## **CORRECTIONS IMPACT STATEMENT**

SESSION: 24RS BILL #: HB 95 GA BR #:472

| BILL SPONSOR(S): Rep. M. Lockett  | AMENDMENT SPONSOR(S):  |
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| TITLE: AN ACT relating to theft of services.  |  |
|   | .060, relating to the theft of services, to include the conduct of a r a rental agreement longer than the period agreed upon and als.  |
| equipment" and add that the person must in  | ovisions, except replace the term "personal property" with "rental tentionally refuse to pay or abscond without payment, fail to by certified mail demanding return and refuse to make an 30 days of receipt of a late notice.   |
| This ⊠ bill □ amendment □ committee substitute is e   | xpected to:  |
| <ul> <li>☑ Have the following Corrections impact</li> <li>☑ Creates new crime(s)</li> <li>☐ Increases penalty for existing crime(s)</li> <li>☐ Increases incarceration</li> <li>☐ Reduces inmate/offender services</li> <li>☐ Increases staff time or positions</li> <li>☐ Changes elements of the offense for existing crime(s)</li> <li>☐ Otherwise impacts incarceration (Explain):</li> </ul> | □ Have no Corrections impact.  □ Repeals existing crime(s)  □ Decreases penalty for existing crime(s)  □ Decreases incarceration.  □ Increases inmate/offender services.  □ Reduces staff time or positions.   |
| felons are housed in one of seventy-four (74) full-service or   | an average daily prison rate of \$116.93. Community Custody Class C and most Class D regional jails for up to five (5) years. Department of Corrections cost to incarcerate a felony liem, medical costs, and central office administrative costs (substance abuse treatment not |
| <b>Projected Impact:</b> $\square$ NONE $\boxtimes$ MINIMAL to MODERA   | ATE (< \$1 million) ☐ SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)  |
|   | act on operational costs. The necessary appropriations associated with statement require a continuation of current service funding for adult   |
|   | services could increase the population of those convicted with Class D in 10,000 or repeat offenses and Class C when the value is over \$10,000.   |
| Class D felons are housed in a county jail and DC sentence is 1 to 5 years. One (1) Class D Felon co  | OC pays counties a per diem for housing those inmates. A Class D Felony osts KY \$16,414.05 to \$82,070.25.  |
| Class C felons may still be able to serve their times entence is 5 to 10 years. One (1) Class C Felon of  | te in a county jail, but only if community custody. A Class C Felony costs KY \$213,397.25 to \$426,794.50.  |
| defendants until the disposition of the case. The estimated   | the cost of incarcerating individuals charged with Class A or B misdemeanors and felony impact will be based on the \$44.97 cost to incarcerate for the Department of Corrections, to house felony offenders. This cost to incarcerate may not be the actual housing cost for    |
| Projected Impact: ☐ NONE ☐ MINIMAL to MODERA  | ATE (< \$1 million) ☐ SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)  |

The legislation would likely have a minimal impact on operational costs at the local level. The expansion of the requirements for theft of services could increase the population of the jails however depending on the offender's other convictions.

Misdemeanor offenders are subject to the jurisdiction and cost of the county. A Class B misdemeanor is up to 90 days in jail. One (1) Class B misdemeanant costs up to \$4,047.30

Class D felons are housed in a county jail and DOC pays counties a per diem for housing those inmates. A Class D Felony sentence is 1 to 5 years. One (1) Class D Felon costs KY \$16,414.05 to \$82,070.25.

Class C felons may still be able to serve their time in a county jail, but only if community custody. A Class C Felony sentence is 5 to 10 years. One (1) Class C Felon costs KY \$213,397.25 to \$426,794.50.

PROJECTED IMPACT FROM AMENDMENTS: ☐ NONE ☐ MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) ☐ SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

The HCS 1 and GA would have no additional impact beyond the initial legislation.

\*All projections are based on the daily rate x 365 days x number of years. The cost to incarcerate as calculated by the Department is shown here as rounded to the hundredths. Offenders may have multiple offenses or be incarcerated on other charges unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, numbers will include inchoate offenses at the underlying offense level.

## The following offices contributed to this Corrections Impact Statement:

| ☐ Dept. of Corrections ☐ Dept. of Kentucky State Police ☐ Administrative Office of the Co | ourts  Parole Board  Other |
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NOTE: Consideration should be given to the cumulative impact of all bills that increase the felon population, lengthen the term of incarceration, or impose new obligations on state or local governments.

**APPROVED BY:** 

Chief of Staff, Kentucky Department of Corrections

Date