

1       AN ACT relating to workers' compensation for first responders.

2       *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:*

3           ➔Section 1. KRS 342.0011 is amended to read as follows:

4       As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

5       (1) (a) "Injury" means any work-related traumatic event or series of traumatic events,  
6           including cumulative trauma, arising out of and in the course of employment  
7           which is the proximate cause producing a harmful change in the human  
8           organism evidenced by objective medical findings. "Injury" does not include  
9           the effects of the natural aging process, and does not include any  
10           communicable disease unless the risk of contracting the disease is increased  
11           by the nature of the employment. "Injury" when used generally, unless the  
12           context indicates otherwise, shall include an occupational disease and damage  
13           to a prosthetic appliance, but shall not include a psychological, psychiatric, or  
14           stress-related change in the human organism, unless it is a direct result of a  
15           physical injury; and

16       (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, "injury" for a:

17           1. Police officer, firefighter, or emergency medical services personnel as  
18           defined in KRS 61.315;

19           2. Front-line staff as defined in KRS 194A.065; or

20           3. Kentucky National Guard member on state active duty as defined in  
21           KRS 38.010;

22           may include a psychological, psychiatric, or stress-related change in the  
23           human organism that is not a direct result of a physical injury, as specified  
24           in Section 2 of this Act;

25       (2) "Occupational disease" means a disease arising out of and in the course of the  
26           employment;

27       (3) An occupational disease as defined in this chapter shall be deemed to arise out of

1       the employment if there is apparent to the rational mind, upon consideration of all  
2       the circumstances, a causal connection between the conditions under which the  
3       work is performed and the occupational disease, and which can be seen to have  
4       followed as a natural incident to the work as a result of the exposure occasioned by  
5       the nature of the employment and which can be fairly traced to the employment as  
6       the proximate cause. The occupational disease shall be incidental to the character of  
7       the business and not independent of the relationship of employer and employee. An  
8       occupational disease need not have been foreseen or expected but, after its  
9       contraction, it must appear to be related to a risk connected with the employment  
10      and to have flowed from that source as a rational consequence;

11     (4) "Injurious exposure" shall mean that exposure to occupational hazard which would,  
12      independently of any other cause whatsoever, produce or cause the disease for  
13      which the claim is made;

14     (5) "Death" means death resulting from an injury or occupational disease;

15     (6) "Carrier" means any insurer, or legal representative thereof, authorized to insure the  
16      liability of employers under this chapter and includes a self-insurer;

17     (7) "Self-insurer" is an employer who has been authorized under the provisions of this  
18      chapter to carry his or her own liability on his or her employees covered by this  
19      chapter;

20     (8) "Department" means the Department of Workers' Claims in the Education and  
21      Labor Cabinet;

22     (9) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Workers' Claims  
23      under the direction and supervision of the secretary of the Education and Labor  
24      Cabinet;

25     (10) "Board" means the Workers' Compensation Board;

26     (11) (a) "Temporary total disability" means the condition of an employee who has not  
27      reached maximum medical improvement from an injury and has not reached a

1                   level of improvement that would permit a return to employment.];

2                   (b) "Permanent partial disability" means the condition of an employee who, due  
3                   to an injury, has a permanent disability rating but retains the ability to work.];  
4                   and]

5                   (c) "Permanent total disability" means the condition of an employee who, due to  
6                   an injury, has a permanent disability rating and has a complete and permanent  
7                   inability to perform any type of work as a result of an injury, except that total  
8                   disability shall be irrebuttably presumed to exist for an injury that results in:

9                   1. Total and permanent loss of sight in both eyes;

10                  2. Loss of both feet at or above the ankle;

11                  3. Loss of both hands at or above the wrist;

12                  4. Loss of one (1) foot at or above the ankle and the loss of one (1) hand at  
13                  or above the wrist;

14                  5. Permanent and complete paralysis of both arms, both legs, or one (1)  
15                  arm and one (1) leg;

16                  6. Incurable insanity or imbecility; or

17                  7. Total loss of hearing;

18                  (12) "Income benefits" means payments made under the provisions of this chapter to the  
19                  disabled worker or his or her dependents in case of death, excluding medical and  
20                  related benefits;

21                  (13) "Medical and related benefits" means payments made for medical, hospital, burial,  
22                  and other services as provided in this chapter, other than income benefits;

23                  (14) "Compensation" means all payments made under the provisions of this chapter  
24                  representing the sum of income benefits and medical and related benefits;

25                  (15) "Medical services" means medical, surgical, dental, hospital, nursing, and medical  
26                  rehabilitation services, medicines, and fittings for artificial or prosthetic devices;

27                  (16) "Person" means any individual, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability

1        company, firm, association, trust, joint venture, corporation, or legal representative  
2        thereof;

3        (17) "Wages" means, in addition to money payments for services rendered, the  
4        reasonable value of board, rent, housing, lodging, fuel, or similar advantages  
5        received from the employer, and gratuities received in the course of employment  
6        from persons other than the employer as evidenced by the employee's federal and  
7        state tax returns;

8        (18) "Agriculture" means the operation of farm premises, including the planting,  
9        cultivation, producing, growing, harvesting, and preparation for market of  
10       agricultural or horticultural commodities thereon, the raising of livestock for food  
11       products and for racing purposes, and poultry thereon, and any work performed as  
12       an incident to or in conjunction with the farm operations, including the sale of  
13       produce at on-site markets and the processing of produce for sale at on-site markets.  
14       It shall not include the commercial processing, packing, drying, storing, or canning  
15       of such commodities for market, or making cheese or butter or other dairy products  
16       for market;

17       (19) "Beneficiary" means any person who is entitled to income benefits or medical and  
18       related benefits under this chapter;

19       (20) "United States," when used in a geographic sense, means the several states, the  
20       District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Canal Zone, and the  
21       territories of the United States;

22       (21) "Alien" means a person who is not a citizen, a national, or a resident of the United  
23       States or Canada. Any person not a citizen or national of the United States who  
24       relinquishes or is about to relinquish his or her residence in the United States shall  
25       be regarded as an alien;

26       (22) "Insurance carrier" means every insurance carrier or insurance company authorized  
27       to do business in the Commonwealth writing workers' compensation insurance

1 coverage and includes the Kentucky Employers Mutual Insurance Authority and  
2 every self-insured group operating under the provisions of this chapter;

3 (23) (a) "Severance or processing of coal" means all activities performed in the  
4 Commonwealth at underground, auger, and surface mining sites; all activities  
5 performed at tipple or processing plants that clean, break, size, or treat coal;  
6 and all activities performed at coal loading facilities for trucks, railroads, and  
7 barges. Severance or processing of coal shall not include acts performed by a  
8 final consumer if the acts are performed at the site of final consumption.

9 (b) "Engaged in severance or processing of coal" shall include all individuals,  
10 partnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability companies, corporations,  
11 joint ventures, associations, or any other business entity in the Commonwealth  
12 which has employees on its payroll who perform any of the acts stated in  
13 paragraph (a) of this subsection, regardless of whether the acts are performed  
14 as owner of the coal or on a contract or fee basis for the actual owner of the  
15 coal. A business entity engaged in the severance or processing of coal,  
16 including but not limited to administrative or selling functions, shall be  
17 considered wholly engaged in the severance or processing of coal for the  
18 purpose of this chapter. However, a business entity which is engaged in a  
19 separate business activity not related to coal, for which a separate premium  
20 charge is not made, shall be deemed to be engaged in the severance or  
21 processing of coal only to the extent that the number of employees engaged in  
22 the severance or processing of coal bears to the total number of employees.  
23 Any employee who is involved in the business of severing or processing of  
24 coal and business activities not related to coal shall be prorated based on the  
25 time involved in severance or processing of coal bears to his or her total time;

26 (24) "Premium" for every self-insured group means any and all assessments levied on its  
27 members by such group or contributed to it by the members thereof. For special

1       fund assessment purposes, "premium" also includes any and all membership dues,  
2       fees, or other payments by members of the group to associations or other entities  
3       used for underwriting, claims handling, loss control, premium audit, actuarial, or  
4       other services associated with the maintenance or operation of the self-insurance  
5       group;

6       (25) (a) "Premiums received" for policies effective on or after January 1, 1994, for  
7       insurance companies means direct written premiums as reported in the annual  
8       statement to the Department of Insurance by insurance companies, except that  
9       "premiums received" includes premiums charged off or deferred, and, on  
10       insurance policies or other evidence of coverage with provisions for  
11       deductibles, the calculated cost for coverage, including experience  
12       modification and premium surcharge or discount, prior to any reduction for  
13       deductibles. The rates, factors, and methods used to calculate the cost for  
14       coverage under this paragraph for insurance policies or other evidence of  
15       coverage with provisions for deductibles shall be the same rates, factors, and  
16       methods normally used by the insurance company in Kentucky to calculate  
17       the cost for coverage for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage  
18       without provisions for deductibles, except that, for insurance policies or other  
19       evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles effective on or after  
20       January 1, 1995, the calculated cost for coverage shall not include any  
21       schedule rating modification, debits, or credits. For policies with provisions  
22       for deductibles with effective dates on or after January 1, 1995, assessments  
23       shall be imposed on premiums received as calculated by the deductible  
24       program adjustment. The cost for coverage calculated under this paragraph by  
25       insurance companies that issue only deductible insurance policies in Kentucky  
26       shall be actuarially adequate to cover the entire liability of the employer for  
27       compensation under this chapter, including all expenses and allowances

1 normally used to calculate the cost for coverage. For policies with provisions  
2 for deductibles with effective dates of May 6, 1993, through December 31,  
3 1993, for which the insurance company did not report premiums and remit  
4 special fund assessments based on the calculated cost for coverage prior to the  
5 reduction for deductibles, "premiums received" includes the initial premium  
6 plus any reimbursements invoiced for losses, expenses, and fees charged  
7 under the deductibles. The special fund assessment rates in effect for  
8 reimbursements invoiced for losses, expenses, or fees charged under the  
9 deductibles shall be those percentages in effect on the effective date of the  
10 insurance policy. For policies covering covered employees having a co-  
11 employment relationship with a professional employer organization and a  
12 client as defined in KRS Chapter 336, "premiums received" means premiums  
13 calculated using the experience modification factor of each client as defined  
14 in KRS Chapter 336 for each covered employee for that portion of the payroll  
15 pertaining to the covered employee.

16 (b) "Direct written premium" for insurance companies means the gross premium  
17 written less return premiums and premiums on policies not taken but  
18 including policy and membership fees.

19 (c) "Premium," for policies effective on or after January 1, 1994, for insurance  
20 companies means all consideration, whether designated as premium or  
21 otherwise, for workers' compensation insurance paid to an insurance company  
22 or its representative, including, on insurance policies with provisions for  
23 deductibles, the calculated cost for coverage, including experience  
24 modification and premium surcharge or discount, prior to any reduction for  
25 deductibles. The rates, factors, and methods used to calculate the cost for  
26 coverage under this paragraph for insurance policies or other evidence of  
27 coverage with provisions for deductibles shall be the same rates, factors, and

1           methods normally used by the insurance company in Kentucky to calculate  
2           the cost for coverage for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage  
3           without provisions for deductibles, except that, for insurance policies or other  
4           evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles effective on or after  
5           January 1, 1995, the calculated cost for coverage shall not include any  
6           schedule rating modifications, debits, or credits. For policies with provisions  
7           for deductibles with effective dates on or after January 1, 1995, assessments  
8           shall be imposed as calculated by the deductible program adjustment. The cost  
9           for coverage calculated under this paragraph by insurance companies that  
10           issue only deductible insurance policies in Kentucky shall be actuarially  
11           adequate to cover the entire liability of the employer for compensation under  
12           this chapter, including all expenses and allowances normally used to calculate  
13           the cost for coverage. For policies with provisions for deductibles with  
14           effective dates of May 6, 1993, through December 31, 1993, for which the  
15           insurance company did not report premiums and remit special fund  
16           assessments based on the calculated cost for coverage prior to the reduction  
17           for deductibles, "premium" includes the initial consideration plus any  
18           reimbursements invoiced for losses, expenses, or fees charged under the  
19           deductibles.

20           (d) "Return premiums" for insurance companies means amounts returned to  
21           insureds due to endorsements, retrospective adjustments, cancellations,  
22           dividends, or errors.

23           (e) "Deductible program adjustment" means calculating premium and premiums  
24           received on a gross basis without regard to the following:

25           1. Schedule rating modifications, debits, or credits;

26           2. Deductible credits; or

27           3. Modifications to the cost of coverage from inception through and

1 including any audit that are based on negotiated retrospective rating  
2 arrangements, including but not limited to large risk alternative rating  
3 options;

4 (26) "Insurance policy" for an insurance company or self-insured group means the term  
5 of insurance coverage commencing from the date coverage is extended, whether a  
6 new policy or a renewal, through its expiration, not to exceed the anniversary date  
7 of the renewal for the following year;

8 (27) "Self-insurance year" for a self-insured group means the annual period of  
9 certification of the group created pursuant to KRS 342.350(4) and 304.50-010;

10 (28) "Premium" for each employer carrying his or her own risk pursuant to KRS  
11 342.340(1) shall be the projected value of the employer's workers' compensation  
12 claims for the next calendar year as calculated by the commissioner using  
13 generally-accepted actuarial methods as follows:  
14 (a) The base period shall be the earliest three (3) calendar years of the five (5)  
15 calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year for which the  
16 calculation is made. The commissioner shall identify each claim of the  
17 employer which has an injury date or date of last injurious exposure to the  
18 cause of an occupational disease during each one (1) of the three (3) calendar  
19 years to be used as the base, and shall assign a value to each claim. The value  
20 shall be the total of the indemnity benefits paid to date and projected to be  
21 paid, adjusted to current benefit levels, plus the medical benefits paid to date  
22 and projected to be paid for the life of the claim, plus the cost of medical and  
23 vocational rehabilitation paid to date and projected to be paid. Adjustment to  
24 current benefit levels shall be done by multiplying the weekly indemnity  
25 benefit for each claim by the number obtained by dividing the statewide  
26 average weekly wage which will be in effect for the year for which the  
27 premium is being calculated by the statewide average weekly wage in effect

10 (b) The commissioner shall obtain the annual payroll for each of the three (3)  
11 years in the base period for each employer carrying his or her own risk from  
12 records of the department and from the records of the Department of  
13 Workforce Development, Education and Labor Cabinet. The commissioner  
14 shall multiply each of the three (3) years of payroll by the number obtained by  
15 dividing the statewide average weekly wage which will be in effect for the  
16 year in which the premium is being calculated by the statewide average  
17 weekly wage in effect in each of the years of the base period;

18 (c) The commissioner shall divide the total of the adjusted claim values for the  
19 three (3) year base period by the total adjusted payroll for the same three (3)  
20 year period. The value so calculated shall be multiplied by 1.25 and shall then  
21 be multiplied by the employer's most recent annualized payroll, calculated  
22 using records of the department and the Department of Workforce  
23 Development data which shall be made available for this purpose on a  
24 quarterly basis as reported, to obtain the premium for the next calendar year  
25 for assessment purposes under KRS 342.122;

26 (d) For November 1, 1987, through December 31, 1988, premium for each  
27 employer carrying its own risk shall be an amount calculated by the board

1 pursuant to the provisions contained in this subsection and such premium  
2 shall be provided to each employer carrying its own risk and to the funding  
3 commission on or before January 1, 1988. Thereafter, the calculations set  
4 forth in this subsection shall be performed annually, at the time each employer  
5 applies or renews its application for certification to carry its own risk for the  
6 next twelve (12) month period and submits payroll and other data in support  
7 of the application. The employer and the funding commission shall be notified  
8 at the time of the certification or recertification of the premium calculated by  
9 the commissioner, which shall form the employer's basis for assessments  
10 pursuant to KRS 342.122 for the calendar year beginning on January 1  
11 following the date of certification or recertification;

12 (e) If an employer having fewer than five (5) years of doing business in this state  
13 applies to carry its own risk and is so certified, its premium for the purposes  
14 of KRS 342.122 shall be based on the lesser number of years of experience as  
15 may be available including the two (2) most recent years if necessary to create  
16 a three (3) year base period. If the employer has less than two (2) years of  
17 operation in this state available for the premium calculation, then its premium  
18 shall be the greater of the value obtained by the calculation called for in this  
19 subsection or the amount of security required by the commissioner pursuant to  
20 KRS 342.340(1);

21 (f) If an employer is certified to carry its own risk after having previously insured  
22 the risk, its premium shall be calculated using values obtained from claims  
23 incurred while insured for as many of the years of the base period as may be  
24 necessary to create a full three (3) year base. After the employer is certified to  
25 carry its own risk and has paid all amounts due for assessments upon  
26 premiums paid while insured, the employer shall be assessed only upon the  
27 premium calculated under this subsection;

- (g) "Premium" for each employer defined in KRS 342.630(2) shall be calculated as set forth in this subsection; and
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the premium of any employer authorized to carry its own risk for purposes of assessments due under this chapter shall be no less than thirty cents (\$0.30) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the employer's most recent annualized payroll for employees covered by this chapter;

(29) "SIC code" as used in this chapter means the Standard Industrial Classification Code contained in the latest edition of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual published by the Federal Office of Management and Budget;

(30) "Investment interest" means any pecuniary or beneficial interest in a provider of medical services or treatment under this chapter, other than a provider in which that pecuniary or investment interest is obtained on terms equally available to the public through trading on a registered national securities exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange or the American Stock Exchange, or on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System;

(31) "Managed health care system" means a health care system that employs gatekeeper providers, performs utilization review, and does medical bill audits;

(32) "Physician" means physicians and surgeons, audiologists holding a doctorate in audiology, psychologists, optometrists, dentists, podiatrists, and osteopathic and chiropractic practitioners acting within the scope of the license or other credentials required by his or her specialty of practice in the United States jurisdiction in which he or she is authorized to practice;

(33) "Objective medical findings" means information gained through direct observation and testing of the patient applying objective or standardized methods;

(34) "Work" means providing services to another in return for remuneration on a regular and sustained basis in a competitive economy;

1 (35) "Permanent impairment rating" means percentage of whole body impairment  
2 caused by the injury or occupational disease as determined by the "Guides to the  
3 Evaluation of Permanent Impairment";  
4 (36) "Permanent disability rating" means the permanent impairment rating selected by  
5 an administrative law judge times the factor set forth in the table that appears at  
6 KRS 342.730(1)(b); and  
7 (37) "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" means, except as provided in  
8 KRS 342.262:  
9 (a) The fifth edition published by the American Medical Association; and  
10 (b) For psychological impairments, Chapter 12 of the second edition published by  
11 the American Medical Association.

12 ➔ SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 342 IS CREATED TO  
13 READ AS FOLLOWS:

14 (1) *As used in this section:*

15 (a) *"Emergency medical services personnel" has the same meaning as in KRS*  
16 *61.315;*  
17 (b) *"Firefighter" has the same meaning as in KRS 61.315;*  
18 (c) *"Front-line staff" has the same meaning as in KRS 194A.065;*  
19 (d) *"Kentucky National Guard member" means a member on state active duty*  
20 *as defined in KRS 38.010;*  
21 (e) *"Police officer" has the same meaning as in KRS 61.315; and*  
22 (f) *"Qualified mental health professional" has the same meaning as in KRS*  
23 *202A.011.*

24 (2) *If a police officer, firefighter, emergency medical services personnel, front-line*  
25 *staff member, or a Kentucky National Guard member suffers a psychological,*  
26 *psychiatric, or stress-related change in the human organism that is not a direct*  
27 *result of a physical injury but is the result of a work-related event or cumulative*

1 work-related stress, then that psychological, psychiatric, or stress-related change  
2 shall be considered an injury arising out of and in the course of employment if it  
3 is demonstrated by the preponderance of the evidence that:

4 (a) The work-related event or cumulative work-related stress was extraordinary  
5 and unusual in comparison to pressures and tensions experienced by the  
6 average employee across all occupations; and

7 (b) The work-related event or cumulative work-related stress, and not some  
8 other event, was the proximate cause of the psychological, psychiatric, or  
9 stress-related change in the human organism.

10 (3) A psychological, psychiatric, or stress-related change in the human organism  
11 shall not be considered an injury arising out of and in the course of employment  
12 if it results from any disciplinary action, work evaluation, job transfer, layoff,  
13 demotion, termination, or similar action taken in good faith by the employer.

14 (4) (a) If a police officer, firefighter, emergency medical services personnel, front-  
15 line staff member, or a Kentucky National Guard member is diagnosed with  
16 post-traumatic stress disorder by a qualified mental health professional  
17 within three (3) years of the last active date of employment as a police  
18 officer, firefighter, emergency medical services personnel, front-line staff  
19 member, or Kentucky National Guard member, then there shall be a  
20 rebuttable presumption that the post-traumatic stress disorder is an injury  
21 covered by this chapter, and the employer with whom the employee was last  
22 injuriously exposed to the harmful stress shall be exclusively liable for  
23 benefits.

24 (b) A presumption of a work-related injury under paragraph (a) of this  
25 subsection may be overcome by the preponderance of the evidence that the  
26 post-traumatic stress disorder was caused by nonservice-connected risk  
27 factors or nonservice-connected exposure.