CORRECTIONS IMPACT STATEMENT

SESSION: 23RS BILL # HB 590 Introduced BR # 1201 DOC ID #: xxxx

BILL SPONSOR(S): Rep. Moser AMENDMENT SPONSOR(S): . .

TITLE: AN ACT relating to medicinal cannabis

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION: Create a new section of KRS Chapter 218A to define "cannabis"; require the Kentucky Center for Cannabis to establish criteria for determining when sufficient data exists to support the use of cannabis for medicinal purposes; permit the center to produce and dispense cannabis products to certain patients; permit the center to establish and operate cannabis dispensing centers throughout the state, exempt patients who receive cannabis products from the center from prosecution for a violation of KRS 218A.1421, 218A.1422, or 218A.1423.

AMENDMENT: . This ⊠ bill □ amendment □ committee substitute is expected to: ⊠ Have the following Corrections impact □ Have no Corrections impact			
		☐ Creates new crime(s) ☐ Increases penalty for existing crime(s) ☐ Increases incarceration ☐ Reduces inmate/offender services ☐ Increases staff time or positions ☐ Changes elements of offense for existing crime impacts incarceration (Explain).	□ Repeals existing crime(s) □ Decreases penalty for existing crime(s) □ Decreases incarceration □ Increases inmate/offender services □ Reduces staff time or positions me(s)
		and most Class D felons are housed in one of se	ased on an average daily prison rate of \$105.23. Community Custody Class C venty-four (74) full service or regional jails for up to five (5) years. Department e in a jail is \$40.11 per day, which includes \$35.34 per diem, medical costs, & se treatment not included).*
Projected Impact: ☐ NONE ⋈ MINIMAL	to MODERATE (< \$1 million)		
There are currently 538 inmates in custody 218A.1421, 218A.1422, or 218A.1423.	y and 4,953 offenders on supervision for offenses under KRS		
•	ers currently in custody or on supervision would have met the new kely the decrease in incarceration costs would be minimal.		
A Class D Felony sentence is 1 to 5 years – Class C felons could be housed in jail depe	nd DOC pays counties a per diem for housing those inmates. One (1) Class D Felon costs KY \$14,638.94 to \$73,194.71. nding on prior record and current convictions. – One (1) Class C Felon costs KY \$192,047.24 to \$384,094.49		
misdemeanors and felony defendants until dispo	consible for the cost of incarcerating individuals charged with Class A or B sition of the case. The estimated impact will be based on the \$40.11 cost to including \$35.34 per diem and medical that DOC pays jails to house felony actual housing cost for the jail.*		
Projected Impact: ☐ NONE ⋈ MINIMAL	to MODERATE (< \$1 million)		
There are currently 538 inmates in custody 218A.1421, 218A.1422, or 218A.1423.	y and 4,953 offenders on supervision for offenses under KRS		

It is not known how many of these offenders currently in custody or on supervision would have met the new guidelines under this legislation, but it is likely the decrease in incarceration costs would be minimal.

Class D felons are housed in a county jail and DOC pays counties a per diem for housing those inmates.

A Class D Felony sentence is 1 to 5 years – One (1) Class D Felon costs KY \$14,638.94 to \$73,194.71.

Class C felons could be housed in jail depending on prior record and current convictions.

A Class C Felony sentence is 5 to 10 years – One (1) Class C Felon costs KY \$192,047.24 to \$384,094.49

PROJECTED IMPACT FROM AMENDMENTS:

NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

*All projections are based on the daily rate x 365 days x number of years. The cost to incarcerate as calculated by the Department is shown here as rounded to the hundredths. Offenders may have multiple offenses or be incarcerated on other charges unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, numbers will include inchoate offenses at the underlying offense level.

The following offices contributed to this Corrections Impact Statement:

Dept. of Corrections Dept. of Kentucky State Police Administrative Office of the Courts Parole Board Other NOTE: Consideration should be given to the cumulative impact of all bills that increase the felon population, lengthens the term or incarceration, or impose new obligations on state or local governments.

APPROVED BY:

3/2/2023

Staff, Kentucky Department of Corrections