Local Government Mandate Statement Kentucky Legislative Research Commission Session

Part I: Measure Information

D:11 #.

IID 702 HCC 1

Bill Request #:	3/4	Bill #:	HB 783 HCS 1
Document ID #:	6124	Sponsor:	Rep. Kevin Jackson
Bill Title:	AN ACT relating to temporary motor vehicle tags.		
Unit of	□ City □	County	☑ Urban-County
Government:		Consolida	ated Local
	•		
Office(s) Impacted: _County Clerks; Law enforcement			
<u> </u>			
Requirement:	Mandatory □	Optional	
		_	
Effect on Powers			
& Duties:	■ Modifies Existing	Adds	s New
Other Fiscal Statement(s)			
that may exist: Health Benefit Mandate State Employee Health Plan			
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Part II: Bill Provisions and the Estimated Fiscal Impact Relating to Local Government

HB 783 HCS 1 amends the process for motor vehicle dealers' applications for the use of temporary tags for motor vehicles. It allows county clerks to keep logs of temporary tags in electronic form. The bill sets the cost of using the buyers existing tag or a temporary tag at \$3, with county clerks retaining \$2 of that amount. This cost does not replace any other fees for reissuance of the existing plate at registration of the purchased vehicle. It also sets the penalty for theft, fraudulent production or copying, display, or improper use of a temporary tag as a Class D felony.

The fiscal impact of HB 783 HCS 1 is indeterminable, but expected to be minimal.

The county clerks may see savings from no longer being required to keep physical records. Additionally, they may generate a nominal amount of additional revenue from the \$2 they are authorized to retain for temporary tags.

When a court denies bail to a Class D felony defendant, the local government is responsible for incarcerating the defendant until disposition of the case in one of

Kentucky's 74 full-service jails or three life safety jails. While the expense of housing inmates varies by jail, each additional inmate increases facility costs by an average cost to incarcerate of \$47.43, which includes the \$35.34 per diem and medical expenses that the Department of Corrections pays jails to house felony offenders. Upon sentencing, a Class D felon is housed in one of Kentucky's full-service jails for the duration of his or her sentence. The Department of Corrections pays a jail \$35.34 per day to house a Class D felon. The per diem may be less than, equal to, or greater than the actual housing cost.

 Data Source(s):
 LRC Staff, Department of Corrections

 Preparer:
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 Reviewer:
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 Date:
 3/5/25