AN ACT relating to certificate of need.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

3 → Section 1. KRS 216B.020 is amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter that relate to the issuance of a certificate of need shall (1) not apply to abortion facilities as defined in KRS 216B.015; any hospital which does not charge its patients for hospital services and does not seek or accept Medicare, Medicaid, or other financial support from the federal government or any state government; assisted living residences; family care homes; state veterans' nursing homes; services provided on a contractual basis in a rural primary-care hospital as provided under KRS 216.380; community mental health centers for services as defined in KRS Chapter 210; primary care centers; rural health clinics; private duty nursing services operating as health care services agencies as defined in KRS 216.718; group homes; licensed residential crisis stabilization units; licensed free-standing residential substance use disorder treatment programs with sixteen (16) or fewer beds, but not including Levels I and II psychiatric residential treatment facilities or licensed psychiatric inpatient beds]; outpatient behavioral health treatment, [but not]including partial hospitalization programs; psychiatric hospitals; physical rehabilitation hospitals; chemical dependency programs or centers; hospices; home health agencies; kidney disease treatment centers; freestanding hemodialysis units; alcohol abuse, drug abuse, rehabilitative, and mental health services; end stage renal disease dialysis facilities, freestanding or hospital based; swing beds; special clinics, including but not limited to wellness, weight loss, family planning, disability determination, speech and hearing, counseling, pulmonary care, and other clinics which only provide diagnostic services with equipment not exceeding the major medical equipment cost threshold and for which there are no review criteria in the state health plan; nonclinically related expenditures; nursing home beds that shall be exclusively limited to on-

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campus residents of a certified continuing care retirement community; home health services provided by a continuing care retirement community to its on-campus residents; the relocation of hospital administrative or outpatient services into medical office buildings which are on or contiguous to the premises of the hospital; the relocation of acute care beds which occur among acute care hospitals under common ownership and which are located in the same area development district so long as there is no substantial change in services and the relocation does not result in the establishment of a new service at the receiving hospital for which a certificate of need is required; the redistribution of beds by licensure classification within an acute care hospital so long as the redistribution does not increase the total licensed bed capacity of the hospital; residential hospice facilities established by licensed hospice programs; the following health services provided on site in an existing health facility when the cost is less than six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) and the services are in place by December 30, 1991: psychiatric care where chemical dependency services are provided, level one (1) and level two (2) of neonatal care, cardiac catheterization, and open heart surgery where cardiac catheterization services are in place as of July 15, 1990; or ambulance services operating in accordance with subsection (6), (7), or (8) of this section. These listed facilities or services shall be subject to licensure, when applicable.

- (2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize the licensure, supervision, regulation, or control in any manner of:
 - (a) Private offices and clinics of physicians, dentists, and other practitioners of the healing arts, except any physician's office that meets the criteria set forth in KRS 216B.015(5) or that meets the definition of an ambulatory surgical center as set out in KRS 216B.015;
 - (b) Office buildings built by or on behalf of a health facility for the exclusive use of physicians, dentists, and other practitioners of the healing arts; unless the

1		physician's office meets the criteria set forth in KRS 216B.015(5), or unless
2		the physician's office is also an abortion facility as defined in KRS 216B.015,
3		except no capital expenditure or expenses relating to any such building shall
4		be chargeable to or reimbursable as a cost for providing inpatient services
5		offered by a health facility;
6	(c)	Outpatient health facilities or health services that:
7		1. Do not provide services or hold patients in the facility after midnight;
8		and
9		2. Are exempt from certificate of need and licensure under subsection (3)
10		of this section;
11	(d)	Dispensaries and first-aid stations located within business or industrial
12		establishments maintained solely for the use of employees, if the facility does
13		not contain inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees who generally
14		remain in the facility for more than twenty-four (24) hours;
15	(e)	Establishments, such as motels, hotels, and boarding houses, which provide
16		domiciliary and auxiliary commercial services, but do not provide any health
17		related services and boarding houses which are operated by persons
18		contracting with the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for
19		boarding services;
20	(f)	The remedial care or treatment of residents or patients in any home or
21		institution conducted only for those who rely solely upon treatment by prayer
22		or spiritual means in accordance with the creed or tenets of any recognized
23		church or religious denomination and recognized by that church or
24		denomination; and
25	(g)	On-duty police and fire department personnel assisting in emergency

situations by providing first aid or transportation when regular emergency

units licensed to provide first aid or transportation are unable to arrive at the

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1			scene of an emergency situation within a reasonable time.
2	(3)	The	following outpatient categories of care shall be exempt from certificate of need
3		and	licensure on July 14, 2018:
4		(a)	Primary care centers;
5		(b)	Special health clinics, unless the clinic provides pain management services
6			and is located off the campus of the hospital that has majority ownership
7			interest;
8		(c)	Specialized medical technology services, unless providing a State Health Plan
9			service;
10		(d)	Retail-based health clinics and ambulatory care clinics that provide
11			nonemergency, noninvasive treatment of patients;
12		(e)	Ambulatory care clinics treating minor illnesses and injuries;
13		(f)	Mobile health services, unless providing a service in the State Health Plan;
14		(g)	Rehabilitation agencies;
15		(h)	Rural health clinics; and
16		(i)	Off-campus, hospital-acquired physician practices.
17	(4)	The	exemptions established by subsections (2) and (3) of this section shall not
18		appl	y to the following categories of care:
19		(a)	An ambulatory surgical center as defined by KRS 216B.015(4);
20		(b)	A health facility or health service that provides one (1) of the following types
21			of services:
22			1. Cardiac catheterization;
23			2. Megavoltage radiation therapy;
24			3. Adult day health care;
25			4. [Behavioral health services;
26			5. Chronic renal dialysis;
27			6. Birthing services; or

1			5.[7.] Emergency services above the level of treatment for minor illnesses or
2			injuries;
3		(c)	A pain management facility as defined by KRS 218A.175(1);
4		(d)	An abortion facility that requires licensure pursuant to KRS 216B.0431; or
5		(e)	A health facility or health service that requests an expenditure that exceeds the
6			major medical expenditure minimum.
7	(5)	An	existing facility licensed as an intermediate care or nursing home shall notify
8		the c	cabinet of its intent to change to a nursing facility as defined in Public Law 100-
9		203.	A certificate of need shall not be required for conversion of an intermediate
10		care	or nursing home to the nursing facility licensure category.
11	(6)	Aml	bulance services owned and operated by a city government, which propose to
12		prov	ride services in coterminous cities outside of the ambulance service's designated
13		geog	graphic service area, shall not be required to obtain a certificate of need if the
14		gove	erning body of the city in which the ambulance services are to be provided
15		ente	rs into an agreement with the ambulance service to provide services in the city.
16	(7)	Aml	bulance services owned by a hospital shall not be required to obtain a certificate
17		of n	eed for the sole purpose of providing non-emergency and emergency transport
18		serv	ices originating from its hospital.
19	(8)	(a)	As used in this subsection, "emergency ambulance transport services" means
20			the transportation of an individual that has an emergency medical condition
21			with acute symptoms of sufficient severity that the absence of immediate
22			medical attention could reasonably be expected to place the individual's health
23			in serious jeopardy or result in the serious impairment or dysfunction of the
24			individual's bodily organs.
25		(b)	A city or county government that has conducted a public hearing for the
26			purposes of demonstrating that an imperative need exists in the city or county
27			to provide emergency ambulance transport services within its jurisdictional

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1			boundaries shall not be required to obtain a certificate of need for the city or
2			county to:
3			1. Directly provide emergency ambulance transport services as defined in
4			this subsection within the city's or county's jurisdictional boundaries; or
5			2. Enter into a contract with a hospital or hospitals within its jurisdiction,
6			or within an adjoining county if there are no hospitals located within the
7			county, for the provision of emergency ambulance transport services as
8			defined in this subsection within the city's or county's jurisdictional
9			boundaries.
10		(c)	Any license obtained under KRS Chapter 311A by a city or county for the
11			provision of ambulance services operating under a certificate of need
12			exclusion pursuant to this subsection shall be held exclusively by the city or
13			county government and shall not be transferrable to any other entity.
14		(d)	Prior to obtaining the written agreement of a city, an ambulance service
15			operating under a county government certificate of need exclusion pursuant to
16			this subsection shall not provide emergency ambulance transport services
17			within the boundaries of any city that:
18			1. Possesses a certificate of need to provide emergency ambulance
19			services;
20			2. Has an agency or department thereof that holds a certificate of need to
21			provide emergency ambulance services; or
22			3. Is providing emergency ambulance transport services within its
23			jurisdictional boundaries pursuant to this subsection.
24	(9)	(a)	Except where a certificate of need is not required pursuant to subsection (6),
25			(7), or (8) of this section, the cabinet shall grant nonsubstantive review for a
26			certificate of need proposal to establish an ambulance service that is owned by

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1	1.	City	government;
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- 2. County government; or
- 3. Hospital, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- 4 (b) A notice shall be sent by the cabinet to all cities and counties that a certificate
 5 of need proposal to establish an ambulance service has been submitted by a
 6 hospital. The legislative bodies of the cities and counties affected by the
 7 hospital's certificate of need proposal shall provide a response to the cabinet
 8 within thirty (30) days of receiving the notice. The failure of a city or county
 9 legislative body to respond to the notice shall be deemed to be support for the
 10 proposal.
 - (c) An ambulance service established under this subsection shall not be transferred to another entity that does not meet the requirements of paragraph(a) of this subsection without first obtaining a substantive certificate of need.
 - (10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a continuing care retirement community's nursing home beds shall not be certified as Medicaid eligible unless a certificate of need has been issued authorizing applications for Medicaid certification. The provisions of subsection (5) of this section notwithstanding, a continuing care retirement community shall not change the level of care licensure status of its beds without first obtaining a certificate of need.
- 20 (11) An ambulance service established under subsection (9) of this section shall not be 21 transferred to an entity that does not qualify under subsection (9) of this section 22 without first obtaining a substantive certificate of need.
- 23 (12) (a) The provisions of subsections (7), (8), and (9) of this section shall expire on July 1, 2026.
- 25 (b) All actions taken by cities, counties, and hospitals, exemptions from obtaining a certificate of need, and any certificate of need granted under subsections (7), (8), and (9) of this section prior to July 1, 2026, shall remain in effect on and

1		after July 1, 2026.
2	+	Section 2. KRS 216B.065 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1) <u>A</u>	s used in this section:
4	<u>(c</u>	n) ''Health facility'' does not include psychiatric hospitals, physical
5		rehabilitation hospitals, chemical dependency programs or centers,
6		hospices, community mental health centers, home health agencies, kidney
7		disease treatment centers, or freestanding hemodialysis units; and
8	<u>(1</u>	b) ''Health services'' does not include alcohol abuse, drug abuse,
9		rehabilitative, or mental health.
10	<u>(2)</u> B	efore any person enters into a contractual agreement to acquire a licensed health
11	fa	acility, the person shall notify the cabinet of the intent to acquire the facility or
12	m	najor medical equipment and of the services to be offered in the facility and its bed
13	c	apacity or the use of the medical equipment. The notice shall be in writing and
14	sl	nall be filed at least thirty (30) days prior to entry into a contract to acquire the
15	h	ealth facility or major medical equipment with respect to which the notice is given.
16	<u>(3)</u> [(2)]	A certificate of need shall be required for the acquisition of a health facility or
17	m	najor medical equipment, only if:
18	(8	The notice required in this section is not filed and the arrangement will
19		require the obligation of a capital expenditure which exceeds the capital
20		expenditure minimum; or
21	(t	The cabinet finds within thirty (30) days after the date it received notice that
22		the health services or bed capacity of the health facility will be substantially
23		changed in being acquired.
24	<u>(4)</u> [(3)]	Donations, transfers, and leases of major medical equipment and health
25	fa	acilities shall be considered acquisitions of equipment and facilities, and an
26	a	equisition of medical equipment or a facility for less than fair market value shall
27	b	e considered an acquisition if the fair market value exceeds the expenditure

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2	(5) {(4)} Before any health facility reduces or terminates a health service or reduces its
3	bed capacity, the facility shall notify the cabinet of its intent. The notice shall be in
4	writing and shall be filed at least thirty (30) days prior to the reduction or
5	termination. A certificate of need shall be required for the reduction or termination
6	only if the notice required in this section is not filed.

- (6)[(5)] (a) Before acquiring or constructing an acute care hospital as defined in KRS 216B.0425 that is required to be licensed under KRS 216B.042, the University of Kentucky or the University of Louisville, or a medical system or college or school of medicine affiliate thereof, shall first obtain the approval of the General Assembly by means of an act or joint resolution explicitly identifying and authorizing the acquisition or construction of the specific acute care hospital.
 - (b) The approval required under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be in addition to any certificate of need required to acquire or construct an acute care hospital.
 - (c) 1. Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted or construed to apply to a pediatric teaching hospital as defined in KRS 205.565.
 - 2. Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply to the acquisition or construction of an acute care hospital within thirty (30) miles of the affiliated university's primary academic campus.
 - 3. After May 31, 2026, the acquisition or construction of an acute care hospital valued at less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) shall be exempt from the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- Section 3. KRS 216.380 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) The licensure category of critical access hospital is hereby created for existing licensed acute-care hospitals which qualify under this section for that status.

(2) It shall be unlawful to operate or maintain a critical access hospital without first obtaining a license from the Cabinet for Health and Family Services. An acute-care hospital converting to a critical access hospital shall not require a certificate of need. A certificate of need shall not be required for services provided on a contractual basis in a critical access hospital. A certificate of need shall not be required for an existing critical access hospital to increase its acute-care bed capacity to twenty-five (25) beds.

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, only a hospital licensed as a general acute-care hospital may be relicensed as a critical access hospital if:
 - (a) The hospital is located in a county in a rural area that is:

- Located more than a thirty-five (35) mile drive, or, where the terrain is
 mountainous or only secondary roads are available, located more than a
 fifteen (15) mile drive, from another acute-care hospital or critical
 access hospital; or
- Certified by the secretary as a necessary provider of health care services to area residents;
- (b) For the purposes of paragraph (a) of this subsection, a hospital shall be considered to be located in a rural area if the hospital is not in a county which is part of a standard metropolitan statistical area, the hospital is located in a rural census tract of a metropolitan statistical area as determined under the most recent modification of the Goldsmith Modification, or is designated by the state as a rural provider. The secretary shall designate a hospital as a rural provider if the hospital is not located in a county which has the largest county population of a standard metropolitan statistical area;
- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection, the hospital provides not more than twenty-five (25) acute care inpatient beds for providing acute inpatient care for a period that does not exceed, as determined on an annual,

1	average	basis.	ninety	-six	(96)	hours:
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- If the hospital is operating swing beds under which the hospital's inpatient (d) hospital facilities are used for the provision of extended care services, the hospital may be designated as a critical access hospital so long as the total number of beds that may be used at any time for furnishing of either extended care services or acute inpatient services does not exceed twenty-five (25) beds. For the purposes of this section, any bed of a unit of the hospital that is licensed as a nursing facility at the time the hospital applies to the state for designation as a critical care access hospital shall not be counted.
- 10 The secretary for health and family services may designate a facility as a critical (4)11 access hospital if the facility:
- 12 Was a hospital that ceased operations on or after ten (10) years prior to April (a) 13 21, 2000; or
- Was a hospital that was converted to a licensed ambulatory health center or (b) other type of licensed health clinic or health center and, as of the effective 16 date of that conversion, meets the criteria for licensure as a critical access hospital under this subsection or subsection (3) of this section.
- 18 A critical access hospital shall provide the following services: (5)
- 19 (a) Twenty-four (24) hour emergency-room care that the secretary determines is 20 necessary for insuring access to emergency care services in each area served 21 by a critical access hospital; and
- 22 (b) Basic laboratory, radiologic, pharmacy, and dietary services. These services 23 may be provided on a part-time, off-site contractual basis.
- 24 A critical access hospital may provide the following services: (6)
- 25 Swing beds or a distinct unit of the hospital which is a nursing facility in (a) 26 accordance with KRS Chapter 216B and subject to approval under certificate 27 of need;

1		(b)	Surgery;
2		(c)	Normal obstetrics;
3		(d)	Primary care;
4		(e)	Adult day health care;
5		(f)	Respite care;
6		(g)	Rehabilitative and therapeutic services including, but not limited to, physical
7			therapy, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech pathology, and
8			audiology, which may be provided on an off-site contractual basis;
9		(h)	Ambulatory care;
10		(i)	Home health services[which may be established upon obtaining a certificate
11			of need]; and
12		(j)	Mobile diagnostic services with equipment not exceeding the major medical
13			equipment cost threshold pursuant to KRS Chapter 216B and for which there
14			are no review criteria in the State Health Plan.
15	(7)	In ac	ddition to the services that may be provided under subsection (6) of this section,
16		a cr	itical access hospital may establish the following units in accordance with
17		appl	icable Medicare regulations and subject to certificate of need approval:
18		(a)	A psychiatric unit that is a distinct part of the hospital, with a maximum of ten
19			(10) beds; and
20		(b)	A rehabilitation unit that is a distinct part of the hospital, with a maximum of
21			ten (10) beds notwithstanding any other bed limit contained in law or
22			regulation.
23	(8)	Psyc	chiatric unit and rehabilitation unit beds operated under subsection (7) of this
24		secti	on shall not be counted in determining the number of beds or the average
25		leng	th of stay of a critical access hospital for purposes of applying the bed and
26		aver	age length of stay limitations under paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of this

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section.

1	(9)	The	following staffing plan shall apply to a critical access hospital:
2		(a)	The hospital shall meet staffing requirements as would apply under section
3			1861(e) of Title XVIII of the Federal Social Security Act to a hospital located
4			in a rural area except that:
5			1. The hospital need not meet hospital standards relating to the number of
6			hours during a day, or days during a week, in which the hospital shall be
7			open and fully staffed, except insofar as the facility is required to make
8			available emergency services and nursing services available on a
9			twenty-four (24) hour basis; and
10			2. The hospital need not otherwise staff the facility except when ar
11			inpatient is present; and
12		(b)	Physician assistants and nurse practitioners may provide inpatient care within
13			the limits of their statutory scope of practice and with oversight by a physician
14			who is not required to be on-site at the hospital.
15	(10)	A	critical access hospital shall have a quality assessment and performance
16		imp	rovement program and procedures for review of utilization of services.
17	(11)	A c	ritical access hospital shall have written contracts assuring the following
18		link	ages:
19		(a)	Secondary and tertiary hospital referral services which shall provide for the
20			transfer of a patient to the appropriate level of care and the transfer of patients
21			to the critical access hospital for recuperative care;
22		(b)	Ambulance services;
23		(c)	Home health services; and
24		(d)	Nursing facility services if not provided on-site.
25	(12)	If th	e critical access hospital is part of a rural health network, the hospital shall have
26		the f	following:

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(a)

An agreement for patient referral and transfer, development, and use of

1		communications systems including telemetry and electronic sharing of patient
2		data, and emergency and nonemergency transportation; and
3	(b)	An agreement for credentialing and quality assurance with a network hospital
4		peer review organization, or other appropriate and qualified entity identified
5		in the state rural health plan.
6	(13) The	e Cabinet for Health and Family Services and any insurer or managed care
7	pro	gram for Medicaid recipients that contracts with the Department for Medicaid
8	Ser	vices for the receipt of Federal Social Security Act Title XIX funds shall provide
9	for	reimbursement of services provided to Medicaid recipients in a critical access
10	hos	pital at rates that are at least equal to those established by the Federal Health
11	Car	re Financing Administration or Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for
12	Me	dicare reimbursement to a critical access hospital.
13	(14) The	e Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall promulgate administrative
14	reg	ulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A necessary to implement this section.