1		AN	ACT relating to the Transportation Cabinet titling and registration system.
2	Be i	t enac	ted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3		<b>→</b> S	ECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 186A IS CREATED TO
4	REA	AD AS	S FOLLOWS:
5	<u>(1)</u>	Upo	n receipt of a completed application for a motor vehicle title, the cabinet shall
6		<u>refr</u>	ain from issuing a certificate of title in paper form and shall instead create
7		only	the electronic record of the title to be retained by the cabinet in AVIS with a
8		<u>nota</u>	ttion that no certificate of title has been printed on paper.
9	<u>(2)</u>	The	owner of a motor vehicle shall be considered to have obtained, and the
10		<u>cabi</u>	net shall be considered to have issued, a certificate of title when a title record
11		<u>has</u>	been created electronically as provided in this section.
12	<u>(3)</u>	An	owner listed on a title record created under this section may, at any time,
13		<u>mak</u>	te application for a physical copy of the title using the procedures in this
14		<u>cha</u>	pter, and the cabinet shall provide a paper certificate of title for the vehicle. A
15		fee s	shall not be charged for the first paper copy of a title requested for a vehicle
16		for	which the title is stored electronically under this section.
17		→S	ection 2. KRS 186A.035 is amended to read as follows:
18	(1)	(a)	Except for vehicles described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, all motor
19			vehicles, including motorcycles, with a gross vehicular weight of ten thousand
20			(10,000) pounds or less, first registered, or for which the registration is
21			renewed, shall be placed in a system of year-round registration based upon the
22			birth date of the owner, in order to distribute the work of registering motor
23			vehicles as uniformly as practicable throughout the twelve (12) months of the
24			year.
25		(b)	Owners of the following motor vehicles may elect to register these vehicles on
26			an annual registration schedule of April 1 to March 31:
27			1. Farm vehicles registered under KRS 186.050(4); or

1			2. Motor vehicles with a gross vehicular weight of ten thousand (10,000)
2			pounds or less that are owned by a business.
3	(2)	(a)	If the owner of a motor vehicle is other than an individual, the month in which
4			the owning entity came into being shall be used for purposes of this section.
5		(b)	Except for motor vehicles jointly owned by spouses under paragraph (c) of
6			this subsection, if a motor vehicle is jointly owned:
7			1. One (1) of the owners, who is a resident of Kentucky, shall be identified
8			as the designated owner;
9			2. The designated owner shall indicate to the county clerk his or her birth
10			date to be used for purposes of this section; and
11			3. If the circumstances of ownership change and the designated owner is
12			no longer an owner of the motor vehicle or no longer a resident of
13			Kentucky, another owner may title the motor vehicle in his or her name
14			if that owner is a resident of Kentucky. If none of the remaining owners
15			are a resident of Kentucky, one (1) of the owners shall title the vehicle
16			in that owner's state of residence.
17		(c)	If a motor vehicle is jointly owned by a married couple, the ownership shall
18			exist as a joint tenancy with right of survivorship, unless the registration
19			expressly states to the contrary and gives an alternative specific status. One
20			(1) of the owners shall indicate to the county clerk his or her birth date to be
21			used for purposes of this section. Upon the death of one (1) of the spouses, the
22			jointly-owned vehicle shall transfer to the surviving spouse free from payment
23			of any state-required transfer fees. The surviving spouse shall include a copy
24			of the death certificate with the application for a new title.
25		<u>(d)</u>	A certificate of title:
26			1. May bear the connector "AND" to designate joint ownership. If the
27			"AND" connector is used, the signatures of all owners shall be

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1		required to transfer the certificate of title;
2		2. May bear the connector "OR" to designate joint ownership. If the
3		"OR" connector is used, the signature of only one (1) owner shall be
4		required to transfer the certificate of title; and
5		3. Shall not bear the connector "AND/OR" to designate joint ownership.
6		If a title produced prior to the effective date of this Act bears the
7		connector "AND/OR," the cabinet and the county clerk shall follow
8		the procedures in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph in transferring
9		the certificate of title, unless directed otherwise by a court.
10	(3)	The certificate of registration and license plate issued for a motor vehicle first
11		registered, renewed, or titled in this state shall be valid until the expiration date on
12		the registration receipt, unless revoked in accordance with KRS 186A.040 or
13		canceled by the cabinet in accordance with KRS Chapter 186 or this chapter. Any
14		transaction relating to registration or registration renewal which would cause an
15		unexpired Kentucky motor vehicle license plate to be surrendered shall have that
16		unexpired fee prorated or credited against any additional fee required by a
17		subsequent registration.
18	(4)	Except for vehicles registered under subsection (1)(b) of this section, KRS 186.041,
19		186.042, and 186.162 that have a specified, universal expiration date, after a motor
20		vehicle has been initially placed in the system of year-round registration, the owner
21		shall renew the registration annually during the owner's birth month, either by
22		making application to the county clerk or on the cabinet's website, and paying the
23		fee required for twelve (12) consecutive months of registration, which shall take
24		effect on the first day of the month succeeding the owner's birth month and shall
25		expire on the last day of the owner's next birth month. The county clerk shall collect
26		the fees set forth in KRS 186.040(1) and (6) for each renewal.
27	(5)	At least forty-five (45) days prior to the expiration of the registration of any motor

vehicle previously registered in the Commonwealth as provided by subsection (1) of this section, the owner of the vehicle shall be notified by mail or email on the same notice required by KRS 134.805(5) of the date of expiration. Nonreceipt of the notice required by this subsection shall not constitute a defense to any registration-related offense.

- Any owner who fails to renew the registration of a motor vehicle during the month in which the previous registration expired shall, if he or she applies for renewal of the registration in some later month, pay the same fees that would have been required if the registration had been renewed in the month which the previous registration expired, and, if applicable, the reinstatement fee for a cancelled registration required under KRS 186.040.
- (7) Fees which must be prorated in carrying out the intent of this section shall be prorated on the basis of twelfths of the annual registration fee. Any vehicle which is registered at any time during a month shall pay the fee required for that whole month plus any additional months of registration purchased consistent with the intent of the section.
  - (8) The county clerk shall ensure that the certificate of registration issued to an owner displays the month and year in which the registration period begins and the month and year of its expiration, and shall issue to the owner a decal or decals corresponding to the month and year of expiration shown in the certificate of registration which shall be placed upon the corresponding license plate by the owner in the manner required by administrative regulations of the Department of Vehicle Regulation.
- → Section 3. KRS 186A.115 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the owner of every vehicle 26 brought into this state and required to be titled in this state shall, before 27 submitting his or her application for title to the county clerk, have the vehicle

1	together with his or her application for title and its supporting documents
2	inspected by a certified inspector in the county in which the application for
3	title is to be submitted to the county clerk.

- (b) An owner of a military surplus vehicle seeking title in this state shall, before submitting his or her application for title to the county clerk, have the vehicle together with his or her application for title and its supporting documents inspected by a certified inspector in the county in which the application for title is to be submitted to the county clerk.
- (2) For inspections under this section:

- (a) The certified inspector shall be certified through the Department of Vehicle Regulation following requirements set forth by the department by regulation and shall be designated by the county sheriff if the inspector is a current member of his or her office or a special inspector appointed pursuant to KRS 70.030. The certified inspector will be held responsible for all certifications required pursuant to this chapter and will be liable for any and all penalties prescribed in this chapter, and shall be available during regular office hours at any and all offices and branches that issue applications for titles;
- (b) There shall be a fee for this certification, payable to the sheriff's office, and the fee shall be retained by the sheriff's office for official expenses of the office upon completion of certification, in the amount of:
  - Thirty dollars (\$30) for a motor vehicle dealer that qualifies to have an employee appointed as a special inspector under paragraph (d) of this subsection;
  - 2. Fifteen dollars (\$15) for a motor vehicle dealer that does not qualify to have an employee appointed as a special inspector under paragraph (d) of this subsection; or
  - 3. Fifteen dollars (\$15) for an individual person;

(c)	There shall be an additional fee of twenty dollars (\$20) per trip when it
	becomes necessary for the certified inspector to travel to the site of the vehicle
	rather than bringing the vehicle to the sheriff's inspection area;

- (d) A sheriff may appoint up to two (2) employees of a motor vehicle dealer that is licensed under KRS Chapter 190 and doing business in the sheriff's county as special inspectors if the motor vehicle dealer is:
  - 1. A new motor vehicle dealer; or

- 2. A used motor vehicle dealer that has sold an average of one hundred (100) or more motor vehicles per month in the preceding twelve (12) months;
- (e) A special inspector appointed under paragraph (d) of this subsection is only authorized to perform motor vehicle inspections and complete certified inspection forms under this section for vehicles purchased by that dealership for resale and shall have his or her special inspector status revoked if he or she is no longer an active employee of that dealership; and
- (f) An inspection conducted in one (1) county within the Commonwealth of Kentucky under this subsection, and the fees paid for that inspection under this subsection, shall be honored by the certified inspector, sheriff, and county clerk in all other counties within this state. A second inspection shall not be required and additional fees shall not be required.
- 21 (3) The Transportation Cabinet may require that modifications be made to a military surplus vehicle. Any modifications required by the cabinet under this section shall be made to the military surplus vehicle prior to its inspection.
  - (4) The Transportation Cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A to implement the provisions of subsections (1)(b) and (3) of this section, including but not limited to vehicle modification requirements and the creation of a separate electronic inspection form. The Transportation Cabinet shall

note that military vehicles were originally manufactured under the federally mandated requirements set forth in 49 C.F.R. sec. 571.7 and shall only require these vehicles to meet applicable federal motor vehicle safety standards.

- 4 (5) The following vehicles are excluded from the requirement of inspection by a certified inspector prior to titling in this state:
  - (a) New motor vehicles sold by a dealer licensed in this state;

- (b) Vehicles required to be registered in this state by reason of lack of a reciprocity agreement with another state and for which a nonnegotiable registration document is to be issued;
  - (c) Motor vehicles operated by a motor carrier under a nonnegotiable certificate or permit issued by the Department of Vehicle Regulation;
  - (d) Motor vehicles owned by servicemen or servicewomen who are residents of Kentucky stationed outside of Kentucky may be inspected by the post provost or similar officer of the camp, post, or station. The post provost or similar officer shall submit an affidavit stating the name of the owner, the identification or serial number, the make, body style, current license or title number, if any, and state in which currently registered or titled, if any, of the motor vehicle;
  - (e) Motor vehicles purchased in another state by persons who are residents of Kentucky but are temporarily residing out of state for at least thirty (30) days, but not longer than nine (9) months, may after the purchase of the vehicle be inspected by the state police, a local law enforcement agency, or the vehicle inspection program of another state. If an inspector in another state examines a vehicle under this paragraph, the purchaser may request the inspector to complete an affidavit stating the name of the owner, the vehicle identification number, the vehicle make and body style, the current state of registration, if any, and the current vehicle license or title number, if any. The Transportation

1 Cabinet shall create an affidavit form containing at a minimum this 2 information and shall post the form on the cabinet's internet website. A person 3 using an inspector in another state under this paragraph shall comply with all requirements of that state's inspection program, including payment of fees 4 charged in that state. A person registering a motor vehicle for the first time in 5 6 Kentucky under this paragraph shall transmit the application for registration, 7 all supporting documentation, and payment for registration and usage tax to 8 the county clerk of the county in which the person resides, and upon receipt of 9 the appropriate documentation, the county clerk shall register the vehicle; and 10 (f) Motor vehicles no longer located in Kentucky but which require inspection in 11 order to issue a corrected Kentucky title due to error in vehicle identification 12 or serial number may be inspected by an inspector authorized to inspect

(6) When presented to a certified inspector for inspection and to a county clerk for processing, the owner's application for a first certificate of registration or title in his or her name shall be accompanied by a current operator's license *from Kentucky or another state* and one (1) of the following documents as applicable:

country where application for a new title has been submitted.

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vehicle identification or serial number by the laws of the state or foreign

- (a) If the vehicle is a new vehicle not previously registered in this state, the properly assigned manufacturer's statement of origin for the vehicle for which registration or title is sought;
- (b) If the vehicle was last registered in this state, and is a vehicle for which a title is not required in this state, a certificate of registration, or if the vehicle is one for which a certificate of title is required in this state, a properly assigned certificate of title;
- (c) If the vehicle was last previously titled in another state, a properly assigned certificate of title;

(d) If the application refers to a vehicle previously registered in another country, the documents of that country establishing ownership of the vehicle;

- (e) If the application refers to a vehicle last previously registered in another country by a person on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States, the county clerk may accept on behalf of the Department of Vehicle Regulation evidence of ownership provided the applicant by the United States Department of Defense; and
- (f) Except as provided in KRS 186A.072(2)(c) governing custom-built motorcycles, if the application relates to a vehicle which has been specially constructed or reconstructed, that fact shall be stated in the application, and the application shall be accompanied by the documents specified by administrative regulations of the Department of Vehicle Regulation.
- (7) When requested to inspect a vehicle pursuant to this section, the certified inspector shall personally and physically inspect the vehicle, when registration or title is sought in this state, on the following points:
  - (a) He or she shall compare the vehicle identification number as appearing on both the vehicle identification number plate, and the federal safety standards label of the vehicle which is sought to be registered or titled, with the corresponding number inscribed on the application, and its supporting documentation, and ensure that the vehicle identification number appearing at each described location appears legitimate and that they are consistent with each other;
  - (b) He or she shall examine the primary odometer of the vehicle and electronically record the reading in the space provided in the inspection section of the application;
- (c) After exercising due diligence in inspecting the vehicle and its supporting documentation, and finding that they appear to be in order, the certified

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1			inspector shall execute the electronic certificate of inspection according to its
2			terms by electronically inputting in the spaces provided his or her first name,
3			middle initial, and last name, certified inspector number, his or her title; the
4			name of the county in which he or she serves; and the telephone number
5			including the telephone area code of his or her agency, and enter the month,
6			day, and year in which his or her inspection was made, certifying under
7			penalty of forgery in the second degree the character, accuracy, and date of
8			his or her inspection; and
9		(d)	A certified inspector number shall not be subject to an open records request
10			under KRS 61.870 to 61.884 unless otherwise required by a court order.
11	(8)	The	certified inspector shall refrain from executing the certificate of inspection if:
12		(a)	He or she has not personally and physically inspected the vehicle in
13			accordance with this section;
14		(b)	He or she has reason to believe that the vehicle displays an unlawfully altered
15			vehicle identification number;
16		(c)	The application and any of its copies are illegible or otherwise improperly
17			executed, or contain information reasonably believed to be inaccurate or
18			fraudulent;
19		(d)	The documentation required in support of any application is not present, or
20			not consistent with the vehicle and the owner's application or appears
21			fraudulent; or
22		(e)	He or she has probable cause to believe the vehicle is stolen.
23	(9)	(a)	Inspections on motor vehicles that meet the definition of a "historic vehicle"
24			under KRS 186.043(2) and are brought into this state shall be limited to
25			verification of the vehicle identification number with supporting

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documentation for purposes of titling.

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Inspections on motor vehicles that meet the definition of a classic motor

1 vehicle project as set forth in KRS 186A.510 shall be limited to verification of the vehicle identification number with supporting documentation for purposes 2 of issuing a classic motor vehicle project certificate of title under KRS 3 186A.535(1). 4

- (10) The electronic certificate of inspection shall not be handled by any person or persons other than those designated individuals within the offices of the sheriff, county clerk, or other state office.
- 8 (11) The Transportation Cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to 9 KRS Chapter 13A to implement the provisions of this section, including but not 10 limited to special inspectors classified as dealer inspectors only and the creation of 11 an electronic certified vehicle inspection form and receipt.
  - → Section 4. KRS 186A.190 is amended to read as follows:

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(1)

Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section and in KRS 355.9-311(4), the perfection of a security interest in any property for which has been issued a Kentucky certificate of title shall be by notation on the certificate of title which shall be deemed to have occurred when the provisions of subsection (3) of this section have been complied with. Discharge of a security interest shall be by notation on the certificate of title. Notation shall be made by the entry of information required by subsection (9) of this section into the Automated Vehicle Information System. The notation of the security interest on the certificate of title shall be in accordance with this chapter and shall remain effective from the date on which the security interest is noted on the certificate of title for a period of ten (10) years, or, in the case of a manufactured home, for a period of thirty (30) years, or until discharged under this chapter and KRS Chapter 186. The filing of a continuation statement within the six (6) months preceding the expiration of the initial period of a notation's effectiveness extends the expiration date for five (5) additional years, commencing on the day the notation would have expired in the

absence of the filing. Succeeding continuation statements may be filed in the same
manner to continue the effectiveness of the initial notation.

A motor vehicle dealer, a secured party or its representative, an assignee of a retail installment contract lender, the cabinet, or a county clerk shall rely on a county of residence designated by the debtor on any approved, notarized state form utilized in lien titling or the title transfer process signed by the debtor. Reliance on the foregoing by the motor vehicle dealer, secured parties, cabinet, and county clerk shall relieve those persons from liability to any third party claiming failure to comply with this section.

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, the notation of security interests relating to property required to be titled under this chapter in Kentucky through the cabinet shall be done in the office of a county clerk. The notation of a security interest shall reflect the county in which the debtor resides as determined by subsections (2) and (4) of this section. The security interest shall be deemed to be noted on the certificate of title and perfected, or deemed perfected at the time the security interest attaches as provided in KRS 355.9-203, if in compliance with KRS 186A.195 (8)[(7)], when a title lien statement:
  - (a) Is received by the county clerk, together with the required fees;
- (b) Describes the titled vehicle, or vehicle to be titled, by year, model, make, and vehicle identification number;
  - (c) Provides the name of the secured party, or a representative of the secured party, together with the additional information about the secured party required by subsection (9) of this section with reasonable particularity; and
  - (d) Includes the date and time-stamped entry of the notation of the security interest by the county clerk of the required information in the Automated Vehicle Information System (AVIS), or its successor title processing system maintained by the Division of Motor Vehicle Licensing of the Transportation

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(4) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, if the debtor is other than a natural person, the following provisions govern the determination of the county of the debtor's residence:

- (a) A partnership shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal place of business in this state is located. If the debtor does not have a place of business in this state, then the debtor shall be deemed a nonresident for purposes of filing in this state;
- (b) A limited partnership organized under KRS Chapter 362 or as defined in KRS 362.2-102(14) shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal place of business is located, as set forth in its certificate of limited partnership or most recent amendment thereto filed pursuant to KRS Chapter 362 or 362.2-202. If the office is not located in this state, the debtor shall be deemed a nonresident for purposes of filing in this state;
- (c) A limited partnership not organized under the laws of this state and authorized to do business in this state shall be deemed a resident of the county in which the office of its process agent is located, as set forth in the designation or most recent amendment thereto filed with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
- (d) A corporation organized under KRS Chapter 271B, 273, or 274 or a limited liability company organized under KRS Chapter 275 shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its registered office is located, as set forth in its most recent corporate filing with the Secretary of State which officially designates its current registered office;
- (e) A corporation not organized under the laws of this state, but authorized to transact or do business in this state under KRS Chapter 271B, 273, or 274, or a limited liability company not organized under the laws of this state, but

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authorized to transact business in this state under KRS Chapter 275, shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its registered office is located, as set forth in its most recent filing with the Secretary of State which officially designates its current registered office;

- (f) A cooperative corporation or association organized under KRS Chapter 272 shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal business is transacted, as set forth in its articles of incorporation or most recent amendment thereto filed with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
- (g) A cooperative corporation organized under KRS Chapter 279 shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal office is located, as set forth in its articles of incorporation or most recent amendment thereto filed with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
- (h) A business trust organized under KRS Chapter 386 shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal place of business is located, as evidenced by the recordation of its declaration of trust in that county pursuant to KRS Chapter 386;
- (i) A credit union organized under Subtitle 6 of KRS Chapter 286 shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal place of business is located, as set forth in its articles of incorporation or most recent amendment thereto filed with the Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Kentucky; and
- (j) Any other organization defined in KRS 355.1-201 shall be deemed a resident of the county in which its principal place of business in this state is located, except that any limited liability company, limited liability partnership, limited partnership, or corporation not organized under the laws of this state and not authorized to transact or do business in this state shall be deemed a

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nonresident for purposes of filing in this state. If the organization does not have a place of business in this state, then it shall be deemed a nonresident for purposes of filing in this state.

If the debtor does not reside in the Commonwealth, the notation of the security interest shall be done in the office of the county clerk in which the property is principally situated or operated. Notwithstanding the existence of any filed financing statement under the provisions of KRS Chapter 355 relating to any property registered or titled in Kentucky, the sole means of perfecting and discharging a security interest in property for which a certificate of title is required by this chapter is by notation on the property's certificate of title under the provisions of this chapter or in accordance with the provisions of KRS 186.045(3). In other respects the security interest is governed by the provisions of KRS Chapter 355.

- Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, before ownership of property subject to a lien evidenced by notation on the certificate of title may be transferred, the transferor shall obtain the release of the prior liens in his or her name against the property being transferred. Once a security interest has been noted on the owner's title, a subsequent title shall not be issued by any county clerk free of the notation unless it has been noted in the system of record established under KRS 186A.195 that the security interest has been discharged. If this requirement is met, information relating to any security interest shown on the title as having been discharged may be omitted from the title to be issued by the clerk. If information relating to the discharge of a security interest is presented to a clerk under the provisions of KRS 186.045(3), the clerk shall discharge the security interest and remove the lien information from AVIS.
- (6) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (5) of this section, a county clerk shall, following inspection of the vehicle by the sheriff, to determine that the vehicle has

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1	not l	oeen	stoler	n, issue a new ownership document to a vehicle, clear of all prior		
2	liens	liens, to a person after he or she provides to the county clerk an affidavit devised by				
3	the T	the Transportation Cabinet and completed by the person. The ownership document				
4	prese	ented	as a	result of this affidavit shall be in accordance with subsection (7) of		
5	this s	sectio	on. In	the affidavit, the affiant shall attest that:		
6	(a)	The	affiar	nt or the agent of the affiant possesses the vehicle;		
7	(b)	Bef	ore he	e or she provided the notices required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of		
8		this	subse	ction:		
9		1.	A de	ebt on the vehicle has been owed him or her for more than thirty (30)		
10			days	s;		
11		2.	Wit	hin thirty (30) days of payment of damages by an insurance		
12			com	apany and receipt by the current owner of the motor vehicle or		
13			lien	holder of damages pursuant to a claim settlement which required		
14			tran	sfer of the vehicle to the insurance company, the insurance company		
15			has	been unable to obtain:		
16			a.	A properly endorsed certificate of title on the vehicle from the		
17				current owner; and		
18			b.	If applicable, any lien satisfactions; or		
19		3.	a.	The vehicle was voluntarily towed or transported pursuant to a		
20				request of the current owner or an insurance company that a motor		
21				vehicle dealer, licensed as a used motor vehicle dealer and motor		
22				vehicle auction dealer, take possession of and store the motor		
23				vehicle in the regular course of business; and		
24			b.	Within forty-five (45) days of taking possession of the motor		
25				vehicle, the motor vehicle dealer has not been paid storage fees by		
26				the current owner or lienholder and has not been provided both a		

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properly endorsed certificate of title and if applicable, any lien

1			satisfactions;
2		(c)	More than thirty (30) days before presenting the affidavit to the county clerk,
3			the affiant attempted to notify the owner of the vehicle and all known
4			lienholders, including those noted on the title, by certified mail, return receipt
5			requested, or by a nationally recognized courier service, of his or her name,
6			address, and telephone number as well as his or her intention to obtain a new
7			title or salvage title, as applicable, clear of all prior liens, unless the owner or
8			a lienholder objects in writing;
9		(d)	More than fourteen (14) days before presenting the affidavit to the county
0			clerk, the affiant had published a legal notice stating his or her intention to
1			obtain title to the vehicle. The legal notice appeared at least twice in a seven
2			(7) day period in a newspaper with circulation in the county. The legal notice
13			stated:
4			1. The affiant's name, address, and telephone number;
5			2. The owner's name;
6			3. The names of all known lienholders, including those noted on the title;
17			4. The vehicle's make, model, and year; and
8			5. The affiant's intention to obtain title to the vehicle unless the owner or a
9			lienholder objects in writing within fourteen (14) days after the last
20			publication of the legal notice; and
21		(e)	Neither the owner nor a lienholder has objected in writing to the affiant's right
22			to obtain title to the vehicle.
23	(7)	(a)	If subsection (6)(b)1. of this section applies, the new ownership document
24			shall be a title.
25		(b)	If subsection (6)(b)2. or 3. of this section applies, the new ownership
26			document shall be a salvage title if the vehicle meets the requirements for a

salvage title as stated in KRS 186A.520(1)(a).

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1		(c) If subsection (6)(b)2. or 3. of this section applies and the vehicle does not
2		meet the requirements for a salvage title as stated in KRS 186A.520(1)(a), the
3		new ownership document shall be a title.
4	(8)	No more than two (2) active security interests may be noted upon a certificate of
5		title.
6	(9)	In noting a security interest upon a certificate of title, the county clerk shall ensure
7		that the certificate of title bears the lienholder's name, mailing address and zip code,
8		the date the lien was noted, the notation number, and the county in which the
9		security interest was noted. The clerk shall obtain the information required by this
10		subsection for notation upon the certificate of title from the title lien statement
11		described in KRS 186A.195.
12	(10)	For all the costs incurred in the notation and discharge of a security interest on the
13		certificate of title, the county clerk shall receive the fee prescribed by KRS 64.012.
14		The fee prescribed by this subsection shall be paid at the time of submittal of the
15		title lien statement described in KRS 186A.195.
16	(11)	A copy of the application, certified by the county clerk, indicating the lien will be
17		noted on the certificate of title shall be forwarded to the lienholder.
18	<u>(12)</u>	(a) Any lien or security interest under this chapter may be electronically
19		transmitted to the cabinet through the electronic title application and
20		registration system.
21		(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section and KRS 186A.074 and
22		186A.015 that require a lien on a motor vehicle to be noted on the face of
23		the title, if there are one (1) or more liens on a motor vehicle, the cabinet
24		may electronically transmit the lien to the first lienholder and notify the first
25		lienholder of any additional liens.
26		(c) Subsequent lien satisfactions may be electronically transmitted to the
27		cabinet and shall include the name and address of the person satisfying the

1		lien. Any documents electronically transmitted under this subsection
2		bearing an electronic signature, as defined in KRS 369.102, shall be
3		accepted in accordance with KRS 369.107 and shall not require
4		notarization.
5		(d) When the electronic transmission of liens and lien satisfactions are used, a
6		certificate of title shall not be issued until the last lien is satisfied and a
7		clear certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vehicle.
8		(e) When a vehicle is subject to a lien filed electronically:
9		1. The certificate of title shall be considered to be physically held by the
10		lienholder for purposes of compliance with state and federal odometer
11		disclosure requirements; and
12		2. A printed paper title is not required.
13		(f) A duly certified copy of the cabinet's electronic record of the lien shall be
14		admissible in any civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings in this state
15		as evidence of the existence of the lien.
16	<u>(13)</u>	If a security interest expires without being renewed, the cabinet shall remove the
17		lien from the certificate of title in the AVIS system.
18		→ Section 5. KRS 186A.195 is amended to read as follows:
19	(1)	As used in this section, submission of a title lien statement refers to the presentation
20		of a title lien statement, along with the fees required under KRS 64.012(1)(b), to the
21		cabinet through any county clerk's office in the Commonwealth.
22	(2)	A title lien statement bearing an electronic signature, as defined in KRS 369.102,
23		shall be accepted in accordance with KRS 369.107 and shall not require
24		notarization.
25	<u>(3)</u>	Upon submission of a title lien statement, the county clerk shall use the information
26		on the form to note the security interest on the certificate of title in accordance with
27		KRS 186A.190(9). Title lien statements may be made available to the general

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1	publ	ic. However, public availability of a title lien statement shall not be considered
2	nece	ssary or effective to perfect a security interest in property required to be
3	regis	stered or titled in accordance with this chapter.
4	<u>(4)</u> [(3)]	(a) If the submission of a title lien statement accompanies the application
5		for first title of any property in the name of an owner, the county clerk shall
6		enter the information required by KRS 186A.190(9) into the system of record
7		so as to allow the cabinet to:
8		1. Use the system of record as a centralized, statewide repository for lien
9		filings; and
10		2. Produce a certificate of title bearing the information designated by KRS
11		186A.190(9), as well as any other information required by the cabinet.
12	(b)	After the information has been entered, the county clerk shall produce a
13		certificate of registration, if required.
14	<u>(5)</u> [(4)]	(a) If the form prescribed by KRS 186A.060 indicates a pending lien, but
15		the title lien statement does not accompany the application for title, the county
16		clerk shall enter into the system of record the name and address of the
17		lienholder or that a lien is pending. The county clerk shall indicate a title shall
18		not be issued until either the title lien statement and the required fees are
19		submitted, or in thirty (30) days, whichever occurs first. The county clerk
20		shall then issue the registration.
21	(b)	After submission of the title lien statement, the county clerk shall enter the
22		date of lien notation and the notation number into the system of record,
23		enabling the cabinet to record the lien in the system of record and produce a
24		title.
25	<u>(6)[(5)]</u>	If a certificate of title is issued after the thirty (30) day time window identified
26	in su	absection $(5)(4)$ of this section has expired without the notation of a security
27	inter	rest, or if a title has been issued because there was no provision made for a lien

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1		to be noted within thirty (30) days, a secured party wishing to note a security
2		interest on a title shall submit a title lien statement. The county clerk shall enter the
3		information required by KRS 186A.190(9) into the system of record and a new
4		certificate of title reflecting the security interest shall be produced.
5	<u>(7)</u> [(	6)] The fee for the filing of a title lien statement through the electronic title
6		application and registration system shall be transferred electronically to the county
7		clerk of the county in which the debtor resides.
8	<u>(8)</u> [(	7)] The security interest noted on the certificate of title shall be deemed perfected
9		at the time the security interest attaches in accordance with KRS 355.9-203 if the
10		secured party submits a properly completed title lien statement with application for
11		first title or, in the case of property previously titled in the name of the debtor,
12		within thirty (30) days of attachment. Otherwise, the security interest shall be
13		deemed perfected at the time that the title lien statement is submitted.
14		→ Section 6. KRS 186A.145 is amended to read as follows:
15	(1)	Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, a county clerk shall
16		not process an application for Kentucky title and registration from or to any
17		Kentucky resident who has a delinquent motor vehicle ad valorem property tax
18		account.
19	(2)	This section shall not apply to transactions involving:
20		(a) Licensed Kentucky motor vehicle dealers;
21		(b) A person who is engaged in the business of storing or towing motor vehicles,
22		applying for a new title under KRS 376.275(1)(c);
23		(c) Individuals when the delinquent motor vehicle ad valorem property taxes
24		are owed by a previous owner who is not a party to the transaction; or
25		(d)[(e)] A secured party applying for a repossession title under KRS 186.045(6).
26	(3)	(a) For any vehicle obtained as the result of a claim on a motor vehicle insurance
27		policy, an insurer and its agent shall not be responsible for the payment of any

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delinquent motor vehicle ad valorem property taxes owed by any previous owner, when:

- 1. Applying for a regular or salvage title; or
- 4 2. Transferring ownership of the vehicle to another party.
- 5 (b) The owner of a motor vehicle that was transferred to an insurer or its agent 6 under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall remain responsible for any 7 delinquent motor vehicle ad valorem property taxes owed prior to the transfer.
- 8 (4) An insurer shall not be exempt from any motor vehicle ad valorem property taxes 9 owed on any vehicle that it owns:
- 10 (a) As a part of its business operations; or

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- 11 (b) On January 1, that was obtained as the result of a claim on a motor vehicle 12 insurance policy.
  - → Section 7. KRS 186A.100 is amended to read as follows:
- A motor vehicle dealer licensed under KRS 186.070 who sells a vehicle for use 14 (1) 15 upon the highways of this state or another state shall equip the vehicle with a 16 temporary tag executed in the manner prescribed below, which shall be valid for 17 sixty (60) days from the date the vehicle is delivered to the purchaser. The cost of 18 the tag shall be two dollars (\$2), of which the clerk shall retain one dollar (\$1). A 19 motor vehicle dealer licensed under KRS 186.070 shall apply to the county clerk of 20 the county in which the dealer maintains his principal place of business for issuance 21 of temporary tags. Application shall be made for such tags on forms supplied to the 22 county clerk by the Transportation Cabinet.
- 23 (2) The county clerk of any county who receives a proper application for issuance of
  24 temporary tags shall record the number of each tag issued upon the application of
  25 the dealer for <u>temporary</u>[such] tags, or if a group of consecutively numbered
  26 temporary tags are issued to a dealer in connection with a single application, record
  27 the beginning and ending numbers of the group on the application.

	county clerk in an electronic format.
	tags issued with respect to the such application. These copies may be kept by the
	temporary tag application, and ensure that it reflects the numbers appearing on the
(3)	The clerk shall retain, for a period of two (2) years, one (1) copy of the dealer's

(5)

- (4) If the owner of a motor vehicle submits to the county clerk a properly completed application for Kentucky certificate of title and registration pursuant to KRS 186A.120, any motor vehicle required to be registered and titled in Kentucky, that is not currently registered and titled in Kentucky, may be equipped with a temporary tag, which shall be valid for sixty (60) days from the date of issuance, issued by the county clerk for the purpose of operating the vehicle in Kentucky while assembling the necessary documents in order to title and register the vehicle in Kentucky. The Transportation Cabinet may *promulgate*[establish] administrative regulations governing this section.
  - The county clerk may issue a temporary tag to the owner of a motor vehicle that is currently registered and titled in Kentucky. A temporary tag authorized by this subsection shall be used for emergency or unusual purposes as determined by the clerk for the purpose of maintaining the owner's current registration. A temporary tag authorized by this subsection may only be issued by the county clerk and shall be valid for a period of between twenty-four (24) hours and seven (7) days, as determined is necessary by the clerk. A county clerk shall not issue a temporary tag authorized by this subsection unless the owner of the motor vehicle applying for the tag presents proof of motor vehicle insurance pursuant to KRS 304.39-080. [On and after January 1, 2006, ]If the motor vehicle is a personal motor vehicle as defined in KRS 304.39-087, proof of insurance shall be determined by the county clerk as provided in KRS 186A.042. A temporary tag issued pursuant to this subsection shall not be reissued by the county clerk for the same owner and same motor vehicle within one (1) year of issuance of a temporary tag.

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→ Section 8. KRS 186A.017 is amended to read as follows:

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2	(1)	The cabinet shall establish an electronic title application and registration system
3		which allows the submission of the required forms and signatures electronically in
4		lieu of the paper application process for titles and salvage titles.
5	(2)	The electronic title application and registration system established under this
6		section shall:
7		(a) Collect all the necessary information required under KRS 186A.060;
8		(b) Collect and electronically transmit all fees imposed under KRS 186.040
9		186.050, 186.162, and 186A.130, any fees imposed under subsection (7)[(6)]
10		of this section, and the motor vehicle use tax levied under KRS 138.460;
11		(c) Accept electronic signatures which satisfy the requirements of KRS 369.101
12		to 369.120; and
13		(d) Transmit the information in a secure manner.
14	(3)	An approved entity that wishes to use the electronic title application and registration
15		system shall transmit all application documents, required electronic signatures, and
16		fees through the system to the county clerk of the county in which either the
17		purchaser of the vehicle resides or the motor vehicle dealer selling the vehicle is
18		located.
19	<u>(4)</u>	(a) Prior to July 1, 2027, a county clerk who receives an application transmitted
20		through the electronic title application and registration system shall process
21		the application within three (3) business days of receiving the application.
22		(b) On or after July 1, 2027, if the electronic title application and registration
23		system is operational, a county clerk who receives an application transmitted
24		through the system shall [,] process the application by 3 p.m. the next
25		business day.
26		(c) In processing an application under this section, the county clerk shall
27		either:

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1	$\underline{I.[(a)]}$ Accept the application and forward it to the cabinet; or
2	$\underline{2.[(b)]}$ Reject the application and return it to the approved entity.
3	(5)[(4)] An entity that wishes to become an approved entity for the purposes of this
4	chapter shall submit an application to the cabinet, along with a one hundred fifty
5	dollar (\$150) application fee. If approved, the entity shall pay an annual registration
6	fee to the cabinet. All fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited into
7	the road fund.
8	(6) [(5)] The cabinet shall enter into contracts with qualified third-party providers to
9	integrate with AVIS and other systems to provide software and programs to
10	approved entities to facilitate electronic vehicle registration, titling, and filing of
11	title lien statements. A third party that contracts with the cabinet under this section
12	may act on behalf of the cabinet and county clerks in receiving, processing, and
13	transmitting to the county clerk title and registration applications, salvage title
14	applications, title lien statements, and related documents and fees.
15	(7)[(6)] Any agreement with the cabinet and a third-party provider under subsection
16	(6) of this section shall authorize an online transaction fee to be charged by the
17	third-party provider to an approved entity. A motor vehicle dealer licensed under
18	KRS Chapter 190 who uses the electronic title application and registration system
19	to file the documentation necessary to obtain a certificate of title, salvage title, or
20	registration for the purchaser of a vehicle shall collect from the purchaser any fees
21	charged for the transaction by the third-party provider. The dealer shall remit fees
22	collected under this subsection to the county clerk through the electronic title
23	application and registration system. Except for salvage title applications, any
24	transaction fee charged under this subsection shall be listed separately on the
25	buyer's order and identified as "online system filing fee."
26	(8)[(7)] The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with
27	KRS Chapter 13A to establish qualifications for approved entities and procedures

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for the electronic title application and registration system.

- 2 → Section 9. KRS 186A.220 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, when any motor vehicle dealer
- 4 licensed in this state buys or accepts [ such] a motor vehicle or all-terrain vehicle as
- 5 <u>defined in KRS 189.010</u> in trade, which has been previously registered or titled for
- 6 use in this or another state, and which *the dealer*[he] holds for resale, *the dealer*[he]
- shall not be required to obtain a certificate of title for it, but shall, within fifteen
- 8 (15) days after acquiring such vehicle, notify the county clerk of the assignment of
- 9 the motor vehicle to his dealership and pay the required transferor fee.
- 10 (2) Upon purchasing [such] a motor vehicle or all-terrain vehicle, or accepting it in
- trade, the dealer shall obtain from <u>the[his]</u> transferor, properly executed, all
- documents required by KRS 186A.215, to include the odometer disclosure
- statement thereon, together with a properly assigned certificate of title.
- 14 (3) The dealer shall execute <u>the</u>[his] application for assignment upon documents
- designated by the Department of Vehicle Regulation, to the county clerk of the
- county in which <u>the dealer</u>[he] maintains his principal place of business. <u>The[Such]</u>
- 17 clerk shall enter the assignment *into AVIS*[upon the automated system].
- 18 (4) The dealer shall retain the properly assigned certificate of title received from
- 19 <u>the[his]</u> transferor, and may make any reassignments <u>on the title[thereon]</u> until the
- forms for dealer assignment on the certificate of title are exhausted. The
- 21 Department of Vehicle Regulation may, if it deems it warranted, provide a special
- document to allow for additional dealer assignments without requiring system
- 23 generated documents.
- 24 (5) (a) When a dealer assigns the vehicle to a purchaser for use, *the dealer*[he] shall
- deliver the properly assigned certificate of title, and other documents if
- 26 appropriate, to *the*[such] purchaser, who shall make application for
- 27 registration and a certificate of title [thereon].

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(b) The dealer may, with the consent of the purchaser, deliver the assigned certificate of title, and other appropriate documents of a new or used vehicle, directly to the county clerk, and on behalf of the purchaser, make application for registration and a certificate of title. In so doing, the dealer shall require from the purchaser proof of insurance as mandated by KRS 304.39-080 before delivering possession of the vehicle.

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 186.020, 186A.065, 186A.095, 186A.215, and 186A.300, if a dealer elects to deliver the title documents to the county clerk and has not received a clear certificate of title from a prior owner, the dealer shall retain the documents in his possession until the certificate of title is obtained.
- (d) When a dealer assigns a vehicle to a purchaser for use under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the transfer and delivery of the vehicle is effective immediately upon the delivery of all necessary legal documents, or copies thereof, including proof of insurance as mandated by KRS 304.39-080.
- (6) The department may make available, upon proper application from a licensed motor vehicle dealer, electronic means by which the dealer can interface directly with AVIS and the department. If the department grants this access, all fees currently required for the issuance of a certificate of title shall continue to be charged and remitted to the appropriate parties as provided by statute.
- 21 (7) The Department of Vehicle Regulation shall <u>ensure</u>[assure] that <u>AVIS</u>[the 22 automated system] is capable of accepting instructions from the county clerk that a certificate of title shall not be produced under a dealer registration situation.
- **→** Section 10. KRS 235.130 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) <u>A[No]</u> person acting for himself, *herself*, or another shall <u>not</u> buy or trade for any motorboat without receiving the certificate of title issued for that boat with a certificate of transfer endorsed thereon. If the motorboat has not been issued a

	certificate of title as noted on the certificate of registration, <u>a county clerk may</u>
	accept an affidavit of ownership to process the application for title. The person
	shall receive a completed assignment of title on a boat transaction record and the
	certificate of registration.
(2)	It shall be the duty of the purchaser to promptly submit the endorsed certificate of

- title or boat transaction record and certificate of registration to the county clerk of the county of the purchaser's residence or in which the motorboat is to be principally operated. The purchaser shall apply for a new certificate of title and registration pursuant to KRS 235.050. The county clerk shall [thereupon] issue to the purchaser a transfer of registration bearing the same data and information. The clerk shall forward the endorsed certificate of title or boat transaction record and certificate of registration and new application for title and registration to the Transportation Cabinet. Except when registration is prohibited by law, any unexpired registration shall remain valid after transfer until expiration occurs according to law.
- (3) For transferring the registration, the clerk shall collect a fee of five dollars (\$5). The clerk shall retain two dollars (\$2), the Transportation Cabinet shall receive two dollars (\$2) and the Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources administratively attached to the Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet shall receive one dollar (\$1). The fee received by the Transportation Cabinet shall be deposited in a trust and agency account for use by the Transportation Cabinet in defraying the cost of implementing and operating the boat titling and registration program. The fee for transferring the title shall be as required by KRS 235.085.
- (4) If a transferee does not promptly submit the necessary documents to the county clerk as required by law in order to complete the transfer transaction, a transferor may submit to the county clerk, after the passage of fifteen (15) calendar days, in his county of residence, an affidavit that he *or she* has transferred his interest in a

1		specific motorboat and the clerk may enter appropriate data into the AVIS system
2		which would restrict any registration transaction from occurring on that vehicle
3		until the transfer was processed.
4	(5)	If the owner junks or otherwise renders a motorboat unfit for future use, he or she
5		shall deliver the title to the county clerk of the county in which the motorboat is
6		junked. The county clerk shall immediately return the title to the Transportation
7		Cabinet. The owner shall pay to the county clerk fifty cents (\$0.50) for his services.
8		→ Section 11. Section 1 of this Act takes effect January 1, 2027.