws of this state, shall acquire control, either directly or 8 indirectly, of any utility furnishing utility service in this state, without having first 9 obtained the approval of the commission. Any acquisition of control without prior 10 authorization shall be void and of no effect. As used in this subsection, the term 11 "control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or 12 cause the direction of the management and policies of a utility, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by effecting a change in the composition of the 13 14 board of directors, by contract or otherwise. Control shall be presumed to exist if 15 any individual or entity, directly or indirectly, owns ten percent (10%) or more of the voting securities of the utility. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing 16 17 that ownership does not in fact confer control. Application for any approval or 18 authorization shall be made to the commission in writing, verified by oath or 19 affirmation, and be in a form and contain the information as the commission 20 requires. The commission shall approve any proposed acquisition when it finds that 21 the same is to be made in accordance with law, for a proper purpose and is 22 consistent with the public interest. The commission may make investigation and 23 hold hearings in the matter as it deems necessary, and thereafter may grant any 24 application under this subsection in whole or in part and with modification and 25 upon terms and conditions as it deems necessary or appropriate. The commission 26 shall grant, modify, refuse, or prescribe appropriate terms and conditions with 27 respect to every such application within sixty (60) days after the filing of the

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application therefor, unless it is necessary, for good cause shown, to continue the
application for up to sixty (60) additional days. The order continuing the application
shall state fully the facts that make continuance necessary. In the absence of that
action within that period of time, any proposed acquisition shall be deemed to be
approved.

6 (8) Subsection (7) of this section shall not apply to any acquisition of control of any:

7 (a) Utility which derives a greater percentage of its gross revenue from business 8 in another jurisdiction than from business in this state if the commission 9 determines that the other jurisdiction has statutes or rules which are applicable 10 and are being applied and which afford protection to ratepayers in this state 11 substantially equal to that afforded such ratepayers by subsection (7) of this 12 section;

- (b) Utility by an acquirer who directly, or indirectly through one (1) or more
 intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with,
 the utility, including any entity created at the direction of such utility for
 purposes of corporate reorganization; or
- 17 (c) Utility pursuant to the terms of any indebtedness of the utility, provided the
 18 issuance of indebtedness was approved by the commission.
- 19 (9)In a proceeding on an application filed pursuant to this section, any interested 20 person, including a person over whose property the proposed transmission line will 21 cross, may request intervention, and the commission shall, if requested, conduct a 22 public hearing in the county in which the transmission line is proposed to be 23 constructed, or, if the transmission line is proposed to be constructed in more than 24 one county, in one of those counties. The commission shall issue its decision no 25 later than ninety (90) days after the application is filed, unless the commission 26 extends this period, for good cause, to one hundred twenty (120) days. The 27 commission may utilize the provisions of KRS 278.255(3) if, in the exercise of its

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discretion, it deems it necessary to hire a competent, qualified and independent firm
to assist it in reaching its decision. The issuance by the commission of a certificate
that public convenience and necessity require the construction of an electric
transmission line shall be deemed to be a determination by the commission that, as
of the date of issuance, the construction of the line is a prudent investment.

6 (10) The commission shall not approve any application under subsection (6) or (7) of
7 this section for the transfer of control of a utility described in KRS 278.010(3)(f)
8 unless the commission finds, in addition to findings required by those subsections,
9 that the person acquiring the utility has provided evidence of financial integrity to
10 ensure the continuity of sewage service in the event that the acquirer cannot
11 continue to provide service.

(11) The commission shall not accept for filing an application requesting authority to
 abandon facilities that provide services as set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(f) or to cease
 providing services unless the applicant has provided written notice of the filing to
 the following:

16 (a) Kentucky Division of Water;

17 (b) Office of the Attorney General; and

(c) The county judge/executive, mayor, health department, planning and zoning
commission, and public sewage service provider of each county and each city
in which the utility provides utility service.

(12) The commission may grant any application requesting authority to abandon facilities that provide services as set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(f) or to cease providing services upon terms and conditions as the commission deems necessary or appropriate, but not before holding a hearing on the application and no earlier than ninety (90) days from the date of the commission's acceptance of the application for filing, unless the commission finds it necessary for good cause to act upon the application earlier.

1	(13) (a) The commission shall not grant an application for a certificate of public
2	convenience and necessity for a utility to construct any facilities that use
3	solar energy to provide the services set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(a) if
4	granting the application would result in more than one percent (1%) of the
5	total land area of any county where the proposed construction is to be
6	located being occupied by solar electric generating facilities.
7	(b) As used in this subsection:
8	1. "Solar electric generating facility" means any:
9	a. Solar powered merchant electric generating facility, as that term
10	is defined in KRS 278.700;
11	b. Solar powered electric generating facility owned or operated by a
12	municipality or combined water and electric plant board
13	operating under KRS Chapter 96; and
14	c. Solar powered electric generating facility that is owned or
15	operated by a utility or electric cooperative regulated by the
16	commission under this chapter or KRS Chapter 279; and
17	2. "Solar electric generating facility" does not include any eligible
18	electric generating facility used for net metering, as those terms are
19	defined in KRS 278.465.
20	(14) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or
21	circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
22	applications of this section which can be given effect without the invalid provision
23	or application, and to that end the provisions are declared to be severable.
24	→ Section 3. KRS 278.706 is amended to read as follows:
25	(1) Any person seeking to obtain a construction certificate from the board to construct a
26	merchant electric generating facility shall file an application at the office of the
27	Public Service Commission.

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1 (2) A completed application shall include the following:

- 2 (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the person proposing to
 3 construct and own the merchant electric generating facility;
- 4 (b) A full description of the proposed site, including a map showing the distance
 5 of the proposed site from residential neighborhoods, the nearest residential
 6 structures, schools, and public and private parks that are located within a two
 7 (2) mile radius of the proposed facility;
- 8 (c) Evidence of public notice that shall include the location of the proposed site 9 and a general description of the project, state that the proposed construction is 10 subject to approval by the board, and provide the telephone number and 11 address of the Public Service Commission. Public notice shall be given within 12 thirty (30) days immediately preceding the application filing to:
- 13 1. Landowners whose property borders the proposed site; and
- 142.The general public in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or15municipality in which the facility is proposed to be located;
- (d) A statement certifying that the proposed plant will be in compliance with all
 local ordinances and regulations concerning noise control and with any local
 planning and zoning ordinances. The statement shall also disclose setback
 requirements established by the planning and zoning commission as provided
 under KRS 278.704(3);
- (e) If the facility is not proposed to be located on a site of a former coal
 processing plant and the facility will use on-site waste coal as a fuel source or
 in an area where a planning and zoning commission has established a setback
 requirement pursuant to KRS 278.704(3), a statement that the exhaust stack of
 the proposed facility and any wind turbine is at least one thousand (1,000) feet
 from the property boundary of any adjoining property owner and all proposed
 structures or facilities used for generation of electricity are two thousand

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1		(2,000) feet from any residential neighborhood, school, hospital, or nursing
2		home facility, unless facilities capable of generating ten megawatts (10MW)
3		or more currently exist on the site. If the facility is proposed to be located on a
4		site of a former coal processing plant and the facility will use on-site waste
5		coal as a fuel source, a statement that the proposed site is compatible with the
6		setback requirements provided under KRS 278.704(5). If the facility is
7		proposed to be located in a jurisdiction that has established setback
8		requirements pursuant to KRS 278.704(3), a statement that the proposed site
9		is in compliance with those established setback requirements;
10	(f)	A complete report of the applicant's public involvement program activities
11		undertaken prior to the filing of the application, including:
12		1. The scheduling and conducting of a public meeting in the county or
13		counties in which the proposed facility will be constructed at least
14		ninety (90) days prior to the filing of an application, for the purpose of
15		informing the public of the project being considered and receiving
16		comment on it;
17		2. Evidence that notice of the time, subject, and location of the meeting
18		was published in the newspaper of general circulation in the county, and
19		that individual notice was mailed to all owners of property adjoining the
20		proposed project at least two (2) weeks prior to the meeting; and
21		3. Any use of media coverage, direct mailing, fliers, newsletters, additional
22		public meetings, establishment of a community advisory group, and any
23		other efforts to obtain local involvement in the siting process;
24	(g)	A summary of the efforts made by the applicant to locate the proposed facility
25		on a site where existing electric generating facilities are located;
26	(h)	Proof of service of a copy of the application upon the chief executive officer
27		of each county and municipal corporation in which the proposed facility is to

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- be located, and upon the chief officer of each public agency charged with the
 duty of planning land use in the jurisdiction in which the facility is proposed
 to be located;
- 4 (i) An analysis of the proposed facility's projected effect on the electricity
 5 transmission system in Kentucky;
- 6 7

(j)

- An analysis of the proposed facility's economic impact on the affected region and the state;
- 8 (k) A detailed listing of all violations by it, or any person with an ownership 9 interest, of federal or state environmental laws, rules, or administrative 10 regulations, whether judicial or administrative, where violations have resulted 11 in criminal convictions or civil or administrative fines exceeding five 12 thousand dollars (\$5,000). The status of any pending action, whether judicial 13 or administrative, shall also be submitted;
- 14 (1) A site assessment report as specified in KRS 278.708. The applicant may
 15 submit and the board may accept documentation of compliance with the
 16 National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) rather than a site assessment
 17 report; [and]
- (m) A decommissioning plan that shall describe how the merchant electric
 generating facility will be decommissioned and dismantled following the end
 of its useful life. The decommissioning plan shall, at a minimum, include
 plans to:
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- Unless otherwise requested by the landowner, remove all above-ground facilities;
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 2. Unless otherwise requested by the landowner, remove any underground
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1		component was installed, unless the landowner and the applicant
2		otherwise agree to a different depth;
3	3.	Return the land to a substantially similar state as it was prior to the
4		commencement of construction;
5	4.	Unless otherwise requested by the landowner, leave any interconnection
6		or other facilities in place for future use at the completion of the
7		decommissioning process;
8	5.	Secure a bond or other similar security for the project to assure financia
9		performance of the decommissioning obligation, provided that:
10		a. The amount of the proposed bond or similar security shall be
11		determined by an independent, licensed engineer who i
12		experienced in the decommissioning of solar electric generating
13		facilities and has no financial interest in either the merchan
14		electric generating facility or any parcel of land upon which the
15		merchant electric generating facility is located. The proposed
16		amount of the bond or similar security shall be either:
17		i. The net present value of the total estimated cost o
18		completing the decommissioning plan, less the current ne
19		salvage value of the merchant electric generating facility'
20		components; or
21		ii. The bond amount required by a county or municipa
22		government that has established a decommissioning bone
23		requirement or similar security obligation in the county o
24		municipality where the merchant electric generating facility
25		will be located. If the facility will be located in more than
26		one (1) county or municipality that has established
27		decommissioning bond or similar security obligation, the

1		the higher amount shall be required for the facility;
2	b.	The bond or other similar security names:
3		i. For property that is leased by the applicant, each landowner
4		from whom the applicant leases land and the Energy and
5		Environment Cabinet as the primary co-beneficiaries; or
6		ii. For property that is owned by the applicant, the Energy and
7		Environment Cabinet as the primary beneficiary;
8	c.	If the merchant electric generating facility is to be located in a
9		county or municipality that has not established a decommissioning
10		bond or other similar security obligation, the bond or other similar
11		security shall name the county or municipality as a secondary
12		beneficiary with the county's or municipality's consent;
13	d.	The bond or other similar security shall be provided by an
14		insurance company or surety that shall at all times maintain at least
15		an "Excellent" rating as measured by the AM Best rating agency
16		or an investment grade credit rating by any national credit rating
17		agency and, if available, shall be noncancelable by the provider or
18		the customer until completion of the decommissioning plan or
19		until a replacement bond is secured; and
20	e.	The bond or other similar security shall provide that at least thirty
21		(30) days prior to its cancellation or lapse, the surety shall notify
22		the applicant, its successor or assign, each landowner, the Energy
23		and Environment Cabinet, and the county or city in which the
24		facility is located of the impending cancellation or lapse. The
25		notice shall specify the reason for the cancellation or lapse and
26		provide any of the parties, either jointly or separately, the
27		opportunity to cure the cancellation or lapse prior to it becoming

1	effective. The applicant, its successor, or its assign, shall be
2	responsible for all costs incurred by all parties to cure the
3	cancellation or lapse of the bond. Each landowner, or the Energy
4	and Environment Cabinet with the prior approval of each
5	landowner, may make a demand on the bond and initiate and
6	complete the decommissioning plan.
7	6. Communicate with each affected landowner at the end of the merchant
8	electric generating facility's useful life so that any requests of the
9	landowner that are in addition to the minimum requirements set forth in
10	this paragraph and in addition to any other requirements specified in the
11	lease with the landowner may, in the sole discretion of the applicant or
12	its successor or assign, be accommodated; and
13	7. Incorporate the requirements of subparagraphs 1. to 6. of this paragraph
14	into the applicant's leases with landowners:
15	(n) A statement certifying that no portion of a proposed construction site for a
16	solar powered merchant electric generating facility will be located on land
17	that was previously acquired by the applicant or by a commission-regulated
18	utility through eminent domain pursuant to this chapter or KRS Chapter
19	279 or 416; and
20	(o) 1. A statement certifying that approval of the proposed site would not
21	result in more than one percent (1%) of the total land area of any
22	county where the proposed site is to be located being occupied by solar
23	electric generating facilities.
24	2. As used in this paragraph:
25	a. ''Solar electric generating facility'' means any:
26	<i>i.</i> Solar powered merchant electric generating facility;
27	ii. Solar powered electric generating facility that is owned or

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1		operated by a municipality or combined water and electric
2		plant board operating under KRS Chapter 96; and
3		iii. Solar powered electric generating facility that is owned or
4		operated by a utility or electric cooperative regulated by the
5		commission under this chapter or KRS Chapter 279; and
6		b. "Solar electric generating facility" does not include any eligible
7		electric generating facility used for net metering as those terms
8		are defined in KRS 278.465.
9	(3)	Application fees for a construction certificate shall be set by the board and
10		deposited into a trust and agency account to the credit of the commission.
11	(4)	Replacement of a merchant electric generating facility with a like facility, or the
12		repair, modification, retrofitting, enhancement, or reconfiguration of a merchant
13		electric generating facility shall not, for the purposes of this section and KRS
14		224.10-280, 278.704, 278.708, 278.710, and 278.712, constitute construction of a
15		merchant electric generating facility.
16	(5)	The board shall promulgate administrative regulations prescribing fees to pay
17		expenses associated with its review of applications filed with it pursuant to KRS
18		278.700 to 278.716. All application fees collected by the board shall be deposited in
19		a trust and agency account to the credit of the Public Service Commission. If a
20		majority of the members of the board find that an applicant's initial fees are
21		insufficient to pay the board's expenses associated with the application, including
22		the board's expenses associated with legal review thereof, the board shall assess a
23		supplemental application fee to cover the additional expenses. An applicant's failure
24		to pay a fee assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be grounds for denial of the
25		application.
26		→SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 416 IS CREATED TO

27 READ AS FOLLOWS:

1	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no land condemned by eminent
2	domain under this chapter or any other grant of condemnation authority under state
3	law shall be used for the construction of a facility that generates electricity using solar
4	<u>energy.</u>
5	Section 5. KRS 416.570 is amended to read as follows:
6	Except as otherwise provided in KRS 416.560, a condemnor seeking to condemn
7	property or the use and occupation thereof, shall file a verified petition in the Circuit
8	Court of the county in which all or the greater portion of the property sought to be
9	condemned is located, which petition shall state that it is filed under the provisions of
10	KRS 416.550 to 416.670 and shall contain, in substance:
11	(1) Allegations sufficient to show that the petitioner is entitled, under the provisions of
12	applicable law, to exercise the right of eminent domain and to condemn the
13	property, or the use and occupation thereof, sought to be taken in such proceedings;
14	(2) <u>A statement certifying that the proposed condemnation will not violate Section 4</u>
15	of this Act;
16	(3) A particular description of the property and the use and occupation thereof sought
17	to be condemned; and
18	(4)[(3)] An application to the court to appoint commissioners to award the amount of
19	compensation the owner of the property sought to be condemned is entitled to
20	receive therefor.

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