

CORRECTIONS IMPACT STATEMENT

SESSION: 25RS BILL #: SB 75

GA

BR #: 1788

BILL SPONSOR(S): Sen. A. Reed, G. Boswell, J. Carpenter, S. Funke Frommeyer, J. Howell, S. Madon, S. Meredith, R. Mills, M. Nemes, M. Nunn, S. Rawlings, C. Richardson, B. Smith, R. Stivers, B. Storm, L. Tichenor, R. Webb, S. West, P. Wheeler, G. Williams, M. Wilson, M. Wise

AMENDMENT SPONSOR(S):

TITLE: AN ACT relating to concealed deadly weapons.

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION: Amend KRS 237.109 to lower the age requirement for carrying a concealed and deadly weapon from 21 to 18; amend KRS 237.110 to conform; make technical corrections.

AMENDMENT: GA – no changes

This bill amendment committee substitute is expected to:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Have the following Corrections impact | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Have no Corrections impact. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Creates new crime(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Repeals existing crime(s) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Increases penalty for existing crime(s) | <input type="checkbox"/> Decreases penalty for existing crime(s) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Increases incarceration | <input type="checkbox"/> Decreases incarceration. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Reduces inmate/offender services | <input type="checkbox"/> Increases inmate/offender services. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Increases staff time or positions | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduces staff time or positions. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Changes elements of the offense for existing crime(s) | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Otherwise impacts incarceration (Explain): | |

STATE IMPACT: Class A, B, & C felonies are based on an average daily prison rate of \$122.84. Community Custody Class C and most Class D felons are housed in one of seventy-four (74) full-service or regional jails for up to five (5) years. Department of Corrections cost to incarcerate a felony inmate in jail is \$47.43 per day, which includes \$35.34 per diem, medical costs, and central office administrative costs (substance abuse treatment not included).*

Projected Impact: NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

There would be no fiscal impact at the state level.

While the age change would lessen the possibility of being in violation of concealed carry offenses, there are zero (0) inmates in custody and only one (1) offender on supervision for violation related to concealed carry offenses. The population statistics are being provided to offer a reference for the number of offenders who commit similar crimes.

Population counts and offender data are sourced from the Kentucky Offender Management System (KOMS). Cost to Incarcerate can be found on corrections.ky.gov/public-information

LOCAL IMPACT: Local governments are responsible for the cost of incarcerating individuals charged with Class A or B misdemeanors and felony defendants until the disposition of the case. The estimated impact will be based on the \$47.43 cost to incarcerate for the Department of Corrections, including \$35.34 per diem and medical that DOC pays jails to house felony offenders. This cost to incarcerate may not be the actual housing cost for the jail.*

Projected Impact: NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

There would be no fiscal impact at the local level.

PROJECTED IMPACT FROM AMENDMENTS: NONE MINIMAL to MODERATE (< \$1 million) SIGNIFICANT (> \$1 million)

GA – no changes

**All projections are based on the daily rate x 365 days x number of years. The cost to incarcerate as calculated by the Department is shown here as rounded to the hundredths. Offenders may have multiple offenses or be incarcerated on other charges unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, numbers will include inchoate offenses at the underlying offense level.*

The following offices contributed to this Corrections Impact Statement:

Dept. of Corrections Dept. of Kentucky State Police Administrative Office of the Courts Parole Board Other

NOTE: *Consideration should be given to the cumulative impact of all bills that increase the felon population, lengthen the term of incarceration, or impose new obligations on state or local governments.*

APPROVED BY: *Cooper Chew*
 Commissioner, Kentucky Department of Corrections

3/14/2025
 Date