A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION establishing the Disaster Prevention and Resiliency Task Force to study disaster mitigation, risk assessment, infrastructure resilience, and planning for natural disasters that impact the Commonwealth. WHEREAS, the protection of human life and property is a fundamental responsibility of the government of the Commonwealth of Kentucky; and 6 WHEREAS, the Commonwealth is susceptible to various natural and manmade disaster events, posing threats to the well-being of its citizens, integrity of its infrastructure, prospects for its economic growth, and maintenance and protection of its unique lands and water areas and applicable natural resources. These threats additionally 10 pose significant fiscal and operational risks to functions of the Commonwealth's government; and WHEREAS, the Commonwealth has experienced an increase in the occurrence and magnitude of natural disasters, including flooding and tornadoes, as a result of shifting weather patterns. Between 2011 and 2023, Kentucky experienced 20 Major Disaster Declarations, which is the sixth most in the United States in that timeframe. Nationally, 16 eight of ten counties with the highest number of Major Disaster Declarations between 2011 and 2023 were located in the Commonwealth of Kentucky; and WHEREAS, catastrophic flooding in July 2022 impacted a wide swath of the Commonwealth, leading to at least 44 deaths and nearly 9,000 homes damaged or 20 destroyed. Kentucky has experienced numerous episodes of catastrophic flooding resulting from intense rain and storms. These events highlight the need for a statewide plan to accommodate and mitigate flooding impacts in the Commonwealth, matching states across the country which are increasingly responding to more frequent and extreme weather events; and WHEREAS, Kentucky is additionally susceptible to other extreme weather hazards, such as landslides, wildfire, drought, and extreme heat. Atmospheric cycles combined with changes in land use and other activities may further exacerbate these hazard risks in

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the future; and

| WHEREAS, the ability to execute timely and effective response and recovery |
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| operations are essential when the Commonwealth experiences devastating natural |
| disasters. The Commonwealth will benefit from a coordinated and collaborative effort to |
| develop comprehensive responses and solutions to protect Kentucky and its citizens, |
| businesses, and natural resources emphasizing the need to assess current risks and |
| analyze projected future conditions; and |
| WHEREAS, understanding the effect of environmental disasters and the available |
| resources allocated for relief is essential for limiting the impact following such events. In |
| these endeavors, it is vital that this Commonwealth develop a comprehensive approach to |
| resilience to accommodate and mitigate current and future disaster events to lessen the |
| negative effects to Kentucky's economy and to facilitate economic development, promote |
| tourism, and assist communities and businesses struggling with repeated disaster impacts; |
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| and |
| and WHEREAS, preparedness efforts to prevent and mitigate natural disasters are |
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| WHEREAS, preparedness efforts to prevent and mitigate natural disasters are crucial to ensuring the safety and protection of the citizens of the Commonwealth in future weather-related calamities. A coordinated Commonwealth, local, and community effort is necessary and appropriate to facilitate the interaction and effective collaboration between various government entities and the private and academic sectors to address these issues; and WHEREAS, the General Assembly wishes to assess needs, gaps, and opportunities to increase disaster resilience throughout the entirety of the Commonwealth and recommend policy measures to advance those desired outcomes; and WHEREAS, the General Assembly seeks expert opinions and research from a |

1 the face of current and future risks attributed to extreme weather hazards;

- 2 NOW, THEREFORE,
- 3 Be it resolved by the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of
- 4 Kentucky, the House of Representatives concurring therein:
- 5 → Section 1. The Legislative Research Commission shall establish the Disaster
- 6 Prevention and Resiliency Task Force, which shall:
- 7 (1) Study, review, and make recommendations regarding current and future
- 8 policy needs to address risk assessment, strategic planning, prevention of natural
- 9 disasters, response efforts, temporary housing, and relief strategies in the
- 10 Commonwealth;
- 11 (2) Evaluate approaches employed by other states with comparable population
- 12 and economic characteristics to deter and manage natural disasters and determine
- 13 effective governance, administration models, and policies that may be suitable for
- 14 adoption in the Commonwealth;
- 15 (3) Analyze fiscal aspects of various prevention, replacement, infrastructure, and
- mitigation costs to identify cost-sharing opportunities and maximize the use of state and
- 17 federal funds allocated to disaster relief and mitigation;
- 18 (4) Analyze the role of the legislative and executive branches in preventing and
- 19 protecting against natural disasters as well as collaboration between federal, state, and
- 20 local governments and their respective agencies in relief and mitigation efforts;
- 21 (5) Review the functionality, duties, structure, independence, effectiveness, and
- 22 efficiency of various agencies, offices, and departments representing the Commonwealth
- 23 of Kentucky engaging in activities intended to increase resilience to current and future
- 24 disasters;
- 25 (6) Review publications, reports, and analyses of governances relating to
- 26 statewide disaster resilience and risk reduction activities;
- 27 (7) Hear testimony from entities with experience in research on and expertise in

1 structures, policies, and governance specific to statewide disaster resilience and risk

- 2 reduction activities; stormwater management and use; risks associated with drought,
- 3 wildfire, and extreme heat; urbanization impact; project and operational financing;
- 4 affordability; available grants; and appropriate partnerships;
- 5 (8) Hear testimony from individuals who have relevant professional, academic, or
- 6 research expertise, or who otherwise have significant experience in relevant areas,
- 7 including engineering, disaster mitigation and resilience, public planning, hydrology,
- 8 environmental protection, or climatology;
- 9 (9) Hear testimony from citizens from across the Commonwealth whose lives and
- 10 livelihoods have been affected by flooding, drought, fires, or other extreme weather
- 11 events;
- 12 (10) Assess available relevant data sources and identify data gaps relevant to
- 13 current and future multi-hazard risks, including but not limited to data describing
- precipitation patterns, stream flows, and riverine and flash flood risk;
- 15 (11) Review relevant past efforts to build disaster resilience across the
- 16 Commonwealth, including but not limited to, activities and outcomes associated with the
- 17 Council for Community Recovery and Resilience (CCRR) created following catastrophic
- 18 2022 flooding in Eastern Kentucky;
- 19 (12) Review how other states have implemented or put in place state resilience
- 20 offices, chief resilience officers, and statewide resilience plans and assess whether these
- 21 models may be replicable in the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
- 22 (13) Assess the need for any other alternative governance structures, operations,
- 23 management, and policy models designed to advance disaster resilience and risk
- 24 reduction outcomes across the Commonwealth;
- 25 (14) Explore options for expanded Commonwealth-wide resilience functions and
- 26 their potential impact on:
- 27 (a) Federal, state, and local funding;

| 1 | (b) | Commonwealth-owned real property and facilities; | |
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| 2 | (c) | Commonwealth-owned construction; | |
| 3 | (d) | Insurance availability and affordability; | |
| 4 | (e) | Transportation infrastructure; | |
| 5 | (f) | Critical infrastructure and key resources; | |
| 6 | (g) | Stormwater management and use; | |
| 7 | (h) | Urbanization; | |
| 8 | (i) | Economic development and opportunity; | |
| 9 | (j) | Out-migration and labor force; | |
| 10 | (k) | Affordable housing availability; | |
| 11 | (1) | Assessment and accountability; | |
| 12 | (m) | Personnel and tenure; | |
| 13 | (n) | Transition and startup timelines; | |
| 14 | (o) | Implementation costs; | |
| 15 | (p) | Compliance with existing state and federal laws; and | |
| 16 | (q) | Any other issue; | |
| 17 | (15) Iden | tify and recommend a framework for a comprehensive, executable | |
| 18 | strategy for long | g-term disaster resilience and risk reduction and identify the stakeholders, | |
| 19 | partners, and topics necessary to create a plan for long-term disaster resilience and risk | | |
| 20 | reduction; and | | |
| 21 | (16) Dev | elop a report adopting specific findings and recommendations that include | |
| 22 | suggestions for proposed legislation or administrative action, pursuant to the activities o | | |
| 23 | the Commonwealth Disaster Resilience and Risk Reduction Task Force prior to the date | | |
| 24 | of abolishment specified in this resolution. | | |
| 25 | → Section 2. The Disaster Prevention and Resiliency Task Force shall be | | |
| 26 | composed of the following members, with final membership of the task force being | | |
| 27 | subject to the consideration and approval of the Legislative Research Commission: | | |

1 (1) Two members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the 2 Speaker of the House; 3 Two members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the 4 Minority Floor Leader of the House; and 5 The Speaker of the House shall designate one of the four members appointed 6 from the House of Representatives to serve as co-chair of the task force; 7 (2) Two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the (a) 8 Senate; 9 Two members of the Senate to be appointed by the Minority Floor Leader of 10 the Senate; and 11 The President of the Senate shall designate one of the four members appointed 12 from the Senate to serve as co-chair of the task force; 13 The director of the Division of Emergency Management or designee; (3) 14 (4) The executive director of the Kentucky Office of Homeland Security or 15 designee; 16 (5) The director of the Division of Water or designee; 17 (6) The commissioner of the Department of Housing, Buildings and Construction 18 or designee; 19 (7) The commissioner of the Department of Insurance or designee; 20 (8)One member appointed by the Kentucky Association of Mitigation Managers; 21 A representative from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners 22 or designee; 23 (10) The president of the Kentucky Association of Counties or designee; 24 (11) The president of the Kentucky League of Cities or designee; 25 (12) The president of a state university or the Kentucky Community and Technical 26 College System or designee, chosen by the Kentucky Council on Postsecondary

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Education;

| 1 | (13) One member with experience in the finance, management, and operations of |
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| 2 | businesses that operate in the Commonwealth chosen by the Kentucky Chamber of |
| 3 | Commerce; and |
| 4 | (14) To be appointed by the Legislative Research Commission to ensure broad |
| 5 | political and geographical representation: |
| 6 | (a) Two county magistrates or designees, with one representing one of the |
| 7 | 13 counties declared under the Major Disaster Declaration in conjunction with |
| 8 | catastrophic 2022 flooding in Eastern Kentucky, and with one representing a county with |
| 9 | past or potential impacts of similar events not included in the 13 counties declared under |
| 10 | the Major Disaster Declaration; |
| 11 | (b) Two mayors or designees, with one representing one of the 13 counties |
| 12 | declared under the Major Disaster Declaration in conjunction with catastrophic 2022 |
| 13 | flooding in Eastern Kentucky, and with one representing a county with past or potential |
| 14 | impacts of similar events not included in the 13 counties declared under the Major |
| 15 | Disaster Declaration; |
| 16 | (c) A representative from a nonprofit organization that participates in |
| 17 | disaster relief efforts; and |
| 18 | (d) A citizen with competency, experience, and knowledge in the field of |
| 19 | engineering or hydrology. |
| 20 | → Section 3. The Disaster Prevention and Resiliency Task Force shall meet at |
| 21 | least monthly during the 2025 Interim of the General Assembly. The task force shall |
| 22 | submit findings and recommendations to the Legislative Research Commission for |
| 23 | referral to the appropriate committee or subcommittee thereof by December 1, 2025. |
| 24 | → Section 4. Provisions of this Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, the |
| 25 | Legislative Research Commission shall have the authority to alternatively assign the |
| 26 | issues identified herein to an interim joint committee or subcommittee thereof, and to |
| 27 | designate a study completion date. |