1	AN ACT relating to school bus safety.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	As used in Sections 1 to 6 of this Act:
6	(1) "Camera monitoring system" means a system with one (1) or more camera
7	sensors or computers installed and operated on a school bus that:
8	(a) Produce recorded images; and
9	(b) Record the activation status of the stop arm and the time, date, and location
10	of the school bus when the recorded images are captured;
11	(2) "Owner" has the same meaning as in KRS 186.010;
12	(3) "Recorded images" means two (2) or more photographic images or a segment of
13	any video medium recorded by a camera monitoring system which show on at
14	least one (1) image or portion of video the registration plate number of a motor
15	vehicle being operated in violation of Section 8 of this Act;
16	(4) "School district" means a county school district as described in KRS 160.010 or
17	an independent school district as described in KRS 160.020; and
18	(5) "Stop arm camera violation" means a violation of Section 8 of this Act that is
19	recorded by a camera monitoring system and enforced in accordance with
20	Sections 1 to 6 of this Act.
21	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
22	READ AS FOLLOWS:
23	(1) A school district may install and maintain a camera monitoring system on any
24	school bus operated by the school district for the enforcement of a civil penalty
25	against the owner of a motor vehicle for a stop arm camera violation.
26	(2) A school district may contract with a private vendor or manufacturer to install,
27	operate, and maintain camera monitoring systems on school buses operated by

1	the school district.
2	(3) A stop arm camera violation may be enforced by a law enforcement agency, a
3	certified peace officer, or a school resource officer as defined in KRS 158.441
4	upon review of the recorded images produced by a camera monitoring system.
5	(4) A school bus with a camera monitoring system installed and maintained in
6	accordance with this section shall display a warning sign notifying the public of
7	the camera monitoring system.
8	(5) Recorded images and other records related to a specific stop arm camero
9	violation are private information and shall only be accessible to authorized
10	personnel for the purpose of enforcing stop arm camera violations, traffic
11	violations, and any other incidents captured by the camera monitoring system in
12	the course of normal operation that could result in civil or criminal liability.
13	→SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
14	READ AS FOLLOWS:
15	(1) The amount of a civil penalty for a stop arm camera violation shall be:
16	(a) Three hundred dollars (\$300) for the first civil penalty; and
17	(b) Five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent civil penalty issued to an
18	owner within a three (3) year period.
19	(2) All revenue generated from a civil penalty for a stop arm camera violation shall
20	be collected and retained by the school district operating the camera monitoring
21	system, unless the penalty is collected as a result of action taken in the Court of
22	Justice in which case court costs may be deducted from the amount paid to the
23	school district.
24	(3) A law enforcement agency may charge and collect from the school district a fee
25	of twenty-five dollars (\$25) from every civil penalty collected by the school distric
26	under this section for a violation that was enforced by the law enforcemen
27	agency.

1	<i>(4)</i>	A stop arm camera violation shall not result in points being assessed against the
2		driving record of the owner or operator of the vehicle in violation.
3		→SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
4	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
5	<u>(1)</u>	Upon a determination to issue a stop arm camera violation notice, the following
6		documents shall be sent, either by the law enforcement agency or the school
7		district's agent, by certified mail to the owner of a motor vehicle within thirty (30)
8		days of a stop arm camera violation:
9		(a) The stop arm camera violation notice form as described in subsection (2) of
10		this section;
11		(b) A copy of the recorded images for the stop arm camera violation; and
12		(c) A signed, sworn statement from a law enforcement officer that, based on
13		inspection of the recorded images, the motor vehicle was being operated in
14		violation of Section 8 of this Act. This statement may be signed
15		electronically and is admissible in any proceeding challenging a stop arm
16		camera violation.
17	<u>(2)</u>	The stop arm camera violation notice form shall contain in substance the
18		following information:
19		(a) The name and address of the registered owner of the vehicle;
20		(b) A statement that the notice represents a determination that a stop arm
21		camera violation has been committed by the owner of the vehicle and that
22		the determination shall be final unless contested in accordance with Section
23		5 of this Act;
24		(c) The date and time of the violation;
25		(d) The location of the violation;
26		(e) The amount of the civil penalty imposed and the date by which the civil
27		penalty shall be paid;

1	(f) Instructions on how to pay the civil penalty to the school district or its
2	designated agent;
3	(g) Information advising the owner as to the manner and time in which the civil
4	penalty may be contested; and
5	(h) A warning that failure to pay the civil penalty imposed or to contest the
6	matter in a timely manner is an admission of liability and shall result in the
7	suspension of the motor vehicle's registration.
8	(3) A recorded image produced by a camera monitoring system shall be destroyed:
9	(a) No later than thirty-one (31) days from the date the recorded image is
10	captured if the recorded image does not result in a stop arm camera
11	violation notice form issued under this section; or
12	(b) Upon final disposition of the stop arm camera violation if the recorded
13	image results in a stop arm camera violation notice form issued under this
14	section.
15	→SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
16	READ AS FOLLOWS:
17	(1) A recorded image produced by a camera monitoring system shall be sufficient
18	evidence of a violation of Section 8 of this Act and shall be admitted without
19	further authentication for the purposes of enforcement. There shall be a
20	rebuttable presumption that when any school bus is stopped with its stop arm
21	activated it is for the purpose of receiving or discharging passengers, and that the
22	school bus signal lights are activated and operational when a recorded image
23	includes an electronic indicator signifying activation of signal lights.
24	(2) In a contest to a stop arm camera violation, liability shall be determined by a
25	preponderance of the evidence and it shall be a defense that:
26	(a) The motor vehicle or the motor vehicle registration plates were stolen before
27	the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the

1		owner at the time of the violation;
2		(b) The civil penalty is not enforceable because at the time and location of the
3		violation the stop arm was not activated;
4		(c) The owner was not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. An
5		owner who raises this defense shall identify, under penalty of perjury, the
6		person who was operating the vehicle at the time of the violation, including
7		at a minimum the operator's name and address;
8		(d) The person operating the motor vehicle received a citation from a law
9		enforcement officer for a violation of Section 8 of this Act at the date and
10		approximate time listed on the stop arm camera violation form;
11		(e) The violation was necessary to allow the passage of an emergency vehicle;
12		<u>or</u>
13		(f) The violation occurred while the operator was participating in a funeral
14		procession.
15	<u>(3)</u>	A contest to a stop arm camera violation shall be heard by the District Court, and
16		the school district and applicable law enforcement agency shall defend the stop
17		arm camera violation.
18	<u>(4)</u>	A school district may contract for legal services to fulfill the obligations in
19		subsection (3) of this section.
20		→ SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 158 IS CREATED TO
21	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
22	<u>(1)</u>	If a stop arm camera violation civil penalty is not paid or contested in accordance
23		with Section 5 of this Act within sixty (60) days, the applicable law enforcement
24		agency or officer may notify the Transportation Cabinet of the nonpayment.
25		Upon notice of nonpayment, the cabinet shall suspend the registration of the
26		motor vehicle until the civil penalty is paid.
2.7	(2)	The applicable law enforcement agency or officer shall notify the cabinet of the

## need to release a suspension levied under this section within one (1) business day of collecting the funds to satisfy the civil penalty.

→ Section 7. KRS 189.990 is amended to read as follows:

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Any person who violates any of the provisions of KRS 189.020 to 189.040, (1) subsection (1) or (4) of KRS 189.050, KRS 189.060 to 189.080, subsections (1) to (3) of KRS 189.090, KRS 189.100, 189.110, 189.130 to 189.160, subsections (2) to (4) of KRS 189.190, KRS 189.200, 189.285, subsection (1) or (2) of KRS 189.290, 189.300 to 189.360, KRS 189.380, KRS 189.400 to 189.430, KRS 189.450 to 189.458, KRS 189.4595 to 189.480, subsection (1) of KRS 189.520, KRS 189.540, KRS 189.570 to 189.590, except subsection (1)(b) or (6)(b) of KRS 189.580, KRS 189.345, subsection (6) of KRS 189.456, and 189.960 shall be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for each offense. Any person who violates subsection (1)(a) of KRS 189.580 shall be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one (1) year, or both, unless the accident involved death or serious physical injury and the person knew or should have known of the death or serious physical injury, in which case the person shall be guilty of a Class D felony. Any person who violates paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of KRS 189.390 shall be fined not less than eleven dollars (\$11) nor more than thirty dollars (\$30). Neither court costs nor fees shall be taxed against any person violating paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of KRS 189.390.

(2) (a) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph, any person who violates the weight provisions of KRS 189.212, 189.221, 189.222, 189.226, 189.230, 189.270, or 189.2713 shall be fined two cents (\$0.02) per pound for each pound of excess load when the excess is five thousand (5,000) pounds or less. When the excess exceeds five thousand (5,000) pounds the fine shall be two cents (\$0.02) per pound for each

1		pound of excess load, but the fine levied shall not be less than one
2		hundred dollars (\$100) and shall not be more than five hundred dollars
3		(\$500).
4		2. Any person who violates a posted bridge weight limit on a state-
5		maintained bridge that is more than seventy-five (75) years old shall be
6		fined:
7		a. Five hundred dollars (\$500) for the first offense;
8		b. One thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the second offense within a one
9		(1) year period; and
0		c. Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for any subsequent offense within a
1		one (1) year period.
12		The Transportation Cabinet shall erect signs warning drivers of the
13		increased fines in this subparagraph. Signs erected under this
4		subparagraph shall be placed in such a manner that drivers are given
15		adequate warning in order to exit the road prior to crossing the bridge. If
16		warning signs are not erected in accordance with this subparagraph, the
17		fines in this subparagraph shall not apply and violators shall be fined
8		under subparagraph 1. of this paragraph.
9	(b)	Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 189.271 and is operating on a
20		route designated on the permit shall be fined one hundred dollars (\$100);
21		otherwise, the penalties in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall apply.
22	(c)	Any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) or (3) of KRS
23		189.050, subsection (4) of KRS 189.090, KRS 189.221 to 189.230, 189.270,
24		189.2713, 189.280, or the dimension provisions of KRS 189.212, for which
25		another penalty is not specifically provided shall be fined not less than ten
26		dollars (\$10) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 177.985 while operating

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1			on a route designated in KRS 177.986 shall be fined one hundred dollars
2			(\$100).
3			2. Any person who operates a vehicle with a permit under KRS 177.985 in
4			excess of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds while operating on a route
5			not designated in KRS 177.986 shall be fined one thousand dollars
6			(\$1,000).
7		(e)	Nothing in this subsection or in KRS 189.221 to 189.228 shall be deemed to
8			prejudice or affect the authority of the Department of Vehicle Regulation to
9			suspend or revoke certificates of common carriers, permits of contract
10			carriers, or drivers' or chauffeurs' licenses, for any violation of KRS 189.221
11			to 189.228 or any other act applicable to motor vehicles, as provided by law.
12	(3)	(a)	Any person who violates subsection (1) of KRS 189.190 shall be fined not
13			more than fifteen dollars (\$15).
14		(b)	Any person who violates subsection (5) of KRS 189.190 shall be fined not
15			less than thirty-five dollars (\$35) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200).
16	(4)	(a)	Any person who violates subsection (1) of KRS 189.210 shall be fined not
17			less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100).
18		(b)	Any peace officer who fails, when properly informed, to enforce KRS
19			189.210 shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than
20			one hundred dollars (\$100).
21		(c)	All fines collected under this subsection, after payment of commissions to
22			officers entitled thereto, shall go to the county road fund if the offense is
23			committed in the county, or to the city street fund if committed in the city.
24	(5)	Any	person who violates KRS 189.370 shall for the first offense be fined not less
25		than	$\underline{two}$ [one] hundred dollars $\underline{(\$200)}$ [(\\$100)] nor more than $\underline{five}$ [two] hundred
26		dolla	ars $(\$500)[(\$200)]$ or imprisoned not less than thirty (30) days nor more than
27		sixty	(60) days, or both. For each subsequent offense occurring within three (3)

1		years, the person shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars (\$300) nor more
2		than <u>one thousand[five hundred]</u> dollars <u>(\$1,000)</u> [(\$500)] or imprisoned not less
3		than sixty (60) days nor more than six (6) months, or both. The minimum fine for
4		this violation shall not be subject to suspension. A minimum of six (6) points shall
5		be assessed against the driving record of any person convicted.
6	(6)	Any person who violates KRS 189.500 shall be fined not more than fifteen dollars
7		(\$15) in excess of the cost of the repair of the road.
8	(7)	Any person who violates KRS 189.510 or KRS 189.515 shall be fined not less than
9		twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50).
10	(8)	Any peace officer who violates subsection (2) of KRS 189.520 shall be fined not
11		less than thirty-five dollars (\$35) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100).
12	(9)	(a) Any person who violates KRS 189.530(1) shall be fined not less than thirty-
13		five dollars (\$35) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100), or imprisoned
14		not less than thirty (30) days nor more than twelve (12) months, or both.
15		(b) Any person who violates KRS 189.530(2) shall be fined not less than thirty-
16		five dollars (\$35) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100).
17	(10)	Any person who violates any of the provisions of KRS 189.550 shall be guilty of a
18		Class B misdemeanor.
19	(11)	Any person who violates subsection (3) of KRS 189.560 shall be fined not less than
20		thirty dollars (\$30) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for each offense.
21	(12)	The fines imposed by paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsections (6) and (7) of
22		this section shall, in the case of a public highway, be paid into the county road fund,
23		and, in the case of a privately owned road or bridge, be paid to the owner. These
24		fines shall not bar an action for damages for breach of contract.
25	(13)	Any person who violates any of the provisions of KRS 189.120 shall be fined not
26		less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for each
27		offense.

1 (14) Any person who violates any provision of KRS 189.575 shall be fined not less than 2 twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than twenty-five dollars (\$25).

- 3 (15) Any person who violates subsection (2) of KRS 189.231 shall be fined not less than 4 twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for each offense.
- 5 (16) Any person who violates restrictions or regulations established by the secretary of 6 transportation pursuant to subsection (3) of KRS 189.231 shall, upon first offense, 7 be fined one hundred dollars (\$100) and, upon subsequent convictions, be fined not 8 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or 9 imprisoned for thirty (30) days, or both.
- 10 (17) (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of KRS 189.565 shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
  - (b) In addition to the penalties prescribed in paragraph (a) of this subsection, in case of violation by any person in whose name the vehicle used in the transportation of inflammable liquids or explosives is licensed, the person shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500). Each violation shall constitute a separate offense.
  - (18) Any person who abandons a vehicle upon the right-of-way of a state highway for three (3) consecutive days shall be fined not less than thirty-five dollars (\$35) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100), or imprisoned for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days.
- 21 (19) Every person violating KRS 189.393 shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor, 22 unless the offense is being committed by a defendant fleeing the commission of a 23 felony offense which the defendant was also charged with violating and was 24 subsequently convicted of that felony, in which case it is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 25 (20) Any law enforcement agency which fails or refuses to forward the reports required 26 by KRS 189.635 shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in KRS 17.157.
- 27 (21) A person who operates a bicycle in violation of the administrative regulations

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promulgated pursuant to KRS 189.287 shall be fined not less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100).

- 3 (22) Any person who violates KRS 189.860 shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisoned for not more than six (6) months, or both.
- 5 (23) Any person who violates KRS 189.754 shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300).
- 7 (24) Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 189.125(3)(a) shall be fined fifty dollars (\$50). This fine shall be subject to prepayment. A fine imposed under this subsection shall not be subject to court costs pursuant to KRS 24A.175, additional court costs pursuant to KRS 24A.1765, the fee imposed pursuant to KRS 24A.1765, or any other additional fees or costs.
- 12 (25) Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 189.125(3)(b) shall fnot be issued a 13 uniform citation, but shall instead receive a courtesy warning up until July 1, 2009. 14 For a violation on or after July 1, 2009, the person shall be fined thirty dollars 15 (\$30). This fine shall be subject to prepayment. A fine imposed under this subsection shall not be subject to court costs pursuant to KRS 24A.175, additional 16 17 court costs pursuant to KRS 24A.176, a fee imposed pursuant to KRS 24A.1765, or 18 any other additional fees or costs. A person who has not been previously charged 19 with a violation of KRS 189.125(3)(b) may elect to acquire a booster seat meeting 20 the requirements of KRS 189.125. Upon presentation of sufficient proof of the 21 acquisition, the charge shall be dismissed and no fees or costs shall be imposed.
- 22 (26) Any person who violates the provisions of KRS 189.125(6) shall be fined an amount not to exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25). This fine shall be subject to prepayment. A fine imposed under this subsection shall not be subject to court costs pursuant to KRS 24A.175, additional court costs pursuant to KRS 24A.176, the fee imposed pursuant to KRS 24A.1765, or any other additional fees or costs.
- 27 (27) Fines levied pursuant to this chapter shall be assessed in the manner required by

1 KRS 534.020, in amounts consistent with this chapter. Nonpayment of fines shall 2 be governed by KRS 534.020 and 534.060.

- 3 (28) A licensed driver under the age of eighteen (18) charged with a moving violation 4 pursuant to this chapter as the driver of a motor vehicle may be referred, prior to 5 trial, by the court to a diversionary program. The diversionary program under this 6 subsection shall consist of one (1) or both of the following:
  - (a) Execution of a diversion agreement which prohibits the driver from operating a vehicle for a period not to exceed forty-five (45) days and which allows the court to retain the driver's operator's license during this period; and
    - (b) Attendance at a driver improvement clinic established pursuant to KRS 186.574. If the person completes the terms of this diversionary program satisfactorily the violation shall be dismissed.
  - (29) A person who violates the provisions of subsection (2) or (3) of KRS 189.459 shall be fined two hundred fifty dollars (\$250). The fines and costs for a violation of subsection (2) or (3) of KRS 189.459 shall be collected and disposed of in accordance with KRS 24A.180. Once deposited into the State Treasury, ninety percent (90%) of the fine collected under this subsection shall immediately be forwarded to the personal care assistance program under KRS 205.900 to 205.920. Ten percent (10%) of the fine collected under this subsection shall annually be returned to the county where the violation occurred and distributed equally to all law enforcement agencies within the county.
- 22 (30) Any person who violates KRS 189.292 or 189.294 shall be fined twenty-five dollars (\$25) for the first offense and fifty dollars (\$50) for each subsequent offense.
- 24 (31) Any person who violates KRS 189.281(5) or (7)(b) shall be subject to a fine of two 25 hundred fifty dollars (\$250). This fine shall be subject to prepayment. A fine 26 imposed under this subsection shall not be subject to court costs pursuant to KRS 27 24A.175, additional costs pursuant to KRS 24A.176, the fee imposed pursuant to

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- 1 KRS 24A.1765, or any other additional fees or costs.
- 2 (32) Any person who violates subsection (3) or (4) of KRS 189.290 and causes physical
- 3 injury to a person shall be fined five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 4 → Section 8. KRS 189.370 is amended to read as follows:
- 5 (1) If any school or church bus used in the transportation of children is stopped upon a
- 6 highway for the purpose of receiving or discharging passengers, with the stop arm
- and signal lights activated, the operator of a vehicle approaching from any direction
- 8 shall bring *the*[his] vehicle to a stop and shall not proceed until the bus has
- 9 completed receiving or discharging passengers and has been put into motion. The
- stop requirement provided for in this section shall not apply to vehicles approaching
- a stopped bus from the opposite direction upon a highway of four (4) or more lanes
- divided by an elevated barrier or unpaved median.
- 13 (2) [Subsection (1) of ]This section shall be applicable only when the bus displays the
- markings and equipment required by Kentucky minimum specifications for school
- buses.
- 16 (3) If any vehicle is witnessed to be in violation of subsection (1) of this section and
- the identity of the operator is not otherwise apparent, it shall be a rebuttable
- presumption that the person in whose name the vehicle is registered or leased was
- the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation and is subject to the
- penalties as provided for in KRS 189.990(5).