| 1 | AN ACT relating to the recruitment and retention of medical professionals and |
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| 2 | declaring an emergency. |
| 3 | WHEREAS, Kentucky has a statewide hospital workforce vacancy rate of 17.1 |
| 4 | percent; and |
| 5 | WHEREAS, many faith-based medical organizations would rather stop practicing |
| 6 | medicine than be forced to violate their conscience; and |
| 7 | WHEREAS, it is common for doctors, medical students, and other health care |
| 8 | professionals to face discrimination for declining to participate in activities or provide |
| 9 | medical procedures to which they have moral or religious objections; and |
| 10 | WHEREAS, forcing doctors, nurses, and other health care professionals to violate |
| 11 | their conscience could exacerbate and lead to additional increases in shortages, depriving |
| 12 | Kentucky patients of critical care; and |
| 13 | WHEREAS, neighboring states have provided comprehensive protections for rights |
| 14 | of conscience in the practice of medicine since 1977, and have provided comprehensive |
| 15 | protections for rights of conscience in the practice of medicine since 2021; and |
| 16 | WHEREAS, Kentucky law does not currently provide a legal remedy for health |
| 17 | care professionals who are forced to violate their conscience; and |
| 18 | WHEREAS, Kentucky patients benefit from conscience-informed medical care; |
| 19 | and |
| 20 | WHEREAS, Section 5 of the Constitution of Kentucky requires that "No human |
| 21 | authority shall, in any case whatever, control or interfere with the rights of conscience."; |
| 22 | and |
| 23 | WHEREAS, conscience-driven health care professionals care for patients even |
| 24 | when they cannot according to their conscience provide particular medical procedures; |
| 25 | and |
| 26 | WHEREAS, the federal Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act |
| 27 | requires treatment for emergency medical conditions, and only nonemergency medical |

| 1 | services can be declined for reasons of conscience; |
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| 2 | NOW, THEREFORE, |
| 3 | Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky: |
| 4 | →SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO |
| 5 | READ AS FOLLOWS: |
| 6 | Nothing in Sections 1 to 6 of this Act shall be construed to override the requirement to: |
| 7 | (1) Provide emergency medical treatment to all patients as set forth in 42 U.S.C. sec. |
| 8 | 1395dd or any other federal law governing emergency medical treatment; and |
| 9 | (2) Conduct examinations and collect evidence set forth in federal law governing |
| 10 | sexual assault crimes. |
| 11 | →SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO |
| 12 | READ AS FOLLOWS: |
| 13 | As used in Sections 1 to 6 of this Act: |
| 14 | (1) "Conscience" means the sincerely held religious, moral, or ethical principles |
| 15 | held by a medical practitioner, a health care institution, or a health care payer. |
| 16 | For purposes of Sections 1 to 6 of this Act, a health care institution or health care |
| 17 | payer's conscience shall be determined by reference to its existing or proposed |
| 18 | governing documents, including religious, moral, or ethical guidelines, mission |
| 19 | statement, constitution, bylaws, articles of incorporation, policies, regulations, or |
| 20 | other relevant documents; |
| 21 | (2) "Disclosure" means a formal or informal communication or transmission, but |
| 22 | does not include a communication or transmission concerning policy decisions |
| 23 | that lawfully exercise discretionary authority, unless the medical practitioner |
| 24 | providing the communication or transmission reasonably believes that the |
| 25 | communication or transmission evinces: |
| 26 | (a) A violation of any law, rule, or regulation; |
| 27 | (b) A violation of any standard of care or other ethical guidelines for the |

| 1 | | provision of any health care service; or |
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| 2 | | (c) Gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, |
| 3 | | practices or methods of treatment that may put patient health at risk, or a |
| 4 | | substantial and specific danger to public health or safety; |
| 5 | <u>(3)</u> | "Discrimination" means any adverse action taken against, or any threat of |
| 6 | | adverse action communicated to, a medical practitioner, health care institution, |
| 7 | | or health care payer as a result of his, her, or its decision to decline to participate |
| 8 | | in a health care service on the basis of conscience. "Discrimination" includes but |
| 9 | | is not limited to: |
| 10 | | (a) Termination of employment; |
| 11 | | (b) Transfer or demotion from current position; |
| 12 | | (c) Adverse administrative action; |
| 13 | | (d) Reassignment to a different shift or job title; |
| 14 | | (e) Refusal of staff privileges; |
| 15 | | (f) Refusal of board certification; |
| 16 | | (g) Loss of career specialty; |
| 17 | | (h) Reduction of wages, benefits, or privileges; |
| 18 | | (i) Refusal to award a grant, contract, or other program; |
| 19 | | (j) Refusal to provide residency training opportunities; |
| 20 | | (k) Denial, deprivation, or disqualification of licensure; |
| 21 | | (l) Withholding or disqualifying from financial aid and other assistance; |
| 22 | | (m) Reducing, excluding, terminating, materially altering the terms of |
| 23 | | conditions of, or otherwise making unavailable or denying, any grant, |
| 24 | | contract, subcontract, cooperative agreement, guarantee, loan, or other |
| 25 | | similar program or benefit; |
| 26 | | (n) Impediments to creating any health care institution or payer or expanding |
| 27 | | or improving that health care institution or payer; |

| 1 | | (0) Impeatments to acquiring, associating with, or merging with any other |
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| 2 | | health care institution or payer; |
| 3 | | (p) The threat with regard to any of the actions in paragraphs (a) to (o) of this |
| 4 | | subsection; or |
| 5 | | (q) Any other penalty, disciplinary, or retaliatory action, whether executed or |
| 6 | | threatened; |
| 7 | <u>(4)</u> | "Health care institution" means any public or private hospital, clinic, medical |
| 8 | | center, professional association, ambulatory surgical center, private physician's |
| 9 | | office, pharmacy, nursing home, medical school, nursing school, medical |
| 10 | | training facility, or any other entity or location in which health care services are |
| 11 | | performed on behalf of any person. "Health care institutions" includes but is not |
| 12 | | limited to organizations, corporations, partnerships, associations, agencies, |
| 13 | | networks, sole proprietorships, joint ventures, or any other entity that provides |
| 14 | | health care services; |
| 15 | <u>(5)</u> | "Health care payer" means any employer, health care plan, health maintenance |
| 16 | | organization, insurance company, management services organization, or any |
| 17 | | other entity that pays for or arranges for the payment of any health care service |
| 18 | | provided to any patient, whether that payment is made in whole or in part; |
| 19 | <u>(6)</u> | "Health care service" means medical care provided to any patient at any time |
| 20 | | over the entire course of treatment or medical research, including but not limited |
| 21 | | <u>to:</u> |
| 22 | | (a) Testing; |
| 23 | | (b) Diagnosis; |
| 24 | | (c) Referral; |
| 25 | | (d) Dispensing or administering any drug, medication, or device; |
| 26 | | (e) Psychological therapy or counseling; |
| 27 | | (f) Record making procedures; |

| 1 | | (g) Notes related to treatments; |
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| 2 | | (h) Research; |
| 3 | | (i) Prognosis; |
| 4 | | (j) Therapy; |
| 5 | | (k) Creating medical records; or |
| 6 | | (l) Any other medical care or necessary medical services performed or provided |
| 7 | | by any medical practitioner; |
| 8 | <u>(7)</u> | "Medical practitioner" means any person or individual who may be or is asked to |
| 9 | | participate in a health care service. "Medical practitioner" includes but is not |
| 10 | | limited to doctors, nurses, practitioners, physician's assistants, nurses, nurse's |
| 11 | | aides, allied health professionals, medical assistants, hospital employees, clinic |
| 12 | | employees, nursing home employees, pharmacists, pharmacy technicians and |
| 13 | | employees, medical school faculty and students, nursing faculty and students, |
| 14 | | psychology and counseling faculty and students, medical researchers, laboratory |
| 15 | | technicians, counselors, social workers, or any other person who facilitates or |
| 16 | | participates in the provision of health care to any person; |
| 17 | <u>(8)</u> | "Participate in a health care service" means to provide, perform, assist with, |
| 18 | | facilitate, refer for, counsel for, consult with regard to, admit for the purposes of |
| 19 | | providing, or take part in any way in providing, any health care service or any |
| 20 | | form of such a service; |
| 21 | <u>(9)</u> | "Pay" or "payment" means to reimburse, renumerate, pay for, contract for, |
| 22 | | arrange for the payment of, whether in whole or in part; and |
| 23 | <u>(10)</u> | "Regulated healthcare entity" means any medical practitioner, health care |
| 24 | | institution, or health care payer that is certified, authorized, or licensed by the |
| 25 | | Commonwealth of Kentucky, or that receives any form of state funding or state |
| 26 | | insurance reimbursement. |
| 27 | | → SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO |

| 1 | READ AS FOLLOWS: |
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| 2 | (1) A medical practitioner, health care institution, or health care payer shall have the |
| 3 | right to not participate in or pay for any health care service which violates his, |
| 4 | her, or its conscience. A health care payer shall not decline to pay for a medical |
| 5 | procedure or service it is contractually obligated to pay for under the terms of its |
| 6 | contract with an insured party. |
| 7 | (2) A medical practitioner, health care institution, or health care payer shall not be |
| 8 | liable civilly, criminally, or administratively for exercising his, her, or its right of |
| 9 | conscience with respect to a health care service. |
| 10 | (3) A medical practitioner, health care institution, or health care payer shall not be |
| 11 | subject to discrimination in any manner by the Commonwealth, any of its |
| 12 | political subdivisions, or any regulated health care entity as a result of his, her, or |
| 13 | its decision to decline to participate in a health care service on the basis of |
| 14 | conscience. |
| 15 | (4) The exercise of the right of conscience is limited to conscience-based objections |
| 16 | to a particular medical procedure or service. This section shall not be construed |
| 17 | to waive or modify any duty a health care practitioner, health care institution, or |
| 18 | health care payer may have to provide other medical procedures or services that |
| 19 | do not violate the practitioner's, institution's, or payer's conscience. |
| 20 | →SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO |
| 21 | READ AS FOLLOWS: |
| 22 | (1) A medical practitioner shall not be discriminated against because he or she: |
| 23 | (a) Provided, caused to be provided, or is about to provide to his or her |
| 24 | employer, the Attorney General, any agency of the Commonwealth charged |
| 25 | with protecting health care rights of conscience, the United States |
| 26 | Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, or any |
| 27 | other federal agency charged with protecting health care rights of |

| 1 | | conscience with information relating to any violation, act, or omission the |
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| 2 | | medical practitioner reasonably believes to be a violation of any provision of |
| 3 | | Sections 1 to 6 of this Act; |
| 4 | | (b) Testified or is about to testify in a proceeding concerning a violation; or |
| 5 | | (c) Assisted, participated, or is about to assist or participate in related |
| 6 | | proceedings. |
| 7 | <u>(2)</u> | Unless the disclosure is prohibited by law, a medical practitioner shall not be |
| 8 | | discriminated against because he or she disclosed information that he or she |
| 9 | | reasonably believes evinces: |
| 10 | | (a) A violation of a relevant law, rule, or regulation; |
| 11 | | (b) A violation of a standard of care or other ethical guideline for the provision |
| 12 | | of health care services; or |
| 13 | | (c) Gross mismanagement, gross waste of funds, abuse of authority, practices |
| 14 | | or methods of treatment that pay put patient health at risk, or a substantial |
| 15 | | and specific danger to public health or safety. |
| 16 | | → SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO |
| 17 | REA | AD AS FOLLOWS: |
| 18 | <u>(1)</u> | The State Board of Medical Licensure may not reprimand, sanction, deny, revoke |
| 19 | | or threaten to revoke a license, certification, or registration of a medical |
| 20 | | practitioner for engaging in speech or expressive activity that is protected by the |
| 21 | | First Amendment to the United States Constitution, unless the board |
| 22 | | demonstrates beyond a reasonable doubt that the medical practitioner's speech |
| 23 | | was the direct cause of physical harm to a person with whom the practitioner had |
| 24 | | a practitioner-patient relationship within the three (3) years immediately |
| 25 | | preceding the incident of physical harm. |
| 26 | <u>(2)</u> | The State Board of Medical Licensure shall provide a medical practitioner with |
| 27 | | any complaints it has received which may result in the revocation of the medical |

| 1 | practitioner's license, certification, or registration within twenty-one (21) days |
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| 2 | after receipt of the complaint. The board shall pay the medical practitioner an |
| 3 | administrative penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each day the complaint |
| 4 | is not provided to the medical practitioner after the specified twenty-one (21) day |
| 5 | <u>period.</u> |
| 6 | → SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 344 IS CREATED TO |
| 7 | READ AS FOLLOWS: |
| 8 | Any person injured by a violation of Sections 1 to 6 of this Act shall have a civil cause |
| 9 | of action in the Circuit Court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin further violations, to |
| 10 | recover the actual damages sustained, and to recover the costs of the lawsuit and to |
| 11 | provide any other appropriate relief, which may include reinstatement of a medical |
| 12 | practitioner to his or her previous position, reinstatement of board certification, and |
| 13 | relicensure of a health care institution or health care payer. If a violation is found to |
| 14 | have occurred, the court's order or judgment shall include a reasonable attorney's fee. |
| 15 | Any additional burden or expense on another medical practitioner, health care |
| 16 | institution, or health care payer arising from the exercise of the right of conscience |
| 17 | shall not be a defense to any violation of Sections 1 to 6 of this Act. |
| 18 | → Section 7. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person |
| 19 | or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or |
| 20 | applications of the Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or |
| 21 | application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable. |
| 22 | → Section 8. This Act may be cited as the Healthcare Heroes Recruitment and |
| 23 | Retention Act. |
| 24 | → Section 9. Whereas it is crucial that the Commonwealth's regulatory policies |
| 25 | reflect the statutory intent of the General Assembly, an emergency is declared to exist, |
| 26 | and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its |
| 27 | otherwise becoming a law. |