1 AN ACT relating to the environmental remediation fee.

2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 224.43-500 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) As used in this section:

10

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 5 (a) "Environmental remediation fee" means a <u>two dollar (\$2)</u> [one dollar and seventy five cents (\$1.75)] fee paid per ton of waste by generators of waste and collected at transfer stations and waste disposal facilities that is in addition to all other applicable fees and taxes assessed prior to January 1, 2003;
 - (b) "Transfer station" means a facility permitted by the cabinet where waste is transferred from one (1) vehicle to another for transportation to a municipal solid waste disposal facility; [and]
- 13 (c) "Public road" means any city, county, state, federal, or limited access street, 14 highway, or turnpike, including bridges and bridge approaches; *and*
 - (d) "Residual waste facility" means a solid waste disposal facility designed and operated to receive a limited number of nonhazardous industrial wastes for disposal that are fully characterizable.
 - (2) The environmental remediation fee levied under this section is in addition to all other applicable fees and taxes assessed prior to January 1, 2003. Notwithstanding any law, franchise, or contract to the contrary, the owner or operator of a transfer station or municipal solid waste disposal facility, or the person who collects waste and delivers such waste to a transfer station or municipal solid waste disposal facility may pass through and obtain from the generator any environmental remediation fee required under this section.
- 25 (3) The environmental remediation fee shall be paid by generators of waste to be 26 disposed of at a municipal solid waste disposal facility and collected by waste 27 transfer stations or municipal solid waste disposal facilities in the Commonwealth.

1		No environmental remediation fee shall be collected at a municipal solid waste
2		disposal facility on waste for which the fee has been paid at a transfer station to the
3		disposal facility. The cabinet shall, by administrative regulation, adopt a conversion
4		formula to allow assessment of the fee by transfer stations that do not have scales.
5		For loads of waste weighing less than one (1) ton, the environmental remediation
6		fee shall be <u>two dollars (\$2)</u> [one dollar and seventy five cents (\$1.75)].
7	(4)	Not later than thirty (30) days following the last day of each calendar quarter, every
8		owner or operator of a transfer station or municipal solid waste disposal facility
9		shall remit to the cabinet the environmental remediation fee collected during the
10		prior quarter, with a report stating the number of tons of waste for which the
11		environmental remediation fee was collected.

- 12 (5) Moneys received by the cabinet for environmental remediation fees from residual

 13 waste facilities shall be returned to the fiscal court of the county in which the

 14 residual waste facility is located.
- → Section 2. KRS 224.43-505 is amended to read as follows:

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (1) A trust fund known as the Kentucky pride fund is hereby established in the State Treasury to receive money collected from environmental remediation fees established in KRS 224.43-500, except that environmental remediation fees collected from residual waste facilities shall be administered in accordance with subsection (5) of Section 1 of this Act. The fund shall be used to accomplish the purposes established in this section. Any money accruing to the fund in any fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The fund may also receive state appropriations, gifts, grants, and federal funds. All interest earned on money in the fund shall be credited to the fund.
- 25 (2) The cabinet shall administer the Kentucky pride fund as provided by this section 26 and any administrative regulations promulgated pursuant thereto. *Except for* 27 *moneys received by the cabinet from residual waste facilities, which shall be*

expended in accordance with subsection (5) of Section 1 of this Act, money from
 the fund received by the cabinet shall be distributed as follows:

- (a) Five million dollars (\$5,000,000) of the money deposited into the fund each year shall be retained by the cabinet, subject to the following conditions:
 - 1. The cabinet may use up to two and one-half million dollars (\$2,500,000) of the money deposited into the fund as necessary for direct costs associated with site identification, characterization, and corrective action assessments of solid waste disposal sites and facilities that have ceased accepting waste before July 1, 1992, including former permitted municipal solid waste disposal facilities or abandoned solid waste disposal sites or facilities. The cabinet shall prioritize the sites and facilities based on risks to human health, safety, and the environment, and develop an implementation plan for closure and remediation of those sites and facilities. Funds may be utilized to begin design and implementation of proper closure and corrective action for those sites and facilities with unabated pending violations.
 - 2. The cabinet shall suspend until July, 2006, enforcement activity regarding landfill closure and remediation obligations against formerly permitted municipal solid waste disposal facilities owned by a city or county that ceased accepting waste prior to July 1, 1992, except as necessary to abate an environmental emergency.
 - 3. Two and one-half million dollars (\$2,500,000) per year shall be used to pay debt service on bonds sold by the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority in the amount of at least twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000), the proceeds from which were deposited into the Kentucky pride fund established in this section and utilized for undertaking closure and corrective action at formerly permitted solid waste disposal facilities or

abandoned solid waste sites or facilities that ceased accepting waste prior to July 1, 1992, which pose the most significant environmental or human health risk. Moneys not appropriated for the identification and characterization of orphaned or abandoned landfills, or debt service, may be used for the elimination of illegal open dumps, direct costs associated with the closure of orphaned landfills, recycling grants, household hazardous waste grants, or additional debt service.

- (b) The interest on all moneys deposited into the fund, including unused debt services, shall be distributed annually in an amount not to exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) to the Kentucky Environmental Education Council for implementation of the environmental education center component of the Environmental Education Master Plan.
- (c) The remaining balance of the funds from the environmental remediation fee established in KRS 224.43-500, plus any unspent interest revenues, shall be utilized by the cabinet for grants to counties for the elimination of illegal open dumps and to establish a recycling and household hazardous waste grants program. Any county, waste management district, city, urban-county government, or other political subdivision of the state shall be eligible to apply for recycling and household hazardous waste grants under this program.
- (d) Two and one-half million dollars (\$2,500,000) shall be transferred in each of the fiscal years 2002-03 and 2003-04 and annually thereafter from the road fund established in KRS 48.010(15)(g) and two and one-half million dollars (\$2,500,000) shall be transferred in each of the fiscal years 2002-03 and 2003-04 and annually thereafter from the highway construction contingency fund to the Kentucky pride fund established in this section, to be reserved and distributed annually for anti-litter control programs with distributions to be made as follows:

1. Thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) of the money shall be distributed annually based on each county's miles of public roads as a percentage of the total miles of public roads in the Commonwealth at the time of distribution;

- 2. Thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) of the money shall be distributed annually based on the county's rural population as a percentage of the total rural population of the Commonwealth at the time of distribution. "Rural population" means the population residing outside a city, town, or urban area with a population of two thousand five hundred (2,500) persons or more;
- 3. Thirty-three and one-third percent (33-1/3%) of the money shall be distributed annually based on the county's population as a percentage of the total population of the Commonwealth at the time of distribution;
- 4. Of the moneys apportioned to counties on the basis of miles of public roads and population as provided for in subparagraphs 1. and 3. of this paragraph, the cabinet shall provide to the participating incorporated cities within the jurisdiction of each respective county which, by ordinance or other means, provides municipal solid waste collection service, an amount of funds equal to the ratio of that city's total miles of public roads in the county and the ratio of that city's population to the population of the county, to be used for the purpose of litter cleanup on public roads within city boundaries;
- 5. Moneys received by counties and cities pursuant to this paragraph shall be applied for by November 1 of the year preceding the grant distribution and shall be used to meet obligations with respect to the litter cleanup of public roads required by the provisions of KRS 224.43-345; and

Page 5 of 7
XXXX 2/19/2025 10:31 AM
Jacketed

1			6.	Litter abatement funding rejected or otherwise returned from the grant
2				recipients shall be applied to the following year's allotment for litter
3				abatement grants.
4	(3)	Any	count	ty may apply for a grant for the elimination of illegal open dumps subject
5		to th	e follo	owing provisions:
6		(a)	The	cabinet first shall prioritize expenditures from this fund among those
7			coun	ities with approved solid waste management plans in order to address
8			those	e illegal open dumps posing the most significant public health and
9				ronmental risks; and
10		(b)		cabinet shall provide grants to counties for eliminating illegal open
11		(-)		ps. To be eligible for grant funding, the applicant shall:
12			1.	Establish an effective universal municipal solid waste collection service
13			1.	that is available to all county residences and businesses;
14			2.	Employ a solid waste coordinator with enforcement powers;
15			3.	Remain in compliance with an approved solid waste management plan
16				under this chapter;
17			4.	Enter into agreement with the cabinet to provide a twenty-five percent
18				(25%) match which may be in kind to the grant amount and comply with
19				the grant criteria, except that the grant match may be waived for illegal
20				dump cleanups projected to cost more than fifty thousand dollars
21				(\$50,000);
22			5.	Agree to use all legal methods at their disposal to collect delinquent
23				solid waste collection fees; and
24			6.	Establish a committee to be designated as the clean county committee,
25				composed of representatives from business, schools, agriculture,
26				homemakers, and other concerned citizens, to increase awareness and

Page 6 of 7

XXXX 2/19/2025 10:31 AM

Jacketed

27

develop education and enforcement strategies to keep the county free of

1			litter and illegal open dumps.			
2	(4)	The	cabinet shall impose the following requirements for recycling and household			
3		hazardous waste management grants to counties, waste management districts, cities,				
4		urban-county governments, or other political subdivisions of the state:				
5		(a)	Each grantee shall provide a twenty-five percent (25%) match to the grant			
6			amount which may be in kind and shall comply with the grant criteria;			
7		(b)	Each grantee shall demonstrate that the proposed project will remain			
8			financially viable after grant funds have been expended;			
9		(c)	The grantee shall demonstrate that the service added by the project is needed			
0			and would otherwise be unavailable within the proposed service area; and			
1		(d)	Projects that create opportunities for regional recycling or regional household			
2			hazardous waste management shall be given priority.			
3	(5)	Cou	nties that meet the requirements set out above in subsection (3) of this section			
4		shall	be provided the following incentives and rewards by the cabinet:			
5		(a)	Extra points when applying for Land and Water Conservation Fund grants,			
6			National Recreation Trails Funds grants, and funding from the state-funded			
17			Community Rivers and Streams Program; and			
8		(b)	Priority consideration for funds from the Division of Conservation State Cost			
9			Share Program for dumps on farmland and the Waste Tire Trust Fund for tire			
20			dumps.			
21	(6)	The	cabinet shall be reimbursed for reasonable costs related to the implementation			
22		of th	ne provisions of this section, not to exceed seven hundred fifty thousand dollars			
23		(\$75	(0,000) annually.			
24	<u>(7)</u>	As i	used in this section, "residual waste facility" means a solid waste disposal			
25		<u>facil</u>	lity designed and operated to receive a limited number of nonhazardous			
26		indu	strial wastes for disposal that are fully characterizable.			