CORRECTIONS IMPACT STATEMENT

BR #: 1930

AMENDMENT SPONSOR(S):

Introduced.

SESSION: 24RS BILL #: HB 625

BILL SPONSOR(S): Rep. K. Banta

(-)	(-)				
TITLE: AN ACT relating to sex crimes.					
	0.040 to enhance the penalty for rape in the first degree to a Class A penalty for sodomy in the first degree to a Class A felony.				
AMENDMENT:					
This ⊠ bill □ amendment □ committee substitute is expected to:					
oxtimes Have the following Corrections impact	☐ Have no Corrections impact.				
□Creates new crime(s)	☐Repeals existing crime(s)				
☑Increases penalty for existing crime(s)	□Decreases penalty for existing crime(s)				
□Increases incarceration	Decreases incarceration.				
☐Reduces inmate/offender services ☐Increases staff time or positions	□Increases inmate/offender services. □Reduces staff time or positions.				
☐ Changes elements of the offense for existing crime(s) ☐ Otherwise impacts incarceration (Explain):	Lineduces stall time of positions.				
felons are housed in one of seventy-four (74) full-service of	n an average daily prison rate of \$116.93. Community Custody Class C and most Class D regional jails for up to five (5) years. Department of Corrections cost to incarcerate a felony diem, medical costs, and central office administrative costs (substance abuse treatment no				
Projected Impact: \square NONE \boxtimes MINIMAL to MODER	ATE (< \$1 million) ☐ SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)				
offenses from a Class B to a Class A. The necess	mpact on operational costs by increasing the felony class for two existing sary appropriations associated with the costs estimated in this corrections rent service funding for adult correctional institutions.				
Class A felons will serve time in state prison. A G a minimum of \$853,589.00.	Class A Felony sentence is 20 years or more. One (1) Class A Felon costs K				
defendants until the disposition of the case. The estimated	or the cost of incarcerating individuals charged with Class A or B misdemeanors and felong dimpact will be based on the \$44.97 cost to incarcerate for the Department of Corrections to house felony offenders. This cost to incarcerate may not be the actual housing cost for				
Projected Impact: \square NONE \boxtimes MINIMAL to MODER	ATE (< \$1 million) ☐ SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)				
Longer prison sentences increase the length of controlled intake population housed in county j	stay and ultimately decrease prison bed space which may impact the jails.				
PROJECTED IMPACT FROM AMENDMENTS: □ N	ONE ☐ MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) ☐ SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)				

*All projections are based on the daily rate x 365 days x number of years. The cost to incarcerate as calculated by the Department is shown here as rounded to the hundredths. Offenders may have multiple offenses or be incarcerated on other charges unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, numbers will

The following offices contributed to this Corrections Impact Statement:

include inchoate offenses at the underlying offense level.

□ Dept. of Correction □	ns 🗖 Dep	t. of Kentucky State Police ☐ Administrative Office of	of the Courts □ Parole Board □	Other
NOTE: Consideration s	should be	given to the cumulative impact of all bills that increase t	the felon population, lengthen the	term of incarceration, or impose nev
obligations on state or	local gove	rnments.		
APPROVED BY:	Y:	Just 1	2/6/2024	
APPROVED DI.		/	<u>3/6/2024</u>	
Chief of Staff, Kentucky Department of Corrections		Date		