

CORRECTIONS IMPACT STATEMENT

SESSION: 22RS BILL # HB 16 Introduced BR # 22 DOC ID #: xxxx

BILL SPONSOR(S): Rep. K. Banta AMENDMENT SPONSOR(S): . .

TITLE: AN ACT relating to crimes and punishments.

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION: Repeal KRS 510.100, relating to sodomy in the fourth degree; amend KRS 194A.380 and 532.031 to conform.

AMENDMENT: .

This bill amendment committee substitute is expected to:

Have the following Corrections impact Have no Corrections impact

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Creates new crime(s) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Repeals existing crime(s) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Increases penalty for existing crime(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Decreases penalty for existing crime(s) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Increases incarceration | <input type="checkbox"/> Decreases incarceration |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Reduces inmate/offender services | <input type="checkbox"/> Increases inmate/offender services |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Increases staff time or positions | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduces staff time or positions |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Changes elements of offense for existing crime(s) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Otherwise impacts incarceration (Explain) . | |
-

STATE IMPACT: Class A, B, & C felonies are based on an average daily prison rate of \$97.60. Community Custody Class C and most Class D felons are housed in one of seventy-four (74) full service or regional jails for up to five (5) years. Department of Corrections' cost to incarcerate a felony inmate in a jail is \$35.43 per day, which includes \$31.34 per diem, medical costs, & central office administrative costs (substance abuse treatment not included).*

Projected Impact: NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

.
.
.

LOCAL IMPACT: Local governments are responsible for the cost of incarcerating individuals charged with Class A or B misdemeanors and felony defendants until disposition of the case. The estimated impact will be based on the \$35.43 cost to incarcerate for the Department of Corrections, including \$31.34 per diem and medical that DOC pays jails to house felony offenders. This cost to incarcerate may not be the actual housing cost for the jail.*

Projected Impact: NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

The proposed legislation repeals KRS 510.100 Sodomy 4th Degree. The legislation would have a minimal impact on incarceration.

Sodomy 4th Degree is defined as deviate sexual intercourse with another person of the same sex. Sodomy 4th Degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

Misdemeanors are subject to the jurisdiction and cost of the county.

Currently the Department of Corrections reports zero (0) offenders incarcerated or under supervision with convictions for this offense.

For FY2021, AOC reports zero (0) convictions for Sodomy 4th Degree.

The removal of this criminal penalty would remove any pre- and post-adjudication incarceration costs associated with the offense.

Incarceration related to KRS 510.100 is minimal. As such, the impact to local corrections from the legislation is not expected to be significant.

Cost to Incarcerate

A Class A misdemeanor is 90 days to 1 year in jail.
1 Class A misdemeanor: \$3,188.68 to \$12,931.86

10 Class A misdemeanants: \$31,886.78 to \$129,318.61
100 Class A misdemeanants: \$318,867.80 to \$1,293,186.06

PROJECTED IMPACT FROM AMENDMENTS:

NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

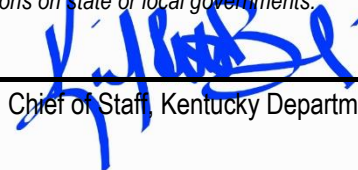
**All projections are based on the daily rate x 365 days x number of years. The cost to incarcerate as calculated by the Department is shown here as rounded to the hundredths. Offenders may have multiple offenses or be incarcerated on other charges unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, numbers will include inchoate offenses at the underlying offense level.*

The following offices contributed to this Corrections Impact Statement:

Dept. of Corrections Dept. of Kentucky State Police Administrative Office of the Courts Parole Board Other

NOTE: Consideration should be given to the cumulative impact of all bills that increase the felon population, lengthens the term or incarceration, or impose new obligations on state or local governments.

APPROVED BY:



Chief of Staff, Kentucky Department of Corrections

2/2/2022

Date