



The Attorney General would be responsible for providing the training, although the public agency may provide the training to those who are not official custodians. The training must be offered live, though may be remote.

**Section 2** of the bill would amend KRS 61.870 to establish the elements to be included in the training. **Section 3** of the bill would require each public agency to submit contact information for its official custodian to the Attorney General.

**SB 37 would have a minimal fiscal impact on local governments.** SB 37 authorizes several different modes of training to satisfy its requirements: 1) training by the Attorney General, 2) in-house training of employees or officers of the public agency who are not official custodians, and 3) remote training.

According to the Kentucky County Clerks Association (KCCA) most county clerk training takes place at monthly meetings and costs of the training are covered by dues paid by county clerks to the KCAA. If an employee or officer of the county clerk's office who would normally not attend a training does attend as a result of the training requirements of SB 37, that clerk's office may incur additional mileage expense, and perhaps a hotel room depending on the county's location relative to the monthly training site. The Office of the Attorney General states that it would not charge local public officials for open records training offered by its office.

**Data Source(s):** Kentucky County Clerks Association; Office of the Attorney General

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