

301 KAR 1:115. Propagation of aquatic organisms.

RELATES TO: KRS 150.290, 150.485

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 150.025, 150.180, 150.280, 150.450, 50 C.F.R. 17.11

NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: KRS 150.025 authorizes the department to promulgate administrative regulations regarding the buying, selling, and transporting of fish and wildlife, restrict the places where taking is permitted, and to make administrative regulations apply to a limited area or to the entire state. KRS 150.180 authorizes the department to promulgate administrative regulations regarding the buying, selling, and transporting of mussels and fishes by licensed fish propagation permit holders. KRS 150.280 requires the department to promulgate administrative regulations governing the propagation or holding of protected wildlife. KRS 150.450 requires the department to promulgate reasonable administrative regulations governing the taking of minnows and crayfish from the waters of the Commonwealth. 50 C.F.R. 17.11 establishes federally threatened and endangered fish species. This administrative regulation establishes the requirements for obtaining a propagation permit for aquatic organisms and establishes the requirements for propagation permit holders.

Section 1. Definitions. (1) "Aquatic organisms" means fishes, frogs, crayfish, and other aquatic vertebrates and invertebrates.

(2) "Live bait fishes" means:

(a) Rough fishes, except Asian carp and federally threatened or endangered species as established in 50 C.F.R. 17.11; or

(b) Redear sunfish less than six (6) inches in length.

(3) "Permit" means a fisheries commercial propagation permit.

(4) "Water supply lake" means a lake that:

(a) Is owned by a municipality or other public water supply entity;

(b) Provides potable water supply for the public;

(c) Is not owned by the state; and

(d) Is not managed by the department.

Section 2. Permit Requirements and Application Procedures. (1) Before acquiring or propagating aquatic organisms, a person shall obtain a permit from the department by:

(a) Completing an application provided by the department; and

(b) Paying the permit fee as established in 301 KAR 3:022.

(2) The department shall issue a free permit to elementary, middle, and secondary schools and similar educational institutions if the propagated organisms are to be used for educational purposes.

Section 3. Acquisition of Brood Stock from Public Waters. (1) A permit holder may obtain from public waters a maximum of 1,500 live bait fishes or crayfish per surface acre of water used for propagation of a particular species.

(2) Each permit holder shall obtain brood stock from public waters no more than one (1) time for both live bait fishes and crayfish.

(3) A conservation officer shall supervise the acquisition of brood stock from public waters.

(4) A permit holder shall use gear as established in 301 KAR 1:130 to acquire aquatic organisms from public waters.

(5) A permit holder may sell propagated aquatic organisms.

Section 4. A person may request a permit for paddlefish to be stocked and reared in a water

supply lake for aquaculture purposes as established in 301 KAR 1:110 by completing a permit application and submitting it to the department.

(1) A municipality may allow a permitted second party to rear paddlefish in a water supply lake.

(2) If a municipality or other public water supply entity allows a second party to rear paddlefish, a contractual agreement between the two (2) granting permission to use the lake for rearing paddlefish shall be required for the extent of the rearing period. A copy of the contractual agreement shall be submitted to the department before a permit is issued.

(3) Water supply lakes that are currently open to sport fishing shall be required to remain open to sport fishing throughout the length of the rearing of paddlefish.

(4) Paddlefish shall be the only species permitted to be stocked by the permit holder in a water supply lake.

(5) The number of paddlefish stocking events for each rearing period shall be limited to one (1) for each approved water supply lake. Any additional stocking events shall require prior approval by the commissioner.

(6) The permit applicant shall list the name of each water supply lake on the permit application.

(7) A permit shall be obtained for every year of the paddlefish rearing period.

(8) The department shall not:

(a) Enforce the protection of the stocked paddlefish; or

(b) Establish paddlefish sport fish administrative regulations in any of the water supply lakes.

(9) Paddlefish that escape in the stream, either above or below the lake, shall not be considered property of the permit holder.

(10) The department shall not be responsible for any corrective actions associated with fish populations in the water supply lakes used for aquaculture purposes.

(11) If a municipality rears paddlefish without a contractual agreement with a second party, it shall provide the department with a name of a person responsible for the rearing of the paddlefish in the water supply lake.

(12) A permit holder may use gill nets to take paddlefish only from the water supply lakes listed on the permit. A permit holder or a designated representative in possession of a valid copy of the permit shall be on site each time gill nets are used in the water supply lakes.

(a) The department shall be notified at least three (3) days in advance of any paddlefish harvest from a water supply lake, including the random sampling of the stocked paddlefish that require the use of gill nets.

(b) Gill nets shall only be used in a water supply lake from November 1 through March 31.

(c) Gill nets shall not have a bar mesh size smaller than five (5) inches.

(d) A permit holder shall attach a metal tag provided by the department to each gill net used.

(e) Paddlefish shall be the only species of fish harvested, and any other species of fish captured shall be immediately released without undue injury.

Section 5. Inspection of Facilities and Revocation of Permits. (1) A permit holder shall allow a conservation officer to inspect his or her facilities.

(2) The department shall:

(a) Revoke the permit of a person who violates a statute or administrative regulation pertaining to propagation of aquatic organisms;

(b) Deny a permit for a person who has violated any department statute or administrative regulation within the last year; and

(c) Not renew the permit for a period of up to two (2) years of a person that has been found

guilty of violating a statute or administrative regulation pertaining to propagation of aquatic organisms.

(3) Fees paid for revoked permits shall not be refunded.

(4) An individual whose permit has been denied, revoked, or to whom a non-renewal period has been applied may request an administrative hearing pursuant to KRS Chapter 13B.

Section 6. Incorporation by Reference. (1) "Fisheries Commercial Propagation Permit Application", 2006 edition, is incorporated by reference.

(2) This material may be inspected, copied, or obtained, subject to applicable copyright law, at the Division of Fisheries, Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources, #1 Sportsman's Lane, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. (KFWR-F-119; 1 Ky.R. 241; eff. 1-8-1975; 4 Ky.R. 569; eff. 8-2-1978; 5 Ky.R. 1077; eff. 8-1-1979; 21 Ky.R. 489; eff. 9-28-1994; 27 Ky.R. 3329; 28 Ky.R. 354; eff. 8-15-2001; 30 Ky.R. 1585; eff. 2-16-2004; 32 Ky.R. 306; eff. 10-12-2005; 32 Ky.R. 2084; 33 Ky.R. 85; eff. 7-12-2006; 34 Ky.R. 2033; eff. 5-2-2008; 45 Ky.R. 148, 651; eff. 9-6-2018.)